# BOOK III.

THE TUILERIES.

## CHAPTER I.

# Epimenides.

How true, that there is nothing dead in this Universe; that what we call dead is only changed, its forces working in inverse order! "The leaf that lies "rotting in moist winds," says one, "has still force; "else how could it rot?" Our whole Universe is but an infinite Complex of Forces; thousandfold, from Gravitation up to Thought and Will; man's Freedom environed with Necessity of Nature: in all which nothing at any moment slumbers, but all is forever awake and busy. The thing that hes isolated inactive thou shalt nowhere discover; seek everywhere, from the granite mountain, slow-mouldering since Creation, to the passing cloud-vapour, to the living man; to the action, to the spoken word of man. The word that is spoken, as we know, flies irrevocable: not less, but more, the action that is done "The gods themselves," sings Pindar, "cannot annihilate the action that is done" No: this, once done, is done always; cast forth into endless Time; and, long conspicuous or soon hidden, must verily work as I grow forever there, an indestructible new element in the Infinite of Things. Or, indeed, what is this Infin to of Things itself, which men name Universe, but an Action, a sum-total of Actions and Activities? The living ready-made sumtotal of these three, - which Calculation cannot add, cannot bring on its tablets; yet the sum, we say, is written visible: All that has been done, All that is

doing, All that will be done! Understand it well, the Thing thou beholdest, that Thing is an Action, the product and expression of exerted Force: the All of Things is an infinite conjugation of the verb To do Shoreless Fountain-Ocean of Force, of power to do; wherein Force rolls and circles, billowing, manystreamed, harmonious; wide as Immensity, deep as Eternity: beautiful and terrible, not to be comprehended: this is what man names Existence and Universe: this thousand-tinted Flame-image, at once veil and revelation, reflex such as he, in his poor brain and heart, can paint, of One Unnameable dwelling in inaccessible light! From beyond the Star-galaxies, from before the Beginning of Days, it billows and rolls, - round thee, nay thyself art of it, in this point of Space where thou now standest, in this moment which thy clock measures

Or apart from all Transcendentalism, is it not a plain truth of sense, which the duller mind can even consider as a truism, that human things wholly are in continual movement, and action and reaction: working continually forward, phasis after phasis, by unalterable laws, towards prescribed issues? How often must we say, and yet not rightly lay to heart: The seed that is sown, it will spring! Given the summer's blossoming, then there is also given the autumnal withering: so is it ordered not with seedfields only, but with transactions, arrangements, philosophies, societies, French Revolutions, whatsoever man works with in this lower world. The Beginning holds in it the End, and all that leads thereto; as the acorn does the oak and its fortunes. Solemn enough, did we think of it, - which unhappily, and also happily, we do not very much!

Thou there canst begin; the Beginning is for thee, and there: but where, and of what sort, and for whom will the End be? All grows, and secks and endures its destinies: consider likewise how much grows, as the trees do, whether we think of it or not. So that when your Epimenides, your somnolent Peter Klaus, since named Rip van Winkle, awakens again, he finds it a changed world In that seven-years sleep of his, so much has changed! All that is without us will change while we think not of it; much even that is within us. The truth that was yesterday a restless Problem, has to-day grown a Belief burning to be uttered on the morrow, contradiction has exasperated it into mad Fanaticism: obstruction has dulled it into sick Inertness; it is sinking towards silence, of satisfaction or of resignation To-day is not Yesterday, for man or for thing. Yesterday there was the oath of Love; to-day has come the curse of Hate. Not willingly: ah, no; but it could not help coming. The golden radiance of youth, would it willingly have tarnished itself into the dimness of old age? - Fearful: how we stand enveloped, deep-sunk, in that Mystery of TIME: and are Sons of Time: fashioned and woven out of Time; and on us, and on all that we have, or see, or do, is written: Rest not, Continue not, Forward to thy doom!

But in seasons of Revolution, which indeed distinguish themselves from common seasons by their velocity mainly, your miraculous Seven-sleeper might, with miracle enough, awake sooner: not by the century, or seven years, need he sleep; often not by the seven months Fancy, for example, some new Peter Klaus

sated with the jubilee of that Federation day, had lain down, say directly after the Blessing of Talleyrand, and, reckoning it all safe now, had fallen composedly asleep under the timber-work of the Fatherland's Altar: to sleep there, not twenty-one years, but as it were year and day The cannonading of Nanci, so far off, does not disturb him; nor does the black mortcloth, close at hand, nor the requiems chanted, and minuteguns, incense-pans and concourse right over his head: none of these; but Peter sleeps through them all Through one circling year, as we say; from July the 14th of 1790, till July the 17th of 1791: but on that latter day, no Klaus, nor most leaden Epimenides, only the Dead could continue sleeping: and so our miraculous Peter Klaus awakens With what eves, O Peter! Earth and sky have still their joyous July look, and the Champ-de-Mars is multitudinous with men: but the jubilee-huzzahing has become Bedlamshrieking, of terror and revenge; not blessing of Talleyrand, or any blessing, but cursing, imprecation and shrill wail; our cannon-salvoes are turned to sharp shot; for swinging of incense-pans and Eighty-three Departmental Banners, we have waving of the one sanguineous Drapeau-Rouge. - Thou foolish Klaus! The one lay in the other, the one was the other minus Time; even as Hannibal's rock-rending vinegar lay in the sweet new wine That sweet Federation was of last year; this sour Divulsion is the selfsame substance, only older by the appointed days.

No miraculous Klaus or Epimenides sleeps in these times; and yet, may not many a man, if of due opacity and levity, act the same miracle in a natural way; we mean, with his eyes open? Eyes has he, but he sees

not, except what is under his nose With a sparkling briskness of glance, as if he not only saw but saw through, such a one goes whisking, assiduous, in his circle of officialities; not dreaming but that it is the whole world: as indeed, where your vision terminates, does not inanity begin there, and the world's end clearly disclose itself - to you? Whereby our brisksparkling assiduous official person (call him, for instance, Lafayette), suddenly startled, after year and day, by huge grape-shot tumult, stares not less astonished at it than Peter Klaus would have done Such natural-miracle can Lafayette perform; and indeed not he only but most other officials, non-officials, and generally the whole French People can perform it; and do bounce up, ever and anon, like amazed Seven-sleepers awakening; awakening amazed at the noise they themselves make. So strangely is Freedom, as we say, environed in Necessity; such a singular Somnambulism, of Conscious and Unconscious, of Voluntary and Involuntary, is this life of man. If anywhere in the world there was astonishment that the Federation Oath went into grape-shot, surely of all persons the French, first swearers and then shooters, felt astonished the most.

Alas, offences must come. The sublime Feast of Pikes, with its effulgence of brotherly love, unknown since the Age of Gold, has changed nothing. That prurient heat in Twenty-five millions of hearts is not cooled thereby; but is still hot, nay hotter. Lift off the pressure of command from so many millions; all pressure or binding rule, except such melodramatic Federation Oath as they have bound themselves with! For Thou shalt was from of old the condition of man's

being, and his weal and blessedness was in obeying that Wo for him when, were it on hest of the clearest necessity, rebellion, disloyal isolation, and mere I will, becomes his rule! But the Gospel of Jean-Jacques has come, and the first Sacrament of it has been celebrated: all things, as we say, are got into hot and hotter prurience; and must go on pruriently fermenting, in continual change noted or unnoted.

"Worn out with disgusts," Captain after Captain, in Royalist moustachioes, mounts his war-horse or his Rozinante war-garron, and rides minatory across the Rhine; till all have ridden Neither does civic Emigration cease; Seigneur after Seigneur must, in like manner, ride or roll; impelled to it, and even comnelled. For the very Peasants despise him, in that he dare not join his order and fight." \* Can he bear to have a Distaff, a Quenouille sent to him: say in copperplate shadow, by post, or fixed up in wooden reality over his gate-lintel: as if he were no Hercules, but an Omphale? Such scutcheon they forward to him diligently from beyond the Rhine; till he too bestir himself and march, and in sour humour another Lord of Land is gone, not taking the Land with him. Nay, what of Captains and emigrating Seigneurs? is not an angry word on any of those Twenty-five million French tongues, and indeed not an angry thought in their hearts, but is some fraction of the great Battle. Add many successions of angry words together, you have the manual brawl; add brawls together, with the festering sorrows they leave, and they rise to riots and revolts. One reverend thing after another ceases to meet reverence: in visible material

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin, passim.

combustion, château after château mounts up; in spiritual invisible combustion, one authority after another. With noise and glare, or noiselessly and unnoted, a whole Old System of things is vanishing piecemeal: the morrow thou shalt look, and it is not.

## CHAPTER II.

#### The Wakeful.

SLEEP who will, cradled in hope and short vision, like Lafayette, who "always in the danger done sees the last danger that will threaten him," — Time is not sleeping, nor Time's seedfield

That sacred Herald's-College of a new Dynasty; we mean the Sixty and odd Billstickers with their leaden badges, are not sleeping. Daily they, with pastepot and cross-staff, new-clothe the walls of Paris in colours of the rainbow: authoritative-heraldic, as we say, or indeed almost magical-thaumaturgic; for no Placard-Journal that they paste but will convince some soul or souls of men The Hawkers bawl; and the Balladsingers: great Journalism blows and blusters, through all its throats, forth from Paris towards all corners of France, like an Æolus' Cave; keeping alive all manner of fires

Throats or Journals there are, as men count,\* to the number of some Hundred and thirty-three. Of various calibre; from your Cheniers, Gorsases, Camilles, down to your Marat, down now to your incipient Hébert of the *Père Duchesne*; these blow, with fierce weight of argument or quick light banter, for the Rights of Man: Durosoys, Royous, Peltiers, Sulleaus,

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, 111. 163.

equally with mixed tactics, inclusive, singular to say, of much profane Parody, \* are blowing for Altar and Throne As for Marat the People's-Friend, his voice is as that of the bullfrog, or bittern by the solitary pools, he, unseen of men, croaks harsh thunder, and that alone continually, - of indignation, suspicion, incurable sorrow The People are sinking toward ruin, near starvation itself: "My dear friends," cries he, "your "indigence is not the fruit of vices nor of idleness; "you have a right to life, as good as Louis XVI., or "the happiest of the century. What man can say he "has a right to dine, when you have no bread?"\*\* The People sinking on the one hand: on the other hand, nothing but wretched Sieur Motiers, treasonous Riquetti Mirabeaus; traitors, or else shadows and simulacra of Quacks to be seen in high places, look where you will! Men that go mincing, grimacing, with plausible speech and brushed raiment; hollow within: Quacks political; Quacks scientific, academical: all with a fellow-feeling for each other, and kind of Quack public-spirit! Not great Lavoisier himself, or any of the Forty can escape this rough tongue; which wants not fanatic sincerity, nor, strangest of all, a certain rough caustic sense. And then the "three thousand gaming-houses" that are in Paris; cesspools for the scoundrelism of the world; sinks of iniquity and debauchery, - whereas without good morals Liberty is impossible! There, in these Dens of Satan, which one knows, and perseveringly denounces, do Sieur Motier's mouchards consort and colleague; battening

<sup>\*</sup> See Hist. Parl. vii. 51.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ami du Peuple, No. 306. See other Excerpts in Hist. Parl. viii. 139-149, 428-433, ix. 85-93, &c.

vampyre-like on a People next-door to starvation "O Peuple!" cries he ofttimes, with heart-rending accent Treason, delusion, vampyrism, scoundrelism, from Dan to Beersheba! The soul of Marat is sick with the sight: but what remedy? To erect "Eight Hundred gibbets," in convenient rows, and proceed to hoisting; "Riquetti on the first of them!" Such is the brief recipe of Marat, Friend of the People.

So blow and bluster the Hundred and thirty-three: nor, as would seem, are these sufficient; for there are benighted nooks in France, to which Newspapers do not reach; and everywhere is "such an appetite for news as was never seen in any country." Let an expeditious Dampmartin, on furlough, set out to return home from Paris,\* he cannot get along for "peasants stopping him on the highway; overwhelming him with questions:" the Maître de Poste will not send out the horses till you have well nigh quarrelled with him, but asks always. What news? At Autun, in spite of the dark night and "rigorous frost," for it is now January 1791, nothing will serve but you must gather your wayworn limbs and thoughts, and "speak to the multitudes from a window opening into the market-place" It is the shortest method: This, good Christian people, is verily what an august Assembly seemed to me to be doing: this and no other is the news:

> Now my weary lips I close; Leave me, leave me to repose!

The good Dampmartin! — But, on the whole, are not Nations astonishingly true to their National character; which indeed runs in the blood? Nineteen hundred years ago, Julius Cæsar, with his quick sure eye, took

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin, i. 184.

note how the Gauls waylaid men. "It is a habit of "theirs," says he, "to stop travellers, were it even "by constraint, and inquire whatsoever each of them "may have heard or known about any sort of matter: "in their towns, the common people beset the passing "trader; demanding to hear from what regions he came. "what things he got acquainted with there. Excited "by which rumours and hearsays they will decide "about the weightiest matters; and necessarily repent "next moment that they did it, on such guidance of "uncertain reports, and many a traveller answering "with mere fictions to please them, and get off."\* Nineteen hundred years; and good Dampmartin, wayworn, in winter frost, probably with scant light of stars and fish-oil, still perorates from the Inn-window! This People is no longer called Gaulish; and it has wholly become braccatus, has got breeches, and suffered change enough: certain fierce German Franken came storming over; and, so to speak, vaulted on the back of it; and always after, in their grim tenacious way, have ridden it bridled; for German is, by his very name, Guerre-man, or man that wars and gars. And so the People, as we say, is now called French or Frankish: nevertheless, does not the old Gaulish and Gaelic Celthood, with its vehemence, effervescent promptitude, and what good and ill it had, still vindicate itself little adulterated? -

For the rest, that in such prurient confusion, Clubbism thrives and spreads, need not be said Already the Mother of Patriotism, sitting in the Jacobins, shines supreme over all; and has paled the poor lunar light of that Monarchic Club near to final extinction. She,

<sup>\*</sup> De Bello Gallico, lib. iv. 5.

we say, shines supreme, girt with sun-light, not yet with infernal lightning; reverenced, not without fear, by Municipal Authorities; counting her Barnaves. Lameths, Pétions, of a National Assembly; most gladly of all, her Robespierre. Cordeliers, again, your Hébert, Vincent, Bibliopolist Momoro, groan audibly that a tvrannous Mayor and Sieur Motier harrow them with the sharp tribula of Law, intent apparently to suppress them by tribulation How the Jacobin Mother-Society. as hinted formerly, sheds forth Cordeliers on this hand, and then Feuillans on that; the Cordeliers "an elixir or double distillation of Jacobin Patriotism;" the other a wide-spread weak dilution thereof: how she will re-absorb the former into her Mother-bosom, and stormfully dissipate the latter into Nonentity: how she breeds and brings forth Three Hundred Daughter-Societies; her rearing of them, her correspondence, her endeavourings and continual travail. how, under an old figure. Jacobinism shoots forth organic filaments to the utmost corners of confused dissolved France: organising it anew: - this properly is the grand fact of the Time.

To passionate Constitutionalism, still more to Royalism, which see all their own Clubs fail and die, Clubbism will naturally grow to seem the root of all evil Nevertheless Clubbism is not death, but rather new organisation, and life out of death; destructive, indeed, of the remnants of the Old; but to the New important, indispensable That man can cooperate and hold communion with man, herein lies his miraculous strength. In hut or hamlet, Patriotism mourns not now like voice in the desert: it can walk to the nearest Town; and there, in the Daughter-Society, make its ejaculation

into an articulate oration, into an action, guided forward by the Mother of Patriotism herself. All Clubs of Constitutionalists, and such like, fail, one after another, as shallow fountains: Jacobinism alone has gone down to the deep subterranean lake of waters; and may, unless filled m, flow there, copious, continual, like an Artesian well. Till the Great Deep have drained itself up; and all be flooded and submerged, and Noah's Deluge out-deluged!

On the other hand, Claude Fauchet, preparing mankind for a Golden Age now apparently just at hand, has opened his Cercle Social, with clerks, corresponding boards, and so forth; in the precincts of the Palais Royal. It is Te-Deum Fauchet; the same who preached on Franklin's Death, in that huge Medicean rotunda of the Halle-aux-bleds. He here, this winter, by Printingpress and melodious Colloquy, spreads bruit of himself to the utmost City-barriers "Ten thousand persons of respectability" attend there; and listen to this "Pro-"cureur-Général de la Vérité, Attorney-General of "Truth," so has he dubbed himself; to his sage Condorcet, or other eloquent coadjutor. Eloquent Attorney-General! He blows out from him, better or worse, what crude or ripe thing he holds: not without result to himself; for it leads to a Bishopric, though only a Constitutional one. Fauchet approves himself a glibtongued, strong-lunged, whole-hearted human individual: much flowing matter there is, and really of the better sort, about Right, Nature, Benevolence, Progress; which flowing matter, whether "it is pantheistic," or is pot-theistic, only the greener mind, in these days, need examine. Busy Brissot was long ago of purpose to establish precisely some such regenerative Social

Circle: nay he had tried it in "Newman-street Oxfordstreet," of the Fog Babylon; and failed, - as some say, surreptitiously pocketing the cash. Fauchet, not Brissot, was fated to be the happy man; whereat, however, generous Brissot will with sincere heart sing a timbertoned Nunc Domine. \* But "ten thousand persons of respectability:" what a bulk have many things in proportion to their magnitude! This Cercle Social, for which Brissot chants in sincere timber-tones such Nunc Domine. what is it? Unfortunately wind and shadow. The main reality one finds in it now, is perhaps this: that an "Attorney-General of Truth" did once take shape of a body, as Son of Adam, on our Earth, though but for months or moments; and ten thousand persons of respectability attended, ere vet Chaos and Nox had re-absorbed him.

Hundred and thirty-three Paris Journals; regenerative Social Circle; oratory, in Mother and Daughter Societies, from the balconies of Inns, by chimney-nook, at dinner-table, — polemical, ending many times in duel! Add ever, like a constant growling accompaniment of bass Discord: scarcity of work, scarcity of food. The winter is hard and cold; ragged Bakers'-queues, like a black tattered flag-of-distress, wave out ever and anon. It is the third of our Hunger-years, this new year of a glorious Revolution The rich man when invited to dinner, in such distress-seasons, feels bound in politeness to carry his own bread in his pocket: how the poor dine? And your glorious Revolution has done it, cries one. And our glorious Revolution is subtilely, by black traitors worthy of the Lamp-iron, perverted to do

<sup>\*</sup> See Brissot, Patriote-Français Newspaper, Fauchet, Bouche-de-Fer, &c. (excerpted in Hist. Parl. vin. ix. et seqq.)

it, cries another. Who will paint the huge whirlpool wherein France, all shivered into wild incoherence, whirls? The jarring that went on under every French roof, in every French heart; the diseased things that were spoken, done, the sum-total whereof is the French Revolution, tongue of man cannot tell. Nor the laws of action that work unseen in the depths of that huge blind Incoherence! With amazement, not with measurement, men look on the Immeasurable; not knowing its laws; seeing, with all different degrees of knowledge, what new phases, and results of event, its laws bring forth. France is as a monstrous Galvanic Mass, wherein all sorts of far stranger than chemical galvanic or electric forces and substances are at work; electrifying one another, positive and negative; filling with eletricity your Leyden-jars, - Twenty-five millions in number! As the jars get full, there will, from time to time, be, on slight hint, an explosion.

## CHAPTER III.

Sword in Hand.

On such wonderful basis, however, has Law, Royalty, Authority, and whatever yet exists of visible Order, to maintain itself, while it can. Here, as in that Commixture of the Four Elements did the Anarch Old, has an august Assembly spread its pavilion; curtained by the dark infinite of discords; founded on the wavering bottomless of the Abyss; and keeps continual hubbub. Time is around it, and Eternity, and the Inane; and it does what it can, what is given it to do.

Glancing reluctantly in, once more, we discern little that is edifying: a Constitutional Theory of Defective Verbs struggling forward, with perseverance, amid endless interruptions: Mirabeau, from his tribune, with the weight of his name and genius, awing down much Jacobin violence; which in return vents itself the louder over in its Jacobins Hall, and even reads him sharp lectures there. \* This man's path is mysterious, questionable; difficult, and he walks without companion in it. Pure Patriotism does not now count him among her chosen; pure Royalism abhors him: yet his weight with the world is overwhelming. Let him travel on, companionless, unwavering, whither he is bound, — while it is yet day with him, and the night has not come.

But the chosen band of pure Patriot brothers is small; counting only some Thirty, seated now on the extreme tip of the Left, separate from the world. A virtuous Pétion; an incorruptible Robespierre, most consistent, incorruptible of thin acrid men; Triumvirs Barnave, Duport, Lameth, great in speech, thought, action, each according to his kind; a lean old Goupil de Prefeln: on these and what will follow them has pure Patriotism to depend.

There too, conspicuous among the Thirty, if seldom audible, Philippe d'Orleans may be seen sitting: in dim fuliginous bewilderment; having, one might say, arrived at Chaos! Gleams there are, at once of a Lieutenancy and Regency; debates in the Assembly itself, of succession to the Throne "in case the present Branch should fail;" and Philippe, they say, walked anxiously, in silence, through the corridors, till such high argument were done: but it came all to nothing; Mirabeau, glaring into the man, and through him, had to ejaculate in strong untranslatable language: "Ce j— f— ne vaut pas la peine qu'on se donne pour lui."

<sup>\*</sup> Camille's Journal (in Hist Parl. ix 366-85)

It came all to nothing; and in the meanwhile Philippe's money, they say, is gone! Could he refuse a little cash to the gifted Patriot, in want only of that; he himself in want of all but that? Not a pamphlet can be printed without cash; or indeed written, without food purchasable by eash. Without eash your hopefullest Projector cannot stir from the spot; individual patriotic or other Projects require cash: how much more do wide-spread Intrigues, which live and exist by cash; lying wide-spread, with dragon-appetite for cash; fit to swallow Princedoms! And so Prince Philippe, amid his Sillerys, Lacloses and confused Sons of Night, has rolled along: the centre of the strangest cloudy coil; out of which has visibly come, as we often say, an Epic Preternatural Machinery of Suspicion; and within which there has dwelt and worked, - what specialities of treason, stratagem, aimed or aimless endeavour towards mischief, no party' living (if it be not the presiding Genius of it, Prince of the Power of the Air) has now any chance to know Camille's conjecture is the likeliest: that poor Philip did mount up, a little way, in treasonable speculation, as he mounted formerly in one of the earliest Balloons, but, frightened at the new position he was getting into, had soon turned the cock again, and come down. More fool than he rose! To create Preternatural Suspicion, this was his function in the Revolutionary Epos. But now if he have lost his cornucopia of ready-money, what else had he to lose? In thick darkness, inward and outward, he must welter and flounder on, in that piteous death-element, the hapless man. Once, or even twice, we shall still behold him emerged; struggling out of the thick death-element: in vain. For one moment, it is the last moment, he starts aloft, or is flung aloft, even into clearness and a kind of memorability, — to sink then forevermore!

The Côté Droit persists no less; nay with more animation than ever, though hope has now well nigh fled. Tough Abbé Maury, when the obscure country Rovalist grasps his hand with transport of thanks, answers, rolling his indomitable brazen head: "Hélas, Monsieur, all that I do here is as good as simply nothing." Gallant Faussigny, visible this one time in History, advances frantic, into the middle of the Hall, exclaiming "There is but one way of dealing with it, and that is to fall sword in hand on those gentry there, sabre à la main sur ces gaillards là,"\* franticly indicating our chosen Thirty on the extreme tip of the Left! Whereupon is clangour and clamour, debate, repentance, - evaporation. Things ripen towards downright incompatibility, and what is called "scission:" that fierce theoretic onslaught of Faussigny's was in August 1790; next August will not have come, till a famed Two Hundred and Ninety-two, the chosen of Royalism, make solemn final "scission" from an Assembly given up to faction; and depart, shaking the dust off their feet.

Connected with this matter of sword in hand, there is yet another thing to be noted. Of duels we have sometimes spoken: how, in all parts of France, innumerable duels were fought; and argumentative men and messmates, flinging down the wine-cup and weapons of reason and repartee, met in the measured field; to part bleeding; or perhaps not to part, but to fall mutually skewered through with iron, their wrath and

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 21 Août, 1790.

life alike ending, — and die as fools die. Long has this lasted, and still lasts. But now it would seem as if in an august Assembly itself, traitorous Royalism, in its despair, had taken to a new course: that of cutting off Patriotism by systematic duel! Bully-swordsmen, "Spadassins" of that party, go swaggering; or indeed they can be had for a trifle of money. "Twelve Spadassins" were seen, by the yellow eye of Journalism, "arriving recently out of Switzerland;" also "a considerable number of Assassins, nombre con-"sidérable d'assassins, exercising in fencing-schools and "at pistol-targets." Any Patriot Deputy of mark can be called out; let him escape one time, or ten times, a time there necessarily is when he must fall, and France mourn. How many cartels has Mirabeau had; especially while he was the People's champion! Cartels by the hundred: which he, since the Constitution must be made first, and his time is precious, answers now always with a kind of stereotype formula: "Monsieur, "you are put upon my List; but I warn you that it is "long, and I grant no preferences."

Then, in Autumn, had we not the Duel of Cazalès

Then, in Autumn, had we not the Duel of Cazalès and Barnave; the two chief masters of tongue-shot meeting now to exchange pistol-shot? For Cazalès, chief of the Royalists, whom we call "Blacks or Norrs," said, in a moment of passion, "the Patriots were sheer Brigands," nay in so speaking, he darted, or seemed to dart, a fire-glance specially at Barnave; who thereupon could not but reply by fire-glances, — by adjournment to the Bois-de-Boulogne. Barnave's second shot took effect: on Cazalès' hat. The "front nook" of a triangular Felt, such as mortals then wore, deadened the ball; and saved that fine brow from

more than temporary injury. But how easily might the lot have fallen the other way, and Barnave's hat not been so good! Patriotism raises its loud denunciation of Duelling in general; petitions an august Assembly to stop such Feudal barbarism by law. Barbarism and solecism: for will it convince or convict any man to blow half an ounce of lead through the head of him? Surely not — Barnave was received at the Jacobins with embraces, yet with rebukes.

Mindful of which, and also that his reputation in America was that of headlong foolhardiness rather, and want of brain not of heart, Charles Lameth does, on the eleventh day of November, with little emotion, declipe attending some hot young Gentleman from Artois, come expressly to challenge him: nay indeed he first coldly engages to attend; then coldly permits two Friends to attend instead of him, and shame the young Gentleman out of it, which they successfully do. A cold procedure; satisfactory to the two Friends, to Lameth and the hot young Gentleman; whereby, one might have fancied, the whole matter was cooled down.

Not so, however: Lameth, proceeding to his senatorial duties, in the decline of the day, is met in those Assembly corridors by nothing but Royalist brocards; sniffs, huffs and open insults. Human patience has its limits: "Monsieur," said Lameth, breaking silence to one Lautrec, a man with hunchback, or natural deformity, but sharp of tongue, and a Black of the deepest tint, "Monsieur, if you were a man to be fought with!" — "I am one," cries the young Duke de Castries. Fast a fireflash Lameth replies, "Tout à

Pheure, On the instant, then!" And so, as the shades of dusk thicken in that Bois-de-Boulogne, we behold two men with lion-look, with alert attitude, side foremost, right foot advanced; flourishing and thrusting, stoccado and passado, in tierce and quart; intent to skewer one another. See, with most skewering purpose, headlong Lameth, with his whole weight, makes a furious lunge; but deft Castries whisks aside: Lameth skewers only the air, — and slits deep and far, on Castries' sword's-point, his own extended left arm! Whereupon, with bleeding, pallor, surgeon's-lint and formalities, the Duel is considered satisfactorily done.

But will there be no end, then? Beloved Lameth lies deep-slit, not out of danger. Black traitorous Aristocrats kill the People's defenders, cut up not with arguments, but with rapier-slits. And the Twelve Spadassins out of Switzerland, and the considerable number of Assassins exercising at the pistol-target? So meditates and ejaculates hurt Patriotism, with everdeepening, ever-widening fervour, for the space of six and thirty hours.

The thirty-six hours past, on Saturday the 13th, one beholds a new spectacle: The Rue de Varennes, and neighbouring Boulevard des Invalides, covered with a mixed flowing multitude: the Castries Hôtel gone distracted, devil-ridden, belching from every window, "beds with clothes and curtains," plate of silver and gold with filigree, mirrors, pictures, images, commodes, chiffoniers, and endless crockery and jingle: amid steady popular cheers, absolutely without theft: for there goes a cry, "He shall be hanged that steals a nail." It is a *Plebiscitum*, or informal iconoclastic Decree of the Common People, in the course of being

executed! — The Municipality sit tremulous, deliberating whether they will hang out the *Drapeau* Rouge and Martial Law. National Assembly, part in loud wail, part in hardly suppressed applause; Abbé Maury unable to decide whether the iconoclastic Plebs amount to forty thousand or to two hundred thousand

Deputations, swift messengers, for it is at a distance over the River, come and go. Lafayette and National Guards, though without Drapeau Rouge, get under way, apparently in no hot haste Nay, arrived on the scene, Lafayette salutes with doffed hat, before ordering to fix bayonets. What avails it? The Plebeian "Court of Cassation," as Camille might punningly name it, has done its work; steps forth, with unbuttoned vest, with pockets turned inside out: sack, and just ravage, not plunder! With inexhaustible patience, the Hero of two Worlds remonstrates; persuasively, with a kind of sweet constraint, though also with fixed bayonets, dissipates, hushes down: on the morrow it is once more all as usual.

Considering which things, however, Duke Castries may justly "write to the President," justly transport himself across the Marches; to raise a corps, or do what else is in him. Royalism totally abandons that Bobadilian method of contest, and the twelve Spadassins return to Switzerland,—or even to Dreamland through the Horn-gate, which soever their true home is. Nay Editor Prudhomme is authorised to publish a curious thing: "We are authorised to publish," says he, dull-blustering Publisher, "that M Boyer, champion "of good Patriots, is at the head of Fifty Spadassini-

"cides or Bully-killers. His Address is: Passage du "Bois-de-Boulogne, Faubourg St. Denis." \* One of the strangest Institutes, this of Champion Boyer and the Bully-killers! Whose services, however, are not wanted; Royalism having abandoned the rapier-method, as plainly impracticable.

## CHAPTER IV.

To Fly or not to Fly.

THE truth is, Royalism sees itself verging towards sad extremities; nearer and nearer daily. From over the Rhine it comes asserted that the King in his Tuileries is not free: this the poor King may contradict, with the official mouth, but in his heart feels often to be undeniable. Civil Constitution of the Clergy: Decree of ejectment against Dissidents from \*it: not even to this latter, though almost his conscience rebels, can he say Nay; but, after two months' hesitating, signs this also. It was "on January 21st," of this 1791, that he signed it; to the sorrow of his poor heart yet, on another Twenty-first of January! Whereby come Dissident ejected Priests; unconquerable Martyrs according to some, incurable chicaning Traitors according to others. And so there has arrived what we once foreshadowed: with Religion, or with the Cant and Echo of Religion, all France is rent asunder in a new rupture of continuity; complicating, embittering all the older; - to be cured only by stern surgery, in La Vendée!

Unhappy Royalty, unhappy Majesty, Hereditary Representative, Représentant Héréditaire, or howsoever

<sup>\*</sup> Révolutions de Paris (in Hist. Parl. viii. 440).

they may name him; of whom much is expected, to whom little is given! Blue National Guards encircle that Tuileries; a Lafayette, thin constitutional Pedant, clear, thin, inflexible, as water turned to thin ice; whom no Queen's heart can love. National Assembly, its pavilion spread where we know, sits near by, keeping continual hubbub. From without, nothing but Nanci Revolts, sack of Castries Hôtels, riots and seditions; riots North and South, at Aix, at Douai, at Béfort, Usez, Perpignan, at Nismes, and that incurable Avignon of the Pope's: a continual crackling and sputtering of riots from the whole face of France; — testifying how electric it grows. And only the hard winter, the famished strikes of operatives; that continual running-bass of Scarcity, ground-tone and basis of all other Discords!

The plan of Royalty, so far as it can be said to have any fixed plan, is still, as ever, that of flying towards the frontiers In very truth, the only plan of the smallest promise for it! Fly to Bouillé; bristle yourself round with cannon, served by your "fortythousand undebauched Germans:" summon the National Assembly to follow you, summon what of it is Royalist, Constitutional, gainable by money; dissolve the rest, by grape-shot if need be. Let Jacobinism and Revolt, with one wild wail, fly into Infinite Space; driven by grape-shot. Thunder over France with the cannon's mouth; commanding, not entreating, that this riot cease. And then to rule afterwards with utmost possible Constitutionality; doing justice, loving mercy; being Shepherd of this indigent People, not Shearer merely, and Shepherd's-similitude! All this, if ye

dare. If ye dare not, then, in Heaven's name, go to sleep: other handsome alternative seems none.

Nay, it were perhaps possible: with a man to do it. For if such inexpressible whirlpool of Babylonish confusions (which our Era is) cannot be stilled by man, but only by Time and men, a man may moderate its paroxysms, may balance and sway, and keep himself unswallowed on the top of it, - as several men and Kings in these days do Much is possible for a man; men will obey a man that kens and cans, and name him reverently their Ken-ning or King. Did not Charlemagne rule? Consider too whether he had smooth times of it; hanging "four-thousand Saxons over the Weser-Bridge," at one dread swoop! So likewise, who knows but, in this same distracted fanatic France, the right man may verily exist? An olivecomplexioned taciturn man; for the present, Lieutenant in the Artillery-service, who once sat studying Mathematics at Brienne? The same who walked in the morning to correct proof-sheets at Dôle, and enjoyed a frugal breakfast with M Joly? Such a one is gone, whither also famed General Paoli his friend is gone, in these very days, to see old scenes in native Corsica, and what Democratic good can be done there.

Royalty never executes the evasion-plan, yet never abandons it; living in variable hope; undecisive, till fortune shall decide. In utmost secrecy, a brisk Correspondence goes on with Bouillé; there is also a plot, which emerges more than once, for carrying the King to Rouen:\* plot after plot, emerging and submerging, like ignes fatui in foul weather, which lead nowhither.

<sup>·</sup> See Hist. Parl. vii. 316, Bertrand-Moleville, &c.

"About ten o'clock at night," the Hereditary Representative, in partie quarrée, with the Queen, with Brother Monsieur, and Madame, sits playing "wisk," or whist. Usher Campan enters mysteriously, with a message he only half comprehends: How a certain Comte D'Inisdal waits anxious in the outer antechamber: National Colonel, Captain of the watch for this night, is gained over; post-horses ready all the way; party of Noblesse sitting armed, determined; will his Majesty, before midnight, consent to go? Profound silence; Campan waiting with upturned ear "Did your Majesty hear what Campan said?" asks the Queen. "Yes, I heard," answers Majesty, and plays on. "'T was a pretty couplet, that of Campan's," hints Monsieur, who at times showed a pleasant wit: Majesty, still unresponsive, plays wisk. "After all, one must say something to Campan," remarks the Queen. "Tell M. D'Inisdal." said the King, and the Queen puts an emphasis on it, "That the King cannot consent to be forced away."—"I see!" said D'Inisdal, whisking round, peaking himself into flame of irritancy: "we have the risk; we are to have all the blame if it fail,"\* - and vanishes, he and his plot, as will-o'-wisps do. The Queen sat till far in the night, packing jewels: but it came to nothing: in that peaked flame of irritancy the will-o'-wisp had gone out.

Little hope there is in all this. Alas, with whom to fly? Our loyal Gardes-du-Corps, ever since the Insurrection of Women, are disbanded; gone to their homes; gone, many of them, across the Rhine towards Coblentz and Exiled Princes: brave Miomandre and brave Tardivet, these faithful Two, have received, in nocturnal

interview with both Majesties, their viaticum of gold louis, of heartfelt thanks from a Queen's lips, though unluckily "his Majesty stood, back to fire, not speaking: \* and do now dine through the Provinces: recounting hairsbreadth escapes, insurrectionary horrors. Great horrors; to be swallowed yet of greater. But, on the whole, what a falling off from the old splendour of Versailles! Here in this poor Tuileries a National Brewer-Colonel, sonorous Santerre, parades officially behind her Majesty's chair. Our high dignitaries all fled over the Rhine: nothing now to be gained at Court: but hopes, for which life itself must be risked! Obscure busy men frequent the back stairs; with hearsays, wind-projects, unfruitful fanfaronades Young Royalists, at the Théâtre de Vaudeville, "sing couplets;" if that could do anything. Royalists enough, Captains on furlough, burnt-out Seigneurs, may likewise be met with, "in the Café de Valois, and at Méot the Restaurateur's." There they fan one another into high loyal glow; drink, in such wine as can be procured, confusion to Sansculottism; show purchased dirks, of an improved structure, made to order; and, greatly daring, dine.\*\* It is in these places, in these months, that the epithet Sansculotte first gets applied to indigent Patriotism; in the last age we had Gilbert Sansculotte, the indigent Poet.\*\*\* Destitute-of-Breeches: a mournful Destitution; which however, if Twenty millions share it, may become more effective than most Possessions!

Meanwhile, amid this vague dim whirl of fanfaronades, wind-projects, poniards made to order, there

does disclose itself one punctum-saliens of life and feasibility: the finger of Mirabeau! Mirabeau and the Queen of France have met; have parted with mutual trust! It is strange; secret as the Mysteries; but it is indubitable. Mirabeau took horse, one evening; and rode westward, unattended, - to see Friend Clavière in that country house of his? Before getting to Clavière's, the much-musing horseman struck aside to a back gate of the Garden of Saint-Cloud: some Duke D'Aremberg, or the like, was there to introduce him; the Queen was not far: on a "round knoll, rond point, the highest of the Garden of Saint-Cloud," he beheld the Queen's face; spake with her, alone, under the void canopy of Night. What an interview: fateful secret for us, after all searching; like the colloquies of the gods!\* She called him "a Mirabeau:" elsewhere we read that she "was charmed with him," the wild submitted Titan: as indeed it is among the honourable tokens of this high ill-fated heart that no mind of any endowment, no Mirabeau, nay no Barnave, no Dumouriez, ever came face to face with her but, in spite of all prepossessions, she was forced to recognise it, to draw nigh to it, with trust. High imperial heart: with the instinctive attraction towards all that had any height! "You know not the Queen," said Mirabeau once in confidence; "her force of mind is prodigious; she is a man for courage."\*\* - And so, under the void Night, on the crown of that knoll, she has spoken with a Mirabeau: he has kissed loyally the queenly hand, and said with enthusiasm: "Madame, the Monarchy is saved!" - Possible? The Foreign Powers, mysteriously sounded, gave favourable guarded

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 1i. c. 17.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dumont, p. 211.

response;\* Bouillé is at Metz, and could find fortythousand sure Germans. With a Mirabeau for head, and a Bouillé for hand, something verily is possible, — if Fate intervene not

But figure under what thousandfold wrappages, and cloaks of darkness, Royalty, meditating these things, must involve itself There are men with "Tickets of Entrance;" there are chivalrous consultings, mysterious plottings. Consider also whether, involve as it like, plotting Royalty can escape the glance of Patriotism; lynx-eyes, by the ten thousand, fixed on it, which see in the dark! Patriotism knows much: knows the dirks made to order, and can specify the shops; knows Sieur Motier's legions of mouchards; the Tickets of Entrée, and men in black; and how plan of evasion succeeds plan, - or may be supposed to succeed it. Then conceive the couplets chanted at the Théâtre de Vaudeville; or worse, the whispers, significant nods of traitors in moustaches. Conceive, on the other hand, the loud cry of alarm that came through the Hundredand-Thirty Journals; the Dionysius'-Ear of each of the Forty-eight Sections, wakeful night and day.

Patriotism is patient of much; not patient of all. The Café de Procope has sent, visibly along the streets, a Deputation of Patriots, "to expostulate with bad Editors," by trustful word of mouth: singular to see and hear. The bad Editors promise to amend, but do not. Deputations for change of Ministry were many; Mayor Bailly joining even with Cordelier Danton in such; and they have prevailed. With what profit? Of Quacks, willing or constrained to be Quacks, the race is everlasting: Ministers Duportail and Dutertre will

<sup>\*</sup> Correspondance Secrète (in Hist. Parl. viii. 169-73).

have to manage much as Ministers Latour-du-Pin and Cicé did. So welters the confused world

But now, beaten on forever by such inextricable contradictory influences and evidences, what is the indigent French Patriot, in these unhappy days, to believe, and walk by? Uncertainty all; except that he is wretched, indigent; that a glorious Revolution, the wonder of the Universe, has hitherto brought neither Bread nor Peace; being marred by traitors, difficult to discover Traitors that dwell in the dark, invisible there; — or seen for moments, in pallid dubious twilight, stealthily vanishing thither! Preternatural Suspicion once more rules the minds of men

"Nobody here," writes Carra, of the Annales Patriotiques, so early as the first of February, "can enter-"tain a doubt of the constant obstinate project these "people have on foot to get the King away; or of the "perpetual succession of manœuvres they employ for "that." Nobody: the watchful Mother of Patriotism deputed two Members to her Daughter at Versailles, to examine how the matter looked there. Well, and there? Patriotic Carra continues: "The Report of "these two deputies we all heard with our own ears "last Saturday. They went with others of Versailles, "to inspect the King's Stables, also the stables of the "whilom Gardes-du-Corps; they found there from seven "to eight hundred horses standing always saddled and "bridled, ready for the road at a moment's notice. The "same deputies, moreover, saw with their own two eyes "several Royal Carriages, which men were even then "busy loading with large well-stuffed luggage-bags," leather cows, as we call them, "vaches de cuir; the "Royal Arms on the panels almost entirely effaced."

Momentous enough! Also "on the same day the "whole Maréchaussée, or Cavalry Police, did assemble "with arms, horses and baggage," — and disperse again. They want the King over the marches, that so Emperor Leopold and the German Princes, whose troops are ready, may have a pretext for beginning: "this," adds Carra, "is the word of the riddle: "this "is the reason why our fugitive Aristocrats are now "making levies of men on the frontiers; expecting that, "one of these mornings, the Executive Chief Magistrate "will be brought over to them, and the civil war com-"mence."\*

If indeed the Executive Chief Magistrate, bagged, say in one of these leather cows, were once brought safe over to them! But the strangest thing of all is, that Patriotism, whether barking at a venture, or guided by some instinct of preternatural sagacity, is actually barking aright this time; at something, not at nothing. Bouillé's Secret Correspondence, since made public, testifies as much.

Nay, it is undeniable, visible to all, that Mesdames the King's Aunts are taking steps for departure: asking passports of the Ministry, safe-conducts of the Municipality; which Marat warns all men to beware of. They will carry gold with them, "these old Béguines;" nay they will carry the little Dauphin, "having nursed a changeling, for some time, to leave in his stead!" Besides, they are as some light substance flung up, to show how the wind sits; a kind of proof-kite you fly off to ascertain whether the grand paper-kite, Evasion of the King, may mount!

In these alarming circumstances, Patriotism is not

<sup>\*</sup> Carra's Newspaper, 1st Feb. 1791 (in Hist. Parl. 1x. 39).

wanting to itself. Municipality deputes to the King; Sections depute to the Municipality; a National Assembly will soon stir. Meanwhile, behold, on the 19th of February 1791, Mesdames, quitting Bellevue and Versailles with all privacy, are off! Towards Rome, seemingly; or one knows not whither. They are not without King's passports, countersigned; and what is more to the purpose, a serviceable Escort The Patriotic Mayor or Mayorlet of the Village of Moret tried to detain them: but brisk Louis de Narbonne, of the Escort, dashed off at hand-gallop; returned soon with thirty dragoons, and victoriously cut them out. And so the poor ancient women go their way; to the terror of France and Paris, whose nervous excitability is become extreme. Who else would hinder poor Loque and Graille, now grown so old, and fallen into such unexpected circumstances, when gossip itself turning only on terrors and horrors is no longer pleasant to the mind, and you cannot get so much as an orthodox confessor in peace, - from going what way soever the hope of any solacement might lead them?

They go, poor ancient dames, — whom the heart were hard that did not pity: they go; with palpitations, with unmelodious suppressed screechings; all France screeching and cackling, in loud unsuppressed terror, behind and on both hands of them: such mutual suspicion is among men. At Arnay le Duc, above half-way to the frontiers, a Patriotic Municipality and Populace again takes courage to stop them: Louis Narbonne must now back to Paris, must consult the National Assembly. National Assembly answers, not without an effort, that Mesdames may go. Whereupon Paris rises worse than ever, screeching half-

distracted Tuileries and precincts are tilled with women and men, while the National Assembly debates this question of questions; Lafayette is needed at night for dispersing them, and the streets are to be illuminated Commandant Berthier, a Berthier before whom are great things unknown, lies for the present under blockade at Bellevue in Versailles. By no tactics could he get Mesdames' Luggage stirred from the Courts there; frantic Versaillese women came screaming about him; his very troops cut the wagontraces; he "retired to the interior," waiting better times \*

Nay, in these same hours, while Mesdames, hardly cut out from Moret by the sabre's edge, are driving rapidly, to foreign parts, and not yet stopped at Arnay, their august Nephew poor Monsieur, at Paris, has dived deep into his cellars of the Luxembourg for shelter; and, according to Montgaillard, can hardly be persuaded up again Screeching multitudes environ that Luxembourg of his; drawn thither by report of his departure: but at sight and sound of Monsieur, they become crowing multitudes; and escort Madame and him to the Tuileries with vivats \*\* It is a state of nervous excitability such as few nations know.

## CHAPTER V.

The day of Pomards.

OR, again, what means this visible reparation of the Castle of Vincennes? Other Jails being all crowded with prisoners, new space is wanted here: that is the Municipal account. For in such changing of Judica-

tures, Pailements being abolished, and New Courts but just set up, prisoners have accumulated. Not to say that in these times of discord and club-law, offences and committals are, at any rate, more numerous. Which Municipal account, does it not sufficiently explain the phenomenon? Surely, to repair the Castle of Vincennes was of all enterprises that an enlightened Municipality could undertake, the most innocent.

Not so, however, does neighbouring Saint-Antoine look on it: Saint-Antoine to whom these peaked turnets and grim donjons, all-too near her own dark dwelling, are of themselves an offence. Was not Vincennes a kind of minor Bastille? Great Diderot and Philosophes have lain in durance here; great Mirabeau, in disastrous eclipse, for forty-two months. And now when the old Bastille has become a dancing ground (had any one the mirth to dance), and its stones are getting built into the Pont Louis-Seize, does this minor, comparative insignificance of a Bastille flank itself with fresh-hewn mullions, spread out tyrannous wings; menacing Patriotism? New space for prisoners: and what prisoners? A D'Orleans, with the chief Patriots on the tip of the Left? It is said, there runs "a subterranean passage" all the way from the Tuileries hither. Who knows? Paris, mined with quarries and catacombs, does hang wondrous over the abvss: Paris was once to be blown up, - though the powder, when we went to look, had got withdrawn A Tuileries, sold to Austria and Coblentz, should have no subterranean passage. Out of which might not Coblentz or Austria issue, some morning; and, with cannon of long range, "foudroger," bethunder a patriotic Saint-Antoine into smoulder and ruin!

So meditates the benighted soul of Saint-Antoine, as it sees the aproned workmen, in early spring, busy on these towers. An official-speaking Municipality, a Sieur Motier with his legions of mouchards, deserve no trust at all. Were Patriot Santerie, indeed, Commander! But the sonorous Brewer commands only our own Battalion: of such secrets he can explain nothing, knows nothing, perhaps suspects much. And so the work goes on; and afflicted benighted Saint-Antoine hears rattle of hammers, sees stones suspended in air.\*

Saint-Antoine prostrated the first great Bastille: will it falter over this comparative insignificance of a Bastille? Friends, what if we took pikes, firelocks, sledgehammers; and helped ourselves! - Speedier is no remedy; nor so certain. On the 28th day of February, Saint-Antoine turns out, as it has now often done; and, apparently with little superfluous tumult, moves eastward to that eye-sorrow of Vincennes. With grave voice of authority, no need of bullying and shouting, Saint-Antoine signifies to parties concerned there, that its purpose is, To have this suspicious Stronghold razed level with the general soil of the country Remonstrance may be proffered, with zeal; but it avails not. The outer gate goes up, drawbridges tumble; iron window-stanchions, smitten out with sledgehammers, become iron-crowbars: it rains a rain of furniture, stone-masses, slates: with chaotic clatter and rattle, Demolition clatters down And now hasty expresses rush through the agitated streets, to warn Lafavette, and the Municipal and Departmental Authorities; Rumour warns a National Assembly, a Royal Tuileries, and all men who care to hear it: That Saint-Antoine

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillaid, 11. 285.

is up; that Vincennes, and probably the last remaining Institution of the Country, is coming down.

Quick, then! Let Lafayette roll his drums and fly eastward; for to all Constitutional Patriots this is again bad news And you, ye Friends of Royalty, snatch your poniaids of improved structure, made to order: your sword-canes, secret arms, and tickets of entry; quick, by backstairs passages, rally round the Son of Sixty Kings. An effervescence probably got up by D'Oileans and Company, for the overthrow of Throne and Altar: it is said her Majesty shall be put in prison, put out of the way; what then will his Majesty be? Clay for the Sansculottic Potter! Or were it impossible to fly this day; a brave Noblesse suddenly all rallying? Peril threatens, hope invites: Dukes de Villequier, de Duras, Gentlemen of the Chamber give Tickets and admittance; a brave Noblesse is suddenly all rallying Now were the time to "fall sword in hand on those gentry there," could it be done with effect

The Hero of two Worlds is on his white charger: blue Nationals, horse and foot, hurrying eastward; Santerre, with the Saint-Antoine Battalion, is already there, — apparently indisposed to act. Heavy-laden Hero of two Worlds, what tasks are these! The jeerings, provocative gambollings of that Patriot Suburb, which is all out on the streets now, are hard to endure; unwashed Patriots jeering in sulky sport; one unwashed Patriot "seizing the General by the boot," to unhorse him. Santerre, ordered to fire, makes answer obliquely, "These are the men that took the Bastille;" and not a trigger stirs. Neither dare the Vincennes Magistracy give warrant of arrestment, or the smallest countenance:

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vi. 11-15, Newspapers (in Hist. Parl. ix. 111-17).

wherefore the General "will take it on himself" to arrest By promptitude, by cheerful adroitness, patience and brisk valour without limits, the riot may be again bloodlessly appeased.

Meanwhile, the rest of Paris, with more or less unconcern, may mind the rest of its business: for what is this but an effervescence, of which there are now so many? The National Assembly, in one of its stormiest moods, is debating a Law against Emigration; Mirabeau declaring aloud, "I swear beforehand that I will not obey it " Mirabeau is often at the Tribune this day; with endless impediments from without; with the old unabated energy from within What can murmurs and clamours, from Left or from Right, do to this man; like Teneriffe or Atlas unremoved? With clear thought; with strong bass-voice, though at first low, uncertain, he claims audience, sways the storm of men: anon the sound of him waxes, softens; he rises into far-sounding melody of strength, triumphant, which subdues all hearts; his rude seamed face, desolate, fire-scathed, becomes fire-lit, and radiates: once again men feel, in these beggarly ages, what is the potency and omnipotency of man's word on the souls of men "I will triumph or be torn in fragments," he was once heard to say. "Silence," he cries now, in strong word of command, in imperial consciousness of strength, "Silence, the thirty voices, Silence aux trente voix!" and Robespierre and the Thirty Voices die into mutterings; and the Law is once more as Mirabeau would have it.

How different, at the same instant, is General Lafayette's street-eloquence; wrangling with sonorous Brewers, with an ungrammatical Saint-Antoine! Most different, again, from both is the Café-de-Valois eloquence, and suppressed fanfaronade, of this multitude of men with Tickets of Entry; who are now inundating the Corridors of the Tuileries Such things can go on simultaneously in one City How much more in one Country; in one Planet with its discrepancies, every Day a mere crackling infinitude of discrepancies,—which nevertheless do yield some coherent net-product, though an infinitesimally small one!

But be this as it may, Lafayette has saved Vincennes; and is marching homewards with some dozen of arrested demolitionists Royalty is not yet saved; nor indeed specially endangered. But to the King's Constitutional Guard, to these old Gardes Françaises, or Centre Grenadiers, as it chanced to be, this affluence of men with Tickets of Entry is becoming more and more unintelligible. Is his Majesty verily for Metz, then; to be carried off by these men, on the spur of the instant? That revolt of Saint-Antoine got up by traitor Royalists for a stalking-horse? Keep a sharp out-look, ye Centre Grenadiers on duty here: good never came from the "men in black" Nav they have cloaks, rédingotes: some of them leather-breeches, boots, - as if for instant riding! Or what is this that sticks visible from the lapelle of Chevalier de Court?\* like the handle of some cutting or stabbing instrument! He glides and goes; and still the dudgeon sticks from his left lapelle. "Hold, Monsieur!" — a Centre Grenadier clutches him; clutches the protrusive dudgeon, whisks it out in the face of the world: by Heaven, a very dagger; hunting-knife or whatsoever you will call it; fit to drink the life of Patriotism!

So fared it with Chevalier de Court, early in the day; not without noise; not without commentaries. And now this continually increasing multitude at nightfall? Have they daggers too? Alas, with them too, after angry parleyings, there has begun a groping and a rummaging; all men in black, spite of their Tickets of Entry, are clutched by the collar, and groped. Scandalous to think of: for always, as the dirk, swordcane, pistol, or were it but tailor's bodkin, is found on him, and with loud scorn drawn forth from him, he, the hapless man in black, is flung all-too rapidly down stairs. Flung; and ignominiously descends, head foremost; accelerated by ignominious shovings from sentry after sentry; nay, as is written, by smitings, twitchings, — spurnings à posteriori, not to be named. In this accelerated way, emerges, uncertain which end uppermost, man after man in black, through all issues. into the Tuileries Garden. Emerges, alas, into the arms of an indignant multitude, now gathered and gathering there, in the hour of dusk, to see what is toward, and whether the Hereditary Representative is carried off or not Hapless men in black; at last convicted of poniards made to order; convicted "Chevaliers of the Poniard!" Within is as the burning ship; without is as the deep sea. Within is no help; his Majesty, looking forth, one moment, from his interior sanctuaries, coldly bids all visitors "give up their weapons;" and shuts the door again. The weapons given up form a heap: the convicted Chevaliers of the Poniard keep descending pellmell, with impetuous velocity; and at the bottom of all staircases, the mixed

multitude receives them, hustles, buffets, chases and disperses them \*

Such sight meets Lafayette, in the dusk of the evening, as he returns, successful with difficulty at Vincennes: Sansculotte Scylla hardly weathered, here is Aristocrat Charybdis guigling under his lee! The patient Hero of two Worlds almost loses temper. He accelerates, does not retard, the flying Chevaliers; delivers, indeed, this or the other hunted Loyalist of quality, but rates him in bitter words, such as the hour suggested; such as no saloon could pardon ill-bested; hanging, so to speak, in mid air; hateful to Rich divinities above; hateful to Indigent mortals below! Duke de Villequier, Gentleman of the Chamber, gets such contumelious rating, in presence of all people there, that he may see good first to exculpate himself in the Newspapers; then, that not prospering, to retire over the Frontiers, and begin plotting at Brussels.\*\* His Apartment will stand vacant; usefuller, as we may find, than when it stood occupied.

So fly the Chevaliers of the Poniard; hunted of Patriotic men, shamefully in the thickening dusk. A dim miserable business; born of darkness; dying away there in the thickening dusk and dimness. In the midst of which, however, let the reader discern clearly one figure running for its life: Crispin-Catiline d'Espréménil, — for the last time, or the last but one It is not yet three years since these same Centre Grenadiers, Gardes Françaises then, marched him towards the Calypso Isles, in the gray of the May morning; and he and they have got thus far. Buffeted, beaten down, delivered by popular Pétion, he might well

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. ix. 139-48.

answer bitterly: "And I too, Monsieur, have been carried on the People's shoulders." A fact which popular Pétion, if he like, can meditate.

But happily, one way and another, the speedy night covers up this ignominious Day of Poniards; and the Chevaliers escape, though maltreated, with torn coatskirts and heavy hearts, to their respective dwelling-houses. Riot twofold is quelled; and little blood shed, if it be not insignificant blood from the nose: Vincennes stands undemolished, reparable; and the Hereditary Representative has not been stolen, nor the Queen smuggled into Prison. A day long remembered: commented on with loud hahas and deep grumblings; with bitter scornfulness of triumph, bitter rancour of defeat. Royalism, as usual, imputes it to D'Orleans and the Anarchists intent on insulting Majesty: Patriotism, as usual, to Royalists, and even Constitutionalists, intent on stealing Majesty to Metz: we, also as usual, to Preternatural Suspicion, and Phœbus Apollo having made himself like the Night

Thus, however, has the reader seen, in an unexpected arena, on this last day of February 1791, the Three long-contending elements of French Society dashed forth into singular comico-tragical collision, acting and re-acting openly to the eye. Constitutionalism, at once quelling Sansculottic riot at Vincennes, and Royalist treachery in the Tuileries, is great, this day, and prevails. As for poor Royalism, tossed to and fro in that manner, its daggers all left in a heap, what can one think of it? Every dog, the Adage says, has its day: has it; has had it; or will have it. For the

<sup>\*</sup> See Mercier, 11. 40, 202.

present, the day is Lafayette's and the Constitution's. Nevertheless Hunger and Jacobinism, fast growing fanatical, still work; their day, were they once fanatical, will come. Hitherto, in all tempests, Lafayette, like some divine Sea-ruler, raises his serene head: the upper Æolus' blasts fly back to their caves, like foolish unbidden winds: the under sea-billows they had vexed into froth allay themselves. But if, as we often write, the submarine Titanic Fire-powers came into play, the Ocean-bed from beneath being burst? If they hurled Poseidon Lafayette and his Constitution out of Space; and, in the Titanic melly, sea were mixed with sky?

# CHAPTER VI.

#### Mirabeau.

The spirit of France waxes ever more acrid, feversick towards the final outburst of dissolution and delirium. Suspicion rules all minds: contending parties
cannot now commingle; stand separated sheer asunder,
eyeing one another, in most aguish mood, of cold terror or hot rage Counter-Revolution, Days of Poniards,
Castries Duels; Flight of Mesdames, of Monsieur and
Royalty! Journalism shrills ever louder its cry of alarm
The sleepless Dionysius's Ear of the Forty-eight
Sections, how feverishly quick has it grown; convulsing with strange pangs the whole sick Body, as in
such sleeplessness and sickness the ear will do!

Since Royalists get Poniards made to order, and a Sieur Motier is no better than he should be, shall not Patriotism too, even of the indigent sort, have Pikes, secondhand Firelocks, in readiness for the worst? The anvils ring, during this March month, with hammering of Pikes. A Constitutional Municipality promulgated its Placard, that no citizen except the "active" or cashcitizen was entitled to have arms; but there rose, instantly responsive, such a tempest of astonishment from Club and Section, that the Constitutional Placard, almost next morning, had to cover itself up, and die away into inanity, in a second improved edition \* So the hammering continues; as all that it betokens does

Mark, again, how the extreme tip of the Left is mounting in favour, if not in its own National Hall, yet with the Nation, especially with Paris. For in such universal panic of doubt, the opinion that is sure of itself, as the meagrest opinion may the soonest be, is the one to which all men will rally. Great is Belief, were it never so meagre; and leads captive the doubting heart. Incorruptible Robespierre has been elected Public Accuser in our new Courts of Judicature; virtuous Pétion, it is thought, may rise to be Mayor. Cordelier Danton, called also by triumphant majorities, sits at the Departmental Council-table; colleague there of Mirabeau. Of incorruptible Robespierre it was long ago predicted that he might go far, mean meagre mortal though he was; for Doubt dwelt not in him

Under which circumstances ought not Royalty likewise to cease doubting, and begin deciding and acting? Royalty has always that sure trump-card in its hand: Flight out of Paris. Which sure trump-card Royalty, as we see, keeps ever and anon clutching at, grasping; and swashes it forth tentatively; yet never tables it, still puts it back again. Play it, O Royalty! If there

<sup>\*</sup> Ordonnance du 17 Mars 1791 (Hist, Pail, ix. 257).

be a chance left, this seems it, and verily the last chance; and now every hour is rendering this a doubtfuller. Alas, one would so fain both fly and not fly; play one's card and have it to play Royalty, in all human likelihood, will not play its trump-card till the honours, one after one, be mainly lost; and such trumping of it prove to be the sudden finish of the game!

Here accordingly a question always arises; of the prophetic sort; which cannot now be answered. Suppose Mirabeau, with whom Royalty takes deep counsel, as with a Prime Minister that cannot yet legally avow himself as such, had got his arrangements completed? Arrangements he has; far-stretching plans that dawn fitfully on us, by fragments, in the confused darkness Thirty Departments ready to sign loyal Addresses, of prescribed tenor: King carried out of Paris, but only to Compiègne and Rouen, hardly to Metz, since, once for all, no Emigrant rabble shall take the lead in it: National Assembly consenting, by dint of loyal Addresses, by management, by force of Bouillé, to hear reason, and follow thither!\* Was it so, on these terms, that Jacobinism and Mirabeau were then to grapple, in their Hercules-and-Typhon duel; Death inevitable for the one or the other? The duel itself is determined on, and sure: but on what terms; much more, with what issue, we in vain guess. It is vague darkness all: unknown what is to be; unknown even what has already been. The giant Mirabeau walks in darkness, as we said; companionless, on wild ways: what his thoughts during these months were, no record of Biographer, nor vague Fils Adoptif, will now ever disclose

<sup>\*</sup> See Fils Adoptif, vii. 1, 6, Dumont, c. 11, 12, 14.

To us, endeavouring to cast his horoscope, it of course remains doubly vague. There is one Herculean Man; in internecine duel with him, there is Monster after Monster. Emigrant Noblesse return, sword on thigh, vaunting of their Loyalty never sullied; descending from the air, like Harpy-swarms with ferocity, with obscene greed. Earthward there is the Typhon of Anarchy, Political, Religious; sprawling hundredheaded, say with Twenty-five million heads; wide as the area of France; fierce as Frenzy; strong in very Hunger. With these shall the Serpent-queller do battle continually, and expect no rest

As for the King, he as usual will go wavering chameleonlike; changing colour and purpose with the colour of his environment; — good for no Kingly use. On one royal person, on the Queen only, can Mirabeau perhaps place dependence. It is possible, the greatness of this man, not unskilled too in blandishments, courtiership, and graceful adroitness, might, with most legitimate sorcery, fascinate the volatile Queen, and fix her to him. She has courage for all noble daring; an eye and a heart: the soul of Theresa's Daughter "Faut-il donc, "Is it fated then," she passionately writes to her Brother. "that I with the blood I am come of, with the "sentiments I have, must live and die among such "mortals?" \* Alas, poor Princess, Yes. "She is the only man," as Mirabeau observes, "whom is Majetsy has about him." Of one other man Mirabeau is still surer: of himself. There lie his resources; sufficient or insufficient.

Dim and great to the eye of Prophecy looks that future. A perpetual life-and-death battle; confusion

<sup>\*</sup> Fils Adoptif, ubz supra.

from above and from below, — mere confused darkness for us; with here and there some streak of faint lurid light. We see a King perhaps laid aside; not tonsured, tonsuring is out of fashion now; but say, sent away anywhither, with handsome annual allowance, and stock of smith-tools. We see a Queen and Dauphin, Regent and Minor; a Queen "mounted on horseback," in the din of battles, with Morianur pro rege nostro! "Such a day," Mirabeau writes, "may come"

Din of battles, wars more than civil, confusion from above and from below: in such environment the eve of Prophecy sees Comte de Mirabeau, like some Cardinal de Retz, stormfully maintain himself; with head alldevising, heart all-daring, if not victorious, yet unvanguished, while life is left him The specialities and issues of it, no eye of Prophecy can guess at: it is clouds, we repeat, and tempestuous night; and in the middle of it, now visible, far-darting, now labouring in eclipse, is Mirabeau indomitably struggling to be Cloud. Compeller! - One can say that, had Mirabeau lived, the History of France and of the World had been different. Further, that the man would have needed, as few men ever did, the whole compass of that same "Art of Daring, Art d'Oser," which he so prized; and likewise that he, above all men then living, would have practised and manifested it. Finally, that some substantiality, and no empty simulacrum of a formula, would have been the result realised by him: a result you could have loved, a result you could have hated; by no likelihood, a result you could only have rejected with closed lips, and swept into quick forgetfulness forever. Had Mirabeau lived one other year!

# CHAPTER VII

Death of Mirabeau.

But Mirabeau could not live another year, any more than he could live another thousand years. Men's years are numbered, and the tale of Mirabeau's was now complete. Important or unimportant; to be mentioned in World-History for some centuries, or not to be mentioned there beyond a day or two,—it matters not to peremptory Fate. From amid the press of ruddy busy Life, the Pale Messenger beckons silently: wide-spreading interests, projects, salvation of French Monarchies, what thing soever man has on hand, he must suddenly quit it all, and go. Wert thou saving French Monarchies; wert thou blacking shoes on the Pont Neuf! The most important of men cannot stay; did the World's History depend on an hour, that hour is not to be given. Whereby, indeed, it comes that these same would-have-beens are mostly a vanity; and the World's History could never in the least be what it would, or might, or should, by any manner of potentiality, but simply and altogether what it is.

The fierce wear and tear of such an existence has wasted out the giant oaken strength of Mirabeau. A fret and fever that keeps heart and brain on fire: excess of effort, of excitement; excess of all kinds: labour incessant, almost beyond credibility! "If I had not "lived with him," says Dumont, "I never should have "known what a man can make of one day; what things "may be placed within the interval of twelve hours.

"A day for this man was more than a week or a "month is for others: the mass of things he guided on "together was prodigious; from the scheming to the "executing not a moment lost" - "Monsieur le Comte," said his Secretary to him once, "what you require is impossible." — "Impossible!" — answered he, starting from his chair, "Ne me dites jamais ce bête de mot. Never name to me that blockhead of a word."\* And then the social repasts; the dinner which he gives as Commandant of National Guards, which "cost five "hundred pounds;" alas, and "the Syrens of the "Opera;" and all the ginger that is hot in the mouth: - down what a course is this man hurled! Cannot Mirabeau stop; cannot he fly, and save himself alive? No! There is a Nessus' Shirt on this Hercules; he must storm and burn there, without rest, till he be consumed Human strength, never so Herculean, has its measure. Herald shadows flit pale across the firebrain of Mirabeau; heralds of the pale repose. While he tosses and storms, straining every nerve, in that sea of ambition and confusion, there comes, sombre and still, a monition that for him the issue of it will be swift death.

In January last, you might see him as President of the Assembly; "his neck wrapt in linen cloths, at the evening session:" there was sick heat of the blood, alternate darkening and flashing in the eyesight; he had to apply leeches, after the morning labour, and preside bandaged. "At parting he embraced me," says Dumont, "with an emotion I had never seen in "him: 'I am dying, my friend; dying as by slow fire; "we shall perhaps not meet again When I am gone,

<sup>\*</sup> Dumont, p. 311.

"they will know what the value of me was The "miseries I have held back will burst from all sides "on France." Sickness gives louder warning; but cannot be listened to. On the 27th day of March, proceeding towards the Assembly, he had to seek rest and help in Friend de Lamarck's, by the road; and lay there, for an hour, half-fainted, stretched on a sofa To the Assembly nevertheless he went, as if in spite of Destiny itself; spoke, loud and eager, five several times; then quitted the Tribune — forever. He steps out, utterly exhausted, into the Tuileries Gardens; many people press round him, as usual, with applications, memorials; he says to the Friend who was with him: "Take me out of this!"

And so, on the last day of March 1791, endless anxious multitudes beset the Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin; incessantly inquiring; within doors there, in that House numbered, in our time, 42, the overwearied giant has fallen down, to die.\*\* Crowds of all parties and kinds; of all ranks from the King to the meanest man! The King sends publicly twice a-day to inquire; privately besides: from the world at large there is no end of inquiring. "A written bulletin is handed out every three hours," is copied and circulated; in the end, it is printed The People spontaneously keep silence; no carriage shall enter with its noise: there is crowding pressure; but the Sister of Mirabeau is reverently recognised, and has free way made for her. The People stand mute, heart-stricken; to all it seems as if a great calamity were nigh: as if the last man of France, who could have swayed these coming troubles, lay there at hand-grips with the unearthly Power.

<sup>\*</sup> Dumont, p. 267.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fils Adoptif, viii. 420-79.

The silence of a whole People, the wakeful toil of Cabanis, Friend and Physician, skills not: on Saturday, the second day of April, Mirabeau feels that the last of the Days has risen for him: that on this day he has to depart and be no more. His death is Titanic, as his life has been! Lit up, for the last time, in the glare of coming dissolution, the mind of the man is all glowing and burning; utters itself in sayings, such as men long remember. He longs to live, yet acquiesces in death, argues not with the inexorable. His speech is wild and wondrous: unearthly Phantasms dancing now their torch-dance round his soul; the soul itself looking out, fire-radiant, motionless, girt together for that great hour! At times comes a beam of light from him on the world he is quitting. "I carry in my heart the death-dirge of the French Monarchy; the dead remains of it will now be the spoil of the factious." Or again, when he heard the cannon fire, what is characteristic too: "Have we the Achilles' Funeral already?" So likewise, while some friend is supporting him: "Yes, support that head; would I could bequeath it thee!" For the man dies as he has lived; self-conscious, conscious of a world looking on. He gazes forth on the young Spring, which for him will never be Summer. The Sun has risen; he says, "Si ce n'est pas là Dieu, c'est du moins son cousin germain."\* -Death has mastered the outworks; power of speech is gone; the citadel of the heart still holding out: the moribund giant, passionately, by sign, demands paper and pen; writes his passionate demand for opium, to end these agonies. The sorrowful Doctor shakes his

<sup>\*</sup> Fils Adoptif, viii. 450, Journal de la maladie et de la moit de Mirabeau, par P. J. G. Cabanis (Paris, 1803)

head: Dormir, "To sleep," writes the other, passionately pointing at it! So dies a gigantic Heathen and Titan; stumbling blindly, undismayed, down to his rest. At half-past eight in the morning, Doctor Petit, standing at the foot of the bed, says, "Il ne souffre plus." His suffering and his working are now ended. Even so, ye silent Patriot multitudes, all ye men of

France; this man is rapt away from you. He has fallen suddenly, without bending till he broke; as a tower falls, smitten by sudden lightning His word ye shall hear no more, his guidance follow no more. — The multitudes depart, heartstruck; spread the sad tidings. How touching is the loyalty of men to their Sovereign Man! All theatres, public amusements close; no joy-tul meeting can be held in these nights, joy is not for them: the People break in upon private dancing-par-ties, and sullenly command that they cease. Of such dancing-parties apparently but two came to light; and these also have gone out. The gloom is universal; never in this City was such sorrow for one death; never since that old night when Louis XII. departed, "and the Crieurs des Corps went sounding their bells, "and crying along the streets: Le bon ron Louis, père "du peuple, est mort, The good King Louis, Father of "the People, is dead!" King Mirabeau is now the lost King; and one may say with little exaggeration, all the People mourns for him

For three days there is low wide moan; weeping in the National Assembly itself. The streets are all mournful; orators mounted on the bornes, with large silent audience, preaching the funeral sermon of the dead Let no coachman whip fast, distractively with

<sup>\*</sup> Hénault, Abrégé Chronologique, p. 429

his rolling wheels, or almost at all, through these groups! His traces may be cut: himself and his fare. as incurable Aristocrats, hurled sulkily into the kennels. The bourne-stone orators speak as it is given them; the Sansculottic People, with its rude soul, listens eager, - as men will to any Sermon, or Sermo, when it is a spoken Word meaning a Thing, and not a Babblement meaning No-thing. In the Restaurateur's of the Palais-Royal, the waiter remarks, "Fine weather, Monsieur:" - "Yes, my friend," answers the ancient Man of Letters, "very fine; but Mirabeau is dead." Hoarse rhythmic threnodies come also from the throats of ballad-singers; are sold on grev-white paper at a sou each \* But of Portraits, engraved, painted, hewn and written; of Eulogies, Reminiscences, Biographies, nay Vaudevilles. Dramas and Melodramas, in all Provinces of France, there will, through these coming months, be the due immeasurable crop; thick as the leaves of Spring. Nor, that a tincture of burlesque might be in it, is Gobel's Episcopal Mandement wanting; goose Gobel, who has just been made Constitutional Bishop of Paris. A Mandement wherein Ca ira alternates very strangely with Nomine Domini; and you are, with a grave countenance, invited to "rejoice at possessing in "the midst of you a body of Prelates created by Mira-"beau, zealous followers of his doctrine, faithful imita-"tors of his virtues." \*\* So speaks, and cackles manifold, the Sorrow of France; wailing articulately, inarticulately, as it can, that a Sovereign Man is snatched away. In the National Assembly, when difficult ques-

<sup>\*</sup> Fils Adopts, viii. 1. 10, Newspapers and Excerpts (in Hist. Parl. ix. 366-402).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Hist. Parl. 1x. 405.

tions are astir, all eyes will "turn mechanically to the place where Mirabeau sat," — and Mirabeau is absent now.

On the third evening of the lamentation, the fourth of April, there is solemn Public Funeral; such as deceased mortal seldom had Procession of a league in length; of mourners reckoned loosely at a hundred thousand All roofs are thronged with onlookers, all windows, lamp-irons, branches of trees, "Sadness is painted on every countenance; many persons weep" There is double hedge of National Guards: there is National Assembly in a body; Jacobin Society, and Societies; King's Ministers, Municipals, and all Notabilities, Patriot or Aristocrat. Bouillé is noticeable there, "with his hat on;" say, hat drawn over his brow, hiding many thoughts! Slow-wending, in religious silence, the Procession of a league in length, under the level sun-rays, for it is five o'clock, moves and marches: with its sable plumes; itself in a religious silence; but, by fits with the muffled roll of drums, by fits with some long-drawn wail of music, and strange new clangour of trombones, and metallic dirge-voice: amid the infinite hum of men In the Church of Saint-Eustache, there is funeral oration by Cerutti; and discharge of fire-arms, which "brings down pieces of the plaster." Thence, forward again to the Church of Sainte-Geneviève; which has been consecrated, by supreme decree, on the spur of this time, into a Pantheon for the Great Men of the Fatherland, Aux Grands Hommes la Patrie réconnaissante. Hardly at midnight is the business done; and Mirabeau left in his dark dwelling: first tenant of that Fatherland's Pantheon.

Tenant, alas, who inhabits but at will, and shall be

cast out For, in these days of convulsion and disjection, not even the dust of the dead is permitted to rest. Voltaire's bones are, by and by, to be carried from their stolen grave in the Abbey of Scellières, to an eager stealing grave, in Paris his birth-city: all mortals processioning and perorating there; cars drawn by eight white horses, goadsters in classical costume, with fillets and wheat-ears enough; - though the weather is of the wettest.\* Evangelist Jean Jacques too, as is most proper, must be dug up from Ermenonville, and processioned, with pomp, with sensibility, to the Pantheon of the Fatherland.\*\* He and others: while again Mirabeau, we say, is cast forth from it, happily incapable of being replaced; and rests now, irrecognisable, reburied hastily at dead of night "in the central part of the Churchyard Sainte-Catherine, in the Suburb Saint-Marceau," to be disturbed no further.

So blazes out, farseen, a Man's Life, and becomes ashes and a caput mortuum, in this World-Pyre, which we name French Revolution: not the first that consumed itself there; nor, by thousands and many milhons, the last! A man who "had swallowed all formulas;"who, in these strange times and circumstances, felt called to live Titanically, and also to die so. As he, for his part, had swallowed all formulas, what Formula is there, never so comprehensive, that will express truly the plus and the munus of him, give us the accurate net-result of him? There is hitherto none such. Moralities not a few must shriek condemnatory over this Mirabeau; the Morality by which he could be judged has not yet got uttered in the speech of men.

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, du 13 Juillet 1791.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ibid. du 18 Septembre, 1794. See also du 30 Août, &c. 1791

We will say this of him again: That he is a Reality and no Simulacrum; a living Son of Nature our general Mother; not a hollow Artifice, and mechanism of Conventionalities, son of nothing, brother to nothing. In which little word, let the earnest man, walking sorrowful in a world mostly of "Stuffed Clothes-suits," that chatter and grin meaningless on him, quite ghastly to the earnest soul, — think what significance there is!

Of men who, in such sense, are alive, and see with eyes, the number is now not great: it may be well, if in this huge French Revolution itself, with its all-developing fury, we find some Three. Mortals driven rabid we find; sputtering the acridest logic; baring their breast to the battle-hail, their neck to the guillotine: — of whom it is so painful to say that they too are still, in good part, manufactured Formalities, not Facts but Hearsays!

Honour to the strong man, in these ages, who has shaken himself loose of shams, and is something. For in the way of being worthy, the first condition surely is that one be. Let Cant cease, at all risks and at all cost: till Cant cease, nothing else can begin. Of human Criminals, in these centuries, writes the Moralist, I find but one unforgivable: the Quack. "Hateful to God," as divine Dante sings, "and to the Enemies of God,

# "A Dio spiacente ed a' nemici sui!"

But whoever will, with sympathy, which is the first essential towards insight, look at this questionable Mirabeau, may find that there lay verily in him, as the basis of all, a Sincerity, a great free Earnestness; nay call it Honesty, for the man did before all things

see, with that clear flashing vision, into what was, into what existed as fact: and did, with his wild heart, follow that and no other. Whereby on what ways soever he travels and struggles, often enough falling, he is still a brother man Hate him not, thou canst not hate him! Shining through such soil and tarnish, and now victorious effulgent, and oftenest struggling eclipsed, the light of genius itself is in this man; which was never yet base and hateful; but at worst was lamentable, loveable with pity. They say that he was ambitious, that he wanted to be Minister. It is most true. And was he not simply the one man in France who could have done any good as Minister? Not vanity alone, not pride alone; far from that! Wild burstings of affection were in this great heart; of fierce lightning, and soft dew of pity So sunk bemired in wretchedest defacements, it may be said of him, like the Magdalen of old, that he loved much: his Father, the harshest of old crabbed men, he loved with warmth, with veneration.

Be it that his falls and follies are manifold, — as himself often lamented even with tears.\* Alas, is not the Life of every such man already a poetic Tragedy; made up "of Fate and of one's own Deservings," of Schicksal und eigene Schuld; full of the element of Pity and Fear? This brother man, if not Epic for us, is Tragic; if not great, is large; large in his qualities, world-large in his destinies. Whom other men, recognising him as such, may, through long times, remember, and draw nigh to examine and consider: these, in their several dialects, will say of him and

<sup>\*</sup> Dumont, p. 287.

sing of him, — till the right thing be said; and so the Formula that can judge him be no longer an undiscovered one.

Here then the wild Gabriel Honoré drops from the tissue of our History; not without a tragic farewell He is gone: the flower of the wild Riquetti or Arrighetti kindred; which seems as if in him, with one last effort, it had done its best, and then expired, or sunk down to the undistinguished level. Crabbed old Marquis Mirabeau, the Friend of Men, sleeps sound. The Bailli Mirabeau, worthy Uncle, will soon die forlorn, alone. Barrel-Mirabeau, already gone across the Rhine, his Regiment of Emigrants will drive nigh desperate. "Barrel-Mirabeau," says a biographer of his, "went indignantly across the Rhine, and drilled "Emigrant Regiments. But as he sat one morning in "his tent, sour of stomach doubtless and of heart, "meditating in Tartarean humour on the turn things "took, a certain Captain or Subaltern demanded ad-"mittance on business. Such Captain is refused; he "again demands, with refusal; and then again; till "Colonel Viscount Barrel-Mirabeau, blazing up into a "mere burning brandy-barrel, clutches his sword, and "tumbles out on this canaille of an intruder, - alas, "on the canaille of an intruder's sword-point, who had "drawn with swift dexterity; and dies, and the News-"papers name it apoplexy and alarming accident." die the Mirabeaus.

New Mirabeaus one hears not of: the wild kindred, as we said, is gone out with this its greatest. As families and kindreds sometimes do; producing, after long ages of unnoted notability, some living quintessence of all the qualities they had, to flame forth as

a man world-noted; after whom they rest as if exhausted; the sceptre passing to others. The chosen Last of the Mirabeaus is gone; the chosen man of France is gone. It was he who shook old France from its basis; and, as if with his single hand, has held it toppling there, still unfallen What things depended on that one man! He is as a ship suddenly shivered on sunk rocks: much swims on the waste waters, far from help.

# BOOK IV.

VARENNES.

### CHAPTER I

Easter at Saint-Cloud.

THE French Monarchy may now therefore be considered as, in all human probability, lost; as struggling henceforth in blindness as well as weakness, the last light of reasonable guidance having gone out What remains of resources their poor Majesties will waste still further, in uncertain loitering and wavering. Mirabeau himself had to complain that they only gave him half confidence, and always had some plan within his plan. Had they fled frankly with him to Rouen or anywhither, long ago! They may fly now with chance immeasurably lessened; which will go on lessening towards absolute zero Decide, O Queen; poor Louis can decide nothing: execute this Flightproject, or at least abandon it Correspondence with Bouillé there has been enough; what profits consulting, and hypothesis, while all around is in fierce activity of practice? The Rustic sits waiting till the river run dry: alas, with you it is not a common river, but a Nile Inundation; snows melting in the unseen mountains; till all, and you where you sit, be submerged

Many things invite to flight. The voice of Journals invites; Royalist Journals proudly hinting it as a threat, Patriot Journals rabidly denouncing it as a terror. Mother Society, waxing more and more emphatic, invites; — so emphatic that, as was prophesied, Lafayette and your limited Patriots have ere long to

branch off from her, and form themselves into Feuillans; with infinite public controversy; the victory in which, doubtful though it look, will remain with the unlimited Mother. Moreover, ever since the Day of Poniards, we have seen unlimited Patriotism openly equipping itself with arms. Citizens denied "activity," which is facetiously made to signify a certain weight of purse, cannot buy blue uniforms, and be Guardsmen; but man is greater than blue cloth: man can fight, if need be, in multiform cloth, or even almost without cloth, - as Sansculotte. So pikes continue to be hammered, whether those Dirks of improved structure with barbs be "meant for the West-India market." or not meant. Men beat, the wrong way, their ploughshares into swords. Is there not what we may call an "Austrian Committee," Comité Autrichien, sitting daily and nightly in the Tuileries? Patriotism, by vision and suspicion, knows it too well! If the King fly, will there not be Aristocrat-Austrian invasion; butchery; replacement of Feudalism: wars more than civil? The hearts of men are saddened and maddened.

Dissident Priests likewise give trouble enough Expelled from their Parish Churches, where Constitutional Priests, elected by the Public, have replaced them, these unhappy persons resort to Convents of Nuns, or other such receptacles; and there, on Sabbath, collecting assemblages of Anti-Constitutional individuals, who have grown devout all on a sudden,\* they worship or pretend to worship in their strait-laced contumacious manner; to the scandal of Patriotism. Dissident Priests, passing along with their sacred wafer for the dying, seem wishful to be massacred in the streets; wherein

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, 1. 262.

Patriotism will not gratify them Slighter palm of martyrdom, however, shall not be denied: martyrdom not of massacre, yet of fustigation At the refractory places of worship, Patriot men appear; Patriot women with strong hazel wands, which they apply Shut thy eyes, O Reader, see not this misery, peculiar to these later times. - of martyrdom without sincerity, with only cant and contumacy! A dead Catholic Church is not allowed to lie dead; no, it is galvanised into the detestablest death-life; whereat Humanity, we say, shuts its eyes. For the Patriot women take their hazel wands, and fustigate, amid laughter of bystanders, with alacrity: broad bottom of Priests; alas, Nuns too reversed, and cotillons retroussés! The National Guard does what it can. Municipality "invokes the Principles of toleration;" grants Dissident worshippers the Church of the Théatins; promising protection. But it is to no purpose: at the door of that Théatins Church appears a Placard, and suspended atop, like Plebeian Consular fasces. — a Bundle of Rods! The Principles of Toleration must do the best they may: but no Dissident man shall worship contumaciously; there is a Plebiscitum to that effect; which, though unspoken, is like the laws of the Medes and Persians Dissident contumacious Priests ought not to be harboured, even in private, by any man: the Club of the Cordeliers openly denounces Majesty himself as doing it \*

'Many things invite to flight: but probably this thing above all others, that it has become impossible! On the 15th of April, notice is given that his Majesty,

<sup>\*</sup> Newspapers of April and June 1791 (in Hist. Parl. ix. 449, x. 217). Cartyle, Revolution II

who has suffered much from catarrh lately, will enjoy the Spring weather, for a few days, at Saint-Cloud Out at Saint-Cloud? Wishing to celebrate his Easter, his Pâques or Pasch, there; with refractory Anti-Constitutional Dissidents? — Wishing rather to make off for Compiègne, and thence to the Frontiers? As were, in good sooth, perhaps feasible, or would once have been; nothing but some two chasseurs attending you; chasseurs easily corrupted! It is a pleasant possibility, execute it or not Men say there are thirty thousand Chevaliers of the Poniard lurking in the woods there: lurking in the woods, and thirty thousand, — for the human Imagination is not fettered But now, how easily might these, dashing out on Lafayette, snatch off the Hereditary Representative; and roll away with him, after the manner of a whirl-blast, whither they listed! — Enough, it were well the King did not go. Lafayette is forewarned and forearmed: but, indeed, is the risk his only; or his and all France's?

Monday the eighteenth of April is come; the Easter Journey to Saint-Cloud shall take effect. National Guard has got its orders; a First Division, as Advanced Guard, has even marched, and probably arrived. His Majesty's Masson-bouche, they say, is all busy stewing and frying at Saint-Cloud; the King's dinner not far from ready there About one o'clock, the Royal Carriage, with its eight royal blacks, shoots stately into the Place du Carrousel; draws up to receive its royal burden. But hark! from the neighbouring Church of Saint-Roch, the tocsin begins ding-dong-ing. Is the King stolen then; is he going; gone? Multitudes of persons crowd the Carrousel: the

Royal Carriage still stands there; — and, by Heaven's strength, shall stand!

Lafayette comes up, with aides-de-camp and oratory; pervading the groups: "Taisez vous," answer the groups, "the King shall not go" Monsieur appears, at an upper window: ten thousand voices bray and shriek, "Nous ne voulons pas que le Roi parte." Their Maiesties have mounted. Crack go the whips; but twenty Patriot arms have seized each of the eight bridles: there is rearing, rocking, vociferation: not the smallest headway. In vain does Lafavette fret, indignant; and perorate and strive: Patriots in the passion of terror bellow round the Royal Carriage; it is one bellowing sea of Patriot terror run frantic. Will Royalty fly off towards Austria; like a lit rocket, towards endless Conflagration of Civil War? Stop it, ve Patriots, in the name of Heaven! Rude voices passionately apostrophise Royalty itself Usher Campan. and other the like official persons, pressing forward with help or advice, are clutched by the sashes, and hurled and whirled, in a confused perilous manner, so that her Majesty has to plead passionately from the carriage - window.

Order cannot be heard, cannot be followed; National Guards know not how to act. Centre Grenadiers, of the Observatoire Battalion, are there; not on duty; alas, in quasi-mutiny; speaking rude disobedient words; threatening the mounted Guards with sharp shot if they hurt the people. Lafayette mounts and dismounts; runs haranguing, panting; on the verge of despair. For an hour and three-quarters; "seven quarters of an hour," by the Tuileries Clock' Desperate Lafayette will open a passage, were it by the cannon's

mouth, if his Majesty will order. Their Majestics, counselled to it by Royalist friends, by Patriot foes, dismount; and retire in, with heavy indignant heart; giving up the enterprise. Maison-bouche may eat that cooked dinner themselves: his Majesty shall not see Saint-Cloud this day, — nor any day \*

The pathetic fable of imprisonment in one's own Palace has become a sad fact, then? Majesty complains to Assembly; Municipality deliberates, proposes to petition or address; Sections respond with sullen brevity of negation Lafayette flings down his Commission; appears in civic pepper-and-salt frock; and cannot be flattered back again; not in less than three days; and by unheard-of entreaty; National Guards kneeling to him, and declaring that it is not sycophancy, that they are free men kneeling here to the Statue of Liberty. For the rest, those Centre Grenadiers of the Observatoire are disbanded, — yet indeed are re-inlisted, all but fourteen, under a new name, and with new quarters The King must keep his Easter in Paris; meditating much on this singular posture of things; but as good as determined now to fly from it, desire being whetted by difficulty.

# CHAPTER II.

### Easter at Paris.

For above a year, ever since March 1790, it would seem, there has hovered a project of Flight before the royal mind; and ever and anon has been condensing itself into something like a purpose; but this or the other difficulty always vaporised it again. It seems so

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vi. c. 1, Hist. Par'. ix. 407-14.

full of risks, perhaps of civil war itself; above all, it cannot be done without effort Somnolent laziness will not serve: to fly, if not in a leather vache, one must verily stir himself. Better to adopt that Constitution of theirs; execute it so as to show all men that it is inexecutable? Better or not so good: surely it is easier. To all difficulties you need only say, There is a lion in the path, behold your Constitution will not act! For a somnolent person it requires no effort to counterfeit death,—as Dame de Staël and Friends of Liberty can see the King's Government long doing, fasant le mort.

Nay now, when desire whetted by difficulty has brought the matter to a head, and the royal mind no longer halts between two, what can come of it? Grant that poor Louis were safe with Bouillé, what, on the whole, could he look for there? Exasperated Tickets of Entry answer: Much, all. But cold Reason answers: Little, almost nothing. Is not loyalty a law of Nature? ask the Tickets of Entry. Is not love of your King, and even death for him, the glory of all Frenchmen,—except these few Democrats? Let Democrat Constitution-builders see what they will do without their Keystone; and France rend its hair, having lost the Hereditary Representative!

Thus will King Louis fly; one sees not reasonably towards what. As a maltreated Boy, shall we say, who, having a Stepmother, rushes sulky into the wide world; and will wring the paternal heart? — Poor Louis escapes from known unsupportable evils, to an unknown mixture of good and evil, coloured by Hope. He goes, as Rabelais did when dying, to seek a great May-be: je vais chercher un grand Peut-être! As not

only the sulky Boy but the wise grown Man is obliged to do, so often, in emergencies.

For the rest, there is still no lack of stimulants, and stepdame maltreatments, to keep one's resolution at the due pitch. Factious disturbances cease not: as indeed how can they, unless authoritatively conjured, in a Revolt which is by nature bottomless? If the ceasing of faction be the price of the King's somnolence, he may awake when he will, and take wing

Remark, in any case, what somersets and contortions a dead Catholicism is making, — skilfully galvanised: hideous, and even piteous, to behold! Jurant and Dissident, with their shaved crowns, argue frothing everywhere; or are ceasing to argue, and stripping for battle. In Paris was scourging while need continued: contrariwise, in the Morbihan of Brittany, without scourging, armed Peasants are up, roused by pulpitdrum, they know not why General Dumouriez, who has got missioned thitherward, finds all in sour heat of darkness; finds also that explanation and conciliation will still do much \*

But again, consider this: that his Holiness, Pius Sixth, has seen good to excommunicate Bishop Talleyrand! Surely, we will say then, considering it, there is no living or dead Church in the Earth that has not the indubitablest right to excommunicate Talleyrand Pope Pius has right and might, in his way. But truly so likewise has Father Adam, ci-devant Marquis Saint-Huruge, in his way. Behold, therefore, on the Fourth of May, in the Palais-Royal, a mixed loud sounding multitude; in the middle of whom, Father Adam, bull-voiced Saint-Huruge, in white hat, towers visible and

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, v. 410-21, Dumouriez, 11. c 5.

audible With him, it is said, walks Journalist Gorsas, walk many others of the washed sort; for no authority will interfere. Pius Sixth, with his plush and tiara, and power of the Keys, they bear aloft: of natural size, - made of lath and combustible gum. Royou, the King's Friend, is borne too in effigy; with a pile of Newspaper King's-Friends, condemned Numbers of the Ami-du-Roi: fit fuel of the sacrifice. Speeches are spoken; a judgment is held, a doom proclaimed, audible in bull-voice, towards the four winds. And thus, amid great shouting, the holocaust is consummated, under the summer sky; and our lath-and-gum Holiness, with the attendant victims, mounts up in flame, and sinks down in ashes; a decomposed Pope: and right or might, among all the parties, has better or worse accomplished itself, as it could.\* But, on the whole, reckoning from Martin Luther in the Market-place of Wittenberg to Marquis Saint-Huruge in this Palais-Royal of Paris, what a journey have we gone; into what strange territories has it carried us! No Authority can now interfere. Nay Religion herself, mourning for such things, may after all ask, What have I to do with them?

In such extraordinary manner does dead Catholicism somerset and caper, skilfully galvanised For, does the reader inquire into the subject-matter of controversy in this case; what the difference between Orthodoxy or My-doxy and Heterodoxy or Thy-doxy might here be? My-doxy is, that an august National Assembly can equalise the extent of Bishopricks; that an equalised Bishop, his Creed and Formularies being left quite as they were, can swear Fidelity to King, Law and Nation, and so become a Constitutional Bishop Thy-

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. x. 99-102.

doxy, if thou be Dissident, is that he cannot; but that he must become an accursed thing. Human ill-nature needs but some Homoiousian iota, or even the pretence of one; and will flow copiously through the eye of a needle: thus always must mortals go jargoning and fuming,

And, like the ancient Stoics in their porches, With fierce dispute maintain their churches.

This Auto-da-fé of Saint-Huruge's was on the Fourth of May, 1791. Royalty sees it; but says nothing

### CHAPTER III.

Count Fersen.

ROYALTY, in fact, should, by this time, be far on with its preparations Unhappily much preparation is needful. Could a Hereditary Representative be carried in leather vache, how easy were it! But it is not so.

New Clothes are needed; as usual, in all Epic transactions, were it in the grimmest iron ages; consider "Queen Chrimhilde, with her sixty semstresses," in that iron Nibelungen Song! No Queen can stir without new clothes. Therefore, now, Dame Campan whisks assiduous to this mantua-maker and to that: and there is clipping of frocks and gowns, upper clothes and under, great and small; such a clipping and sewing, as might have been dispensed with. Moreover, her Majesty cannot go a step anywhither without her Nécessaire; dear Nécessaire, of inlaid ivory and rosewood; cunningly devised; which holds perfumes, toilette-implements, infinite small queenlike furnitures: necessary to terrestrial life. Not without a cost of some five hundred louis, of much precious time, and difficult hoodwinking which

does not blind, can this same Necessary of life be forwarded by the Flanders Carriers, — never to get to hand \* All which, you would say, augurs ill for the prospering of the enterprise. But the whims of women and queens must be humoured

Bouillé, on his side, is making a fortified Camp at Montmédi; gathering Royal-Allemand, and all manner of other German and true French Troops thither, "to watch the Austrians" His Majesty will not cross the Frontiers, unless on compulsion. Neither shall the Emigrants be much employed, hateful as they are to all people \*\* Nor shall old war-god Broglie have any hand in the business; but solely our brave Bouillé; to whom, on the day of meeting, a Marshal's Baton shall be delivered, by a rescued King, amid the shouting of all the troops. In the meanwhile, Paris being so suspicious, were it not perhaps good to write your Foreign Ambassadors an ostensible Constitutional Letter; desiring all Kings and men to take heed that King Louis loves the Constitution, that he has voluntarily sworn, and does again swear, to maintain the same, and will reckon those his enemies who affect to say otherwise? Such a Constitutional Circular is despatched by Couriers, is communicated confidentially to the Assembly, and printed in all Newspapers; with the finest effect. \*\*\* Simulation and dissimulation mingle extensively in human affairs

We observe, however, that Count Fersen is often using his Ticket of Entry; which surely he has clear right to do. A gallant Soldier and Swede, devoted

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. c. 18. \*\* Bouille, Mémoires, 11. c. 10. \*\*\* Moniteur, Séance du 23 Avril, 1791.

to this fair Queen; — as indeed the Highest Swede now is. Has not King Gustav, famed fiery Chevalier du Nord, sworn himself, by the old laws of chivalry, her Knight? He will descend on fire-wings, of Swedish musketry, and deliver her from these foul dragons, — if, alas, the assassin's pistol intervene not!

But, in fact, Count Fersen does seem a likely young soldier, of alert decisive ways: he circulates widely, seen, unseen; and has business on hand. Also Colonel the Duke de Choiseul, nephew of Choiseul the great, of Choiseul the now deceased; he and Engineer Goguelat are passing and repassing between Metz and the Tuileries: and Letters go in cipher, — one of them, a most important one, hard to decipher; Fersen having ciphered it in haste.\* As for Duke de Villequier, he is gone ever since the Day of Poniards; but his Apartment is useful for her Majesty.

On the other side, poor Commandant Gouvion, watching at the Tuileries, second in National command, sees several things hard to interpret. It is the same Gouvion who sat, long months ago, at the Townhall, gazing helpless into that Insurrection of Women; motionless, as the brave stabled steed when conflagration rises, till Usher Maillard snatched his drum. Sincerer Patriot there is not; but many a shiftier. He, if Dame Campan gossip credibly, is paying some similitude of love-court to a certain false Chambermaid of the Palace, who betrays much to him: the Nécessaire, the clothes, the packing of jewels,\*\*—could he understand it when betrayed. Helpless Gouvion gazes with sincere glassy eyes into it; stirs up

\*\* Campan, n. 141.

<sup>\*</sup> Choiseul, Relation du Départ de Louis XVI (Paris, 1822), p. 39.

his sentries to vigilance; walks restless to and fro; and hopes the best.

But, on the whole, one finds that, in the second week of June, Colonel de Choiseul is privately in Paris; having come "to see his children." Also that Fersen has got a stupendous new Coach built, of the kind named Berline; done by the first artists; according to a model: they bring it home to him, in Choiseul's presence; the two friends take a proof-drive in it, along the streets; in meditative mood; then send it up to "Madame Sullivan's, in the Rue de Clichy," far North, to wait there till wanted. Apparently a certain Russian Baroness de Korff, with Waiting-woman, Valet, and two Children, will travel homewards with some state: in whom these young military gentlemen take interest? A Passport has been procured for her; and much assistance shown, with Coach-builders and such like; - so helpful-polite are young military men. Fersen has likewise purchased a Chaise fit for two, at least for two waiting-maids; further, certain necessary horses: one would say, he is himself quitting France, not without outlay? We observe finally that their Majesties, Heaven willing, will assist at Corpus-Christi Day, this blessed Summer Solstice, in Assumption Church, here at Paris, to the joy of all the world. For which same day, moreover, brave Bouillé, at Metz, as we find, has invited a party of friends to dinner; but indeed is gone from home, in the interim, over to Montmédi.

These are of the Phenomena, or visual Appearances, of this wide-working terrestrial world: which truly is all phenomenal, what they call spectral; and

never rests at any moment; one never at any moment can know why.

On Monday night, the Twentieth of June 1791, about eleven o'clock, there is many a hackney-coach, and glass-coach (carosse de remise), still rumbling, or at rest, on the streets of Paris. But of all glasscoaches, we recommend this to thee, O Reader, which stands drawn up in the Rue de l'Échelle, hard by the Carrousel and outgate of the Tuleries; in the Rue de l'Échelle that then was; "opposite Ronsin the saddler's door," as if waiting for a fare there! Not long does it wait: a hooded Dame, with two hooded Children has issued from Villequier's door, where no sentry walks, into the Tuileries Court-of-Princes; into the Carrousel; into the Rue de l'Échelle; where the Glass-coachman readily admits them; and again waits. Not long; another Dame, likewise hooded or shrouded, leaning on a servant, issues in the same manner; bids the servant good night; and is, in the same manner, by the Glass-coachman, cheerfully admitted. Whither go so many Dames? 'T is his Majesty's Couchee, Majesty just gone to bed, and all the Palace-world is retiring home. But the Glass-coachman still waits; his fare seemingly incomplete.

By and by, we note a thickset Individual, in round hat and peruke, arm-and-arm with some servant, seemingly of the Runner or Courier sort; he also issues through Villequier's door; starts a shoebuckle as he passes one of the sentries, stoops down to clasp it again; is however, by the Glass-coachman, still more cheerfully admitted. And now, is his fare complete? Not yet; the Glass-coachman still waits. — Alas! and

the false Chambermaid has warned Gouvion that she thinks the Royal Family will fly this very night; and Gouvion distrusting his own glazed eyes, has sent express for Lafayette; and Lafayette's Carriage, flaring with lights, rolls this moment through the inner Arch of the Carrousel, - where a Lady shaded in broad gypsy-hat, and leaning on the arm of a servant, also of the Runner or Courier sort, stands aside to let it pass, and has even the whim to touch a spoke of it with her badine, - light little magic rod which she calls badine, such as the Beautiful then wore. The flare of Lafayette's Carriage rolls past: all is found quiet in the Court-of-Princes; sentries at their post; Majesties' Apartments closed in smooth rest. Your false Chambermaid must have been mistaken? Watch thou, Gouvion, with Argus' vigilance; for, of a truth, treachery is within these walls.

But where is the Lady that stood aside in gypsy-hat, and touched the wheel-spoke with her badine? O Reader, that Lady that touched the wheel-spoke was the Queen of France! She has issued safe through that inner Arch, into the Carrousel itself; but not into the Rue de l'Échelle Flurried by the rattle and rencounter, she took the right hand not the left; neither she nor her Courier knows Paris; he indeed is no Courier, but a loyal stupid a-devant Bodyguard disguised as one. They are off, quite wrong, over the Pont Royal and River; roaming disconsolate in the Rue du Bac; far from the Glass-coachman, who still waits. Waits, with flutter of heart; with thoughts — which he must button close up, under his jarvie sprtout!

Midnight clangs from all the City-steeples; one pre-

cious hour has been spent so; most mortals are asleep The Glass-coachman waits; and in what mood! A brother jarvie drives up, enters into conversation; is answered cheerfully in jarvie-dialect: the brothers of the whip exchange a pinch of snuff; decline drinking together; and part with good night. Be the Heavens blest! here at length is the Queen-lady, in gypsy-hat; safe after perils; who has had to inquire her way. She too is admitted; her Courier jumps aloft, as the other, who is also disguised Bodyguard, has done: and now, O Glass-coachman of a thousand, — Count Fersen, for the Reader sees it is thou, — drive!

Dust shall not stick to the hoofs of Fersen: crack! crack! the Glass-coach rattles, and every soul breathes lighter. But is Fersen on the right road? Northeastward, to the Barrier of Saint-Martin and Metz Highway, thither were we bound: and Io, he drives right Northward! The royal Individual, in round hat and peruke, sits astonished; but right or wrong, there is no remedy. Crack, crack, we go incessant, through the slumbering City. Seldom, since Paris rose out of mud, or the Longhaired Kings went in Bullock-carts, was there such a drive. Mortals on each hand of you, close by, stretched out horizontal, dormant; and we alive and quaking! Crack, crack, through the Rue de Grammont; across the Boulevard; up the Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, - these windows, all silent, of Number 42, were Mirabeau's. Towards the Barrier not of Saint-Martin, but of Clichy on the utmost North! Patience, ye royal Individuals; Fersen understands what he is Passing up the Rue de Clichy, he alights for one moment at Madame Sullivan's: "Did Count Fer-

<sup>\*</sup> Weber, it. 340-2; Choiseul, pp. 44-56.

sen's Coachman get the Baroness de Korff's new Berline?" — "Gone with it an hour-and-half ago," grumbles responsive the drowsy Porter — "C'est bien." Yes, it is well; — though had not such hour-and-half been lost, it were still better. Forth therefore, O Fersen, fast, by the Barrier de Clichy; then Eastward along the Outer Boulevard, what horses and whipcord can do!

Thus Fersen drives, through the ambrosial night. Sleeping Paris is now all on the right-hand of him; silent except for some snoring hum: and now he is Eastward as far as the Barrier de Saint-Martin; looking earnestly for Baroness de Korff's Berline. This Heaven's Berline he at length does descry, drawn up with its six horses, his own German Coachman waiting on the box. Right, thou good German: now haste, whither thou knowest! - And as for us of the Glass-coach, haste too, O haste; much time is already lost! The august Glass-coach fare, six Insides, hastily packs itself into the new Berline; two Bodyguard Couriers behind. The Glass-coach itself is turned adrift, its head towards the City; to wander whither it lists, and be found next morning tumbled in a ditch. But Fersen is on the new box, with its brave new hammercloths; flourishing his whip; he bolts forward towards Bondy. There a third and final Bodyguard Courier of ours ought surely to be, with post-horses readyordered. There likewise ought that purchased Chaise, with the two Waiting-maids and their bandboxes, to be; whom also her Majesty could not travel without. Swift, thou deft Fersen, and may the Heavens turn it well!

Once more, by Heaven's blessing, it is all well.

Here is the sleeping Hamlet of Bondy; Chaise with Waiting-women; horses all ready, and postilions with their churn-boots, impatient in the dewy dawn. Brief harnessing done, the postilions with their churn-boots vault into the saddles; brandish circularly their little noisy whips. Fersen, under his jarvie-surtout, bends in lowly silent reverence of adieu; royal hands wave speechless inexpressible response; Baroness de Korff's Berline, with the Royalty of France, bounds off: forever, as it proved. Deft Fersen dashes obliquely Northward, through the country, towards Bougret; gains Bougret, finds his German Coachman and chariot waiting there; cracks off, and drives undiscovered into unknown space. A deft active man, we say; what he undertook to do is nimbly and successfully done.

And so the Royalty of France is actually fled? This precious night, the shortest of the year, it flics, and drives! Baroness de Korff is, at bottom, Dame de Tourzel, Governess of the Royal Children: she who came hooded with the two hooded little ones; little Dauphin; little Madame Royale, known long afterwards as Duchesse d'Angoulême Baroness de Korff's Waiting-maid is the Queen in gypsy-hat The royal Individual in round hat and peruke, he is Valet for the time being. That other hooded Dame, styled Travelling-companion, is kind Sister Elizabeth; she had sworn, long since, when the Insurrection of Women was, that only death should part her and them. And so they rush there, not too impetuously, through the Wood of Bondy: - over a Rubicon in their own and France's History.

Great: though the future is all vague! If we reach Bouillé? If we do not reach him? O Louis! and this all round thee is the great slumbering Earth (and overhead, the great watchful Heaven); the slumbering Wood of Bondy, - where Longhaired Childeric Donothing was struck through with iron;\* not unreasonably, in a world like ours. These peaked stone-towers are Raincy; towers of wicked D'Orleans All slumbers save the multiplex rustle of our new Berline. Looseskirted scarecrow of an Herb-merchant, with his ass and early greens, toilsomely plodding, seems the only creature we meet. But right ahead the great Northeast sends up evermore his gray brindled dawn: from dewy branch, birds here and there, with short deep warble, salute the coming Sun. Stars fade out, and Galaxies; Street-lamps of the City of God. The Universe, O my brothers, is flinging wide its portals for the Levee of the GREAT HIGH KING. Thou, poor King Louis, farest nevertheless, as mortals do, towards Orient lands of Hope; and the Tuileries with its Levees, and France and the Earth itself, is but a larger king of doghutch, - occasionally going rabid

### CHAPTER IV.

#### Attitude

But in Paris, at six in the morning; when some Patriot Deputy, warned by a billet, awoke Lafayette, and they went to the Tuileries? — Imagination may paint, but words cannot, the surprise of Lafayette; or with what bewilderment helpless Gouvion rolled glassy Argus' eyes, discerning now that his false Chambermaid had told true!

However, it is to be recorded that Paris, thanks to an august National Assembly, did, on this seeming doomsday, surpass itself. Never, according to Historian eye-witnesses, was there seen such an "imposing attitude "\* Sections all "in permanence;" our Townhall too, having first, about ten o'clock, fired three solemn alarm-cannons: above all, our National Assembly! National Assembly, likewise permanent, decides what is needful; with unanimous consent, for the Côté Droit sits dumb, afraid of the Lanterne Decides with a calm promptitude, which rises towards the sublime One must needs vote, for the thing is self-evident, that his Majesty has been abducted, or spirited away, "enlevé," by some person or persons unknown: in which case, what will the Constitution have us do? Let us return to first principles, as we always say: "revenons aux principes."

By first or by second principles, much is promptly decided: Ministers are sent for, instructed how to continue their functions; Lafayette is examined; and Gouvion, who gives a most helpless account, the best he can. Letters are found written: one Letter, of immense magnitude; all in his Majesty's hand, and evidently of his Majesty's own composition; addressed to the National Assembly. It details, with earnestness, with a childlike simplicity, what woes his Majesty has suffered. Woes great and small: A Necker seen applauded, a Majesty not; then insurrection; want of due furniture in Tuileries Palace; want of due cash in Civil

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vi. 67-478, Toulongeon, ii. 1-38, Camille, Prudhomme and Editors (in Hist. Parl. x. 240-4).

List; general want of cash, of furniture and order; anarchy everywhere: Deficit never yet, in the smallest, "choked or comblé:" - wherefore, in brief, his Majesty has retired towards a place of Liberty; and, leaving Sanctions, Federation, and what Oaths there may be, to shift for themselves, does now refer - to what, thinks an august Assembly? To that "Declaration of the Twenty-third of June," with its "Seul il fera, He alone will make his People happy" As if that were not buried, deep enough, under two irrevocable Twelvemonths, and the wreck and rubbish of a whole Feudal World! This strange autograph Letter the National Assembly decides on printing; on transmitting to the Eighty-three Departments, with exegetic commentary, short but pithy. Commissioners also shall go forth on all sides; the People be exhorted; the Armies be increased: care taken that the Commonweal suffer no damage. - And now, with a sublime air of calmness, nay of indifference, we "pass to the order of the day!"

By such sublime calmness, the terror of the People is calmed. These gleaming Pike-forests, which bristled fateful in the early sun, disappear again; the far-sounding Street-orators cease, or spout milder. We are to have a civil war; let us have it then. The King is gone; but National Assembly, but France and we remain. The People also takes a great attitude; the People also is calm; motionless as a couchant lion. With but a few broolings, some waggings of the tail; to show what it will do! Cazalès, for instance, was beset by street-groups, and cries of Lanterne; but National Patrols easily delivered him. Likewise all King's effigies and statues, at least stucco ones, get abolished. Even King's names; the word Roi fades suddenly out

of all shop-signs; the Royal Bengal Tiger itself, on the Boulevards, becomes the National Bengal one, Tigre National.\*

How great is a calm couchant People! On the morrow, men will say to one another: "We have no King, yet we slept sound enough." On the morrow, fervent Achille de Châtelet, and Thomas Paine the rebellious Needleman, shall have the walls of Paris profusely plastered with their Placard; announcing that there must be a Republic.\*\*—Need we add, that Lafayette too, though at first menaced by Pikes, has taken a great attitude, or indeed the greatest of all? Scouts and Aides-de-camp fly forth, vague, in quest and pursuit; young Romœuf towards Valenciennes, though with small hope.

Thus Paris; sublimely calmed, in its bereavement But from the Messagernes Royales, in all Mail-bags, radiates forth far-darting the electric news: Our Hereditary Representative is flown Laugh, black Royalists: yet be it in your sleeve only; lest Patriotism notice, and waxing frantic, lower the Lanterne! In Paris alone is a sublime National Assembly with its calmness; truly, other places must take it as they can: with open mouth and eyes; with panic cackling, with wrath, with conjecture. How each one of those dull leathern Diligences, with its leathern bag and "The King is fled," furrows up smooth France as it goes; through town and hamlet, ruffles the smooth public mind into quivering agitation of death-terror; then lumbers on, as if nothing had happened! Along all highways; towards the utmost borders; till all France is ruffled, — roughened up (metaphorically speaking)

<sup>\*</sup> Walpoliana.

into one enormous, desperate-minded, red-guggling Turkey Cock!

For example, it is under cloud of night that the leathern Monster reaches Nantes; deep sunk in sleep The word spoken rouses all Patriot men: General Dumouriez, enveloped in roquelaures, has to descend from his bedroom; finds the street covered with "four or five thousand citizens in their shirts "\* Here and there a faint farthing rushlight, hastily kindled; and so many swart-featured haggard faces with nightcaps pushed back; and the more or less flowing drapery of nightshirt: open - mouthed till the General say his word! And overhead, as always, the Great Bear is turning so quiet round Bootes; steady, indifferent as the leathern Diligence itself Take comfort, ye men of Nantes; Bootes and the steady Bear are turning; ancient Atlantic still sends his brine, loud-billowing, up your Loire-stream; brandy shall be hot in the stomach: this is not the Last of the Days, but one before the Last - The fools! If they knew what was doing, in these very instants, also by candle-light, in the far Northeast!

Perhaps, we may say, the most terrified man in Paris or France is — who thinks the Reader? — seagreen Robespierre. Double paleness, with the shadow of gibbets and halters, overcasts the seagreen features: it is too clear to him that there is to be "a Saint-Bartholomew of Patriots," that in four-and-twenty hours he will not be in life. These horrid anticipations of the soul he is heard uttering at Pétion's: by a notable witness. By Madame Roland, namely; her whom we saw, last year, radiant at the Lyons Federation. These four

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, 11. 109.

months, the Rolands have been in Paris; arranging with Assembly Committees the Municipal affairs of Lyons, affairs all sunk in debt; — communing, the while, as was most natural, with the best Patriots to be found here, with our Brissots, Pétions, Buzots, Robespierres: who were wont to come to us, says the fair Hostess, four evenings in the week They, running about, busier than ever this day, would fain have comforted the seagreen man; spake of Achille de Châtelet's Placard; of a Journal to be called The Republican; of preparing men's minds for a Republic. "A Republic?" said the Seagreen, with one of his dry husky unsportful laughs, "What is that?"\* O seagreen Incorruptible, thou shalt see!

# CHAPTER V

The New Berline.

But scouts, all this while, and aides-de-camp, have flown forth faster than the leathern Diligences Young Romeuf, as we said, was off early towards Valenciennes: distracted Villagers seize him, as a traitor with a finger of his own in the plot, drag him back to the Townhall; to the National Assembly, which speedily grants a new passport. Nay now, that same scarecrow of an Herb-merchant with his ass has bethought him of the grand new Berline seen in the Wood of Bondy; and delivered evidence of it: \*Romeuf, furnished with new passport, is sent forth with double speed on a hopefuller track; by Bondy, Claye and Chalons, towards Metz, to track the new Berline; and gallops à franc étrier.

<sup>\*</sup> Madame Roland, ii. 70.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur, &c. (in Hist. Parl. x. 244-253).

Miserable new Berline! Why could not Royalty go in some old Berline similar to that of other men? Flying for life, one does not stickle about his vehicle. Monsieur, in a commonplace travelling-carriage is off Northwards; Madame, his Princess, in another, with variation of route: they cross one another while changing horses, without look of recognition; and reach Flanders, no man questioning them. Precisely in the same manner, beautiful Princess de Lamballe set off, about the same hour; and will reach England safe: — would she had continued there! The beautiful, the good, but the unfortunate; reserved for a frightful end!

All runs along, unmolested, speedy, except only the new Berline. Huge leathern vehicle: - huge Argosy, let us say, or Acapulco-ship; with its heavy stern-boat of Chaise-and-pair; with its three yellow Pitot-boats of mounted Bodyguard Couriers, rocking aimless round it and ahead of it, to bewilder, not to guide! It lumbers along, lurchingly with stress, at a snail's pace; noted of all the world. The Bodyguard Couriers, in their yellow liveries, go prancing and clattering; loyal but stupid; unacquainted with all things. Stoppages occur; and breakages, to be repaired at Etoges. King Louis too will dismount, will walk up hills, and enjoy the blessed sunshine: — with eleven horses and double drink-money, and all furtherances of Nature and Ait, it will be found that Royalty, flying for life, accomplishes Sixty-nine miles in Twenty-two incessant hours. Slow Royalty! And yet not a minute of these hours but is precious: on minutes hang the destinies Royalty now.

Readers, therefore, can judge in what humour Duke de Choiseul might stand waiting, in the village of Pont-de-Sommevelle, some leagues beyond Chalons, hour after hour, now when the day bends visibly westward Choiseul drove out of Paris, in all privity. ten hours before their Majesties' fixed time; his Hussars, led by Engineer Goguelat, are here duly, come "to escort a Treasure that is expected:" but, hour after hour, is no Baroness de Korff's Berline. Indeed, over all that Northeast Region, on the skirts of Champagne and of Lorraine, where the great Road runs, the agitation is considerable. For all along, from this Pont-de-Sommevelle Northeastward as far as Montmédi, at Post-villages and Towns, escorts of Hussars and Dragoons do lounge waiting; a train or chain of Military Escorts; at the Montmédi end of it our brave Bouillé: an electric thunder-chain; which the invisible Bouillé, like a Father Jove, holds in his hand - for wise purposes! Brave Bouillé has done what man could; has spread out his electric thunder-chain of Military-Escorts, onwards to the threshold of Chalons: it waits but for the new Korff Berline: to receive it. escort it, and, if need be, bear it off in whirlwind of military fire. They lie and lounge there, we say, these fierce Troopers; from Montmédi and Stenai, through Clermont, Sainte-Menehould to utmost Pontde-Sommevelle, in all Post-villages; for the route shall avoid Verdun and great Towns: they loiter impatient, "till the Treasure arrive."

Judge what a day this is for brave Bouillé: perhaps the first day of a new glorious life; surely the last day of the old! Also, and indeed still more, what a day, beautiful and terrible, for your young fullblooded Captains: your Dandoins, Comte de Damas, Duke de Choiseul, Engineer Goguelat, and the like; entrusted with the secret! — Alas, the day bends ever more westward; and no Korff Berline comes to sight. It is four hours beyond the time, and still no Berline In all Village-streets, Royalist Captains go lounging, looking often Paris-ward; with face of unconcern, with heart full of black care: rigorous Quartermasters can hardly keep the private dragoons from cafés and dramshops. \* Dawn on our bewilderment, thou new Berline; dawn on us, thou Sun-Chariot of a new Berline, with the destinies of France!

It was of his Majesty's ordering, this military array of Escorts: a thing solacing the Royal imagination with a look of security and rescue; yet, in reality, creating only alarm, and, where there was otherwise no danger, danger without end. For each Patriot, in these Postvillages, asks naturally: This clatter of cavalry, and marching and lounging of troops, what means it? To escort a Treasure? Why escort, when no Patriot will steal from the Nation; or where is your Treasure? -There has been such marching and counter-marching. for it is another fatality, that certain of these Military Escorts came out so early as yesterday; the Nineteenth not the Twentieth of the month being the day first appointed; which her Majesty, for some necessity or other, saw good to alter. And now consider the suspicious nature of Patriotism; suspicious, above all, of Bouillé the Aristocrat; and how the sour doubting humour has had leave to accumulate and exacerbate for four-and-twenty hours!

<sup>\*</sup> Déclaration du Sieur La Gache du Regiment Royal-Dragons (in Choiseul, pp. 125-39).

At Pont-de-Sommevelle, these Forty foreign Hussars of Goguelat and Duke Choiseul are becoming an unspeakable mystery to all men. They lounged long enough, already, at Sainte-Menchould, lounged and loitered till our National Volunteers there, all risen into hot wrath of doubt, "demanded three hundred fusils of their Townhall," and got them At which same moment too, as it chanced, our Captain Dandoins was just coming in, from Clermont with his troop, at the other end of the Village. A fresh troop; alarming enough; though happily they are only Dragoons and French! So that Goguelat with his Hussars had to ride, and even to do it fast; till here at Pont-de-Sommevelle, where Choiseul lay waiting, he found restingplace. Resting-place as on burning marle. For the rumour of him flies abroad; and men run to and fro in fright and anger: Chalons sends forth exploratory pickets of National Volunteers towards this hand; which meet exploratory pickets, coming from Sainte-Menehould, on that What is it, ye whiskered Hussars, men of foreign guttural speech; in the name of Heaven, what is it that brings you? A Treasure? exploratory pickets shake their heads The hungry Peasants, however, know too well what Treasure it is: Military seizure for rents, feudalities; which no Bailiff could make us pay! This they know; - and set to jingling their Parish-bell by way of tocsin; with rapid effect! Choiseul and Goguelat, if the whole country is not to take fire, must needs, be there Berline, be there no Berline, saddle and ride.

They mount; and this parish tocsin happily ceases. They ride slowly Eastward, towards Sainte-Menehould; still hoping the Sun-Chariot of a Berline may overtake them. Ah me, no Berline! And near now is that Sainte-Menehould, which expelled us in the morning, with its "three hundred National fusils," which looks, belike, not too lovingly on Captain Dandoins and his fresh Dragoons, though only French;—which, in a word, one dare not enter the second time, under pain of explosion! With rather heavy heart, our Hussar Party strikes off to the left; through byways, through pathless hills and woods, they, avoiding Sainte-Menehould and all places which have seen them heretofore, will make direct for the distant Village of Varennes It is probable they will have a rough evening-ride

This first military post, therefore, in the long thunder-chain, has gone off with no effect; or with worse, and your chain threatens to entangle itself! - The Great Road, however, is got hushed again into a kind of quietude, though one of the wakefullest Indolent Dragoons cannot, by any Quartermaster, be kept altogether from the dramshop; where Patriots drink, and will even treat, eager enough for news Captains, in a state near distraction, beat the dusty highway, with a face of indifference; and no Sun-Chariot appears. Why lingers it? Incredible, that with eleven horses, and such yellow Couriers and furtherances, its rate should be under the weightiest dray-rate, some three miles an hour! Alas, one knows not whether it ever even got out of Paris; - and yet also one knows not whether, this very moment, it is not at the Village-end! One's heart flutters on the verge of unutterabilities.

### CHAPTER VI.

Old-Dragoon Drouet.

In this manner, however, has the Day bent downwards Wearied mortals are creeping home from their field-labour; the village-artisan eats with relish his supper of herbs, or has strolled forth to the villagestreet for a sweet mouthful of air and human news. Still summer-eventide everywhere! The great Sun hangs flaming on the utmost Northwest; for it is his longest day this year. The hill-tops rejoicing will ere long be at their ruddiest, and blush Good-night. The thrush, in green dells, on long-shadowed leafy spray, pours gushing his glad serenade, to the babble of brooks grown audibler; silence is stealing over the Earth. Your dusty Mill of Valmy, as all other mills and drudgeries, may furl its canvass, and cease swashing and circling The swenkt grinders in this Treadmill of an Earth have ground out another Day; and lounge there, as we say, in village-groups; movable, or ranked on social stone-seats; \* their children, mischievous imps, sporting about their feet. Unnotable hum of sweet human gossip rises from this Village of Sainte-Menehould, as from all other villages Gossip mostly sweet, unnotable; for the very Dragoons are French and gallant; nor as yet has the Paris-and-Verdun Diligence, with its leathern bag, rumbled in, to terrify the minds of men.

One figure nevertheless we do note at the last door of the Village: that figure in loose-flowing nightgown, of Jean Baptiste Drouet, Master of the Post here. An

<sup>\*</sup> Rapport de M. Rémy (in Choiseul, p. 143).

acrid choleric man, rather dangerous-looking; still in the prime of life, though he has served, in his time, as a Conde Dragoon. This day, from an early hour Drouet got his choler stirred, and has been kept fretting. Hussar Goguelat in the morning saw good, by way of thrift, to bargain with his own Innkeeper, not with Drouet regular Maître de Post, about some gighorse for the sending back of his gig; which thing Drouet perceiving came over in red ire, menacing the Innkeeper, and would not be appeased. Wholly an unsatisfactory day. For Drouet is an acrid Patriot too, was at the Paris Feast of Pikes: and what do these Bouillé soldiers mean? Hussars, - with their gig, and a vengeance to it! - have hardly been thrust out, when Dandoins and his fresh Dragoons arrive from Clermont, and stroll For what purpose? Choleric Drouet steps out and steps in, with long-flowing nightgown; looking obroad, with that sharpness of faculty which stirred choler gives to man.

On the other hand, mark Captain Dandoins on the street of that same Village; sauntering with a face of indifference, a heart eaten of black care! For no Korff Berline makes its appearance. The great Sun flames broader towards setting: one's heart flutters on the verge of dread unutterabilities.

By Heaven! here is the yellow Bodyguard Courier; spurring fast, in the ruddy evening light! Steady, O Dandoins, stand with inscrutable indifferent face; though the yellow blockhead spurs past the Posthouse; inquires to find it; and stirs the Village, all delighted with his fine livery. — Lumbering along with its mountains of bandboxes, and Chaise behind, the Korff Berline rolls in; huge Acapulco-ship with

its Cockboat, having got thus far. The eyes of the Villagers look enlightened, as such eyes do when a coach-transit, which is an event, occurs for them. Strolling Dragoons respectfully, so fine are the yellow liveries, bring hand to helmet; and a Lady in gypsy-hat responds with a grace peculiar to her \* Dandoins stands with folded arms, and what look of indifference and disdainful garrison-air a man can, while the heart is like leaping out of him Curled disdainful moustachio; careless glance, — which however surveys the Village-groups, and does not like them. With his eye he bespeaks the yellow Courier, Be quick, be quick! Thick-headed Yellow cannot understand the eye; comes up mumbling, to ask in words: seen of the village!

Nor is Post-master Drouet unobservant, all this while: but steps out and steps in, with his long-flowing nightgown, in the level sunlight; prving into several things. When a man's faculties, at the right time, are sharpened by choler, it may lead to much. That Lady in slouched gypsy-hat, though sitting back in the Carriage, does she not resemble some one we have seen, some time; - at the Feast of Pikes. or elsewhere? And this Grosse-Tête in round hat and peruke, which, looking rearward, pokes itself out from time to time, methinks there are features in it -? Quick, Sieur Guillaume, Clerk of the Directoire, bring me a new Assignat! Drouet scans the new Assignat; compares the Paper-money Picture with the Gross Head in round hat there: by Day and Night! you might say the one was an attempted Engraving of the

<sup>\*</sup> Déclaration de La Gache (in Choiseul, ubi supi a).

other And this march of Troops; this sauntering and whispering, — I see it!

Drouet Post-master of this Village, hot Patriot, Old-Dragoon of Condé, consider, therefore, what thou wilt do And fast, for behold the new Berline, expeditiously yoked, cracks whipcord, and rolls away! -Drouet dare not, on the spur of the instant, clutch the bridles in his own two hands; Dandoins, with broadsword, might hew you off. Our poor Nationals, not one of them here, have three hundred fusils, but then no powder; besides one is not sure, only morally-cer-Drouet, as an adroit Old-Dragoon of Condé, does what is advisablest; privily bespeaks Clerk Guillaume, Old-Dragoon of Condé he too; privily, while Clerk Guillaume is saddling two of the fleetest horses, slips over to the Townhall to whisper a word; then mounts with Clerk Guillaume; and the two bound eastward in pursuit, to see what can be done.

They bound eastward, in sharp trot their moral-certainty permeating the Village, from the Townhall outwards, in busy whispers. Alas! Captain Dandoins orders his Dragoons to mount; but they, complaining of long fast, demand bread-and-cheese first; — before which brief repast can be eaten, the whole Village is permeated; not whispering now, but blutsering and shrieking! National Volunteers, in hurried muster, shriek for gunpowder; Dragoons halt between Patriotism and Rule of the Service, between bread-and-cheese and fixed bayonets: Dandoins hands secretly his Pocket-book, with its secret despatches, to the rigorous Quartermaster: the very Ostlers have stable-forks and flails. The rigorous Quartermaster, half-saddled, cuts

out his way with the sword's edge, amid levelled bayonets, amid Patriot vociferations, adjurations, flail-strokes; and rides frantic;\*—few or even none following him; the rest, so sweetly constrained, consenting to stay there.

And thus the new Berline rolls; and Diouet and Guillaume gallop after it, and Dandoins' Troopers or Trooper gallops after them; and Sainte-Menehould, with some leagues of the King's Highway, is in explosion;—and your Military thunder-chain has gone off in a self-destructive manner; one may fear, with the frightfullest issues.

## CHAPTER VII.

The Night of Spurs.

This comes of mysterious Escorts, and a new Berline with eleven horses: "he that has a secret should not only hide it, but hide that he has it to hide." Your first Military Escort has exploded self-destructive; and all Military Escorts, and suspicious Country will now be up, explosive; comparable not to victorious thunder. Comparable, say rather, to the first stirring of an Alpine Avalanche; which, once stir it, as here at Sainte-Menehould, will spread,—all round, and on and on, as far as Stenai; thundering with wild ruin, till Patriot Villagers, Peasantry, Military Escorts, new Berline and Royalty are down,—jumbling in the Abyss!

The thick shades of Night are falling. Postilions crack and whip: the Royal Berline is through Clermont, where Colonel Comte de Damas got a word whis-

<sup>\*</sup> Déclaration de La Gache (in Choiseul, p. 134).

pered to it; is safe through, towards Varennes; rushing at the rate of double drink-money: and Unknown, "Inconnu on horseback," shrieks earnestly some hoarse whisper, not audible, into the rushing Carriage-window, and vanishes, left in the night.\* August Travellers palpitate; nevertheless overwearied Nature sinks every one of them into a kind of sleep. Alas, and Drouet and Clerk Guillaume spur; taking side-roads, for shortness, for safety; scattering abroad that moral-certainty of theirs; which flies, a bird of the air carrying it!

And your rigorous Quartermaster spurs; awakening hoarse trumpet-tone, -as here at Clermont, calling out Dragoons gone to bed. Brave Colonel de Damas has them mounted, in part, these Clermont men; young Cornet Remy dashes off with a few But the Patriot Magistracy is out here at Clermont too; National Guards shricking for ball-cartridges; and the Village "illuminates itself;" - deft Patriots springing out of bed; alertly, in shirt or shift, striking a light, sticking up each his farthing candle, or penurious oil-cruise, till all glitters and glimmers; so deft are they! A camisado, or shirt-tumult, everywhere: storm-bell set a - ringing; village - drum beating furious générale, as here at Clermont, under illumination; distracted Patriots pleading and menacing! Brave young Colonel de Damas, in that uproar of distracted Patriotism, speaks some fire-sentences to what Troopers he has: "Comrades insulted at Sainte-Menehould: King and Country calling on the brave;" then gives the fireword, Draw swords. Whereupon, alas, the Troopers only smite their sword-handles, driving them further

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. 159.

home! "To me, whoever is for the King!" cries Damas in despair; and gallops, he with some poor loyal Two, of the Subaltern sort, into the bosom of the Night.\*

Night unexampled in the Clermontais; shortest of the year; remarkablest of the century: Night deserving to be named of Spurs! Cornet Remy, and those Few he dashed off with, has missed his road; is galloping for hours towards Verdun; then, for hours, across hedged country, through roused hamlets, towards Varennes. Unlucky Cornet Remy; unluckier Colonel Damas, with whom there ride desperate only some loyal Two! More ride not of that Clermont Escort: of other Escorts, in other Villages, not even Two may ride; but only all curvet and prance, — impeded by storm-bell and your Village illuminating itself.

And Drouet rides and Clerk Guillaume; and the Country runs. — Goguelat and Duke Choiseul are plunging through morasses, over cliffs, over stock and stone, in the shaggy woods of the Clermontais; by tracks; or trackless, with guides; Hussars tumbling into pitfalls, and lying "swooned three quarters of an hour," the rest refusing to march without them. What an evening-ride from Pont-de-Sommevelle; what a thirty hours, since Choiseul quitted Paris, with Queen's-valet Leonard in the chaise by him! Black Care sits behind the rider Thus go they plunging; rustle the owlet from his branchy nest; champ the sweet-scented forest-herb, queen-of-the-meadows spilling herspikenard; and frighten the ear of Night But hark! towards twelve o'clock, as one guesses, for the very stars are gone out: sound of the tocsin from Varennes? Checking

<sup>\*</sup> Procès-verbal du Directoire de Clermont (in Choiseul, pp. 189-95).

bridle, the Hussar Officer listens: "Some fire undoubtedly!" — yet rides on, with double breathlessness, to verify.

Yes, gallant friends that do your utmost, it is a certain sort of fire difficult to quench - The Korff Berline, fairly ahead of all this riding Avalanche, reached the little paltry Village of Varennes about eleven o'clock; hopeful, in spite of that hoarse-whispering Unknown Do not all Towns now lie behind us; Verdun avoided, on our right? Within wind of Bouillé himself, in a manner; and the darkest of midsummer nights favouring us! And so we halt on the hill-top at the South end of the Village; expecting our relay; which young Bouillé, Bouillé's own son, with his Escort of Hussars, was to have ready; for in this Village is no Post. Distracting to think of: neither horse nor Hussar is here! Ah, and stout horses, a proper relay belonging to Duke Choiseul, do stand at hay, but in the Upper Village over the Bridge; and we know not of them Hussars likewise do wait, but drinking in the taverns For indeed it is six hours beyond the time; young Bouillé, silly stripling, thinking the matter over for this night, has retired to bed And so our yellow Couriers, mexperienced, must rove, groping, bungling, through a Village mostly asleep: Postilions will not, for any money, go on with the tired horses; not at least without refreshment; not they, let the Valet in round hat argue as he likes.

Miserable! "For five-and-thirty minutes" by the King's watch, the Berline is at a dead stand; Round-hat arguing with Churn-boots; tired horses slobbering their meal-and-water; yellow Couriers groping, bungling; — young Bouillé asleep, all the while, in the

Upper Village, and Choiseul's fine team standing there at hay. No help for it; not with a King's ransom; the horses deliberately slobber, Round-hat argues, Bouillé sleeps. And mark now, in the thick night, do not two Horsemen, with jaded trot, come clank-clanking; and start with half-pause, if one noticed them, at sight of this dim mass of a Berline, and its dull slobbering and arguing; then prick off faster, into the Village? It is Drouet, he and Cleik Guillaume! Still ahead, they two, of the whole, riding hurlyburly; unshot, though some brag of having chased them Perilous is Drouet's errand also; but he is an Old-Dragoon, with his wits shaken thoroughly awake.

The Village of Varennes lies dark and slumberous; a most unlevel Village, of inverse saddle-shape, as men write It sleeps; the rushing of the River Aire singing lullaby to it Nevertheless from the Golden Arm, Bras d'Or Tavern, across that sloping Marketplace, there still comes shine of social light; comes voice of rude drovers, or the like, who have not yet taken the stirrup-cup; Boniface Le Blanc, in white apron, serving them: cheerful to behold. To this Bras d'Or, Drouet enters, alacrity looking through his eyes; he nudges Boniface, in all privacy, "Camarade, es-tu bon Patriote, Art thou a good Patriot?" — "Si je suis!" answers Boniface — "In that case," eagerly whispers Drouet — what whisper is needful, heard of Boniface alone \*

And now see Boniface Le Blanc bustling, as he never did for the jolliest toper. See Drouet and Guillaume, dexterous Old-Dragoons, instantly down blocking the Bridge, with a "furniture-wagon they find there," with whatever wagons, tumbrils, barrels, barrows

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vi. 139-78.

their hands can lay hold of; — till no carriage can pass. Then swiftly, the Bridge once blocked, see them take station hard by, under Varennes Archway joined by Le Blanc, Le Blanc's Brother, and one or two alert Patriots he has roused Some half-dozen in all, with National muskets, they stand close, waiting under the Archway, till that same Korff Berline rumble up

It rumbles up: Alte là! lanterns flash out from under coat-skirts, bridles chuck in strong fists, two National muskets level themselves fore and aft through the two Coach-doors: "Mesdames, your Passports?" — Alas, alas! Sieur Sausse, Procureur of the Township, Tallow-chandler also and Grocer, is there, with official grocer-politeness; Drouet with fierce logic and ready wit: — The respected Travelling Party, be it Baroness de Korff's, or persons of still higher consequence, will perhaps please to rest itself in M Sausse's till the dawn strike up!

O Louis; O hapless Marie-Antoinette, fated to pass thy life with such men! Phlegmatic Louis, art thou but lazy semi-animate phlegm then, to the centre of thee? King, Captain-General, Sovereign Frank! if thy heart ever formed, since it began beating under the name of heart, any resolution at all, be it now then, or never in this world: "Violent nocturnal individuals, and if it were persons of high consequence? And if it were the King himself? Has the King not the power, which all beggars have, of travelling unmolested on his own Highway? Yes: it is the King; and tremble ye to know it! The King has said, in this one small matter; and in France, or under God's Throne, is no power that shall gainsay. Not the King shall ye stop here under this your miserable Archway; but his dead

body only, and answer it to Heaven and Earth To me, Body-guards; Postilions, en avant!" — One fancies in that case the pale paralysis of these two Le Blane musketeers, the drooping of Drouet's underjaw; and how Procureur Sausse had melted like tallow in furnace-heat: Louis faring on; in some few steps awakening Young Bouillé, awakening relays and Hussars. triumphant entry, with cavalcading high-brandishing Escort, and Escorts, into Montmédi, and the whole course of French History different!

Alas, it was not *m* the poor phlegmatic man Had it been in him, French History had never come under this Varennes Archway to decide itself. — He steps out; all step out. Procureur Sausse gives his grocerarms to the Queen and Sister Elizabeth; Majesty taking the two children by the hand And thus they walk, coolly back, over the Marketplace, to Procureur Sausse's; mount into his small upper story; where straightway his Majesty "demands refreshments." Demands refreshments, as is written; gets bread-and-cheese with a bottle of Burgundy; and remarks, that it is the best Burgundy he ever drank!

Meanwhile, the Varennes Notables, and all men, official and non-official, are hastily drawing on their breeches; getting their fighting gear Mortals half-dressed tumble out barrels, lay felled trees; scouts dart off to all the four winds,—the tocsin begins clanging, "the Village illuminates itself" Very singular: how these little Villages do manage, so adroit are they, when startled in midnight alarm of war. Like little adroit municipal rattle-snakes, suddenly awakened: for their storm-bell rattles and rings; their eyes glisten luminous (with tallow-light), as in rattle-snake ire;

and the Village will sting. Old-Dragoon Drouet is our engineer and generalissimo; valiant as a Ruy Diaz:

— Now or never, ye Patriots, for the soldiery is coming; massacre by Austrians, by Aristocrats, wars more than civil, it all depends on you and the hour! — National Guards rank themselves, half-buttoned: mortals, we say, still only in breeches, in under-petticoat, tumble out barrels and lumber, lay felled trees for barricades: the Village will sting. Rabid Democracy, it would seem, is not confined to Paris, then? Ah no, whatsoever Courtiers might talk; too clearly no. This of dying for one's King is grown into a dying for one's self, against the King, if need be

And so our riding and running Avalanche and Hurlyburly has reached the Abyss, Korff Berline foremost; and may pour itself thither, and jumble: endless! For the next six hours, need we ask if there was a clattering far and wide? Clattering and tocsining and hot tumult, over all the Clermontais, spreading through the Three Bishopricks: Dragoon and Hussar Troops galloping on roads and no-roads, National Guards arming and starting in the dead of night; tocsin after tocsin transmitting the alarm. In some forty minutes, Goguelat and Choiseul, with their wearied Hussars, reach Va-Ah, it is no fire, then; or a fire difficult to quench! They leap the tree-barricades, in spite of National sergeant; they enter the village, Choiseul instructing his Troopers how the matter really is; who respond interjectionally, in their guttural dialect, "Der Konig; die Koniginn!" and seem stanch. These now, in their stanch humour, will, for one thing, beset Procureur Sausse's house Most beneficial: had not Drouet

stormfully ordered otherwise; and even bellowed, in his extremity, "Cannoneers, to your guns!"—two old honeycombed Fieldpieces, empty of all but cobwebs; the rattle whereof, as the Cannoneers with assured countenance trundled them up, did nevertheless abate the Hussar ardour, and produce a respectfuller ranking further back. Jugs of wine, handed over the ranks,—for the German throat too has sensibility,—will complete the business. When Engineer Goguelat, some hour or so afterwards, steps forth, the response to him is—a hiccuping Vive la Nation!

What boots it? Goguelat, Choiseul, now also Count Damas, and all the Varennes Officiality are with the King; and the King can give no order, form no opinion; but sits there, as he has ever done, like clay on potter's wheel, perhaps the absurdest of all pitiable and pardonable clay-figures that now circle under the Moon He will go on, next morning, and take the National Guard with him; Sausse permitting! Hapless Queen: with her two children laid there on the mean bed, old Mother Sausse kneeling to Heaven, with tears and an audible prayer, to bless them; imperial Marie-Antomette near kneeling to Son Sausse and Wife Sausse, amid candle-boxes and treacle-barrels, - in vain! There are Three thousand National Guards got in; before long they will count Ten thousand; tocsins spreading like fire on dry heath, or far faster.

Young Bouillé, roused by this Varennes tocsin, has taken horse, and — fled towards his Father. Thitherward also rides, in an almost hysterically desperate manner, a certain Sieur Aubriot, Choiseul's Orderly; swimming dark rivers, our Bridge being blocked; spur-

ring as if the Hell-hunt were at his heels.\* Through the village of Dun, he galloping still on, scatters the alarm; at Dun, brave Captain Deslons and his Escort of a Hundred, saddle and ride. Deslons too gets into Varennes: leaving his Hundred outside, at the treebarricade; offers to cut King Louis out, if he will order it. but unfortunately "the work will prove hot;" whereupon King Louis has "no orders to give " \*\*

And so the tocsin clangs, and Dragoons gallop; and can do nothing, having gallopped: National Guards stream in like the gathering of ravens: your exploding Thunder-chain, falling Avalanche, or what else we liken it to. does play, with a vengeance, - up now as far as Stenai and Bouillé himself \*\*\* Brave Bouillé, son of the whirlwind, he saddles Royal-Allemand; speaks fire-words, kindling heart and eyes; distributes twentyfive gold-louis a company: - Ride, Royal-Allemand, long-famed: no Tuileries Charge and Necker-Orleans Bust-Procession; a very King made captive, and world all to win! - Such is the Night deserving to be named of Spurs.

At six o'clock two things have happened. Lafayette's Aide-de-camp, Romœuf, riding à franc étrier, on that old Herb-merchant's route, quickened during the last stages, has got to Varennes; where the Ten thousand now furiously demand, with fury of panic terror, that Royalty shall forthwith return Paris-ward. that there be not infinite bloodshed. Also, on the

\*\*\* Bouillé, 11. 74-6.

<sup>\*</sup> Rapport de M. Aubriot (in Choiseul, p. 150-7).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Extrait d'un Rapport de M. Deslons (Choiseul, p. 164-7).

other side, "English Tom," Choiseul's jokei, flying with that Choiseul relay, has met Bouillé on the heights of Dun: the adamantine brow flushed with dark thunder; thunderous rattle of Royal-Allemand at his heels English Tom answers as he can the brief question. How it is at Varennes? - then asks in tuin. What he, English Tom, with M. de Choiseul's horses. is to do, and whither to ride? - To the Bottomless Pool! answers a thunder-voice; then again speaking and spurring, orders Royal-Allemand to the gallop, and vanishes, swearing (en jurant).\* 'T is the last of our brave Bouillé. Within sight of Varennes, he having drawn bridle, calls a council of officers; finds that it is in vain. King Louis has departed, consenting: amid the clangour of universal stormbell: amid the tramp of Ten thousand armed men, already arrived; and say, of Sixty thousand flocking thither Brave Deslons, even without "orders," darted at the River Aire with his Hundred; \*\* swam one branch of it, could not the other: and stood there, dripping and panting, with inflated nostril; the Ten thousand answering him with a shout of mockery, the new Berline lumbering Parisward its weary inevitable way No help, then, in Earth; nor, in an age not of miracles, in Heaven!

That night, "Marquis de Bouillé and twenty-one "more of us rode over the Frontiers, the Bernardine "monks at Orval in Luxemburg gave us supper and "lodging."\*\*\* With little of speech, Bouillé rides; with thoughts that do not brook speech Northward, towards uncertainty, and the Cimmerian Night: towards West-Indian Isles, for with thin Emigrant delirium the

<sup>\*</sup> Déclaration du Sieur Thomas (in Choiseul, p 188).

\*\* Weber, ii. 386.

\*\*\* Aubriot, ut supi a, p. 158.

son of the whirlwind cannot act, towards England, towards premature Stoical death: not towards France any more. Honour to the Brave; who, be it in this quarrel or in that, is a substance and articulate-speaking piece of human Valour, not a fanfaronading hollow Spectrum and squeaking and gibbering Shadow! One of the few Royalist Chief-actors this Bouillé, of whom so much can be said

The brave Boullé too, then, vanishes from the tissue of our Story. Story and tissue, faint ineffectual Emblem of that grand Miraculous Tissue, and Living Tapestry named French Revolution, which did weave itself then in very fact, "on the loud-sounding Loom of Time!" The old Brave drop out from it, with their strivings; and new acrid Drouets, of new strivings and colour, come in: — as is the manner of that weaving

# CHAPTER VIII.

The Return.

So, then, our grand Royalist Plot, of Flight to Metz, has executed itself Long hovering in the background, as a dread royal ultimatum, it has rushed forward in its terrors: verily to some purpose. How many Royalist Plots and Projects, one after another, cunningly-devised, that were to explode like powdermines and thunder-claps; not one solitary Plot of which has issued otherwise! Powder-mine of a Séance Royale on the Twenty-third of June 1789, which exploded as we then said, "through the touchhole;" which next, your wargod Bioglie having reloaded it, brought a Bastille about your ears. Then came fervent Opera-Repast, with flourishing of sabres, and O Richard,

O my King; which, aided by Hunger, produces Insurrection of Women, and Pallas Athene in the shape of Demoiselle Théroigne. Valour profits not; neither has fortune smiled on fanfaronade. The Bouillé Armament ends as the Broglie one had done. Man after man spends himself in this cause, only to work it quicker ruin; it seems a cause doomed, forsaken of Earth and Heaven.

On the Sixth of October gone a year, King Louis, escorted by Demoiselle Théroigne and some two hundred thousand, made a Royal Progress and Entrance into Paris, such as man had never witnessed, we prophesied him Two more such; and accordingly another of them, after this Flight to Metz, is now coming to pass. Théroigne will not escort here; neither does Mirabeau now "sit in one of the accompanying carriages." Mirabeau lies dead, in the Pantheon of Great Théroigne lies living, in dark Austrian Prison; having gone to Liège, professionally, and been seized there. Bemurmured now by the hoarse-flowing Danube: the light of her Patriot Supper-parties gone quite out; so lies Théroigne: she shall speak with the Kaiser face to face, and return And France lies - how! Fleeting Time shears down the great and the little; and in two years alters many things.

But at all events, here, we say, is a second Ignominious Royal Procession, though much altered; to be witnessed also by its hundreds of thousands. Patience, ye Paris Patriots, the Royal Berline is returning. Not till Saturday: for the Royal Berline travels by slow stages; amid such loud-voiced confluent sea of National Guards, sixty thousand as they count; amid such tumult of all people. Three National-Assembly Com-

missioners, famed Barnave, famed Pétion, generally-respectable Latour-Maubourg, have gone to meet it; of whom the two former ride in the Berline itself beside Majesty, day after day. Latour, as a mere respectability, and man of whom all men speak well, can ride in the rear, with Dame de Tourzel and the Soubrettes.

So on Saturday evening, about seven o'clock, Paris by hundreds of thousands is again drawn up. not now dancing the tricolor joy-dance of hope; not as yet dancing in fury-dance of hate and revenge but in silence, with vague look of conjecture, and curiosity mostly scientific. A Saint-Antoine Placard has given notice this morning that "whosoever insults Louis shall be caned, whosoever applicated him shall be hanged" Behold then, at last, that wonderful New Berline, encircled by blue National sea with fixed bayonets, which flows slowly, floating it on, through the silent assembled hundreds of thousands Three yellow Couriers sit atop bound with ropes; Pétion, Barnave, their Majesties, with Sister Elizabeth, and the Children of France, are within

Smile of embarrassment, or cloud of dull sourness, is on the broad phlegmatic face of his Majesty; who keeps declaring to the successive Official-persons, what is evident, "Eh bien, me voilà, Well, here you have me;" and what is not evident, "I do assure you I did not mean to pass the frontiers;" and so forth: speeches natural for that poor Royal Man; which Decency would veil. Silent is her Majesty, with a look of grief and scorn; natural for that Royal Woman. Thus lumbers and creeps the ignominious Royal Procession, through many streets, amid a silent-gazing people. comparable,

Mercier thinks,\* to some Procession du Roi de Basoche; or say, Procession of King Crispin, with his Dukes of Sutor-mania and royal blazonry of Cordwainery Except indeed that this is not comic; ah no, it is comicotragic; with bound Couriers, and a Doom hanging over it; most fantastic, yet most miserably real Miserablest flebile ludibrium of a Pickleherring Tragedy! It sweeps along there, in most ungorgeous pall, through many streets in the dusty summer evening; gets itself at length wriggled out of sight; vanishing in the Tuileries Palace — towards its doom, of slow torture, pene forte et dure.

Populace, it is true, seizes the three rope-bound yellow Couriers; will at least massacre them. But our august Assembly, which is sitting at this great moment, sends out Deputation of rescue; and the whole is got huddled up Barnave, "all dusty," is already there, in the National Hall; making brief discreet address and report As indeed, through the whole journey, this Barnave has been most discreet, sympathetic; and has gained the Queen's trust, whose noble instinct teaches her always who is to be trusted. Very different from heavy Pétion; who, if Campan speak truth, ate his luncheon, comfortably filled his wine-glass, in the Royal Berline; flung out his chicken-bones past the nose of Royalty itself; and, on the King's saying, "France cannot be a Republic," answered, "No, it is not ripe yet" Barnave is henceforth a Queen's adviser, if advice could profit: and her Majesty astonishes Dame Campan by signifying almost a regard for Barnave; and that, in a day of retribution and Royal triumph, Barnave shall not be executed. \*\*\*

<sup>\*</sup> Nouveau Paris, ni. 22.

On Monday night Royalty went; on Saturday evening it returns. so much, within one short week, has Royalty accomplished for itself. The Pickleherring Tragedy has vanished in the Tuileries Palace, towards "pain strong and hard" Watched, fettered and humbled, as Royalty never was. Watched even in its sleeping-apartments and immost recesses for it has to sleep with door set ajar, blue National Argus watching, his eye fixed on the Queen's curtains; nay, on one occasion as the Queen cannot sleep, he offers to sit by her pillow, and converse a little! "

### CHAPTER IX

Sharp Shot.

In regard to all which, this most pressing question arises: What is to be done with it? Depose it! resolutely answer Robespierre and the thoroughgoing few. For, truly, with a King who runs away, and needs to be watched in his very bedroom that he may stay and govern you, what other reasonable thing can be done? Had Philippe d'Orleans not been a caput mortuum! But of him, known as one defunct, no man now dreams. Depose it not; say that it is inviolable, that it was spirited away, was enlevé; at any cost of sophistry and solecism, re-establish it! so answer with loud vehemence all manner of Constitutional Royalists; as all your pure Royalists do naturally likewise, with low vehemence, and rage compressed by fear, still more passionately answer. Nay Barnave and the two Lameths, and what will follow them, do likewise answer so. Answer, with their whole might: terrorstruck at the unknown Abysses

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. 149.

on the verge of which, driven thither by themselves mainly, all now reels, ready to plunge

By mighty effort and combination, this latter course is the course fixed on; and it shall by the strong arm, if not by the clearest logic, be made good. With the sacrifice of all their hard-earned popularity, this notable Triumvirate, says Toulongeon, "set the Throne "up again, which they had so toiled to overturn: as "one might set up an overturned pyramid, on its vertex;" to stand so long as it is held.

Unhappy France; unhappy in King, Queen, and Constitution; one knows not in which unhappiest! Was the meaning of our so glorious French Revolution this, and no other, That when Shams and Delusions, long soul-killing, had become body-killing, and got the length of Bankruptcy and Inanition, a great People rose and, with one voice, said, in the Name of the Highest: Shams shall be no more? So many sorrows and bloody horrors, endured, and to be yet endured through dismal coming centuries, were they not the heavy price paid and payable for this same: Total Destruction of Shams from among men? And now, O Barnave Triumvirate! is it in such double-distilled Delusion, and Sham even of a Sham, that an effort of this kind will rest acquiescent? Messieurs of the popular Triumvirate, never!—But, after all, what can poor popular Triumvirates, and fallible august Senators, do? They can, when the Truth is all-too horrible, stick their heads ostrich-like into what sheltering Fallacy is nearest; and wait there, à posteriori.

Readers who saw the Clermontais and Three-Bishoprics gallop, in the Night of Spuis; Diligences

ruffling up all France into one terrific terrified Cock of India; and the Town of Nantes in its shirt, — may fancy what an affair to settle this was Robespierre, on the extreme Left, with perhaps Pétion and lean old Goupil, for the very Triumvirate has defalcated, are shrieking hoarse; drowned in Constitutional clamour But the debate and arguing of a whole Nation; the bellowings through all Journals, for and against; the reverberant voice of Danton; the Hyperion shafts of Camille, the porcupine-quills of implacable Marat: — conceive all this

Constitutionalists in a body, as we often predicted, do now recede from the Mother Society, and become Feuillans; threatening her with inanition, the rank and respectability being mostly gone. Petition after Petition, forwarded by Post, or borne in Deputation, comes praying for Judgment and Déchéance, which is our name for Deposition; praying, at lowest, for Reference to the Eighty-three Departments of France. Marseillese Deputation comes declaring, among other things: "Our Phocean Ancestors flung a Bar of Iron into the Bay at their first landing; this Bar will float again on the Mediterranean brine before we consent to be slaves" All this for four weeks or more, while the matter still hangs doubtful; Emigration streaming with double violence over the frontiers: \* France seething in fierce agitation of this question and prize-question: What is to be done with the fugitive Hereditary Representative?

Finally, on Friday the 15th of July 1791, the National Assembly decides; in what negatory manner we know. Whereupon the Theatres all close, the Bourne-

<sup>\*</sup> Bouille, ii. 101.

stones and Portable-chairs begin spouting Municipal Placards flaming on the walls, and Proclamations published by sound of trumpet, "invite to repose;" with small effect. And so, on Sunday the 17th, there shall be a thing seen, worthy of remembering. Scroll of a Petition, drawn up by Brissots, Dantons, by Cordeliers, Jacobins; for the thing was infinitely shaken and manipulated, and many had a hand in it: such Scroll hes now visible, on the wooden framework of the Fatherland's Altar, for signature. Unworking Paris, male and female, is crowding thither, all day, to sign or to see. Our fair Roland herself the eye of History can discern there, "in the morning;"\* not without interest. In few weeks the fair Patriot will quit Paris; yet perhaps only to return.

But, what with sorrow of balked Patriotism, what with closed theatres, and Proclamations still publishing themselves by sound of trumpet, the fervour of men's minds, this day, is great. Nay, over and above, there has fallen out an incident, of the nature of Farce-Tragedy and Riddle; enough to stimulate all creatures Early in the day, a Patriot (or some say, it was a Patriotess, and indeed the truth is undiscoverable). while standing on the firm deal-board of Fatherland's Altar, feels suddenly, with indescribable torpedo-shock of amazement, his bootsole pricked through from below; clutches up suddenly this electrified bootsole and foot; discerns next instant - the point of a gimlet or bradawl playing up, through the firm deal-board, and now hastily drawing itself back! Mystery, perhaps Treason? The wooden framework is impetuously broken up; and behold, verily a mystery; never explicable fully to the

<sup>\*</sup> Madame Roland, 11. 74.

end of the world! Two human individuals, of mean aspect, one of them with a wooden leg, he ensconced there, gimlet in hand; they must have come in overnight; they have a supply of provisions, — no "barrel of gunpowder" that one can see; they affect to be asleep; look blank enough, and give the lamest account of themselves. "Mere curiosity; they were boring up, to get an eye-hole; to see, perhaps 'with lubricity,' whatsoever, from that new point of vision, could be seen." — little that was edifying, one would think! But indeed what stupidest thing may not human Dulness, Pruriency, Lubricity, Chance and the Devil, choosing Two out of Half-a-million idle human heads, tempt them to?\*

Sure enough, the two human individuals with their gimlet are there Ill-starred pair of individuals! For the result of it all is, that Patriotism, fretting itself, in this state of nervous excitability, with hypotheses, suspicions and reports, keeps questioning these two distracted human individuals, and again questioning them; claps them into the nearest Guardhouse, clutches them out again; one hypothetic group snatching them from another: till finally, in such extreme state of nervous excitability, Patriotism hangs them as spies of Sieur Motier; and the life and secret is choked out of them forevermore. Forevermore, alas! Or is a day to be looked for when these two evidently mean individuals, who are human nevertheless, will become Historical Riddles; and, like him of the Iron Mask (also a human individual, and evidently nothing more), - have their Dissertations? To us this only is certain, that they had a gimlet, provisions and a wooden leg; and have

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xi. 104-7.

died there on the Lanterne, as the unluckiest fools might die

And so the signature goes on, in a still more excited manner And Chaumette, for Antiquarians possess the very Paper to this hour. \* - has signed himself "in a flowing saucy hand slightly leaned;" and Hébert, detestable Père Duchesne, as if "an inked spider had dropped on the paper;" Usher Maillard also has signed, and many Crosses, which cannot write And Paris, through its thousand avenues, is welling to the Champ-de-Mars and from it, in the utmost excitability of humour; central Fatherland's Altar quite heaped with signing Patriots and Patriotesses; the Thirty benches and whole internal Space crowded with onlookers, with comers and goers; one regurgitating whirlpool of men and women in their Sunday clothes. All which a Constitutional Sieur Motier sees; and Bailly, looking into it with his long visage made still longer Auguring no good, perhaps Déchéance and Deposition after all! Stop it, ye Constitutional Patriots; fire itself is quenchable, yet only quenchable at first

Stop it, truly but how stop it? Have not the first free People of the Universe a right to petition? — Happily, if also unhappily, here is one proof of riot: these two human individuals hanged at the Lanterne. Proof, O treacherous Sieur Motier? Were they not two human individuals sent thither by thee to be hanged; to be a pretext for thy bloody *Drapeau Rouge*? This question shall many a Patriot, one day, ask; and answer affirmatively, strong in Pieternatural Suspicion.

Enough, towards half-past seven in the evening, the mere natural eye can behold this thing: Sieur Motier,

with Municipals in scarf, with blue National Patrollotism, rank after rank, to the clang of drums; wending resolutely to the Champ-de-Mars, Mayor Bailly, with elongated visage, bearing, as in sad duty bound, the Drapeau Rouge. Howl of angry derision rises in treble and bass from a hundred thousand throats, at the sight of Martial Law; which nevertheless, waving its Red sanguinary Flag, advances there, from the Gros-Caillou Entrance; advances, drumming and waving, towards Altar of Fatherland. Amid still wilder howls, with objurgation, obtestation, with flights of pebbles and mud, saxa et fæces; with crackle of a pistol-shot; - finally with volley-fire of Patrollotism; levelled muskets; roll of volley on volley! Precisely after one year and three days, our sublime Federation Field is wetted, in this manner, with French blood

Some "Twelve unfortunately shot," reports Bailly, counting by units; but Patriotism counts by tens and even by hundreds. Not to be forgotten, nor forgiven! Patriotism flies, shrieking, execrating Camille ceases journalising, this day; great Danton with Camille and Fréron have taken wing, for their life; Marat burrows deep in the Earth, and is silent. Once more Patrollotism has triumphed; one other time; but it is the last.

This was the Royal Flight to Varennes Thus was the Throne overturned thereby; but thus also was it victoriously set up again — on its vertex; and will stand while it can be held.

# BOOK V.

PARLIAMENT FIRST.

### CHAPTER I

Grande Acceptation.

In the last nights of September, when the autumnal equinox is past, and grey September fates into brown October, why are the Champs Élysées illuminated; why is Paris dancing, and flinging fire-works? They are gala-nights, these last of September; Paris may well dance, and the Universe: the Edifice of the Constitution is completed! Completed; nay revised, to see that there was nothing insufficient in it; solemnly proffered to his Majesty; solemnly accepted by him, to the sound of cannon-salvoes, on the fourteenth of the month. And now by such illumination, jubilee, dancing and fireworking, do we joyously handsel the new Social Edifice, and first raise heat and reek there, in the name of Hope.

The Revision, especially with a throne standing on its vertex, has been a work of difficulty, of delicacy. In the way of propping and buttressing, so indispensable now, something could be done; and yet, as is feared, not enough. A repentant Barnave Triumvirate, our Rabauts, Duports, Thourets, and indeed all Constitutional Deputies did strain every nerve: but the Extreme Left was so noisy: the People were so suspicious, clamorous to have the work ended. and then the loyal Right Side sat feeble-petulant all the while, and as it were pouting and petting; unable to help, had they even been willing. The Two Hundred and Ninety had solemnly made scission, before that; and

departed, shaking the dust off their feet To such transcendency of fret, and desperate hope that worsening of the bad might the sooner end it and bring back the good, had our unfortunate loyal Right Side now come!\*

However, one finds that this and the other little prop has been added, where possibility allowed Civillist and Privy-purse were from of old well cared for. King's Constitutional Guard, Eighteen hundred loyal men from the Eighty-three Departments, under a loyal Duke de Brissac; this, with trustworthy Swiss besides, is of itself something The old loyal Bodyguards are indeed dissolved, in name as well as in fact; and gone mostly towards Coblentz But now also those Sansculottic violent Gardes Françaises, or Centre Grenadiers, shall have their mittimus: they do ere long, in the Journals, not without a hoarse pathos, publish their Farewell, "wishing all Aristocrats the graves in Paris which to us are denied."\*\* They depart, these first Soldiers of the Revolution; they hover very dimly in the distance for about another year; till they can be remodelled, new-named, and sent to fight the Austrians; and then History beholds them no more A most notable Corps of men; which has its place in World-History; - though to us, so is History written, they remain mere rubrics of men; nameless; a shaggy Grenadier Mass, crossed with buff-belts And yet might we not ask: What Argonauts, what Leonidas' Spartans had done such a work? Think of their destiny: since that May morning, some three years ago, when they, unparticipating, trundled off D'Espréménil to the Calypso Isles; since that July evening, some two

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, 11. 56, 59.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xiii. 73.

years ago, when they, participating and sacre-ing with knit brows, poured a volley into Besenval's Prince de Lambesc! History waves them her mute adieu.

So that the Sovereign Power, these Sansculottic Watchdogs, more like wolves, being leashed and led away from his Tuileries, breathes freer The Sovereign Power is guarded henceforth by a loyal Eighteen Hundred. - whom Contrivance, under various pretexts. may gradually swell to Six Thousand, who will hinder no Journey to Saint-Cloud The sad Varennes business has been soldered up; cemented, even in the blood of the Champ-de-Mars, these two months and more; and indeed ever since, as formerly, Majesty has had its privileges, its "choice of residence," though, for good reasons, the royal mind "prefers continuing in Paris." Poor royal mind, poor Paris; that have to go mumming; enveloped in speciosities, in falsehood which knows itself false; and to enact mutually your sorrowful farcetragedy, being bound to it; and on the whole, to hope always, in spite of hope!

Nay, now that his Majesty has accepted the Constitution, to the sound of cannon-salvoes, who would not hope? Our good King was misguided, but he meant well. Lafayette has moved for an Amnesty, for universal forgiving and forgetting of Revolutionary faults; and now surely the glorious Revolution, cleared of its rubbish, is complete! Strange enough, and touching in several ways, the old cry of Vive le Roi once more rises round King Louis the Hereditary Representative. Their Majesties went to the Opera; gave money to the Poor: the Queen herself, now when the Constitution is accepted, hears voice of cheering. Bygone shall be bygone; the New Era shall begin!

To and fro, amid those lamp-galaxies of the Elysian Fields. the Royal Carriage slowly wends and rolls; everywhere with vivats, from a multitude striving to be glad. Louis looks out, mainly on the variegated lamps and gay human groups, with satisfaction enough for the hour In her Majesty's face, "under that kind graceful smile a deep sadness is legible."\* Brilliancies. of valour and of wit stroll here observant: a Dame de Stael, leaning most probably on the arm of her Narbonne She meets Deputies: who have built this Constitution, who saunter here with vague communings. -- not without thoughts whether it will stand as yet melodious fiddle-strings twang and warble everywhere, with the rhythm of light fantastic feet; long lamp-galaxies fling their coloured radiance; and brasslunged Hawkers elbow and bawl, "Grande Acceptation, Constitution Monarchique." it behaves the Son of Adam to hope. Have not Lafayette, Barnave, and all Constitutionalists set their shoulders handsomely to the inverted pyramid of a throne? Feuillans, including almost the whole Constitutional Respectability of France, perorate nightly from their tribune; correspond through all Post-offices, denouncing unquiet Jacobinism; trusting well that its time is nigh done Much is uncertain. questionable; but if the Hereditary Representative be wise and lucky, may one not, with a sanguine Gaelic temper, hope that he will get in motion better or worse; that what is wanting to him will gradually be gained and added?

For the rest, as we must repeat, in this building of the Constitutional Fabric, especially in this Revision

<sup>\*</sup> De Stael, Considerations, i. c. 23.

of it, nothing that one could think of to give it new strength, especially to steady it, to give it permanence, and even eternity, has been forgotten. Biennial Parliament, to be called Legislative, Assemblée Législative; with Seven Hundred and Forty-five Members, chosen in a judicious manner by the "active citizens" alone, and even by electing of electors still more active: this, with privileges of Parliament shall meet, selfauthorised if need be, and self-dissolved; shall grant money-supplies and talk; watch over the administration and authorities: discharge forever the functions of a Constitutional Great Council, Collective Wisdom, and National Palayer - as the Heavens will enable Our First biennial Parliament, which indeed has been a-choosing since early in August, is now as good as chosen. Nay it has mostly got to Paris: it arrived gradually; - not without pathetic greeting to its venerable Parent, the now moribund Constituent; and sat there in the Galleries, reverently listening; ready to begin, the instant the ground were clear

Then as to changes in the Constitution itself? This, impossible for any Legislative, or common biennial Parliament, and possible solely for some resuscitated Constituent or National Convention, is evidently one of the most ticklish points. The august moribund Assembly debated it for four entire days. Some thought a change, or at least a reviewal and new approval, might be admissible in thirty years; some even went lower, down to twenty, nay to fifteen. The august Assembly had once decided for thirty years; but it revoked that, on better thoughts; and did not fix any date of time, but merely some vague outline of a posture of circumstances, and, on the whole, left

the matter hanging \* Doubtless a National Convention can be assembled even within the thirty years. yet one may hope, not; but that Legislatives, biennial Parliaments of the common kind, with their limited faculty, and perhaps quiet successive additions thereto, may suffice, for generations, or indeed while computed Time runs

Furthermore, be it noted that no member of this Constituent has been, or could be, elected to the new Legislative. So noble-minded were these Law-makers! cry some: and Solon-like would banish themselves. So splenetic! cry more. each grudging the other, none daring to be outdone in self-denial by the other. So unwise in either case! answer all practical men. But consider this other self-denying ordinance, That none of us can be King's Minister, or accept the smallest Court Appointment, for the space of four, or at lowest (and on long debate and Revision), for the space of two years! So moves the incorruptible seagreen Robespierre; with cheap magnanimity he; and none dare be outdone by him. It was such a law. not superfluous then, that sent Mirabeau to the gardens of Saint-Cloud, under cloak of darkness, to that colloguy of the gods; and thwarted many things Happily and unhappily there is no Mirabeau now to thwart.

Welcomer meanwhile, welcome surely to all right hearts, is Lafayette's chivalrous Amnesty. Welcome too is that hard-wrung Union of Avignon; which has cost us, first and last, "thirty sessions of debate," and so much else: may it at length prove lucky! Rousseau's statue is decreed: virtuous Jean-Jacques, Evangelist of

<sup>\*</sup> Choix de Rapports, &c. (Paris, 1825), vi. 239-317.

the Contrat Social. Not Drouet of Varennes; nor worthy Lataille, master of the old world-famous Tennis-Court in Versailles, is forgotten; but each has his honourable mention, and due reward in money. \* Whereupon, things being all so neatly winded up, and the Deputations, and Messages, and royal and other ceremonials having rustled by; and the King having now affectionately perorated about peace and tranquillisation, and members having answered "Out! out!" with effusion, even with tears, - President Thouret, he of the Law Reforms, rises, and, with a strong voice, utters these memorable last-words: "The National Constituent Assembly declares that it has finished its mission; and that its sittings are all ended" Incorruptible Robespierre, virtuous Pétion are borne home on the shoulders of the people; with vivats heavenhigh. The rest glide quietly to their respective places of abode. It is the last afternoon of September 1791, on the morrow morning the new Legislative will begin.

So, amid glitter of illuminated streets and Champs Élysées, and crackle of fireworks and glad deray, has the first National Assembly vanished; dissolving, as they well say, into blank Time; and is no more. National Assembly is gone, its work remaining; as all Bodies of men go, and as man himself goes: it had its beginning, and must likewise have its end. A Phantasm-Reality born of Time, as the rest of us are; flitting ever backwards now on the tide of Time; to be long remembered of men Very strange Assemblages, Sanhedrims, Amphictyonics, Trades-Unions, Ecumenic

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (in Hist. Parl. xi. 473).

Councils, Parlaments and Congresses, have met together on this Planet, and dispersed again; but a stranger Assemblage than this august Constituent, or with a stranger mission, perhaps never met there. Seen from the distance, this also will be a miracle. Twelve Hundred human individuals, with the Gospel of Jean-Jacques Rousseau in their pocket, congregating in the name of Twenty-five Millions, with full assurance of faith, to "make the Constitution:" such sight, the acme and main product of the Eighteenth Century, our World can witness once only For Time is rich in wonders, in monstrosities most rich; and is observed never to repeat himself, or any of his Gospels: — surely least of all, this Gospel according to Jean-Jacques Once it was right and indispensable, since such had become the Belief of men; but once also is enough

They have made the Constitution, these Twelve Hundred Jean-Jacques Evangelists; not without result Near twenty-nine months they sat, with various fortune; in various capacity; — always, we may say, in that capacity of car-borne Carroccio, and miraculous Standard of the Revolt of Men, as a Thing high and lifted up; whereon whosoever looked might hope healing. They have seen much: cannons levelled on them; then suddenly, by interposition of the Powers, the cannons drawn back; and a wargod Broglie vanishing, in thunder not his own, amid the dust and downrushing of a Bastille and Old Feudal France. They have suffered somewhat. Royal Session, with rain and Oath of the Tennis-Court; Nights of Pentecost; Insurrections of Women Also have they not done somewhat? Made the Constitution, and managed all things

the while; passed, in these twenty-nine months, "twenty-five hundred Decrees," which on the average is some three for each day, including Sundays! Brevity, one finds, is possible, at times: had not Moreau de St. Méry to give three thousand orders before rising from his seat? - There was valour (or value) in these men; and a kind of faith, - were it only faith in this, That cobwebs are not cloth; that a Constitution could be made Cobwebs and chimeras ought verily to disappear; for a Reality there is mulas, soul-killing, and now grown body-killing, insupportable, begone, in the name of Heaven and Earth! -Time, as we say, brought forth these Twelve Hundred: Eternity was before them, Eternity behind: they worked, as we all do, in the confluence of Two Eternities; what work was given them Say not that it was nothing they did Consciously they did somewhat; unconsciously how much! They had their giants and their dwarfs, they accomplished their good and their evil; they are gone, and return no more Shall they not go with our blessing, in these circumstances; with our mild farewell?

By post, by diligence, on saddle or sole; they are gone: towards the four winds Not a few over the marches, to rank at Coblentz Thither wended Maury, among others; but in the end towards Rome, — to be clothed there in red Cardinal plush; in falsehood as in a garment; pet-son (her last born?) of the Scarlet Woman. Talleyrand-Perigord, excommunicated Constitutional Bishop, will make his way to London: to be Ambassador, spite of the Self-denying Law; brisk young Marquis Chauvelin acting as Ambassador's-Cloak In London too, one finds Pétion the virtuous;

harangued and haranguing, pledging the wine-cup with Constitutional Reform-Clubs, in solemn taverndinner. Incorruptible Robespierre retires for a little to native Arras: seven short weeks of quiet; the last appointed him in this world Public Accuser in the Paris Department, acknowledged highpriest of the Jacobins; the glass of incorruptible thin Patriotism, for his narrow emphasis is loved of all the narrow,—this man seems to be rising, somewhither? He sells his small heritage at Arras; accompanied by a Brother and a Sister, he returns, scheming out with resolute timidity a small sure destiny for himself and them, to his old lodging, at the Cabinet-maker's in the Rue St. Honoré·—O resolute-tremulous incorruptible seagreen man, towards what a destiny!

Lafayette, for his part, will lay down the command He retires Cincinnatus-like to his hearth and farm; but soon leaves them again Our National Guard, however, shall henceforth have no one Commandant; but all Colonels shall command in succession, month about. Other Deputies we have met, or Dame de Staël has met, "sauntering in a thoughtful manner;" perhaps uncertain what to do. Some, as Barnave, the Lameths, and their Duport, will continue here in Paris; watching the new biennial Legislative, Parliament the First: teaching it to walk, if so might be; and the Court to lead it.

Thus these: sauntering in a thoughtful manner; travelling by post or diligence,—whither Fate beckons. Giant Mirabeau slumbers in the Pantheon of Great Men: and France? and Europe?— The brass-lunged Hawkers sing "Grand Acceptation, Monarchic Constitution" through these gay crowds: the Morrow, grand-

son of Yesterday, must be what it can, as To-day its father is. Our new biennial Legislative begins to constitute itself on the first of October, 1791.

## CHAPTER II.

The Book of the Law.

If the august Constituent Assembly itself, fixing the regards of the Universe, could, at the present distance of time and place, gain comparatively small attention from us, how much less can this poor Legislative! It has its Right Side and its Left; the less Patriotic and the more, for Aristocrats exist not here' or now: it spouts and speaks; listens to Reports, reads Bills and Laws: works in its vocation, for a season: but the History of France, one finds, is seldom or never there Unhappy Legislative, what can History do with it; if not drop a tear over it, almost in silence? First of the two-year Parliaments of France, which, if Paper Constitution and oft-repeated National Oath could avail aught, were to follow in softly-strong indissoluble sequence while Time ran, - it had to vanish dolefully within one year; and there came no second like it. Alas! your biennial Parliaments in endless indissoluble sequence; they, and all that Constitutional Fabric, built with such explosive Federation Oaths, and its top-stone brought out with dancing and variegated radiance, went to pieces, like frail crockery, in the crash of things; and already, in eleven short months, were in that Limbo near the Moon, with the ghosts of other Chimeras. There, except for rare specific purposes, let them rest, in melancholy peace.

or a public Body of men to itself! Æsop's fly sat on the chariot-wheel, exclaiming, What a dust I do raise! Great Governors, clad in purple with fasces and insignia, are governed by their valets, by the pouting of their women and children; or, in Constitutional countries, by the paragraphs of their Able Editors. not, I am this or that; I am doing this or that! For thou knowest it not, thou knowest only the name it as yet goes by. A purple Nebuchadnezzar rejoices to feel himself now verily Emperor of this great Babylon which he has builded; and is a nondescript bipedquadruped, on the eve of a seven-years course of grazing! These Seven Hundred and Forty-five elected individuals doubt not but they are the first biennial Parliament, come to govern France by parliamentary eloquence: and they are what? And they have come to do what? Things foolish and not wise!

It is much lamented by many that this First Biennial had no members of the old Constituent in it, with their experience of parties and parliamentary tactics; that such was their foolish Self-denying Law Most surely, old members of the Constituent had been welcome to us here But, on the other hand, what old or what new members of any Constituent under the Sun could have effectually profited? There are first biennial Parliaments so postured as to be, in a sense, beyond wisdom; where wisdom and folly differ only in degree, and wreckage and dissolution are the appointed issue for both

Old-Constituents, your Barnaves, Lameths and the like, for whom a special Gallery has been set apart, where they may sit in honour and listen, are in the

habit of sneering at these new Legislators; \* but let not us! The poor Seven Hundred and Forty-five, sent together by the active citizens of France, are what they could be: do what is fated them That they are of Patriot temper we can well understand Aristocrat Noblesse had fled over the marches, or sat brooding silent in their unburnt Châteaux; small prospect had they in Primary Electoral Assemblies What with Flights to Varennes, what with Days of Poniards, with plot after plot, the People are left to themselves; the People must needs choose Defenders of the People. such as can be had Choosing, as they also will ever do, "if not the ablest man, yet the man ablest to be chosen!" Fervour of character, decided Patriot-Constitutional feeling; these are qualities: but free utterance, mastership in tongue-fence; this is the quality of qualities. Accordingly one finds, with little astonishment, in this First Biennial, that as many as Four hundred Members are of the Advocate or Attorney species Men who can speak, if there be aught to speak: nay here are men also who can think, and even act Candour will say of this ill-fated First French Parliament, that it wanted not its modicum of talent, its modicum of honesty; that it, neither in the one respect nor in the other, sank below the average of Parliaments, but rose above the average. Let average Parliaments, whom the world does not guillotine, and cast forth to long infamy, be thankful not to themselves but to their stars!

France, as we say, has once more done what it could: fervid men have come together from wide separation; for strange issues. Fiery Max Isnard is

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 150, &c.

come, from the utmost Southeast; fiery Claude Fauchet, Te-Deum Fauchet Bishop of Calvados, from the utmost Northwest No Mirabeau now sits here, who had swallowed formulas: our only Mirabeau now is Danton, working as yet out of doors; whom some call "Mirabeau of the Sansculottes"

Nevertheless we have our gifts, - especially of speech and logic. An eloquent Vergniaud we have; most mellifluous yet most impetuous of public speakers; from the region named Gironde, of the Garonne: a man unfortunately of indolent habits; who will sit playing with your children, when he ought to be scheming and perorating Sharp-bustling Guadet; considerate grave Gensonné; kind-sparkling mirthful young Ducos; Valazé doomed to a sad end: all these likewise are of that Gironde or Bourdeaux region: men of fervid Constitutional principles; of quick talent, irrefragable logic, clear respectability; who will have the Reign of Liberty establish itself, but only by respectable methods Round whom others of like temper will gather; known by and by as Girondins, to the sorrowing wonder of the world Of which sort note Condorcet, Marquis and Philosopher; who has worked at much, at Paris Municipal Constitution, Differential Calculus, Newspaper Chronique de Paris, Biography, Philosophy; and now sits here as two-years Senator a notable Condorcet, with stoical Roman face, and fiery heart; "volcano hid under snow;" styled likewise, in irreverent language, "mouton enragé," peaceablest of creatures bitten rabid! Or note, lastly, Jean-Pierre Brissot; whom Destiny, long working noisily with him, has hurled hither, say, to have done with him A biennial Senator he too: nay, for the present, the king of such. Restless,

scheming, scribbling Brissot; who took to himself the style de Warville, heralds know not in the least why; — unless it were that the father of him did, in an unexceptionable manner, perform Cookery and Vintnery in the Village of Quarville? A man of the windmill species, that grinds always, turning towards all winds; not in the steadiest manner

In all these men there is talent, faculty to work; and they will do it: working and shaping, not without effect, though alas not in marble, only in quicksand!— But the highest faculty of them all remains yet to be mentioned; or indeed has yet to unfold itself for mention: Captain Hippolyte Carnot, sent hither from the Pas de Calais; with his cold mathematical head, and silent stubbornness of will. iron Carnot, farplanning, imperturbable, unconquerable; who, in the hour of need, shall not be found wanting His hair is yet black; and it shall grow gray, under many kinds of fortune, bright and troublous; and with iron aspect this man shall face them all.

Nor is Côté Droit, and band of King's friends, wanting. Vaublanc, Dumas, Jaucourt the honoured Chevalier; who love Liberty, yet with Monarchy over it; and speak fearlessly according to that faith; — whom the thick-coming hurricanes will sweep away. With them, let a new military Theodore Lameth be named; — were it only for his two Brothers' sake, who look down on him, approvingly there, from the Old-Constituents' Gallery. Frothy professing Pastorets, honey-mouthed conciliatory Lamourettes, and speechless nameless individuals sit plentiful, as Moderates, in the middle. Still less is a Côté Gauche wanting: extreme Left; sitting on the topmost benches, as if aloft on its spe-

culatory Height or *Mountain*, which will become a practical fulminatory Height, and make the name of Mountain famous-infamous to all times and lands.

Honour waits not on this Mountain: nor as yet even loud dishonour. Gifts it boasts not, nor graces, of speaking or of thinking; solely this one gift of assured faith, of audacity that will defy the Earth and the Heavens. Foremost here are the Cordelier Trio: hot Merlin from Thionville, hot Bazire, Attorneys both; Chabot, disfrocked Capuchin, skilful in agro Lawyer Lacroix, who wore once as subaltern the single epaulette, has loud lungs and a hungry heart. There too is Couthon, little dreaming what he is; - whom a sad chance has paralysed in the lower extremities. For, it seems, he sat once a whole night, not warm in his true-love's bower (who indeed was by law another's), but sunken to the middle in a cold peatbog, being hunted out from her; quaking for his life, in the cold quaking morass; \* and goes now on crutches to the end Cambon likewise, in whom slumbers undeveloped such a finance-talent for printing of Assignats; Father of Paper-money; who, in the hour of menace, shall utter this stern sentence, "War to the Manorhouse, peace to the Hut, Guerre aux Châteaux, paix aux Chaumières!" \*\* Lecointre, the intrepid Draper of Versailles, is welcome here; known since the Opera-Repast and Insurrection of Women. Thuriot too; Elector Thuriot, who stood in the embrasures of the Bastille, and saw Saint-Antoine rising in mass; who has many other things to see. Last and grimmest of all, note old Ruhl, with his brown dusky face and long white hair; of Alsatian Lutheran breed;

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 370.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Choix de Rapports, 11. 25.

a man whom age and book-learning have not taught; who, haranguing the old men of Rheims, shall hold up the Sacred Ampulla (Heaven-sent, wherefrom Clovis and all Kings have been anointed) as a mere worthless oilbottle, and dash it to sherds on the pavement there; who, alas, shall dash much to sherds, and finally his own wild head by pistol-shot, and so end it.

Such lava welters redhot in the bowels of this Mountain: unknown to the world and to itself! A mere commonplace Mountain hitherto; distinguished from the Plain chiefly by its superior barrenness, its baldness of look: at the utmost it may, to the most observant, perceptibly smoke. For as yet all lies so solid, peaceable; and doubts not, as was said, that it will endure while Time runs. Do not all love Liberty and the Constitution? All heartily; - and yet with degrees. Some, as Chevalier Jaucourt and his Right Side, may love Liberty less than Royalty, were the trial made; others, as Brissot and his Left Side, may love it more than Royalty Nay again, of these latter some may love Liberty more than Law itself; others not more. Parties will unfold themselves; no mortal as yet knows how. Forces work within these men and without: dissidence grows opposition; ever widening; waxing into incompatibility and internecine feud; till the strong is abolished by a stronger; himself in his turn by a strongest! Who can help it? Jaucourt and his Monarchists, Feuillans, or Moderates; Brissot and his Brissotins, Jacobins, or Girondins; these, with the Cordelier Trio, and all men, must work what is appointed them, and in the way appointed them

And to think what fate these poor Seven Hundred

and Forty-five are assembled, most unwittingly, to meet! Let no heart be so hard as not to pity them soul's wish was to live and work as the First of the French Parliaments; and make the Constitution march. Did they not, at their very instalment, go through the most affecting Constitutional ceremony, almost with tears? The Twelve eldest are sent solemnly to fetch the Constitution itself, the printed Book of the Law. Archivist Camus, an Old-Constituent appointed Archivist, he and the Ancient Twelve, amid blare of military pomp and clangour, enter, bearing the divine Book: and President and all Legislative Senators, laying their hand on the same, successively take the Oath, with cheers and heart-effusion, universal three-times-three.\* In this manner they begin their Session. Unhappy mortals! For, that same day, his Majesty having received their Deputation of welcome, as seemed, rather drily, the Deputation cannot but feel slighted, cannot but lament such slight: and thereupon our cheering swearing First Parliament sees itself, on the morrow, obliged to explode into fierce retaliatory sputter of antiroyal Enactment as to how they, for their part, will receive Majesty; and how Majesty shall not be called Sire any more, except they please: and then, on the following day, to recall this Enactment of theirs, as too hasty, and a mere sputter, though not unprovoked.

An effervescent well-intentioned set of Senators; too combustible, where continual sparks are flying! Their History is a series of sputters and quarrels; true desire to do their function, fatal impossibility to do it Denunciations, reprimandings of King's Ministers, of traitors supposed and real; hot rage and fulmination

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 4 Octobre 1791.

against fulminating Emigrants; terror of Austrian Kaiser, of "Austrian Committee" in the Tuileries itself; rage and haunting terror, haste and doubt and dim bewilderment! - Haste, we say; and yet the Constitution had provided against haste. No Bill can be passed till it have been printed, till it have been thrice read, with intervals of eight days; - "unless the Assembly shall beforehand decree that there is urgency" Which, accordingly the Assembly, scrupulous of the Constitution, never omits to do: Considering this, and also considering that, and then that other, the Assembly decrees always "qu'il y a urgence;" and thereupon "the Assembly, having decreed that there is urgence," is free to decree — what indispensable distracted thing seems best to it. Two thousand and odd decrees, as men reckon, within Eleven months! \* The haste of the Constituent seemed great; but this is treble-quick. For the time itself is rushing treblequick; and they have to keep pace with that. Unhappy Seven Hundred and Forty-five: true-patriotic, but so combustible; being fired, they must needs fling fire: Senate of touchwood and rockets, in a world of smoke-storm, with sparks wind-driven continually flying!

Or think, on the other hand, looking forward some months, of that scene they call Baiser de Lamourette! The dangers of the country are now grown imminent, immeasurable; National Assembly, hope of France, is divided against itself In such extreme circumstances, honey-mouthed Abbé Lamourette, new Bishop of Lyons, rises, whose name, Pamourette, signifies the sweetheart, or Delilah doxy, — he rises, and, with pathetic honeyed

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, in. 1, 237

eloquence, calls on all august Senators to forget mutual griefs and grudges, to swear a new oath, and unite as brothers. Whereupon they all, with vivats, embrace and swear; Left Side confounding itself with Right; barren Mountain rushing down to fruitful Plain, Pastoret into the arms of Condorcet, injured to the breast of injurer, with tears: and all swearing that whosoever wishes either Feuillant Two-Chamber Monarchy or Extreme-Jacobin Republic, or any thing but the Constitution and that only, shall be anathema maranatha. \*Touching to behold! For, literally on the morrow morning, they must again quarrel, driven by Fate; and their sublime reconcilement is called derisively the Baiser de L'amourette, or Delilah Kiss.

Like fated Eteocles-Polynices Brothers, embracing, though in vain; weeping that they must not love, that they must hate only, and die by each other's hands! Or say, like doomed Familiar Spirits; ordered, by Art Magic under penalties, to do a harder than twist ropes of sand: "to make the Constitution march." If the Constitution would but march! Alas, the Constitution will not stir. It falls on its face; they tremblingly lift it on end again: march, thou gold Constitution! The Constitution will not march. — "He shall march, by —!" said kind Uncle Toby, and even swore. The Corporal answered mournfully: "He will never march in this world."

A Constitution, as we often say, will march when it images, if not the old Habits and Beliefs of the Constituted; then accurately their Rights, or better indeed, their Mights;—for these two, well-understood, are they not one and the same? The old Habits of

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 6 Juillet 1792.

France are gone her new Rights and Mights are not yet ascertained, except in Paper-theorem; nor can be, in any sort, till she have tried. Till she have measured herself, in fell death-grip, and were it in utmost preternatural spasm of madness, with Principalities and Powers, with the upper and the under, internal and external; with the Earth and Tophet and the very Heaven! Then will she know — Three things bode ill for the marching of this French Constitution: the French People; the French King; thirdly, the French Noblesse and an assembled European World.

## CHAPTER III.

## Avignon.

Bur quitting generalities, what strange Fact is this, in the far Southwest, towards which the eyes of all men do now, in the end of October, bend themselves? A tragical combustion, long smoking and smouldering unluminous, has now burst into flame there.

Hot is that Southern Provençal blood: alas, collisions, as was once said, must occur in a career of Freedom; different directions will produce such; nay different velocities in the same direction will! To much that went on there, History, busied elsewhere, would not specially give heed: to troubles of Uzez, troubles of Nismes, Protestant and Catholic, Patriot and Aristocrat; to troubles of Marseilles, Montpellier, Arles; to Aristocrat Camp of Jalès, that wondrous real-imaginary Entity, now fading pale-dim, then always again glowing forth deep-hued (in the imagination mainly); — ominous magical, "an Aristocrat picture of war done naturally!" All this was a tragical deadly combustion,

with plot and riot, tumult by night and by day; but a dark combustion, not luminous, not noticed; which now, however, one cannot help noticing.

Above all places, the unluminous combustion in Avignon and the Comtat Venaissin was fierce. Papal Avignon, with its Castle rising sheer over the Rhonestream; beautifullest Town, with its purple vines and gold-orange groves; why must foolish old rhyming Réné, the last Sovereign of Provence, bequeath it to the Pope and Gold Tiara, not rather to Louis Eleventh with the Leaden Virgin in his hatband? For good and for evil! Popes, Antipopes, with their pomp, have dwelt in that Castle of Avignon rising sheer over the Rhone-stream: there Laura de Sade went to hear mass; her Petrarch twanging and singing by the Fountain of Vaucluse hard by, surely in a most melancholy manner. This was in the old days.

And now in these new days, such issues do come from a squirt of the pen by some foolish rhyming Réné, after centuries,—this is what we have: Jourdan Coupe-tête, leading to siege and warfare an Army, from three to fifteen thousand strong, called the Brigands of Avignon; which title they themselves accept, with the addition of an epithet, "The brave Brigands of Avignon!" It is even so. Jourdan the Headsman fied hither from that Châtelet Inquest, from that Insurrection of Women; and began dealing in madder; but the scene was rife in other than dye-stuffs; so Jourdan shut his madder-shop, and has risen, for he was the man to do it The tile-beard of Jourdan is shaven off; his fat visage has got coppered and studded with black carbuncles; the Silenus trunk is swollen with

drink and high living: he wears blue National uniform with epaulettes, "an enormous sabre, two horse-pistols "crossed in his belt, and other two smaller sticking "from his pockets;" styles himself General, and is the tyrant of men.\* Consider this one fact, O Reader; and what sort of facts must have preceded it, must accompany it! Such things come of old Réné; and of the question which has risen, Whether Avignon cannot now cease wholly to be Papal, and become French and free?

For some twenty-five months the confusion has Say three months of arguing; then seven of raging; then finally some fifteen months now of fighting, and even of hanging For already in February 1790, the Papal Aristocrats had set up four gibbets, for a sign; but the People rose in June, in retributive frenzy; and, forcing the public Hangman to act, hanged four Aristocrats, on each Papal gibbet a Papal Haman Then were Avignon Emigrations, Papal Aristocrats emigrating over the Rhone River; demission of Papal Consul, flight, victory: re-entrance of Papal Legate, truce, and new onslaught; and the various turns of war. Petitions there were to National Assembly; Congresses of Townships; three-score and odd Townships voting for French Reunion, and the blessings of Liberty; while some twelve of the smaller, manipulated by Aristocrats, gave vote the other way: with shricks and discord! Township against Township, Town against Town: Carpentras, long jealous of Avignon, is now turned out in open war with it; and Jourdan Coupe-tête, your first General being killed in mutiny, closes his dye-shop; and does there

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin, Evénemens, 1. 267.

visibly, with siege-artillery, above all with bluster and tumult, with the "brave Brigands of Avignon," beleaguer the rival Town, for two months, in the face of the world.

Feats were done, doubt it not, far-famed in Parish History; but to Universal History unknown. Gibbets we see rise, on the one side and on the other; and wretched carcasses swinging there, a dozen in the row; wretched Mayor of Vaison buried before dead.\* The fruitful seedfields lie unreaped, the vineyards trampled down; there is red cruelty, madness of universal choler and gall. Havoc and anarchy everywhere; a combustion most fierce, but unlucent, not to be noticed here! - Finally, as we saw, on the 14th of September last, the National Constituent Assembly, having sent Commissioners and heard them; \*\* having heard Petitions, held Debates, month after month ever since August 1789; and on the whole "spent thirty sittings" on this matter, - did solemnly decree that Avignon and the Comtat were incorporated with France, and his Holiness the Pope should have what indemnity was reasonable.

And so hereby all is amnestied and finished? Alas, when madness of choler has gone through the blood of men, and gibbets have swung on this side and on that, what will a parchment Decree and Lafayette Amnesty do? Oblivious Lethe flows not above ground! Papal Aristocrats and Patriot Brigands are still an eye-sorrow to each other; suspected, suspicious, in

<sup>\*</sup> Barbaroux, Mémoires, p. 26.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Lescene Desmaisons, Compte rendu à l'Assemblée Nationale, 10 Septembre 1791 (Choix des Rapports, vii. 273—93).

what they do and forbear. The august Constituent Assembly is gone but a fortnight, when, on Sunday the Sixteenth morning of October 1791, the unquenched combustion suddenly becomes luminous. For Anticonstitutional Placards are up, and the Statue of the Virgin is said to have shed tears, and grown red \* Wherefore, on that morning, Patriot l'Escuyer, one of our "six leading Patriots," having taken counsel with his brethren and General Jourdan, determines on going to Church, in company with a friend or two: not to hear mass, which he values little; but to meet all the Papalists there in a body, nay to meet that same weeping Virgin, for it is the Cordeliers Church; and give them a word of admonition. Adventurous errand; which has the fatallest issue! What L'Escuyer's word of admonition might be, no History records; but the answer to it was a shrieking howl from the Aristocrat Papal worshippers, many of them women A thousandvoiced shriek and menace; which, as L'Escuyer did not fly, became a thousand-handed hustle and jostle; a thousand-footed kick, with tumblings and tramplings, with the pricking of semstress stilettoes, scissors and female pointed instruments Horrible to behold; the ancient Dead, and Petrarchan Laura, sleeping round it there:\*\* high Altar and burning tapers looking down on it; the Virgin quite tearless, and of the natural stone-colour! - L'Escuyer's friend or two rush off, like Job's Messengers, for Jourdan and the National Force. But heavy Jourdan will seize the Town-Gates first; does not run treble-fast, as he might: on arriving

<sup>\*</sup> Procès-verbal de la Commune d'Avignon, &c. (in Hist. Parl. xii. 419-23).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ugo Foscolo, Essay on Petrarch, p. 35.

at the Cordeliers Church, the Church is silent, vacant, L'Escuyer, all alone, hes there, swimming in his blood, at the foot of the high Altar; pricked with scissors, trodden, massacred;—gives one dumb sob, and gasps out his miserable life forevermore.

Sight to stir the heart of any man; much more of many men, self-styled Brigands of Avignon! The corpse of L'Escuyer, stretched on a bier, the ghastly head girt with laurel, is borne through the streets; with many-voiced unmelodious Nenia; funeral-wail still deeper than it is loud! The copper-face of Jourdan, of bereft Patriotism, has grown black Patriot Municipality despatches official Narrative and tidings to Paris; orders numerous or innumerable arrestments for inquest and perquisition Aristocrats male and female are haled to the Castle; lie crowded in subterranean dungeons there, bemoaned by the hoarse rushing of the Rhone; cut out from help.

So lie they; waiting inquest and perquisition. Alas! with a Jourdan Headsman for Generalissimo, with his copper-face grown black, and armed Brigand Patriots chanting their Nenia, the inquest is likely to be brief. On the next day and the next, let Municipality consent or not, a Brigand Court-Martial establishes itself in the subterranean stories of the Castle of Avignon; Brigand Executioners, with naked sabre, waiting at the door for a Brigand verdict. Short judgment, no appeal! There is Brigand wrath and vengeance; not unfreshed by brandy. Close by is the dungeon of the Glacière, or Ice-Tower: there may be deeds done—? For which language has no name!—Darkness and the shadow of horrid cruelty envelopes these Castle Dungeons, that Glacière Tower: clear only that many have entered,

that few have returned. Jourdan and the Brigands, supreme now over Municipals, over all authorities Patriot or Papal, reign in Avignon, waited on by Terror and Silence.

The result of all which is, that, on the 15th of November 1791, we behold Friend Dampmartin, and subalterns beneath him, and General Choisi above him, with Infantry and Cavalry, and proper cannon-carriages rattling in front, with spread banners, to the sound of fife and drum, wend, in a deliberate formidable manner, towards that sheer Castle Rock, towards those broad Gates of Avignon; three new National-Assembly Commissioners following at safe distance in the rear \* Avignon, summoned in the name of Assembly and Law, flings its Gates wide open; Choisi with the rest, Dampmartin and the "Bons Enfans, Good Boys, of Baufremont,"-so they name these brave Constitutional Dragoons, known to them of old, - do enter, amid shouts and scattered flowers. To the joy of all honest persons; to the terror only of Jourdan Headsman and the Brigands. Nay next we behold carbuncled swollen Jourdan himself show copper-face, with sabre and four pistols; affecting to talk high; engaging, meanwhile, to surrender the Castle that instant. So the Choisi Grenadiers enter with him there They start and stop, passing that Glacière, snuffing its horrible breath; with wild yell, with cries of "Cut the Butcher down!" - and Jourdan has to whisk himself through secret passages, and instantaneously vanish.

Be the mystery of iniquity laid bare then! A Hundred and Thirty Corpses, of men, nay of women and even children (for the trembling mother, hastily seized,

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin, 1. 251-94.

could not leave her infant), lie heaped in that Glacière; putrid, under putridities: the horror of the world For three days there is mournful lifting out, and recognition; amid the cries and movements of a passionate Southern people, now kneeling in prayer, now storming in wild pity and rage lastly there is solemn sepulture, with muffled drums, religious requiem, and all the people's wail and tears. Their Massacred rest now in holy ground; buried in one grave.

And Jourdan Coupe-tête? Him also we behold again, after a day or two: in flight, through the most romantic Petrarchan hill-country; vehemently spurring his nag; young Ligonnet, a brisk youth of Avignon, with Choisi Dragoons, close in his rear! With such swollen mass of a rider no nag can run to advantage The tired nag, spur-driven, does take the River Sorgue; but sticks in the middle of it; firm on that charo fondo da Sorga; and will proceed no further for spurring! Young Ligonnet dashes up; the Copper-face menaces and bellows, draws pistol, perhaps even snaps it; is nevertheless seized by the collar; is tied firm, ancles under horse's belly, and ridden back to Avignon, hardly to be saved from massacre on the streets there.\*

Such is the combustion of Avignon and the Southwest, when it becomes luminous. Long loud debate is in the august Legislative, in the Mother-Society, as to what now shall be done with it. Amnesty, cry eloquent Vergniaud and all Patriots: let there be mutual pardon and repentance, restoration, pacification, and, if so might anyhow be, an end! Which vote ultimately prevails. So the Southwest smoulders and welters

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin, ubi supra,

again in an "Amnesty," or Non-remembrance, which alas cannot but remember, no Lethe flowing above ground! Jourdan himself remains unhanged; gets loose again, as one not yet gallows-ripe; nay, as we transiently discern from the distance, is "carried in triumph through the cities of the South." What things men carry!

With which transient glimpse, of a Copper-faced Portent faring in this manner through the cities of the South, we must quit these regions; - and let them smoulder. They want not their Aristocrats; proud old Nobles, not yet emigrated. Arles has its "Chiffonne," so, in symbolical cant, they name that Aristocrat Secret-Association; Arles has its pavements piled up, by and by, into Aristocrat barricades Against which Rebecqui, the hot-clear Patriot, must lead Marseillese with cannon The Bar of Iron has not yet risen to the top in the Bay of Marseilles; neither have these hot Sons of the Phoceans submitted to be slaves. By clear management and hot instance, Rebecqui dissipates that Chiffonne, without bloodshed; restores the pavement of Arles He sails in Coast-barks, this Rebecqui, scrutinising suspicious Martello-towers, with the keen eye of Patriotism; marches overland with despatch, singly, or in force; to City after City; dim scouring far and wide; \*\* - argues, and if it must be, fights. For there is much to do; Jalès itself is looking suspi-So that Legislator Fauchet, after debate on it, has to propose Commissioners and a Camp on the Plain of Beaucaire; with or without result.

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vii. (Paris 1797), pp. 59-71. \*\* Barbaroux, p. 21, Hist. Parl. xiii. 421-4

Of all which, and much else, let us note only this small consequence, that young Barbaroux, Advocate, Town-Clerk of Marseilles, being charged to have these things remedied, arrives at Paris in the month of Febmary 1792 The beautiful and brave: young Spartan, ripe in energy, not ripe in wisdom; over whose black doom there shall flit nevertheless a certain ruddy fervour, streaks of bright Southern tint, not wholly swallowed of Death! Note also that the Rolands of Lyons are again in Paris; for the second and final time King's Inspectorship is abrogated at Lyons, as elsewhere: Roland has his retiring-pension to claim, if attainable; has Patriot friends to commune with: at lowest, has a Book to publish. That young Barbaroux and the Rolands came together; that elderly Spartan Roland liked, or even loved the young Spartan, and was loved by him, one can fancy: and Madame -? Breathe not, thou poison-breath, Evil-speech! That soul is taintless, clear as the mirror-sea. And vet if they two did look into each other's eyes, and each, in silence, in tragical renunciance, did find that the other was all-too lovely? Honi sout! She calls him "beautiful as Antinous:" he "will speak elsewhere of that astonishing woman" — A Madame d'Udon (or some such name, for Dumont does not recollect quite clearly) gives copious Breakfast to the Brissotin Deputies and us Friends of Freedom, at her House in the Place Vendôme; with temporary celebrity, with graces and wreathed smiles; not without cost. There, amid wide babble and jingle, our plan of Legislative Debate is settled for the day, and much counselling held. Strict Roland is seen there, but does not go often \*

<sup>\*</sup> Dumont, Souvenirs, p. 374.

### CHAPTER IV.

No Sugar

SUCH are our inward troubles; seen in the Cities of the South; extant, seen or unseen, in all cities and districts, North as well as South For in all are Aristocrats, more or less malignant; watched by Patriotism; which again, being of various shades, from light Fayettist-Feuillant down to deep-sombre Jacobin, has to watch even itself.

Directories of Departments, what we call County Magistracies, being chosen by Citizens of a too "active" class, are found to pull one way; Municipalities, Town Magistracies, to pull the other way. In all places too are Dissident Priests; whom the Legislative will have to deal with: contumacious individuals, working on that angriest of passions; plotting, enlisting for Coblentz; or suspected of plotting: fuel of a universal unconstitutional heat What to do with them? They may be conscientious as well as contumacious: gently they should be dealt with, and yet it must be speedily. In unilluminated La Vendée the simple are like to be seduced by them; many a simple peasant, a Cathelineau the wooldealer wayfaring meditative with his woolpacks, in these hamlets, dubiously shakes his head! Two Assembly Commissioners went thither last Autumn; considerate Gensonné, not yet called to be a Senator; Gallois, an editorial man These Two, consulting with General Dumouriez, spake and worked, softly, with judgment; they have hushed down the irritation, and produced a soft Report, - for the time.

The General himself doubts not in the least but he can keep peace there; being an able man He passes

these frosty months among the pleasant people of Niort, occupies "tolerably handsome apartments in the Castle of Niort," and tempers the minds of men.\* Why is there but one Dumouriez? Elsewhere you find, South or North, nothing but untempered obscure jarring; which breaks forth ever and anon into open clangour of riot. Southern Perpignan has its tocsin, by torchlight; with rushing and onslaught: Northern Caen not less, by daylight; with Aristocrats ranged in arms at Places of Worship; Departmental compromise proving impossible; breaking into musketry and a Plot discovered!\*\* Add Hunger too: for bread, always dear, is getting dearer: not so much as Sugar can be had; for good reasons. Poor Simoneau, Mayor of Étampes, in this Northern region, hanging out his Red Flag in some riot of grains, is trampled to death by a hungry exasperated People. What a trade this of Mayor, in these times! Mayor of Saint-Denis hung at the Lanterne, by Suspicion and Dyspepsia, as we saw long since; Mayor of Vaison, as we saw lately, buried before dead; and now this poor Simoneau the Tanner, of Étampes, - whom legal Constitutionalism will not forget.

With factions, suspicions, want of bread and sugar, it is verily what they call déchiré, torn asunder, this poor country: France and all that is French. For, over seas too come bad news In black Saint-Domingo, before that variegated Glitter in the Champs Élysées was lit for an Accepted Constitution, there had risen, and was burning contemporary with it, quite another variegated Glitter and nocturnal Fulgor, had we known it: of molasses and ardent-spirits; of sugar-boileries,

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 129.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xn. 131, 141, xiii. 114, 417.

plantations, furniture, cattle and men: sky-high; the Plan of Cap Français one huge whirl of smoke and flame!

What a change here, in these two years; since that first "Box of Tricolor Cockades" got through the Custom-house, and atrabiliar Creoks too rejoiced that there was a levelling of Bastilles! Levelling is comfortable, as we often say: levelling, yet only down to one's self Your pale-white Creoles have their grievances: - and your yellow Quarteroons? And your darkvellow Mulattoes? And your Slaves soot-black? Quarteroon Ogé, Friend of our Parisian-Brissotin Friends of the Blacks, felt for his share too, that Insurrection was the most sacred of duties. So the tricolor Cockades had fluttered and swashed only some three months on the Creole hat, when Ogé's signalconflagrations went aloft; with the voice of rage and terror. Repressed, doomed to die, he took black powder or seedgrains in the hollow of his hand, this Ogé; sprinkled a film of white ones on the top, and said to his Judges, "Behold they are white;" then shook his hand, and said, "Where are the whites, Où sont les Blancs?"

So now, in the Autumn of 1791, looking from the sky-windows of Cap Français, thick clouds of smoke girdle our horizon, smoke in the day, in the night fire; preceded by fugitive shrieking white women, by Terror and Rumour. Black demonised squadrons are massacring and harrying, with nameless cruelty. They fight and fire "from behind thickets and coverts," for the Black man loves the Bush; they rush to the attack, thousands strong, with brandished cutlasses and fusils, with caperings, shoutings and vociferation, —

which, if the White Volunteer Company stands firm, dwindle into staggerings, into quick gabblement, into panic flight at the first volley, perhaps before it.\* Poor Ogé could be broken on the wheel; this fire-whirlwind too can be abated, driven up into the Mountains: but Saint-Domingo is shaken, as Ogé's seed-grains were; shaking, writhing in long horrid death-throes, it is Black without remedy; and remains, as African Haiti, a monition to the world.

O my Parisian Friends, is not this, as well as Regraters and Fueillant Plotters, one cause of the astonishing dearth of Sugar! The Grocer, palpitant, with drooping lip, sees his Sugar taxé; weighed out by female Patriotism, in instant retail, at the inadequate rate of twenty-five sous, or thirteen pence a pound "Abstain from it?" Yes, ye Patriot Sections, all ye Jacobins, abstain! Louvet and Collot-d'Herbois so advise; resolute to make the sacrifice; though "how shall literary men do without coffee?" Abstain, with an oath; that is the surest!\*\*

Also, for like reason, must not Brest and the Shipping Interest languish? Poor Brest languishes, sorrowing, not without spleen; denounces an Aristocrat Bertrand-Moleville, traitorous Aristocrat Marine-Minister. Do not her Ships and King's Ships lie rotting piecemeal in harbour; Naval Officers mostly fled, and on furlough too, with pay? Little stirring there; if it be not the Brest Galleys, whip-driven, with their Galley-Slaves, — alas, with some Forty of our hapless Swiss Soldiers of Château-Vieux, among others! These Forty Swiss, too mindful of Nanci, do now, in their red wool

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, x 157.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Débats des Jacobins, &c. (Hist. Parl. xiii. 171, 92-8).

caps, tug sorrowfully at the oar; looking into the Atlantic brine, which reflects only their own sorrowful shaggy faces: and seem forgotten of Hope.

But, on the whole, may we not say, in figurative language, that the French Constitution which shall march is very *rheumatic*, full of shooting internal pains, in joint and muscle; and will not march without difficulty?

### CHAPTER V

Kings and Emigrants.

EXTREMELY rheumatic Constitutions have been known to march, and keep on their feet, though in a staggering sprawling manner, for long periods, in virtue of one thing only: that the Head were healthy. But this Head of the French Constitution! What King Louis is and cannot help being, Readers already know. A King who cannot take the Constitution, nor reject the Constitution: nor do any thing at all, but miserably ask, What shall I do? A King environed with endless confusions: in whose own mind is no germ of order. Haughty implacable remnants of Noblesse struggling with humiliated repentant Barnave-Lameths; struggling in that obscure element of fetchers and carriers, of Half-pay braggarts from the Café Valois, of Chambermaids, whisperers, and subaltern officious persons; fierce Patriotism looking on all the while, more and more suspicious, from without: what, in such struggle, can they do? At best, cancel one another, and produce zero. Poor King! Barnave and your Senatorial Jaucourts speak earnestly into this ear; Bertrand-Moleville, and Messengers from Coblentz,

speak earnestly into that: the poor Royal head turns to the one side and to the other side; can turn itself tixedly to no side. Let Decency drop a veil over it. sorrier misery was seldom enacted in the world This one small fact, does it not throw the saddest light on much? The Queen is lamenting to Madame Campan: "What am I to do? When they, these Barnaves, get us advised to any step which the Noblesse do not like, then I am pouted at; nobody comes to my cardtable; the King's Couchee is solitary "\* In such a case of dubiety, what is one to do? Go inevitably to the ground!

The King has accepted this Constitution, knowing beforehand that it will not serve: he studies it, and executes it in the hope mainly that it will be found inexecutable. King's Ships lie rotting in harbour, their officers gone; the Armies disorganised; robbers scour the Highways, which wear down unrepaired; all Public Service lies slack and waste: the Executive makes no effort, or an effort only to throw the blame on the Constitution. Shamming death, "fasant la mort!" What Constitution, use it in this manner, can march? "Grow to disgust the Nation" it will truly,\*\* — unless you first grow to disgust the Nation! It is Bertrand de Moleville's plan, and his Majesty's; the best they can form.

Or if, after all, this best-plan proved too slow; proved a failure? Provident of that too, the Queen, shrouded in deepest mystery, "writes all day, in cipher, day after day, to Coblentz;" Engineer Goguelat, he of the Night of Spurs, whom the Lafayette Amnesty has delivered from Prison, rides and runs. Now and then,

<sup>·</sup> Campan, it. 177, 202.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Bertrand-Moleville, 1. c. 4.

on fit occasion, a Royal familiar visit can be paid to that Salle de Manége, an affecting encouraging Royal Speech (sincere, doubt it not, for the moment) can be delivered there, and the Senators all cheer and almost weep; — at the same time Mallet du Pan has visibly ceased editing, and invisibly bears abroad a King's Autograph, soliciting help from the Foreign Potentates.\* Unhappy Louis, do this thing or else that other, — if thou couldst!

The thing which the King's Government did do was to stagger distractedly from contradiction to contradiction; and wedding Fire to Water, envelope itself in hissing, and ashy steam. Danton and needy corruptible Patriots are sopped with presents of cash: they accept the sop; they rise refreshed by it, and travel their own way.\*\* Nay, the King's Government did likewise hire Hand-clappers, or claqueurs, persons to applaud. Subterranean Rivarol has Fifteen Hundred Men in King's pay, at the rate of some £10,000 sterling per month; what he calls "a staff of genius:" Paragraph-writers, Placard Journalists; "two hundred and eighty Applauders, at three shillings a day:" one of the strangest Staffs ever commanded by man. The muster-rolls and account-books of which still exist \*\*\* Bertrand-Moleville himself, in a way he thinks very dexterous, contrives to pack the Galleries of the Legislative; gets Sansculottes hired to go thither, and applaud at a signal given, they fancying it was Pétion that bade them: a device which was not detected for almost a week. Dexterous enough; as if a man, find-

Moleville, 1. 370.
 \*\*\* Moleville, 1. c. 17.
 \*\*\* Montgaillard, iii. 41.

ing the Day fast decline, should determine on altering the Clock-hands: that is a thing possible for him

Here too let us note an unexpected apparition of Philippe d'Orleans at Court: his last at the Levee of any King. D'Orleans, sometime in the winter months seemingly, has been appointed to that old first-coveted rank of Admiral, - though only over ships rotting in port. The wished-for comes too late! However, he waits on Bertrand-Moleville to give thanks: nay to state that he would willingly thank his Majesty in person; that, in spite of all the horrible things men have said and sung, he is far from being his Majesty's enemy; at bottom, how far! Bertrand delivers the message, brings about the royal Interview, which does pass to the satisfaction of his Majesty; D'Orleans seeming clearly repentant, determined to turn over a new leaf. And yet, next Sunday, what do we see? "Next Sunday," says Bertrand, "he came to the King's "Levee; but the Courtiers ignorant of what had passed, "the Crowd of Royalists who were accustomed to re-"sort thither on that day specially to pay their court, "gave him the most humiliating reception They came "pressing round him; managing, as if by mistake, to "tread on his toes, to elbow him towards the door, "and not let him enter again. He went down stairs "to her Majesty's Apartments, where cover was laid; "so soon as he showed face, sounds rose on all sides, "'Messieurs, take care of the dishes,' as if he had carried "poison in his pockets. The insults, which his pre-"sence everywhere excited, forced him to retire with-"out having seen the Royal Family: the crowd followed "him to the Queen's staircase; in descending, he re-"ceived a spitting (crachat) on the head, and some "others on his clothes. Rage and spite were seen "visibly painted on his face:" \* as indeed how could they miss to be? He imputes it all to the King and Queen, who know nothing of it, who are even much grieved at it; and so descends to his Chaos again. Bertrand was there at the Chateau that day himself, and an eye-witness to these things

For the rest, Non-jurant Priests, and the repression of them, will distract the King's conscience; Emigrant Princes and Noblesse will force him to double-dealing: there must be veto on veto; amid the ever-waxing indignation of men. For Patriotism, as we said, looks on from without, more and more suspicious. Waxing tempest, blast after blast, of Patriotic indignation, from without: dim inorganic whill of Intrigues, Fatuities, within! Inorganic, fatuous; from which the eye turns away. De Staël intrigues for her so gallant Narbonne. to get him made War-Minister; and ceases not, having got him made. The King shall fly to Rouen; shall there, with the gallant Narbonne, properly "modify the Constitution." This is the same brisk Narbonne, who, last year, cut out from their entanglement, by force of dragoons, those poor fugitive Royal Aunts: men sav he is at bottom their Brother, or even more, so scandalous is scandal. He drives now, with his De Stael, rapidly to the Armies, to the Frontier Towns; produces rose-coloured Reports, not too credible; perorates, gesticulates; wavers poising himself on the top, for a moment, seen of men; then tumbles, dismissed, washed away by the Time-flood

Also the fair Princess de Lamballe intrigues, bosomfriend of her Majesty: to the angering of Patriotism.

<sup>\*</sup> Bertrand-Moleville, 1. 177

Beautiful Unfortunate, why did she ever return from England? Her small silver-voice, what can it profit in that piping of the black World-tornado? Which will whirl her, poor fragile Bird of Paradise, against grim rocks. Lamballe and De Stael intrigue visibly, apart or together: but who shall reckon how many others, and in what infinite ways, invisibly! Is there not what one may call an "Austrian Committee," sitting invisible in the Tuileries; centre of an invisible Anti-National Spiderweb, which, for we sleep among mysteries, stretches its threads to the ends of the Earth? Journalist Carra has now the clearest certainty of it: to Brissotin Patriotism, and France generally, it is growing more and more probable.

O Reader, hast thou no pity for this Constitution? Rheumatic shooting pains in its members; pressure of hydrocephale and hysteric vapours on its Brain: a Constitutution divided against itself; which will never march, hardly even stagger! Why were not Drouet and Procureur Sausse in their beds, that unblessed Varennes Night! Why did they not, in the name of Heaven, let the Korff Berline go whither it listed! Nameless incoherency, incompatibility, perhaps prodigies at which the world still shudders, had been spared.

But now comes the third thing that bodes ill for the marching of this French Constitution: besides the French People, and the French King, there is thirdly — the assembled European world. It has become necessary now to look at that also. Fair France is so luminous: and round and round it, is troublous Cimmerian Night. Calonnes, Breteuils hover dim, far-flown; overnetting Europe with intrigues. From Turin to Vienna; to

Berlin, and utmost Petersburg in the frozen North! Great Burke has raised his great voice long ago; eloquently demonstrating that the end of an Epoch is come, to all appearance the end of Civilised Time. Him many answer: Camille Desmoulins, Clootz Speaker of Mankind, Paine the rebellious Needleman, and honourable Gaelic Vindicators in that country and in this: but the great Burke remains unanswerable; "the Age of Chivalry 28 gone," and could not but go, having now produced the still more indomitable Age of Hunger. Altars enough, of the Dubois-Rohan sort, changing to the Gobel-and-Talleyrand sort, are faring by rapid transmutations to, - shall we say, the right Proprietor of them? French Game and French Game-Preservers did alight on the Cliffs of Dover, with cries of distress. Who will say that the end of much is not come? A set of mortals has risen, who believe that Truth is not a printed Speculation, but a practical Fact; that Freedom and Brotherhood are possible in this Earth, supposed always to be Behal's, which "the Supreme Quack" was to inherit! Who will say that Church, State, Throne, Altar are not in danger; that the sacred Strongbox itself, last Palladium of effete Humanity, may not be blasphemously blown upon, and its padlocks undone?

The poor Constituent Assembly might act with what delicacy and diplomacy it would; declare that it abjured meddling with its neighbours, foreign conquest, and so forth; but from the first this thing was to be predicted: that old Europe and new France could not subsist together. A Glorious Revolution, oversetting State-Prisons and Feudalism; publishing, with outburst of Federative Cannon, in face of all the Earth, that Apcarticle, Revolution. IL.

pearance is not Reality, how shall it subsist amid Governments which, if Appearance is not Reality, are — one knows not what? In death-feud, and internecine wrestle and battle, it shall subsist with them; not otherwise.

Rights of Man, printed on Cotton Handkerchiefs, in various dialects of human speech, pass over to the Frankfort Fair \* What say we, Frankfort Fair? They have crossed Euphrates, and the fabulous Hydaspes, wafted themselves beyond the Ural, Altai, Himmalayah; struck off from wood stereotypes, in angular Picture-writing, they are jabbered and jingled of in China and Japan. Where will it stop? Kien-Lung smells mischief, not the remotest Dalai-Lama shall now knead his doughpills in peace. - Hateful to us, as is the Night! Bestir yourselves, ye Defenders of Order! They do bestir themselves: all Kings and Kinglets, with their spiritual temporal array, are astir, their brows clouded with menace Diplomatic emissaries fly swift; Conventions, privy Conclaves assemble; and wise wigs wag, taking what counsel they can

Also, as we said, the Pamphleteer draws pen, on this side and that: zealous fists beat the Pulpit-drum. Not without issue! Did not iron Birmingham, shouting "Church and King," itself knew not why, burst out, last July, into rage, drunkenness and fire; and your Priestleys, and the like, dining there on that Bastille day, get the maddest singeing: scandalous to consider! In which same days, as we can remark, High Potentates, Austrian and Prussian, with Emigrants, were faring towards Pilnitz in Saxony; there, on the 27th of August, they, keeping to themselves what further

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, 1. 256.

"secret Treaty" there might or might not be, did publish their hopes and their threatenings, their Declaration that it was "the common cause of Kings"

Where a will to quarrel is, there is a way. Our readers remember that Pentecost-Night, Fourth of August 1789, when Feudalism fell in a few hours? The National Assembly, in abolishing Feudalism, promised that "compensation" should be given; and did endeavour to give it Nevertheless the Austrian Kaiser answers that his German Princes, for their part, cannot be unfeudalised; that they have Possessions in French Alsace, and Feudal Rights secured to them, for which no conceivable compensation will suffice So this of the Possessioned Princes, "Princes Possessionés," is bandied from Court to Court; covers acres of diplomatic paper at this day: a weariness to the world. Kaunitz argues from Vienna, Delessart responds from Paris, though perhaps not sharply enough The Kaiser and his Possessioned Princes will too evidently come and take compensation, - so much as they can get Nav might one not partition France, as we have done Poland, and are doing, and so pacify it with a vengeance?

From South to North! For actually it is "the common cause of Kings" Swedish Gustav, sworn Knight of the Queen of France, will lead Coalised Armies; — had not Ankarstrom treasonously shot him; for, indeed, there were griefs nearer home \* Austria and Prussia speak at Pilnitz; all men intensely listening. Imperial Rescripts have gone out from Turin; there will be secret Convention at Vienna Catherine of Russia beckons approvingly; will help, were she

<sup>\* 30</sup>th March 1792 (Annual Register, p. 11).

ready. Spanish Bourbon stirs amid his pillows; from him too, even from him, shall there come help Lean Pitt, "the Minister of Preparatives," looks out from his watch-tower in Saint James's, in a suspicious manner. Councillois plotting, Calonnes dim-hovering; — alas, Sergeants 1 ub-a-dubbing openly through all manner of German market-towns, collecting ragged valour!\* Look where you will, immeasurable Obscurantism is girdling this fair France, which, again, will not be girdled by it. Europe is in travail; pang after pang; what a shriek was that of Pilnitz! The birth will be:

Nay the worst feature of the business is this last, still to be named; the Emigrants at Coblentz. So many thousands ranking there, in bitter hate and menace: King's Brothers, all Princes of the Blood except wicked D'Orleans; your duelling De Castries, your eloquent Cazalès; bull-headed Malseignes, a wargod Broglie; Distaff Seigneurs, insulted Officers, all that have ridden across the Rhine-stream; - D'Artois welcoming Abbé Maury with a kiss, and clasping him publicly to his own royal heart! Emigration, flowing over the Frontiers, now in drops, now in streams, in various humours of fear, of petulance, rage and hope, ever since those first Bastille days when D'Artois went, "to shame the citizens of Paris," — has swollen to the size of a Phenomenon for the world Coblentz is become a small extra-national Versailles; a Versailles in partibus: briguing, intriguing, favouritism, strumpetocracy itself, they say, goes on there; all the old activities, on a small scale, quickened by hungry Revenge

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, n. 100-117.

Enthusiasm, of loyalty, of hatred and hope, has risen to a high pitch; as, in any Coblentz tavern you may hear, in speech and in singing. Maury assists in the interior Council; much is decided on: for one thing, they keep lists of the dates of your emigrating; a month sooner, or a month later, determines your greater or your less right to the coming Division of the Spoil. Cazalès himself, because he had occasionally spoken with a Constitutional tone, was looked on coldly at first: so pure are our principles.\* And arms are a-hammering at Liége; "three thousand horses" ambling hitherward from the Fairs of Germany: Cavalry enrolling; likewise Foot-soldiers; "in blue coat, red waist-coat and nankeen trousers."\*\* They have their secret domestic correspondences, as their open foreign: with disaffected Crypto-Aristocrats, with contumacious Priests, with Austrian Committee in the Tuileries. Deserters are spirited over by assiduous crimps; Royal-Allemand is gone almost wholly Their route of march, towards France and the Division of the Spoil, is marked out, were the Kaiser once ready. "It is said, they mean to poison the sources; but," adds Patriotism making report of it, "they will not poison the source of Liberty;" whereat "on applaudit," we cannot but applaud. Also they have manufactories of False Assignats; and men that circulate in the interior, distributing and disbursing the same; one of these we denounce now to Legislative Patriotism: "a man Lebrun by name; about thirty "years of age, with blonde hair and in quantity; has," only for the time

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, ili. 5—17. Toulongeon, ubi suprà.

\*\* See Hist. Parl. xiii. 11—38, 41—61, 358, &c.

being surely, "a black-eye, all poché; goes in a uisli "with a black horse," — always keeping his Gig!

Unhappy Emigrants, it was their lot, and the lot of France! They are ignorant of much that they should know: of themselves, of what is around them, A Political Party that knows not when it is beaten. may become one of the fatallest of things, to itself, and to all. Nothing will convince these men that they cannot scatter the French Revolution at the first blast of their war-trumpet; that the French Revolution is other than a blustering Effervescence, of brawlers and spouters, which, at the flash of chivalrous broadswords, at the rustle of gallows-ropes, will burrow itself, in dens the deeper the welcomer But, alas, what man does know and measure himself, and the things that are round him; - else where were the need of physical fighting at all? Never, till they are cleft asunder, can these heads believe that a Sansculottic arm has any vigour in it: cleft asunder, it will be too late to believe

One may say, without spleen against his poor erring brothers of any side, that above all other mischiefs, this of the Emigrant Nobles acted fatally on France Could they have known, could they have understood! In the beginning of 1789, a splendour and a terror still surrounded them: the Conflagration of their Châteaux, kindled by months of obstinacy, went out after the Fourth of August; and might have continued out, had they at all known what to defend, what to relinquish as indefensible They were still a graduated Hierarchy of Authorities, or the accredited similitude

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 2 Novembre 1791 (Hist. Parl. xii. 212.)

of such: they sat there, uniting King with Commonalty; transmitting and translating gradually, from degree to degree, the command of the one into the obedience of the other; rendering command and obedience still possible. Had they understood their place, and what to do in it, this French Revolution, which went forth explosively in years and in months, might have spread itself over generations; and not a torture-death but a quiet euthanasia have been provided for many things

But they were proud and high, these men: they were not wise to consider. They spurned all from them in disdainful hate, they drew the sword and flung away the scabbard France has not only no Hierarchy of Authorities, to translate command into obedience; its Hierarchy of Authorities has fled to the enemies of France; calls loudly on the enemies of France to interfere armed, who want but a pretext to do that. Jealous Kings and Kaisers might have looked on long, meditating interference, yet afraid and ashamed to interfere: but now do not the King's Brothers, and all French Nobles, Dignitaries and Authorities that are free to speak, which the King himself is not, passionately invite us, in the name of Right and of Might? Ranked at Coblentz, from Fifteen to Twenty thousand stand now brandishing their weapons, with the cry: On, on! Yes, Messieurs, you shall on; and divide the spoil according to your dates of emigrating.

Of all which things a poor Legislative Assembly, and Patriot France, is informed: by denunciant friend, by triumphant foe. Sulleau's Pamphlets, of the Rivarol Staff of Genius, circulate; heralding supreme hope.

Durosoy's Placards tapestry the walls; Chant du Coq crows day, pecked at by Tallien's Ami des Citouens. King's-Friend Royou, Ami du Roi, can name, in exact arithmetical ciphers, the contingents of the various Invading Potentates; in all. Four hundred and nineteen thousand Foreign fighting men, with Fifteen thousand Emigrants Not to reckon these your daily and hourly desertions, which an Editor must daily record, of whole Companies, and even Regiments, crying Vive le Roi, Vive la Reme, and maiching over with banners spread: - lies all, and wind; yet to Patriotism not wind; nor, alas, one day, to Royou! Patriotism, therefore, may brawl and babble yet a little while: but its hours are numbered: Europe is coming with Four hundred and nineteen thousand and the Chivalry of France; the gallows, one may hope, will get its own

## CHAPTER VI.

Brigands and Jalès.

WE shall have War, then; and on what terms! With an Executive "pretending," really with less and less deceptiveness now, "to be dead;" casting even a wishful eye towards the enemy: on such terms we shall have War.

Public Functionary in vigorous action there is none; if it be not Rivarol with his Staff of Genius and Two hundred and eighty Applauders. The Public Service lies waste; the very Taxgatherer has forgotten his cunning: in this and the other Provincial Board of Management (Directoire de Département) it is found advisable

Ami-du-Roi Newspaper (in Hist. Parl. xiii. 175).

to retam what Taxes you can gather, to pay your own inevitable expenditures Our Revenue is Assignats; emission on emission of Paper-money. And the Army; our Three grand Armies, of Rochambeau, of Luckner, of Lafayette? Lean, disconsolate hover these Three grand Armies, watching the Frontiers there; three Flights of long-necked Cranes in moulting time; — wrecked, disobedient, disorganised; who never saw fire, the old Generals and Officers gone across the Rhine War-minister Narbonne, he of the rose-coloured Reports, solicits recruitments, equipments, money, always money; threatens, since he can get none, to "take his sword," which belongs to himself, and go serve his country with that!\*

The question of questions is: What shall be done? Shall we, with a desperate defiance which Fortune sometimes favours, draw the sword at once, in the face of this in-rushing world of Emigration and Obscurantism; or wait, and temporise and diplomatise, till, if possible, our resources mature themselves a little? And yet again, are our resources growing towards maturity; or growing the other way? Dubious: the ablest Patriots are divided; Brissot and his Brissotins, or Girondins, in the Legislative, cry aloud for the former defiant plan; Robespierre, in the Jacobins, pleads as loud for the latter dilatory one: with responses, even with mutual reprimands; distracting the Mother of Patriotism. Consider also what agitated Breakfasts there may be at Madame d'Udon's in the Place Vendôme! The alarm of all men is great. Help, ye Patriots; and O at least agree; for the hour presses. Frost was not yet gone,

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 23 Janvier 1792, Biographie des Ministres, § Narbonne.

when in that "tolerably handsome apartment of the Castle of Niort," there arrived a Letter: General Dunouriez must to Paiis. It is War-Minister Narbonne hat writes; the General shall give counsel about many hings.\* In the month of February 1792, Brissotin riends welcome their Dumouriez Polymetis, — comparable really to an antique Ulysses in modern costume; quick, elastic, shifty, insuppressible, a "many-counselled man"

Let the Reader fancy this fair France with a whole Cimmerian Europe girdling her, rolling in on her, black, to burst in red thunder of War; fair France herself hand-shackled and foot-shackled in the weltering complexities of this Social Clothing, or Constitution, which they have made for her; a France that, in such Constitution, cannot march! And Hunger too; and plotting Aristocrats, and excommunicating Dissident Priests: "the man Lebrun by name" urging his black wiski, visible to the eye; and, still more terrible in his invisibility, Engineer Goguelat, with Queen's cipher, riding and running!

The excommunicatory Priests give new trouble in the Maine and Loire; La Vendée, nor Cathelineau the wool-dealer, has not ceased grumbling and rumbling. Nay behold Jalès itself once more: how often does that real-imaginary Camp of the Fiend require to be extinguished! For near two years now, it has waned faint and again waxed bright, in the bewildered soul of Patriotism: actually, if Patriotism knew it, one of the most surprising products of Nature working with Art. Royalist Seigneurs, under this or the other pretext,

<sup>&</sup>quot; Dumouriez, 11. c. 6.

assemble the simple people of these Cevennes Mountains; men not unused to revolt, and with heart for fighting, could their poor heads be got persuaded. The Royalist Seigneur harangues, harping mainly on the religious string: "True Priests maltreated, false Priests intruded, Protestants (once dragooned) now triumphing, things sacred given to the dogs;" and so produces, from the pious Mountaineer throat, rough growlings. "Shall we not testify, then, ye brave hearts of the Cevennes; march to the rescue? Holy Religion; duty to God and the King?" - "Si fait, si fait, Just so, just so," answer the brave hearts always: "Mais il y a de bien bonnes choses dans la Révolution, But there are main good things in the Revolution too!" - And so the matter, cajole as we may, will only turn on its axis, not stir from the spot, and remains theatrical merely.\*

Nevertheless deepen your cajolery, harp quick and quicker, ye Royalist Seigneurs; with a dead-lift effort you may bring it to that In the month of June next, this Camp of Jalès will step forth as a theatrically suddenly become real; Two thousand strong, and with the boast that it is Seventy thousand: most strange to see; with flags flying, bayonets fixed; with Proclamation, and D'Artois Commission of civil war! Let some Rebecqui, or other the like hot-clear Patriot; let some "Lieutenant-Colonel Aubry," if Rebecqui is busy elsewhere, raise instantaneous National Guards, and disperse and dissolve it; and blow the Old Castle asunder,\*\* that so, if possible, we hear of it no more!

In the Months of February and March, it is re-

Dampmartin, 1. 201.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 15. Juillet 1792.

corded, the terror, especially of rural France, had risen even to the transcendental pitch: not far from madness. In Town and Hamlet is rumour, of war, massacre: that Austrians, Aristocrats, above all, that The Brigands are close by. Men quit their houses and huts; rush fugitive, shrieking, with wife and child, they know not whither. Such a terror, the eye-witnesses say, never fell on a Nation; nor shall again fall, even in Reigns of Terror expressly so-called. The Countries of the Loire, all the Central and Southeast regions, start up distracted, "simultaneously as by an electric shock;" - for indeed grain too gets scarcer and scarcer. "The "people barricade the entrances of Towns, pile stones "in the upper stories, the women prepare boiling water; "from moment to moment, expecting the attack. "the Country, the alarm-bell rings incessant; troops "of peasants, gathered by it, scour the highways, seek-"ing an imaginary enemy. They are armed mostly "with scythes stuck in wood; and, arriving in wild "troops at the barricaded Towns, are themselves some-"times taken for Brigands."\*

So rushes old France: old France is rushing down. What the end will be is known to no mortal; that the end is near all mortals may know.

# CHAPTER VII.

Constitution will not march.

To all which our poor Legislative, tied up by an unmarching Constitution, can oppose nothing, by way of remedy, but mere bursts of parliamentary eloquence!

<sup>\*</sup> Newspapers, &c. (in Hist. Parl. xiii. 325).

They go on, debating, denouncing, objurgating: loud weltering Chaos, which devours itself.

But their two thousand and odd Decrees? Reader, these happily concern not thee, nor me. Mere Occasional-Decrees, foolish and not foolish; sufficient for that day was its own evil! Of the whole two thousand there are not now half a score, and these mostly blighted in the bud by royal Veto, that will profit or disprofit On the 17th of January, the Legislative, for one thing, got its High Court, its Haute Cour, set up at Orleans. The theory had been given by the Constituent, in May last, but this is the reality: a Court for the trial of Political Offences: a Court which cannot want work. To this it was decreed that there needed no royal Acceptance, therefore that there could be no Also Priests can now be married; ever since last October. A patriotic adventurous Priest had made bold to marry himself then; and not thinking this enough, came to the bar with his new spouse: that the whole world might hold honeymoon with him, and a Law be obtained.

Less joyful are the Laws against Refractory Priests; and yet not less needful! Decrees on Priests and Decrees on Emigrants: these are the two brief Series of Decrees, worked out with endless debate, and then cancelled by Veto, which mainly concern us here. For an august National Assembly must needs conquer these Refractories, Clerical or Laic, and thumbscrew them into obedience; yet, behold, always as you turn your legislative thumbscrew, and will press and even crush till Refractories give way, — King's Veto steps in with magical paralysis; and your thumbscrew, hardly squeezing, much less crushing, does not act!

Truly a melancholy Set of Decrees, a pair of Sets; paralysed by Veto! First, under date the 28th of October 1791, we have Legislative Proclamation, issued by herald and bill-sticker; inviting Monsieur, the King's Brother, to return within two months, under penalties. To which invitation Monsieur replies nothing; or indeed replies by Newspaper Parody, inviting the august Legislative "to return to common sense within two months," under penalties Whereupon the Legislative must take stronger measures. So, on the 9th of November, we declare all Emigrants to be "suspect of conspiracy;" and, in brief, to be "outlawed," if they have not returned at Newyear's-day: - Will the King say Veto? That "triple impost" shall be levied on these men's Properties, or even their Properties be "put in sequestration," one can understand But further, on Newyear's-day itself, not an individual having "returned," we declare, and with fresh emphasis some fortnight later again declare. That Monsieur is déchu. forfeited of his eventful Heirship to the Crown; nay more, that Condé, Calonne, and a considerable List of others are accused of high treason: and shall be judged by our High Court of Orleans: Veto! - Then again as to Non-jurant Priests: it was decreed, in November last, that they should forfeit what Pensions they had; be "put under inspection, under surveillance," and, if need were, be banished: Veto! A still sharper turn is coming; but to this also the answer will be. Veto.

Veto after Veto! your thumbscrew paralysed! Gods and men may see that the Legislative is in a false position. As, alas, who is in a true one? Voices already murmur for a "National Convention."\* This poor

<sup>\*</sup> December 1791 (Hist. Parl. xii. 257).

Legislative, spurred and stung into action by a whole France and a whole Europe, cannot act; can only objurgate and perorate; with stormy "motions," and motion in which is no way; with effervescence, with noise and fuliginous fury!

What scenes in that National Hall! President jingling his inaudible bell; or, as utmost signal of distress, clapping on his hat; "the tumult subsiding in twenty minutes," and this or the other indiscreet Member sent to the Abbaye Prison for three days! Suspected Persons must be summoned and questioned; old M de Sombreuil of the *Invalides* has to give account of himself, and why he leaves his Gates open Unusual smoke rose from the Sèvres Pottery, indicating conspiracy; the Potters explained that it was Necklace-Lamotte's *Mémoires*, bought up by her Majesty, which they were endeavouring to suppress by fire, "—which nevertheless he that runs may still read

Again, it would seem, Duke de Brissac and the King's Constitutional-Guard are "making cartridges secretly in the cellars:" a set of Royalists, pure and impure; black cut-throats many of them, picked out of gaming-houses and sinks; in all Six thousand instead of Eighteen hundred; who evidently gloom on us every time we enter the Château \*\* Wherefore, with infinite debate, let Brissac and King's Guard be disbanded. Disbanded accordingly they are; after only two months of existence, for they did not get on foot till March of this same year. So ends briefly the King's new Constitutional Maison Militaire; he must now be guarded by mere Swiss and blue Nationals again. It seems the

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 28 Mai 1792; Campan, 11. 196

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 168.

lot of Constitutional things. New Constitutional Maison Civile he would never even establish, much as Barnave urged it; old resident Duchesses sniffed at it, and held aloof; on the whole her Majesty thought it not worth while, the Noblesse would so soon be back triumphant.\*

Or, looking still into this National Hall and its scenes, behold Bishop Torné, a Constitutional Prelate, not of severe morals, demanding that "religious costumes and such caricatures" be abolished Bishop Torné warms, catches fire; finishes by untying, and indignantly flinging on the table, as if for gage or bet, his own pontifical cross. Which cross, at any rate, is instantly covered by the cross of *Te-Deum* Fauchet, then by other crosses, and insignia, till all are stripped; this clerical Senator clutching off his skull-cap, that other his frill-collar, — lest Fanaticism return on us \*\*\*

Quick is the movement here! And then so confused, unsubstantial, you might call it almost spectral: pallid, dim, inane, like the Kingdoms of Dis! Unruly Linguet, shrunk to a kind of spectre for us, pleads here some cause that he has; amid rumour and interruption, which excel human patience: he "tears his papers, and withdraws," the irascible adust little man Nay honourable Members will tear their papers, being effervescent: Merlin of Thionville tears his papers, crying: "So, the People cannot be saved by you!" Nor are Deputations wanting: Deputations of Sections; generally with complaint and denouncement, always with Patriot fervour of sentiment. Deputation of Women, pleading that they also may be allowed to take Pikes, and exer-

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. c. 19.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur, du 7 Avril 1792, Deux Amis, vii. 111.

cise in the Camp-de-Mars Why not, ye Amazons, if it be in you? Then occasionally, having done our message and got answer, we "defile through the Hall, singing ca-ira;" or rather roll and whirl through it, "dancing our ronde patriotique the while," — our new Carmagnole, or Pyrrhic war-dance and liberty-dance Patriot Huguenin, Ex-Advocate, Ex-Carbineer, Ex-Clerk of the Barriers, comes deputed, with Saint Antoine at his heels; denouncing Anti-patriotism, Famine, Forstalment and Man-eaters; asks an august Legislative: "Is there not a tocsin in your hearts against these mangeurs d'hommes!" \*

But above all things, for this is a continual business, the Legislative has to reprimand the King's Ministers Of his Majesty's Ministers we have said hitherto, and say, next to nothing. Still more spectral these! Sorrowful; of no permanency any of them, none at least since Montmorin vanished: the "eldest of the King's Council" is occasionally not ten days old \*\* Feuillant-Constitutional, as your respectable Cahier de Gerville, as your respectable unfortunate Delessarts; or Royalist-Constitutional, as Montmorin last Friend of Necker; or Aristocrat, as Bertrand-Moleville they flit there phantom-like, in the huge simmering confusion; poor shadows, dashed in the racking winds; powerless, without meaning; — whom the human memory need not charge itself with

But how often, we say, are these poor Majesty's Ministers summoned over; to be questioned, tutored; nay threatened, almost bullied! They answer what, with adroitest simulation and casuistry, they can. of

<sup>\*</sup> See Moniteur, Séances (in Hist. Parl, xiii, xiv.).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 137.

which a poor Legislative knows not what to make. One thing only is clear, That Cimmerian Europe is girdling us in; that France (not actually dead, surely?) cannot march Have a care, ye Ministers! Sharp Guadet transfixes you with cross-questions, with sudden Advocate-conclusions; the sleeping tempest that is in Vergniaud can be awakened. Restless Brissot brings up Reports, Accusations, endless thin Logic; it is the man's highday even now Condorcet redacts, with his firm pen, our "Address of the Legislative Assembly to the French Nation."\* Fiery Max Isnard, who, for the rest, will "carry not Fire and Sword" on those Cimmerian Enemies "but Liberty," - is for declaring "that we hold Ministers responsible; and that by responsibility we mean death, nous entendons la mort."

For verily it grows serious the time presses, and traitors there are Bertrand-Moleville has a smooth tongue, the known Aristocrat; gall in his heart How his answers and explanations flow ready; jesuitic, plausible to the ear! But perhaps the notablest is this, which befell once when Bertrand had done answering and was withdrawn. Scarcely had the august Assembly begun considering what was to be done with him, when the Hall fills with smoke. Thick sour smoke: no oratory, only wheezing and barking; — irremediable; so that the august Assembly has to adjourn!\*\* A miracle? Typical miracle? One knows not: only this one seems to know, that "the Keeper of the Stoves was appointed by Bertrand" or by some underling of his! — O fuli-

<sup>\* 16</sup>th February 1792 (Choix des Rapports, viii. 375-92).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Courrier-de-Paris, 14 Janvier 1792 (Gorsas's Newspaper), in Hist. Parl, xii, 83.

ginous confused Kingdom of Dis, with thy Tantalus-Ixion toils, with thy angry Fire-floods, and Streams named of Lamentation, why hast thou not thy Lethe too, that so one might finish?

#### CHAPTER VIII.

The Jacobins.

NEVERTHELESS let not Patriotism despair. Have we not, in Paris at least, a virtuous Pétion, a wholly Patriotic Municipality? Virtuous Pétion, ever since November, is Mayor of Paris in our Municipality, the Public, for the Public is now admitted too, may behold an energetic Danton; further an epigrammatic slow-sure Manuel; a resolute unrepentant Billaud-Varennes, of Jesuit breeding; Tallien able-editor, and nothing but Patriots, better or worse So ran the November Elections: to the joy of most citizens; nay the very Court supported Pétion rather than Lafayette And so Bailly and his Feuillants, long waning like the Moon, had to withdraw then, making some sorrowful obeisance.\* into extinction; - or indeed into worse, into lurid half-light, grimmed by the shadow of that Red Flag of theirs, and bitter memory of the Champ-de-Mars How swift is the progress of things and men' Not now does Lafayette, as on that Federation-day, when his noon was, "press his sword firmly on the Fatherland's Altar," and swear in sight of France: ah no; he, waning and setting ever since that hour, hangs now, disastrous, on the edge of the horizon; commanding one of those Three moulting Crane-flights of Armies, in a most suspected, unfruitful, uncomfortable manner

<sup>\*</sup> Discours de Bailly, Réponse de Pétion (Moniteur du 20 Novembre 1791).

But, at worst, cannot Patriotism, so many thousands strong in this Metropolis of the Universe, help itself? Has it not right-hands, pikes? Hammering of Pikes, which was not to be prohibited by Mayor Bailly, has been sanctioned by Mayor Pétion; sanctioned by Legislative Assembly. How not, when the King's so-called Constitutional Guard "was making cartridges in secret?" Changes are necessary for the National Guard itself; this whole Feuillant-Aristocrat Staff of the Guard must be disbanded. Likewise, citizens without uniform may surely rank in the Guard, the pike beside the musket, in such a time the "active" citizen and the passive who can fight for us, are they not both welcome? -O my Patriot friends; indubitably Yes! Nay the truth is, Patriotism throughout, were it never so white-frilled, logical, respectable, must either lean itself heartily on Sansculottism, the black, bottomless; or else vanish, in the frightfullest way, to Limbo! Thus some, with upturned nose, will altogether sniff and disdain Sansculottism; others will lean heartily on it; nay others again will lean what we call heartlessly on it: three sorts: each sort with a destiny corresponding.

In such point of view, however, have we not for the present a Volunteer Ally, stronger than all the rest, namely, Hunger? Hunger; and what rushing of Panic Terror this and the sum-total of our other miseries may bring! For Sansculottism grows by what all other things die of Stupid Peter Baille almost made an epigram, though unconsciously, and with the Patriot world laughing not at it but at him, when he wiote: "Tout va bien ici, le pain manque, All goes well here, "food is not to be had"\*

<sup>\*</sup> Barbaroux, p. 94.

Neither, if you knew it, is Patriotism without her Constitution that can march; her not impotent Parliament; or call it, Ecumenic Council, and General-Assembly of the Jean-Jacques Churches, the MOTHER-Society, namely! Mother-Society with her threehundred full-grown Daughters; with what we can call little Grand-daughters trying to walk, in every village of France, numerable, as Burke thinks, by the hun-This is the true Constitution: made dred thousand not by Twelve-Hundred august Senators, but by Nature herself, and has grown, unconsciously, out of the wants and the efforts of these Twenty-five Millions of They are "Lords of the Articles," our Jacobins; they originate debates for the Legislative; discuss Peace and War; settle beforehand what the Legislative is to do Greatly to the scandal of philosophical men, and of most Historians; - who do in that judge naturally, and yet not wisely. A Governing Power must exist: your other powers here are simulacra; this power is it.

Great is the Mother-Society she has had the honour to be denounced by Austrian Kauntz;\* and is all the dearer to Patriotism By fortune and valour she has extinguished Feuillantism itself, at least the Feuillant Club This latter, high as it once carried its head, she, on the 18th of February, has the satisfaction to see shut, extinct; Patriots having gone thither, with tumult, to hiss it out of pain The Mother-Society has enlarged her locality, stretches now over the whole nave of the Church Let us glance in, with the worthy Toulongeon, our old Ex-Constituent Friend, who happily has eyes to see. "The nave of the Ja-

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 29 Mars 1792.

"cobins Church," says he, "is changed into a vast Cir-"cus, the seats of which mount up circularly like an "amphitheatre to the very groin of the domed roof. "A high Pyramid of black marble, built against one "of the walls, which was formerly a funeral monu-"ment, has alone been left standing: it serves now as "back to the Office-bearers' Bureau Here on an "elevated Platform sit President and Secretaries, be-"hind and above them the white Busts of Mirabeau, "of Franklin, and various others, nay finally of Marat "Facing this is the Tribune, raised till it is midway "between floor and groin of the dome, so that the "speaker's voice may be in the centre From that "point thunder the voices which shake all Europe: "down below, in silence, are forging the thunderbolts "and the firebrands Penetrating into this huge cir-"cuit, where all is out of measure, gigantic, the mind "cannot repress some movement of terror and wonder; "the imagination recalls those dread temples which "Poetry, of old, had consecrated to the Avenging "Deities " \*

Scenes too are in this Jacobin Amphitheatre, — had History time for them Flags of the "Three Free Peoples of the Universe," trinal brotherly flags of England, America, France, have been waved here in concert; by London Deputation, of Whigs or Wighs and their Club, on this hand, and by young French Citoyennes on that; beautiful sweet-tongued Female Citizens, who solemnly send over salutation and brotherhood, also Tricolor stitched by their own needle, and finally Ears of Wheat; while the dome rebellows with Vivent les trois peuples libres! from all throats:

— a most dramatic scene. Demoiselle Théroigne recites, from that Tribune in mid air, her persecutions in Austria; comes leaning on the arm of Joseph Chénier, Poet Chénier, to demand Liberty for the hapless Swiss of Château-Vieux \* Be of hope, ye forty Swiss; tugging there, in the Brest waters; not forgotten

Deputy Brissot perorates from that Tribune; Desmoulins, our wicked Camille, interjecting audibly from below, "Coquin!" Here, though oftener in the Cordeliers, reverberates the lion-voice of Danton; grim Billaud-Varennes is here; Collot d'Herbois, pleading for the Forty Swiss; tearing a passion to rags. Apophthegmatic Manuel winds up in this pithy way: "A Minister must perish!" - to which the Amphitheatre responds: "Tous, Tous, All, All!" But the Chief Priest and Speaker of this place, as we said, is Robespierre, the long-winded incorruptible man What spirit of Patriotism dwelt in men in those times, this one fact, it seems to us, will evince: that fifteen hundred human creatures, not bound to it, sat quiet under the oratory of Robespierre; nay, listened nightly, hour after hour, applausive; and gaped as for the word of life. More insupportable individual, one would say, seldom opened his mouth in any Tribune. Acrid, implacable-impotent, dull-drawling, barren as the Harmattan-wind He pleads, in endless earnest-shallow speech, against immediate War, against Woollen Caps or Bonnets Rouges, against many things; and is the Trismegistus and Dalai-Lama of Patriot men. Whom nevertheless a shrill-voiced little man, yet with fine eyes, and a broad beautifully sloping brow, rises re-

<sup>\*</sup> Débats des Jacobins (Hist. Parl xii). 259, &c.).

spectfully to controvert; he is, say the Newspaper Reporters, "M Louvet, Author of the charming Romance of Faublas" Steady, ye Patriots! Pull not yet two ways; with a France rushing panic-stricken in the rural districts, and a Cimmerian Europe storming in on you!

## CHAPTER IX.

Minister Roland.

About the vernal equinox, however, one unexpected gleam of hope does burst forth on Patriotism: the appointment of a thoroughly Patriot Ministry. This also his Majesty, among his innumerable experiments of wedding fire to water, will try. Quod bonun sit. Madame d'Udon's Breakfasts have jingled with a new significance; not even Genevese Dumont but had a word in it. Finally, on the 15th and onwards to the 23d day of March, 1792, when all is negotiated,—this is the blessed issue; this Patriot Ministry that we see

General Dumouriez, with the Foreign Portfolio, shall ply Kaunitz and the Kaiser, in another style than did poor Delessarts; whom indeed we have sent to our High Court of Orleans for his sluggishness War-Minister Narbonne is washed away by the Time-flood; poor Chevalier de Grave, chosen by the Court, is fast washing away: then shall austere Servan, able Engineer-Officer, mount suddenly to the War Department. Genevese Clavière sees an omen realised: passing the Finance Hôtel, long years ago, as a poor Genevese exile, it was borne wondrously on his mind that he was to be Finance-Minister; and now he is it;

— and his poor Wife, given up by the Doctors, rises and walks, not the victim of nerves but their van-quisher \* And above all, our Minister of the Interior? Roland de la Platrière, he of Lyons! So have the Brissotins, public or private Opinion, and Breakfasts in the Place Vendôme, decided it. Strict Roland, compared to a Quaker endimanché, or Sunday Quaker, goes to kiss hands at the Tuileries, in round hat and sleek hair, his shoes tied with mere riband or ferrat. The Supreme Usher twitches Dumouriez aside: "Quoi, Monsieur! No buckles to his shoes?" — "Ah, Monsieur," answers Dumouriez, glancing towards the ferrat: "All is lost. Tout est perdu" \*\*\*

And so our fair Roland removes from her upperfloor in the Rue Saint-Jacques, to the sumptuous saloons once occupied by Madame Necker Nay still earlier, it was Calonne that did all this gilding; it was he who ground these lustres, Venetian mirrors; who polished this inlaying, this veneering and or-moulu; and made it, by rubbing of the proper lamp, an Aladdin's Palace: - and now behold, he wanders dimflitting over Europe, half-drowned in the Rhine-stream, scarcely saving his Papers! Vos non vobis. - The fair Roland, equal to either fortune, has her public Dinner on Fridays, the Ministers all there in a body: she withdraws to her desk (the cloth once removed), and seems busy writing; nevertheless loses no word: if, for example, Deputy Brissot and Minister Clavière get too hot in argument, she, not without timidity, yet with a cunning gracefulness, will interpose. Deputy Brissot's head, they say, is getting giddy, in this sudden height; as feeble heads do.

<sup>\*</sup> Dumont, c. 20, 21.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Madame Roland, 11. 80-115.

Envious men insinuate that the Wife Roland is Minister, and not the Husband it is happily the worst they have to charge her with. For the rest, let whose head soever be getting giddy, it is not this brave woman's Serene and queenly here, as she was of old in her own hired garret of the Ursulines Convent! She who has quietly shelled French-beans for her dinner; being led to that, as a young maiden, by quiet insight and computation; and knowing what that was, and what she was such a one will also look quietly on or-moulu and veneering, not ignorant of these either. Calonne did the veneering: he gave dinners here, old Besenval diplomatically whispering to him; and was great: yet Calonne we saw at last "walk with long strides" Necker next: and where now is Necker? Us also a swift change has brought hither; a swift change will send us hence Not a Palace but a Caravansera!

So wags and wavers this unrestful World, day after day, month after month The Streets of Paris, and all Cities, roll daily their oscillatory flood of men; which flood does nightly disappear, and he hidden horizontal in beds and trucklebeds; and awakes on the morrow to new perpendicularity and movement. Men go their roads, foolish or wise; — Engineer Goguelat to and fro, bearing Queen's cipher A Madame de Staèl is busy; cannot clutch her Narbonne from the Time-flood: a Princess de Lamballe is busy; cannot help her Queen. Barnave, seeing the Feuillants dispersed, and Coblentz so brisk, begs by way of final recompense to kiss her Majesty's hand; "augurs not well of her new course;" and retires home to Grenoble,

to wed an heiress there The Café Valois and Méot the Restaurateur's hear daily gasconade; loud babble of Half-pay Royalists, with or without pomards Remnants of Aristocrat saloons call the new Ministry Ministère-Sansculotte. A Louvet, of the Romance Faublas, is busy in the Jacobins A Cazotte, of the Romance Diable Amoureux, is busy elsewhere: better wert thou quiet, old Cazotte; it is a world, this, of magic become real! All men are busy; doing they only half guess what:—flinging seeds, of tares mostly, into the "Seed-field of Time" this, by and by, will declare wholly what.

But Social Explosions have in them something dread, and as it were mad and magical; which indeed Life always secretly has: thus the dumb Earth (says Fable), if you pull her mandrake-roots, will give a demonic mad-making moan. These Explosions and Revolts ripen, break forth like dumb dread Forces of Nature; and yet they are Men's forces; and yet we are part of them. the Demonic that is in man's life has burst out on us, will sweep us too away! — One day here is like another, and yet it is not like but different How much is growing, silently resistless, at all moments! Thoughts are growing; forms of Speech are growing, and Customs and even Costumes, still more visibly are actions and transactions growing, and that doomed Strife of France with herself and with the whole world.

The word Liberty is never named now except in conjunction with another; Liberty and Equality. In like manner, what, in a reign of Liberty and Equality, can these words, "Sir," "Obedient Servant," "Honour to be," and such like, signify? Tatters and fibres of old Feudality; which, were it only in the Grammatical

province, ought to be rooted out! The Mother-Society has long since had proposals to that effect: these she could not entertain; not, at the moment. Note too how the Jacobin Brethren are mounting new Symbolical head-gear the Woollen Cap or Nightcap, bonnet de lame, better known as bonnet rouge, the colour being red. A thing one wears not only by way of Phrygian Capof-Liberty, but also for convenience'-sake, and then also in compliment to the Lower-class Patriots and Bastille-Heroes; for the Red Nightcap combines all the three properties. Nay cockades themselves begin to be made of wool, of tricolor yarn: the riband-cockade, as a symptom of Feuillant Upper-class temper, is becoming suspicious Signs of the times.

Still more, note the travail-throes of Europe: or rather, note the birth she brings; for the successive throes and shrieks, of Austrian and Prussian Alliance, of Kaunitz Antijacobin Despatch, of French Ambassadors cast out, and so forth, were long to note. Dumouriez corresponds with Kaunitz, Metternich, or Cobentzel, in another style than Delessarts did Strict becomes stricter; categorical answer, as to this Coblentz work and much else, shall be given Failing which? Failing which, on the 20th day of April 1792, King and Ministers step over to the Salle de Manége; promulgate how the matter stands; and poor Louis, "with tears in his eyes," proposes that the Assembly do now decree War. After due eloquence, War is decreed that night.

War, indeed! Paris came all crowding, full of expectancy, to the morning, and still more to the evening session. D'Orleans with his two sons is there; looks

on, wide-eyed, from the opposite gallery \* Thou canst look, O Philippe: it is a War big with issues, for thee and for all men Cimmerian Obscurantism and this thrice-glorious Revolution shall wrestle for it, then: some Four-and-twenty years; in immeasurable Briareus wrestle; trampling and tearing; before they can come to any, not agreement, but compromise, and approximate ascertainment each of what is in the other.

Let our Three Generals on the Frontiers look to it, therefore; and poor Chevalier de Grave, the War-Minister, consider what he will do. What is in the three Generals and Armies we may guess. As for poor Chevalier de Grave, he, in this whirl of things all coming to a press and pinch upon him, loses head, and merely whirls with them, in a totally distracted manner; signing himself at last, "De Grave, Mayor of Paris:" whereupon he demits, returns over the Channel, to walk in Kensington Gardens;\*\* and austere Servan, the able Engineer-Officer, is elevated in his stead To the post of Honour? To that of Difficulty, at least.

# CHAPTER X

Pétion-National-Pique.

AND yet, how, on dark bottomless Cataracts there plays the foolishest fantastic-coloured spray and shadow; hiding the Abyss under vapoury rainbows! Alongside of this discussion as to Austrian-Prussian War, there goes on not less but more vehemently a discussion, Whether the Forty or Two-and-forty Swiss of Château-Vieux shall be liberated from the Brest Galleys? And

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vii. 146-66

<sup>&</sup>quot; Dumont, c. 19, 21.

then, Whether, being liberated, they shall have a public Festival, or only private ones?

Théroigne, as we saw, spoke; and Collot took up the tale. Has not Bouille's final display of himself, in that final Night of Spurs, stamped your so-called "Revolt of Nanci" into a "Massacre of Nanci," for all Patriot judgments? Hateful is that massacre; hateful the Lafayette-Feuillant "public thanks" given for it! For indeed, Jacobin Patriotism and dispersed Feuillantism are now at death-grips; and do fight with all weapons, even with scenic shows The walls of Paris. accordingly, are covered with Placard and Counter-Placard, on the subject of Forty Swiss blockheads. Journal responds to Journal; Player Collot to Poetaster Roucher; Joseph Chénier the Jacobin, squire of Théroigne, to his Brother André the Feuillant; Mayor Pétion to Dupont de Nemours: and for the space of two months, there is nowhere peace for the thought of man, - till this thing be settled

Gloria in excelsis! The Forty Swiss are at last got "amnestied" Rejoice ye Forty; doff your greasy wool Bonnets, which shall become Caps of Liberty. The Brest Daughter-Society welcomes you from on board, with kisses on each cheek: your iron Handcuffs are disputed as Relics of Saints; the Brest Society indeed can have one portion, which it will beat into Pikes, a sort of Sacred Pikes; but the other portion must belong to Paris, and be suspended from the dome there, along with the Flags of the Three Free Peoples! Such a goose is man; and cackles over plush-velvet Grand Monarques and woollen Galley-slaves; over everything and over nothing, — and will cackle with his whole soul, merely if others cackle!

On the ninth morning of April, these Forty Swiss blockheads arrive From Versailles; with vivats heaven-high; with the affluence of men and women. To the Townhall we conduct them; nay to the Legislative itself, though not without difficulty They are harangued, bedinnered, begifted, — the very Court, not for conscience-sake, contributing something; and their Public Festival shall be next Sunday. Next Sunday accordingly it is.\* They are mounted into a "triumphal Car resembling a ship;" are carted over Paris, with the clang of cymbals and drums, all mortals assisting applausive, carted to the Champ-de-Mars and Fatherland's Altar; and finally carted, for Time always brings deliverance, — into invisibility forevermore.

Whereupon dispersed Feuillantism, or that Party which loves Liberty yet not more than Monarchy, will likewise have its Festival: Festival of Simonneau, unfortunate Mayor of Étampes, who died for the Law; most surely for the Law, though Jacobinism disputes; being trampled down with his Red Flag in the riot about grains. At which Festival the Public again assists, unapplausive not we

On the whole, Festivals are not wanting; beautiful rainbow-spray when all is now rushing treble-quick towards its Niagara Fall National Repasts there are; countenanced by Mayor Pétion; Saint-Antoine, and the Strong Ones of the Halles defiling through Jacobin Club, "their felicity," according to Santerre, "not perfect otherwise;" singing many-voiced their ga-ira, dancing their ronde patriotique. Among whom one is glad to discern Saint-Huruge, expressly "in

<sup>\*</sup> Newspapers of February, March, April 1792, Iambe d'André Chénier sur la Fête des Suisses, &c. &c. (in Hist. Pail XIII. XIV.).

white hat," the Saint-Christopher of the Carmagnole. Nay a certain Tambour, or National Drummer, having just been presented with a little daughter, determines to have the new Frenchwoman christened, on Fatherland's Altar, then and there. Repast once over, he accordingly has her christened; Fauchet the Te-Deum Bishop acting in chief, Thuriot and honourable persons standing gossips: by the name, Pétion-National-Pique!\* Does this remarkable Citizeness, now past the meridian of life, still walk the Earth? Or did she die perhaps of teething? Universal History is not indifferent

# CHAPTER XI

The Hereditary Representative.

AND yet it is not by carmagnole-dances, and singing of ga-ira, that the work can be done. Duke Brunswick is not dancing carmagnoles, but has his drill-sergeants busy.

On the Frontiers, our Armies, be it treason or not, behave in the worst way. Troops badly commanded, shall we say? Or troops intrinsically bad? Unappointed, undisciplined, mutinous; that, in a thirty-years peace, have never seen fire? In any case, Lafayette's and Rochambeau's little clutch, which they made at Austrian Flanders, has prospered as badly as clutch need do: soldiers starting at their own shadow; suddenly shrieking, "On nous traint," and flying off in wild panic, at or before the first shot; — managing only to hang some two or three prisoners they had picked up, and massacre their own Commander, poor

<sup>\*</sup> Patriote-Français (Brissot's Newspaper), in Hist Parl. xiii. 451.

Theobald Dillon, driven into a granary by them in the Town of Lille

And poor Gouvion: he who sat shiftless in that Insurrection of Women! Gouvion quitted the Legislative Hall and Parliamentary duties, in disgust and despair, when those Galley-slaves of Château-Vieux were admitted there He said, "Between the Austrians and the Jacobins there is nothing but a soldier's death for it,"\* and so, "in the dark stormy night," he has flung himself into the throat of the Austrian cannon, and perished in the skirmish at Maubeuge on the ninth of June. Whom Legislative Patriotism shall mourn, with black mort-cloths and melody in the Champ-de-Mars. many a Patriot shiftier, 'truer none. Lafayette himself is looking altogether dubious; in place of beating the Austrians, is about writing to denounce the Jacobins Rochambeau, all disconsolate, quits the service: there remains only Luckner, the babbling old Prussian Grenadier

Without Armies, without Generals! And the Cimmerian Night has gathered itself; Brunswick preparing his proclamation; just about to march! Let a Patriot Ministry and Legislative say, what in these circumstances it will do? Suppress internal enemies, for one thing, answers the Patriot Legislative; and proposes, on the 24th of May, its Decree for the Banishment of Priests. Collect also some nucleus of determined internal friends, adds War-Minister Servan, and proposes, on the 7th of June, his Camp of Twenty-thousand. Twenty-thousand National Volunteers; Five out of each Canton; picked Patriots, for Roland has charge of the Interior: they shall assemble

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, n. 149.

here in Paris; and be for a defence, cunningly devised, against foreign Austrians and domestic Austrian Committee alike So much can a Patriot Ministry and Legislative do.

Reasonable and cunningly devised as such Camp may, to Servan and Patriotism, appear, it appears not so to Feuillantism; to that Feuillant-Aristocrat Staff of the Paris Guard; a Staff, one would say again, which will need to be dissolved. These men see, in this proposed Camp of Servan's, an offence; and even, as they pretend to say, an insult Petitions there come, in consequence, from blue Feuillants in epaulettes; ill received Nav, in the end, there comes one Petition, called "of the Eight-thousand National Guards:" so many names are on it, including women and children. Which famed Petition of the Eight-thousand is indeed received and the Petitioners, all under arms, are admitted to the honours of the sitting, - if honours or even if sitting there be; for the instant their bayonets appear at the one door, the Assembly "adjourns," and begins to flow out at the other \*

Also, in these same days, it is lamentable to see how National Guards, escorting Fête-Dieu, or Corpus-Christi ceremonial, do collar and smite down any Patriot that does not uncover as the Hostie passes. They clap their bayonets to the breast of Cattle-butcher Legendre, a known Patriot ever since the Bastille days; and threaten to butcher him; though he sat quite respectfully, he says, in his Gig, at a distance of fifty paces, waiting till the thing were by. Nay, orthodox females were shrieking to have down the Lanterne on him \*\*\*

Moniteur, Séance du 10 Juin 1792.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Débats des Jacobins (in Hist Parl. viv. 429).

To such height has Feuillantism gone in this Corps. For indeed, are not their Officers creatures of the chief Feuillant, Lafayette? The Court too has, very naturally, been tampering with them; caressing them, ever since that dissolution of the so-called Constitutional Guard Some Battalions are altogether "pétris, kneaded full" of Feuillantism, mere Aristocrats at bottom: for instance, the Battalion of the Filles-Saint-Thomas, made up of your Bankers, Stockbrokers, and other Full-purses of the Rue Vivienne Our worthy old Friend Weber, Queen's Foster-brother Weber, carries a musket in that Battalion, — one may judge with what degree of Patriotic intention.

Heedless of all which, or rather heedful of all which, the Legislative, backed by Patriot France and the feeling of Necessity, decrees this Camp of Twenty-thousand. Decisive though conditional Banishment of malign Priests it has already decreed

It will now be seen, therefore, Whether the Hereditary Representative is for us or against us? Whether or not, to all our other woes, this intolerablest one is to be added; which renders us not a menaced Nation in extreme jeopardy and need, but a paralytic Solecism of a Nation; sitting wrapped as in dead cerements, of a Constitutional-Vesture that were no other than a winding-sheet; our right hand glued to our left: to wait there, writhing and wriggling, unable to stir from the spot, till in Prussian rope we mount to the gallows? Let the Hereditary Representative consider it well. The Decree of Priests? The Camp of Twenty-thousand? — By Heaven, he answers, Veto! Veto! — Strict Roland hands-in his Letter to the King; or rather it was Madame's Letter, who wrote it all at

a sitting; one of the plainest-spoken Letters ever handed-in to any King. This plain-spoken Letter King Louis has the benefit of reading overnight He reads, inwardly digests; and next morning, the whole Patriot Ministry finds itself turned out. It is the 13th of June 1792.\*

Dumouriez the many-counselled, he, with one Duranthon, called Minister of Justice, does indeed linger for a day or two; in rather suspicious circumstances; speaks with the Queen, almost weeps with her: but in the end, he too sets off for the Army; leaving what Un-Patriot or Semi-Patriot Ministry and Ministries can now accept the helm, to accept it Name them not: new quick-changing Phantasms, which shift like magic-lantern figures; more spectral than ever!

Unhappy Queen, unhappy Louis! The two Vetos were so natural are not the Priests martyrs; also friends? This Camp of Twenty-thousand, could it be other than of stormfullest Sansculottes? Natural; and yet, to France, unendurable. Priests that cooperate with Coblentz must go elsewhither with their martyrdom: stormful Sansculottes, these and no other kind of creatures will drive back the Austrians If thou prefer the Austrians, then for the love of Heaven go join them If not, join frankly with what will oppose them to the death Middle course is none

Or, alas, what extreme course was there left now for a man like Louis? Underhand Royalists, Ex-Minister Bertrand-Moleville, Ex-Constituent Malouet, and all manner of unhelpful individuals, advise and advise. With face of hope turned now on the Legislative Assembly, and now on Austria and Coblentz,

<sup>\*</sup> Madame Roland, il. 115.

and round generally on the Chapter of Chances, an ancient Kingship is reeling and spinning, one knows not whitherward, on the flood of things.

#### CHAPTER XII.

Procession of the Black Breeches.

But is there a thinking man in France who, in these circumstances, can persuade himself that the Constitution will march? Brunswick is stirring; he, in few days now, will march. Shall France sit still, wrapped in dead cerements and grave-clothes, its right hand glued to its left, till the Brunswick Saint-Bartholomew arrive; till France be as Poland, and its Rights of Man become a Prussian Gibbet?

Verily it is a moment frightful for all men. National Death; or else some preternatural convulsive outburst of National Life: - that same demonic outburst! Patriots whose audacity has limits had, in truth, better retire like Barnave, court private felicity at Grenoble Patriots whose audacity has no limits must sink down into the obscure; and, daring and detying all things, seek salvation in stratagem, in Plot of Insurrection Roland and young Barbaroux have spread out the Map of France before them, Barbaroux says "with tears:" they consider what Rivers, what Mountain-ranges are in it: they will retire behind this Loire-stream, defend these Auvergne stone-labyrinths; save some little sacred Territory of the Free; die at least in their last ditch. Lafayette indites his emphatic Letter to the Legislative against Jocobinism;\* which emphatic Letter will not heal the unhealable.

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 18 Juin 1792.

Forward, ye Patriots whose audacity has no limits; it is you now that must either do or die! The Sections of Paris sit in deep counsel; send out Deputation after Deputation to the Salle de Manége, to petition and denounce. Great is their ire against tyrannous Veto, Austrian Committee, and the combined Cimmerian Kings What boots it? Legislative listens to the "tocsin in our hearts;" grants us honours of the sitting, sees us defile with jingle and fanfaronade; but the Camp of Twenty-thousand, the Priest-Decree, bevetoed by Majesty, are become impossible for Legislative Fiery Isnard says, "We will have Equality, should we descend for it to the tomb" Vergniaud utters, hypothetically, his stern Ezekiel-visions of the fate of Antinational Kings. But the question is: Will hypothetic prophecies, will jungle and fanfaronade demolish the Veto; or will the Veto, secure in its Tuileries Château, remain undemolishable by these? Barbaroux, dashing away his tears, writes to the Marseilles Municipality, that they must send him "Sixhundred men who know how to die aus savent mourrr."\* No wet-eyed message this, but a fire-eyed one: which will be obeyed!

Meanwhile the Twentieth of June is nigh, anniversary of that world-famous Oath of the Tennis-Court: on which day, it is said, certain citizens have in view to plant a *Mai* or Tree of Liberty in the Tuileries Terrace of the Feuillants; perhaps also to petition the Legislative and Hereditary Representative about these Vetos; — with such demonstration, jingle and evolution, as may seem profitable and practicable. Sections

Baibaroux, p 40.

have gone singly, and jingled and evolved: but if they all went, or great part of them, and there, planting their *Max* in these alarming circumstances, sounded the toosin in their hearts?

Among King's Friends there can be but one opinion as to such a step: among Nation's Friends there may be two On the one hand, might it not by possibility scare away these unblessed Vetos? Private Patriots and even Legislative Deputies may have each his own opinion, or own no-opinion, but the hardest task falls evidently on Mayor Pétion and the Municipals, at once Patriots and Guardians of the public Tranquillity Hushing the matter down with the one hand; tickling it up with the other! Mayor Pétion and Municipality may lean this way; Department-Directory with Procureur-Syndic Rederer, having a Feuillant tendency, may lean that On the whole, each man must act according to his one opinion or to his two opinions; and all manner of influences, official representations cross one another in the foolishest way. Perhaps after all, the Project, desirable and vet not desnable, will dissipate itself, being run athwart by so many complexities, and come to nothing?

Not so: on the Twentieth morning of June, a large Tree of Liberty, Lombardy Poplar by kind, lies visibly tied on its car, in the Suburb Saint-Antoine Suburb Saint-Marceau too, in the uttermost Southeast, and all that remote Oriental region, Pikemen and Pikewomen, National Guards, and the unarmed curious are gathering, — with the peaceablest intentions in the world A tricolor Municipal airives, speaks Tush, it is all peaceable, we tell thee, in the way of Law: are not Petitions allowable, and the Patilotism of Mais?

The tricolor Municipal returns without effect: your Sansculottic rills continue flowing, combining into brooks towards noontide, led by tall Santerre in blue uniform, by tall Saint-Huruge in white hat, it moves westward, a respectable river, or complication of still-swelling rivers

What Processions have we not seen: Corpus-Chrisa and Legendre waiting in his Gig; Bones of Voltaire with bullock-chariots, and goadsmen in Roman Costume, Feasts of Chateau-Vieux and Simonneau; Gouvion Funerals, Rousseau Sham-funeral, and the Baptism of Pétion-National-Pike! Nevertheless this Procession has a character of its own Tricolor ribands streaming aloft from Pike-heads: ironshod batons: and emblems not a few; among which see specially these two, of the tragic and the untragic sort. a Bull's Heart transfixed with iron, bearing this epigraph, "Cœur d'Aristocrate, Aristocrat's heart;" and, more striking still, properly the standard of the host, a pair of old Black Breeches (silk, they say), extended on cross-staff high overhead, with these memorable words: "Tremblez tyrans, voilà "les Sansculottes, Tremble tyrants, here are the Sans-"indispensables!" Also, the Procession trails two cannons.

Scarfed tricolor Municipals do now again meet it, in the Quai Saint-Bernard; and plead earnestly, having called halt. Peaceable, ye virtuous tricolor Municipals, peaceable are we as the sucking dove Behold our Tennis-Court Max Petition is legal; and as for arms, did not an august Legislative receive the so-called Eight-thousand in arms, Feuillants though they were? Our Pikes, are they not of National iron? Law is our father and mother, whom we will not dishonour; but

Patriotism is our own soul Peaceable, ye virtuous Municipals; — and on the whole, limited as to time! Stop we cannot, march ye with us — The Black Breeches agitate themselves, impatient; the cannon-wheels grumble. the many-footed Host tramps on.

How it reached the Salle de Manége, like an everwaxing river, got admittance, after debate; read its Address; and defiled, dancing and ga-ira-ing, led by tall sonorous Santerre and tall sonorous Saint-Huruge: how it flowed, not now a waxing river but a shut Caspian lake, round all Precincts of the Tuileries; the front Patriot squeezed by the realward, against barred iron Grates, like to have the life squeezed out of him, and looking too into the dread throat of cannon, for National Battalions stand ranked within. how tricolor Municipals ran assiduous, and Royalists with Tickets of Entry; and both Majesties sat in the interior surrounded by men in black: all this the human mind shall fancy for itself, or read in old Newspapers, and Syndic Ræderer's Chronicle of Fifty Days.\*

Our Max is planted; if not in the Feuillants Terrace, whither is no ingate, then in the Garden of the Capuchins, as near as we could get National Assembly has adjourned till the Evening Session. perhaps this shut lake, finding no ingate, will retire to its sources again; and disappear in peace? Alas, not yet: rearward still presses on; rearward knows little what pressure is in the front One would wish at all events, were it possible, to have a word with his Majesty first!

The shadows fall longer, eastward; it is four o'clock: will his Majesty not come out? Hardly he! In that

<sup>\*</sup> Ræderer, &c &c. (in Hist. Parl. xv. 98-194).

case, Commandant Santerre, Cattle-butcher Legendre, Patriot Huguenin with the tocsin in his heart, they, and others of authority, will enter m. Petition and request to wearied uncertain National Guard; louder and louder petition; backed by the rattle of our two cannons! The reluctant Grate opens: endless Sansculottic multitudes flood the stairs; knock at the wooden guardian of your privacy. Knocks, in such case, grow strokes, grow smashings: the wooden guardian flies in shivers. And now ensues a Scene over which the world has long wailed; and not unjustly; for a sorrier spectacle, of Incongruity fronting Incongruity, and as it were recognising themselves incongruous, and staring stupidly in each other's face, the world seldom saw.

King Louis, his door being beaten on, opens it; stands with free bosom; asking, "What do you want?" The Sansculottic flood recoils awestruck, returns however, the rear pressing on the front, with cries of, "Veto! Patriot Ministers! Remove Veto!" - which things, Louis valuantly answers, this is not the time to do, nor this the way to ask him to do Honour what virtue is in a man Louis does not want courage; he has even the higher kind called moral-courage, though only the passive-half of that His few National Grenadiers shuffle back with him, into the embrasure of a window: there he stands, with unimpeachable passivity, amid the shouldering and the braying; a spectacle to men They hand him a red Cap of Liberty; he sets it quietly on his head, forgets it there He complains of thirst; half-drunk Rascality offers him a bottle, he drinks of it "Sire, do not fear," says one of his Grenadiers. "Fear?" answers Louis. "feel then," putting the man's hand on his heart So stands Majesty in

Red woollen Cap; black Sansculottism weltering round him, far and wide, aimless, with inarticulate dissonance, with cries of "Veto! Patriot Ministers!"

For the space of three hours or more! The National Assembly is adjourned; tricolor Municipals avail almost nothing: Major Pétion tarries absent; Authority is none. The Queen with her Children and Sister Elizabeth, in tears and terror not for themselves only, are sitting behind barricaded tables and Grenadiers, in an inner room. The Men in black have all wisely disappeared. Blind lake of Sansculottism welters stagnant through the King's Château, for the space of three hours.

Nevertheless all things do end. Vergniaud arrives with Legislative Deputation, the Evening Session having now opened Mayor Pétion has arrived; is haranguing, "lifted on the shoulders of two Grenadiers" In this uneasy attitude and in others, at various places without and within, Mayor Pétion harangues, many men halangue; finally Commandant Santerre defiles, passes out, with his Sansculottism, by the opposite side of the Château Passing through the room where the Queen, with an air of dignity and sorrowful resignation, sat among the tables and Grenadiers, a woman offers her too a Red Cap; she holds it in her hand, even puts it on the little Prince Royal "Madame," said Santerre, "this People loves you more than you think "\* -About eight o'clock the Royal Family fall into each other's arms amid "torrents of tears" Unhappy Family! Who would not weep for it, were there not a whole world to be wept for?

Thus has the Age of Chivalry gone, and that of Hunger come Thus does all-needing Sansculottism look in the face of its Roi, Regulator, King or Ableman, and find that he has nothing to give it Thus do the two Parties, brought face to face after long centuries, stare stupidly at one another, This, it is I; but, good Heaven, is that Thou? — and depart, not knowing what to make of it. And yet, Incongruities having recognised themselves to be incongruous, something must be made of it. The Fates know what.

This is the world-famous Twentieth of June, more worthy to be called the *Procession of the Black Breeshes*. With which, what we had to say of this First French biennial Parliament, and its products and activities, may perhaps fitly enough terminate.

# BOOK VI.

THE MARSEILLESE.

# CHAPTER I.

Executive that does not act

How could your paralytic National Executive be put "in action," in any measure, by such a Twentieth of June as this? Quite contrariwise: a large sympathy for Majesty so insulted arises everywhere; expresses itself in Addresses, Petitions, "Petition of the Twentythousand inhabitants of Paris," and such like, among all Constitutional persons; a decided rallying round the throne

Of which rallying it was thought King Louis might have made something However, he does make nothing of it, or attempt to make; for indeed his views are lifted beyond domestic sympathy and rallying, over to Coblentz mainly Neither in itself is this same sympathy It is sympathy of men who believe still worth much that the Constitution can march Wherefore the old discord and ferment, of Feuillant sympathy for Royalty, and Jacobin sympathy for Fatherland, acting against each other from within; with terror of Coblentz and Brunswick acting from without -- this discord and ferment must hold on its course, till a catastrophe do ripen and come One would think, especially as Brunswick is near marching, such catastrophe cannot now be distant Busy, ye Twenty-five French Millions; ye foreign Potentates, minatory Emigrants, German drill-sergeants; each do what his hand findeth! Thou, O Reader, at such safe distance, wilt see what they make of it among them.

Consider, therefore, this pitiable Twentieth of June as a futility; no catastrophe, rather a catastasis, or heightening. Do not its Black Breeches wave there, in the Historical Imagination, like a melancholy flag of distress; soliciting help, which no mortal can give? Soliciting pity, which thou wert hard-hearted not to give freely, to one and all! Other such flags, or what are called Occurrences, and black or bright symbolic Phenomena, will flit through the Historical Imagination; these, one after one, let us note, with extreme brevity.

The first phenomenon is that of Lafayette at the Bar of the Assembly, after a week and day. Promptly, on hearing of this scandalous Twentieth of June, Lafayette has quitted his Command on the North Frontier, in better or worse order; and got hither, on the 28th, to repress the Jacobins. not by letter now; but by oral Petition, and weight of character, face to face The august Assembly finds the step questionable; invites him meanwhile to the honours of the sitting \* Other honour, or advantage, there unhappily came almost none; the Galleries all growling; fiery Isnard glooming; sharp Guadet not wanting in sarcasms

And out of doors, when the sitting is over, Sieur Resson, keeper of the Patriot Café in these regions, hears in the street a hurlyburly; steps forth to look, he and his Patriot customers it is Lafayette's carriage, with a tumultuous escort of blue Grenadiers, Cannoneers, even Officers of the Line, hurrahing and capering round it They make a pause opposite Sieur. Resson's door; wag their plumes at him, nay shake their fists, bellowing À bas les Jacobins; but happily

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 28 Juin 1792.

pass on without onslaught. They pass on, to plant a Man before the General's door, and bully considerably. All which the Sieur Resson cannot but report with sorrow, that night, in the Mother-Society \* what no Sieur Resson nor Mother-Society can do more than guess is this, That a council of rank Feuillants, your unabolished Staff of the Guard and who else has status and weight, is in these very moments privily deliberating at the General's. Can we not put down the Jacobins by force? Next day, a Review shall be held, in the Tuileries Garden, of such as will turn out, and try Alas, says Toulongeon, hardly a hundred turned out Put it off till to-morrow, then, to give better warning. On the morrow, which is Saturday, there turn out "some thirty;" and depart shrugging their shoulders! \*\* Lafayette promptly takes carriage again: returns musing on many things.

The dust of Paris is hardly off his wheels, the summer Sunday is still young, when Cordeliers in deputation pluck up that Max of his: before sunset, Patriots have burnt him in effigy Louder doubt and louder rises, in Section, in National Assembly, as to the legality of such unbidden Antijacobin visit on the part of a General: doubt swelling and spreading all over France, for six weeks or so; with endless talk about usurping soldiers, about English Monk, nay about Cromwell: O thou poor Grandison-Cromwell!—What boots it? King Louis himself looked coldly on the enterprise colossal Hero of two Worlds, having weighed himself in the balance, finds that he is become a gossamer Colossus, only some thirty turning out.

22

<sup>\*</sup> Débats des Jacobins (Hist. Parl. vv. 235).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Toulongeon, 11. 180. See also Dampmartin, 11. 161. Carlyle, Revolution. II.

In a like sense, and with a like issue, works our Department-Directory here at Paris; who, on the 6th of July, take upon them to suspend Mayor Pétion and Procureur Manuel from all civic functions, for their conduct, replete, as is alleged, with omissions and commissions, on that delicate Twentieth of June Virtuous Pétion sees himself a kind of martyr, or pseudo-martyr, threatened with several things; drawls out due heroical lamentation; to which Patriot Paris and Patriot Legislative duly respond King Louis and Mayor Pétion have already had an interview on that business of the Twentieth; an interview and dialogue, distinguished by frankness on both sides; ending on King Louis's side with the words "Taisez-vous, Hold your peace."

For the rest, this of suspending our Mayor does seem a mistimed measure By ill chance, it came out precisely on the day of that famous Baiser de l'amourette, or miraculous reconciliatory Delilah-Kiss, which we spoke of long ago Which Delilah-Kiss was thereby quite hindered of effect. For now his Majesty has to write, almost that same night, asking a reconciled Assembly for advice! The reconciled Assembly will not advise; will not interfere The King confirms the suspension; then perhaps, but not till then will the Assembly interfere, the noise of Patriot Paris getting loud Whereby your Delilah-Kiss, such was the destiny of Parhament First, becomes a Philistine Battle!

Nay there goes a word that as many as Thirty of our chief Patriot Senators are to be clapped in prison, by mittimus and indictment of Feuillant Justices, Juges de Paux; who here in Paris were well capable of such

a thing. It was but in May last that Juge-de-Paux Larrnière, on complaint of Beitrand-Moleville touching that Austrian Committee, made bold to launch his mittimus against three heads of the Mountain, Deputies Bazire, Chabot, Merlin, the Cordelier Trio; summoning them to appear before him, and show where that Austrian Committee was, or else suffer the consequences. Which mittimus the Trio, on their side, made bold to fling in the fire: and valiantly pleaded privilege of Parliament So that, for his zeal without knowledge, poor Justice Larivière now sits in the prison of Orleans, waiting trial from the Haute Cour there Whose example, may it not deter other rash Justices; and so this word of the Thirty arrestments continue a word merely?

But on the whole, though Lafayette weighed so light, and has had his Mai plucked up, Official Feuillantism falters not a whit, but carries its head high, strong in the letter of the Law. Feuillants all of these men; a Feuillant Directory, founding on high character, and such like; with Duke de la Rochefoucault for President, - a thing which may prove dangerous for him! Dim now is the once bright Anglomania of these admired Noblemen. Duke de Liancourt offers. out of Normandy where he is Lord-Lieutenant, not only to receive his Majesty, thinking of flight thither, but to lend him money to enormous amounts. Sire, it is not a Revolt, it is a Revolution; and truly no rosewater one! Worthier Noblemen were not in France nor in Europe than those two: but the Time is crooked. quick-shifting, perverse; what straightest course will lead to any goal, in it?

Another phasis which we note, in these early July

days, is that of certain thin streaks of Federate National Volunteers wending from various points towards Paris, to hold a new Federation-Festival, or Feast of Pikes, on the Fourteenth there—So has the National Assembly wished it, so has the Nation willed it—In this way, perhaps, may we still have our Patriot Camp in spite of Veto. For cannot these Fédérés, having celebrated their Feast of Pikes, march on to Soissons; and, there being drilled and regimented, rush to the Frontiers, or whither we like? Thus were the one Veto cunningly eluded!

As indeed the other *Veto*, about Priests, is also like to be eluded; and without much cunning. For Provincial Assemblies, in Calvados as one instance, are proceeding, on their own strength, to judge and banish Antinational Priests. Or still worse without Provincial Assembly, a desperate People, as at Bourdeaux, can "hang two of them on the Lanterne," on the way towards judgment \* Pity for the spoken *Veto*, when it cannot become an acted one!

It is true, some ghost of a War-minister, or Homeminister, for the time being, ghost whom we do not name, does write to Municipalities and King's Commanders, that they shall, by all conceivable methods, obstruct this Federation, and even turn back the Fédérés by force of arms: a message which scatters mere doubt, paralysis and confusion; irritates the poor Legislature; reduces 'the Fédérés, as we see, to thin streaks. But being questioned, this ghost and the other ghosts, What it is then that they propose to do for saving the country? — they answer, That they cannot tell; that indeed they, for their part, have, this

<sup>\*</sup> Hist Parl, xvi. 259.

morning, resigned in a body; and do now merely respectfully take leave of the helm altogether. With which words they rapidly walk out of the Hall, sortent brusquement de la salle, the "Galleries cheering loudly," the poor Legislature sitting "for a good while in silence!"\* Thus do Cabinet-ministers themselves, in extreme cases, strike work, one of the strangest omens. Other complete Cabinet-ministry there will not be; only fragments, and these changeful, which never get completed; spectral Apparitions that cannot so much as appear! King Louis writes that he now views this Federation Feast with approval; and will himself have the pleasure to take part in the same

And so these thin streaks of Fédérés wend Parisward through a paralytic France Thin grim streaks; not thick joyful ranks, as of old to the first Feast of Pikes! No: these poor Federates march now towards Austria and Austrian Committee, towards jeopardy and forlorn hope; men of hard fortune and temper, not rich in the world's goods Municipalities, paralysed by War-minister, are shy of affording cash; it may be, your poor Federates cannot arm themselves, cannot march, till the Daughter-Society of the place open her pocket, and subscribe There will not have arrived, at the set day, Three-thousand of them in all And yet, thin and feeble as these streaks of Federates seem, they are the only thing one discerns moving with any clearness of aim, in this strange scene Angry buzz and simmer; uneasy tossing and moaning of a huge France, all enchanted, spell-bound by unmarching Constitution, into frightful conscious and unconscious Magnetic-sleep; which frightful Magnetic-sleep must

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 10 Juillet 1792.

now issue soon in one of two things. Death or Madness! The Fédérés carry mostly in their pocket some earnest cry and Petition, to have the "National Executive put in action," or as a step towards that, to have the King's Déchéance, King's Forfeiture, or at least his Suspension, pronounced They shall be welcome to the Legislative, to the Mother of Patriotism, and Paris will provide for their lodging

Déchéance, indeed and, what next? A France spell-free, a Revolution saved; and any thing, and all things next! so answer grimly Danton and the unlimited Patriots, down deep in their subterranean region of Plot, whither they have now dived Déchéance, answers Brissot with the limited and if next the little Prince Royal were crowned, and some Regency of Girondins and recalled Patriot Ministry set over him? Alas, poor Brissot; looking, as indeed poor man does always, on the nearest morrow as his peaceable promised land, deciding what must reach to the world's end, yet with an insight that reaches not beyond his own nose! Wiser are the unlimited subterranean Patriots, who with light for the hour itself, leave the rest to the gods

Or were it not, as we now stand, the probablest issue of all, that Brunswick, in Coblentz, just gathering his huge limbs towards him to rise, might arrive first; and stop both *Déchéance*, and theorising on it? Brunswick is on the eve of marching; with Eightythousand, they say; fell Prussians, Hessians, feller Emigrants. a General of the Great Frederick, with such an Army And our Armies? And our Generals? As for Lafayette, on whose late visit a Committee is sitting and all France is jarring and censuring, he seems readier to fight us than fight Brunswick. Luckner and

Lafayette pretend to be interchanging corps, and are making movements, which Patriotism cannot understand. This only is very clear, that their corps go marching and shuttling, in the interior of the country; much nearer Paris than formerly! Luckner has ordered Dumouriez down to him, down from Maulde, and the Fortified Camp there. Which order the many-counselled Dumouriez, with the Austrians hanging close on him, he busy meanwhile training a few thousands to stand fire and be soldiers, declares that, come of it what will, he cannot obey \* Will a poor Legislative, therefore, sanction Dumouriez, who applies to it, "not knowing whether there is any War-ministry?" Or sanction Luckner and these Lafayette movements?

The poor Legislative knows not what to do It decrees, however, that the Staff of the Paris Guard, and indeed all such Staffs, for they are Feuillants mostly, shall be broken and replaced. It decrees earnestly in what manner one can declare that the Country is in Danger. And finally, on the 11th of July, the morrow of that day when the Ministry struck work, it decrees that the Country be, with all despatch, declared in Danger. Whereupon let the King sanction; let the Municipality take measures if such Declaration will do service. it need not fail

In Danger, truly, if ever Country was! Arise, O Country; or be trodden down to ignominious ruin! Nay, are not the chances a hundred to one that no rising of the Country will save it; Brunswick, the Emigrants, and Feudal Europe drawing nigh?

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 1, 5

## CHAPTER II.

Let us march.

But, to our minds, the notablest of all these moving phenomena is that of Barbaroux's "Six-hundred Marsellese who know how to die."

Prompt to the request of Barbaroux, the Marseilles Municipality has got these men together: on the fifth morning of July, the Townhall says, "Marchez, abattez le Tyran, March, strike down the Tyrant;" \* and they, with grim appropriate "Marchons," are marching. Long journey, doubtful errand; Enfans de la Patrie, may a good genius guide you! Their own wild heart and what faith it has will guide them: and is not that the monition of some genius, better or worse? Fivehundred and Seventeen able men, with Captains of fifties and tens; well armed all, musket on shoulder, sabre on thigh nay they drive three pieces of cannon, for who knows what obstacles may occur? Municipalities there are, paralysed by War-minister; Commandants with orders to stop even Federation Volunteers. good, when sound arguments will not open a Towngate, if you have a petard to shiver it! They have left their sunny Phocean City and Sea-haven, with its bustle and its bloom the thronging Course, with highfrondent Avenues, pitchy dockyards, almond and olive groves, orange-trees on house-tops, and white glittering bastides that crown the hills, are all behind them They wend on their wild way, from the extremity of French land, through unknown cities, toward an unknown destiny; with a purpose that they know.

Much wondering at this phenomenon, and how, in a

<sup>\*</sup> Dampmartin. ii. 183.

peaceable trading City, so many householders or hearthholders do severally fling down their crafts and industrial tools; gird themselves with weapons of war, and set out on a journey of six-hundred miles, to "strike down the tyrant," - you search in all Historical Books, Pamphlets and Newspapers, for some light of it: unhappily without effect Rumour and Terror precede this march. which still echo on you; the march itself an unknown thing. Weber, in the back-stairs of the Tuileries, has understood that they were Forçats, Galley-slaves and mere scoundrels, these Marseillese, that, as they marched through Lyons, the people shut their shops; - also that the number of them was some Four Thousand Equally vague is Blanc Gilli, who likewise murmurs about Forcats and danger of plunder.\* Forcats they were not; neither was there plunder, or danger of it Men of regular life, or of the best-filled purse, they could hardly be; the one thing needful in them was that they "knew how to die" Friend Dampmartin, saw them, with his own eyes, march "gradually" through his quarters at Villefranche in the Beaujolais but saw in the vaguest manner; being indeed preoccupied, and himself minded for marching just then - across the Rhine Deep was his astonishment to think of such a march, without appointment or arrangement, station or ration; for the rest, it was "the same men he had seen formerly" in the troubles of the South; "perfectly civil;" though his soldiers could not be kept from talking a little with them.\*\*

So vague are all these; Monteur, Histoire, Parlementaire are as good as silent: garrulous History, as is

<sup>\*</sup> Sec Barbaroux, Mémoires (Note in p. 40, 1).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dampmartin, ubi suprå.

too usual, will say nothing where you most wish her to speak! If enlightened Curiosity ever get sight of the Marseilles Council-Books, will it not perhaps explore this strangest of Municipal procedures; and feel called to fish up what of the Biographies, creditable or discreditable, of these Five-hundred and Seventeen, the stream of Time has not yet irrevocably swallowed?

As it is, these Marseillese remain inarticulate, undistinguishable in feature; a blackbrowed Mass, full of grim fire, who wend there, in the hot sultry weather. very singular to contemplate. They wend; amid the infinitude of doubt and dim peril; they not doubtful. Fate and Feudal Europe, having decided, come girdling in from without; they, having also decided, do march within Dusty of face, with frugal refreshment, they plod onwards; unweariable, not to be turned aside Such march will become famous The Thought, which works voiceless in this blackbrowed mass, an inspired Tyrtæan Colonel, Rouget de Lille, whom the Earth still holds, \* has translated into grim melody and rhythm; into his Hymn or March of the Marseillese: luckiest musical-compostion ever promulgated The sound of which will make the blood tangle in men's veins; and whole Armies and Assemblages will sing it, with eyes weeping and burning, with hearts defiant of Death, Despot and Devil

One sees well, these Marseillese will be too late for the Federation Feast In fact, it is not Camp-de-Mars Oaths that they have in view. They have quite another feat to do: a paralytic National Executive to set in action. They must "strike down" whatsoever "Tyrant," or Martyr-Fainéant, there may be who paralyses it; strike and be struck, and on the whole prosper, and know how to die.

### CHAPTER III.

### Some Consolation to Mankind

OF the Federation Feast itself we shall say almost nothing. There are Tents pitched in the Champ-de-Mars; tent for National Assembly; tent for Hereditary Representative, - who indeed is there too early, and has to wait long in it There are Eighty-three symbolic Departmental Trees-of-Liberty; trees and mais enough beautifullest of all, there is one huge mai, hung round with effete Scutcheons, Emblazonries and Genealogy-books, nay better still, with Lawyers'-bags, "sacs de procédure;" which shall be burnt. The Thirty seat-rows of that famed Slope are again full; we have a bright Sun; and all is marching, streamering and blaring: but what avails it? Virtuous Mayor Pétion, whom Feuillantism had suspended, was reinstated only last night, by Decree of the Assembly. Men's humour is of the sourest Men's hats have on them, written in chalk, "Vive Pétion;" and even, Pétion or Death, Pétion ou la Mort."

Poor Louis, who has waited till five o'clock before the Assembly would arrive, swears the National Oath this time, with a quilted cuirass under his waistcoat which will turn pistol-bullets. \* Madame de Stael, from that Royal Tent, stretches out the neck in a kind of agony, lest the waving multitude which receive him may not render him back alive No cry of Vive le Roi salutes the ear; cries only of Vive Pétion; Pétion ou la

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. c. 20, De Stael, 11, c 7

Mort. The National Solemnity is as it were huddled by; each cowering off almost before the evolutions are gone through The very Mai with its Scutcheons and Lawyers'-bags is forgotten, stands unburnt; till "certain Patriot Deputies," called by the people, set a torch to it, by way of voluntary after-piece. Sadder Feast of Pikes no man ever saw.

Mayor Pétion, named on hats, is at his zenith in this Federation; Lafayette again is close upon his nadir Why does the stormbell of Saint-Roch speak out, next Saturday; why do the citizens shut their shops?\* It is Sections defiling, it is fear of effervescence. Legislative Committee, long deliberating on Lafayette and that Antijacobin visit of his, reports, this day, that there is "not ground for Accusation!" Peace, ye Patriots, nevertheless; and let that tocsin cease: the Debate is not finished, nor the Report accepted; but Brissot, Isnard and the Mountain will sift it, and resuft it, perhaps for some three weeks longer.

So many bells, stormbells and noises do ring;—scarcely audible; one drowning the other. For example: in this same Lafayette tocsin, of Saturday, was there not withal some faint bob-minor, and Deputation of Legislative, ringing the Chevalier Paul Jones to his long rest, tocsin or dirge now all one to him! Not ten days hence Patriot Brissot, beshouted this day by the Patriot Galleries, shall find himself begroaned by them, on account of his limited Patriotism; nay pelted at while perorating, and "hit with two prunes." \*\* It is a distracted empty-sounding world; of bob-minors and bob-majors, of triumph and terror, of rise and fall!

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 21 Juillet 1792. \*\* Hist. Parl. xvi. 185.

The more touching is this other Solemnity, which happens on the morrow of the Lafavette tocsin: Proclamation that the Country is in Danger. Not till the present Sunday could such Solemnity be The Legislative decreed it almost a fortnight ago; but Royalty and the ghost of a Ministry held back as they could. Now however, on this Sunday, 22d day of July 1792, it will hold back no longer; and the Solemnity in very deed is Touching to behold! Municipality and Mayor have on their scarfs; cannon-salvo booms alarm from the Pont-Neuf, and single-gun at intervals all day. Guards are mounted, scarfed Notabilities, Halberdiers, and a Cavalcade: with streamers, emblematic flags: especially with one huge Flag, flapping mournfully: Citoyens, la Patrie est en Danger. They roll through the streets, with stern-sounding music, and slow rattle of hoofs; pausing at set stations, and with doleful blast of trumpet, singing out through Herald's throat, what the Flag says to the eye "Citizens, our Country is in Danger!"

Is there a man's heart that hears it without a thrill? The many-voiced responsive hum or bellow of these multitudes is not of triumph; and yet it is a sound deeper than triumph. But when the long Cavalcade and Proclamation ended; and our huge Flag was fixed on the Pont-Neut, another like it on the Hôtel-de-Ville, to wave there till better days; and each Municipal sat in the centre of his Section, in a Tent raised in some open square, Tents surmounted with flags of Patrie en Danger, and topmost of all a Pike and Bonnet Rouge; and, on two drums in front of him, there lay a plank-table, and on this an open Book, and a Clerk sat, like recording-angel, ready to

write the lists, or as we say to enlist! O, then, it seems, the very gods might have looked down on it. Young Patriotism, Culottic and Sansculottic, rushes forward emulous: That is my name; name, blood and life is all my country's; why have I nothing more! Youths of short stature weep that they are below size Old men come forward, a son in each hand. Mothers themselves will grant the son of their travail; send him, though with tears And the multitude bellows Vive la Patrie, far reverberating. And fire flashes in the eves of men; - and at eventide, your Municipal neturns to the Townhall followed by his long train of Volunteer valour; hands-in his List; says proudly, looking round, This is my day's harvest. \* They will march, on the morrow, to Soissons: small bundle holding all their chattels.

So, with Vive la Patrie, Vive la Liberté, stone Paris reverberates like Ocean in his caves; day after day, Municipals enlisting in tricolor Tent; the Flag flapping on Pont-Neuf and Townhall, Citoyens, la Patrie est en Danger. Some Ten-thousand fighters, without discipline but full of heart, are on march in few days. The like is doing in every Town of France—Consider, therefore, whether the Country will want defenders, had we but a National Executive? Let the Sections and Primary Assemblies, at any rate, become Permanent! They do become Permanent, and sit continually in Paris, and over France, by Legislative Decree, dated Wednesday the 25th \*\*

Mark contrariwise how, in these very hours, dated the 25th, Brunswick "shakes himself, s'ebranle," in

\*\* Moniteur, Séance du 25 Juillet 1792.

<sup>\*</sup> Tableau de la Révolution, § Patrie en Danger.

Coblentz; and takes the road! Shakes himself indeed; one spoken word becomes such a shaking. Successive, simultaneous dirl of thirty-thousand muskets shouldered; prance and jingle of ten-thousand horsemen, fanfaronading Emigrants in the van; drum, kettledrum; noise of weeping, swearing; and the immeasurable lumbering clank of baggage-wagons and camp-kettles that groan into motion: all this is Brunswick shaking himself; not without all this does the one man march, "covering a space of forty miles." Still less without his Manifesto, dated, as we say, the 25th; a State-Paper worthy of attention!

By this Document, it would seem great things are in store for France The universal French People shall now have permission to rally round Brunswick and his Emigrant Seigneurs; tyranny of a Jacobin Faction shall oppress them no more; but they shall neturn, and find favour with their own good King; who, by Royal Declaration (three years ago) of the Twenty-third of June, said that he would himself make them happy. As for National Assembly, and other Bodies of Men invested with some temporary shadow of authority, they are charged to maintain the King's Cities and Strong Places intact, till Brunswick arrive to take delivery of them. Indeed, quick submission may extenuate many things; but to this end it must be quick. Any National Guard or other unmilitary person found resisting in arms shall be "treated as a traitor;" that is to say, hanged with promptitude. For the rest, if Paris, before Brunswick gets thither, offer any insult to the King; or, for example, suffer a Faction to carry the King away elsewhither; in that case. Paris shall be blasted asunder with cannon-shot

and "military execution." Likewise all other Cities, which may witness, and not resist to the uttermost, such forced-march of his Majesty, shall be blasted asunder, and Paris and every City of them, starting-place, course and goal of said sacrilegious forced-march, shall, as rubbish and smoking ruin, lie there for a sign Such vengeance were indeed signal, "an msigne vengeance:" — O Brunswick, what words thou writest and blusterest! In this Paris, as in old Nineveh, are so many score thousands that know not the right hand from the left, and also much cattle Shall the very milk-cows, hard-living cadgers'-asses, and poor little canary-birds die?

Nor is Royal and Imperial Prussian-Austrian Declaration wanting: setting forth, in the amplest manner, their Sanssouci-Schonbrunn version of this whole French Revolution, since the first beginning of it; and with what grief these high heads have seen such things done under the Sun. However, "as some small consolation to mankind,"\* they do now despatch Brunswick; regardless of expense, as one might say, or of sacrifices on their own part; for is it not the first duty to console men?

Serene Highnesses, who sit there protocolling and manifestoing, and consoling mankind! how were it if, for once in the thousand years, your parchments, formularies and reasons of state were blown to the four winds; and Reality Sans-indispensables stared you, even you, in the face; and Mankind said for itself what the thing was that would console it?—

<sup>\*</sup> Annual Register (1792) 236.

### CHAPTER IV

#### Subterranean

But judge if there was comfort in this to the Sections all sitting permanent; deliberating how a National Executive could be put in action!

High rises the response, not of cackling terror but of crowing counter-defiance, and Vive la Nation; young Valour streaming towards the Frontiers; Patrie en Danger mutely beckoning on the Pont-Neuf Sections are busy, in their permanent Deep; and down, lower still, works unlimited Patriotism, seeking salvation in Insurrection, you would say, becomes once more the sacredest of duties? Committee, self-chosen, is sitting at the Sign of the Golden Sun; Journalist Carra, Camille Desmoulins, Alsatian Westermann friend of Danton, American Fournier of Martinique; - a Committee not unknown to Mayor Pétion, who, as an official person, must sleep with one eve open. Not unknown to Procureur Manuel; least of all to Procureur-Substitute Danton! He, wrapped in darkness, being also official, bears it on his giant shoulders; cloudy invisible Atlas of the whole

Much is invisible; the very Jacobins have their reticences Insurrection is to be but when? This only we can discern, that such Fédérés as are not yet gone to Soissons, as indeed are not inclined to go yet, "for reasons," says the Jacobin President, "which it may be interesting not to state," — have got a Central Committee sitting close by, under the roof of the Mother-Society herself. Also, what in such ferment and danger of effervescence is surely proper, the

Forty-eight Sections have got their Central Committee; intended "for prompt communication" To which Central Committee the Municipality, anxious to have it at hand, could not refuse an Apartment in the Hotel-de-Ville.

Singular City! For overhead of all this, there is the customary baking and brewing; Labour hammers and grinds Frilled promenaders saunter under the trees; white-muslin promenaderess, in green parasol, leaning on your arm Dogs dance, and shoeblacks polish, on that Pont-Neuf itself, where Fatherland is in danger. So much goes its course; and yet the course of all

things is nigh altering and ending.

Look at that Tuileries and Tuileries Garden all as Sahara; none entering save by ticket! They shut their Gates, after the Day of the Black Breeches; a thing they had the liberty to do However, the National Assembly grumbled something about Terrace of the Feuillants, how said Terrace lay contiguous to the back-entrance to their Salle, and was partly National Property; and so now National Justice has stretched a Tricolor Riband athwart it, by way of boundary-line; respected with splenetic strictness by all Patriots It hangs there that Tricolor boundaryline; carries "satirical inscriptions on cards," generally in verse; and all beyond this is called Coblentz, and remains vacant; silent as a fateful Golgotha, sunshine and umbrage alternating on it in vain Fateful Circuit what hope can dwell in it? Mysterious Tickets of Entry introduce themselves; speak of Insurrection very imminent. Rivarol's Staff of Genius had better purchase blunderbusses; Grenadier bonnets, red Swiss uniforms may be useful Insurrection will come; but

likewise will it not be met? Staved off, one may hope, till Brunswick arrive?

But consider withal if the Bourne-stones and Portable-chairs remain silent: if the Herald's College of Bill-Stickers sleep! Louvet's Sentinel warns gratis on all walls; Sulleau is busy; People's-Friend Marat and King's-Friend Royou croak and counter-croak For the man Marat, though long hidden since that Champ-de-Mars Massacre, is still alive. He has lain, who knows in what cellars; perhaps in Legendre's, fed by a steak of Legendre's killing but, since April, the bull-frog voice of him sounds again; hoarsest of earthly cries For the present, black terror haunts him. O brave Barbaroux, wilt thou not smuggle me to Marseilles, "disguised as a jockey?"\* In Palais-Royal and all public places, as we read, there is sharp activity; private individuals haranguing that Valour may enlist, haranguing that the Executive may be put in action Royalist Journals ought to be solemnly buint: argument thereupon; debates, which generally end in single-stick, coups de cannes.\*\* Or think of this; the hour midnight; place Salle de Manége; august Assembly just adjourning, "Citizens of both sexes enter in a rush, exclaiming, Vengeance; they are poisoning our Brothers;" - baking brayed-glass among their bread at Soissons! Vergniaud has to speak soothing words. How Commissioners are already sent to investigate this brayed-glass, and do what is needful therein; - till the rush of Citizens "makes profound silence;" and goes home to its bed.

<sup>\*</sup> Barbaroux, p. 60.
\*\* Newspapers, Narratives, and Documents (Hist. Parl. xv. 240, xvi. 399).

Such is Paris; the heart of a France like to it. Preternatural suspicion, doubt, disquietude, nameless anticipation, from shore to shore: — and those blackbrowed Marseillese marching, dusty, unwearied, through the midst of it; not doubtful they. Marching to the grim music of their hearts, they consume continually the long road, these three weeks and more; heralded by Terror and Rumour. The Brest Fédérés arrive on the 26th; through hurrahing streets Determined men are these also, bearing or not bearing the Sacred Pikes of Château-Vieux; and on the whole decidedly disinclined for Soissons as yet. Surely the Marseillese Brethren do diaw nigher all days.

# CHAPTER V.

#### At Dinner.

It was a bright day for Charenton, that 29th of the month, when the Marseilles Brethren actually came in sight Barbaroux, Santerre and Patriots have gone out to meet the grim Wayfarers Patriot clasps dusty Patriot to his bosom; there is footwashing and refection: "dinner of twelve-hundred covers at the Blue Dial, Cadran Bleu;" and deep interior consultation, that one wots not of. \* Consultation indeed which comes to little; for Santerre, with an open purse, with a loud voice, has almost no head. Here, however, we repose this night: on the morrow is public entry into Paris

Of which public entry the Day-Historians, Diurnal-1sts, or Journalists as they call themselves, have preserved record enough. How Saint-Antoine male and

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vill. 90-101.

female, and Paris generally, gave brotherly welcome, with bravo and hand-clapping, in crowded streets; and all passed in the peaceablest manner; — except it might be our Marseillese pointed out here and there a riband-cockade, and beckoned that it should be snatched away, and exchanged for a wool one; which was done. How the Mother-Society in a body has come as far as the Bastille-ground, to embrace you. How you then wend onwards, triumphant, to the Townhall, to be embraced by Mayor Pétion; to put down your muskets in the Barracks of Nouvelle France, not far off; — then towards the appointed Tavern in the Champ Élysées, to enjoy a frugal Patriot repast.\*

Of all which the indignant Tuileries may, by its Tickets of Entry, have warning Red Swiss look doubly sharp to their Château-Grates; - though surely there is no danger? Blue Grenadiers of the Filles-Saint-Thomas Section are on duty there this day: men of Agio, as we have seen; with stuffed purses, riband-cockades; among whom serves Weber. A party of these latter, with Captains, with sundry Feuillant Notabilities, Moreau de Saint-Méry of the three-thousand orders, and others, have been dining, much more respectably, in a Tavern hard by They have dined, and are now drinking Loyal-Patriotic toasts; while the Marseillese, National-Patriotic merely, are about sitting down to their frugal covers of delf. How it happened remains to this day undemonstrable; but the external fact is, certain of these Filles-Saint-Thomas Grenadiers do issue from their Tavern; perhaps touched, surely not yet muddled with any liquor

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xvi. 196. See Barbaroux, pp 51-5.

they have had; — issue in the professed intention of testifying to the Marseillese, or to the multitude of Paris Patriots who stroll in these spaces, That they, the Filles-Saint-Thomas men, if well seen into, are not a whit less Patriotic than any other class of men whatever

It was a rash errand! For how can the strolling multitude credit such a thing; or do other indeed than hoot at it, provoking and provoked? - till Grenadier sabres stir in the scabbard, and thereupon a sharp shriek rises: "A nous, Marsallars, Help, Marseillese!" Quick as lightning, for the frugal repast is not yet served, that Marseillese Tavern flings itself open: by door, by window; running, bounding, vault forth the Five-hundred and Seventeen undined Patriots; and, sabre flashing from thigh, are on the scene of controversy Will ye parley, ye Grenadier Captains and official Persons; "with faces grown suddenly pale," the Deponents say?\* Advisabler were instant moderately swift retreat! The Filles-Saint-Thomas men retreat, back foremost; then, alas, face foremost, at treble-quick time; the Marseillese, according to a Deponent, "clearing the fences and ditches after them, like lions: Messieurs, it was an imposing spectacle."

Thus they retreat, the Marseillese following. Swift and swifter, towards the Tuileries: where the Drawbridge receives the bulk of the fugitives; and, then suddenly drawn up, saves them; or else the green mud of the Ditch does it. The bulk of them; not all; ah, no! Moreau de Saint-Méry for example, being too

Moniteur, Séances du 30, du 31 Juillet, 1792 (Hist. Parl. xvi. 197—210).

fat, could not fly fast; he got a stroke, flat-stroke only, over the shoulder-blades, and fell prone; — and disappears there from the History of the Revolution. Cuts also there were, pricks in the posterior fleshy parts; much rending of skirts, and other discrepant waste. But poor Sub-lieutenant Duhamel, innocent Change-broker, what a lot for him! He turned on his pursuer, or pursuers, with a pistol; he fired and missed; drew a second pistol, and again fired and missed; then ran: unhappily in vain In the Rue Saint-Florentin, they clutched him; thrust him through, in red rage: that was the end of the New Era, and of all Eras, to poor Duhamel

Pacific readers can fancy what sort of gracebefore-meat this was to frugal Patriotism Also how the Battalion of the Filles-Saint-Thomas "drew out in arms," luckily without further result; how there was accusation at the Bar of the Assembly, and counteraccusation and defence; Marseillese challenging the sentence of a free jury-court, - which never got empanneled We ask rather, What the upshot of all these distracted wildly accumulating things may, by probability, be? Some upshot; and the time draws nigh! Busy are Central Committees, of Fédérés at the Jacobins Church, of Sections at the Townhall; Reumon of Carra, Camille and Company at the Golden Sun Busy; like submarine deities, or call them mud-gods, working there in deep murk of waters; till the thing be ready.

And how your National Assembly, like a ship water-logged, helmless, lies tumbling, the Galleries, of shrill Women, of Fédérés with sabres, bellowing down on it, not unfrightful; — and waits where the waves

of chance may please to strand it; suspicious, nay on the Leftside, conscious, what submarine Explosion is meanwhile a-charging! Petition for King's Forfeiture rises often there: Petition from Paris Section, from Provincial Patriot Towns; "from Alençon, Briancon, and the Traders at the Fair of Beaucaire" Or what of these? On the 3rd of August, Mayor Pétion and the Municipality come petitioning for Forfeiture: they openly, in their tricolor Municipal scarfs. Forfeiture is what all Patriots now want and expect All Brissotins want Forfeiture; with the little Prince Royal for King, and us for Protector over him. Emphatic Féderés ask the Legislature: "Can you save us. or not?" Forty-seven Sections have agreed to Forfeiture; only that of the Filles-Saint-Thomas pretending to disagree Nav Section Mauconseil declares Forfeiture to be, properly speaking, come; Mauconseil, for one, "does from this day," the last of July, "cease allegiance to Louis," and take minute of the same be-A thing blamed aloud; but which will fore all men be praised aloud; and the name Mauconseil, of Illcounsel, be thenceforth changed to Bonconseil, of Goodcounsel

President Danton, in the Cordeliers Section, does another thing: invites all Passive Citizens to take place among the Active in Section-business, one peril threatening all. Thus he, though an official person; cloudy Atlas of the whole. Likewise he manages to have that blackbrowed Battalion of Marseillese shifted to new Barracks, in his own region of the remote Southeast. Sleek Chaumette, cruel Billaud, Deputy Chabot the Disfrocked, Huguenin with the tocsin in his heart, will welcome them there. Wherefore, again and

again: "O Legislators, can you save us or not?" Poor Legislators; with their Legislature water-logged, volcanic Explosion charging under it! Forfeiture shall be debated on the ninth of August; that miserable business of Lafayette may be expected to terminate on the eighth

Or will the humane Reader glance into the Leveeday of Sunday the fifth? The last Levee! Not for a long time, "never," says Bertrand Moleville, had a Levee been so brilliant, at least so crowded. A sad presaging interest sat on every face; Bertrand's own eves were filled with tears For, indeed, outside of that Tricolor Riband on the Feuillants Terrace, Legislature is debating, Sections are defiling, all Paris is astir this very Sunday, demanding Déchéance.\* Here, however, within the riband, a grand proposal is on foot, for the hundredth time, of carrying his Majesty to Rouen and the Castle of Gaillon. Swiss at Courbevove are in readiness: much is ready. Majesty himself seems almost ready. Nevertheless, for the hundredth time, Majesty, when near the point of action, draws back; writes, after one has waited, palpitating, an endless summer day, that "he has reason to believe "the Insurrection is not so ripe as you suppose." Whereat Bertrand Moleville breaks forth "into ex-"tremity at once of spleen and despair, d'humeur et de "désespoir." \*

# CHAPTER VI

The Steeples at Midnight.

For, in truth, the Insurrection is just about ripe. Thursday is the ninth of the month August: if For-

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xvi. 337-9. \*\* Bertrand Moleville, Mémoires, ii. 129

feiture be not pronounced by the Legislature that day, we must pronounce it ourselves.

Legislature? A poor water-logged Legislature can pronounce nothing. On Wednesday the eighth, after endless oratory once again, they cannot even pronounce Accusation against Lafayette; but absolve him, — hear it, Patriotism! — by a majority of two to one Patriotism hears it; Patriotism, hounded on by Prussian Terror, by Preternatural Suspicion, roars tumultuous round the Salle de Manége, all day; insults many leading Deputies, of the absolvent Rightside; nay chases them, collars them with loud menace: Deputy Vaublanc, and others of the like, are glad to take refuge in Guard-houses, and escape by the back window. And so, next day, there is infinite complaint: Letter after Letter from insulted Deputy: mere complaint, debate and self-cancelling jargon: the sun of Thursday sets like the others, and no Forfeiture pronounced. Wherefore in fine. To your tents, O Teraell

The Mother-Society ceases speaking; groups cease haranguing: Patriots, with closed lips now, "take one another's arm;" walk off, in rows, two and two, at a brisk business-pace; and vanish afar in the obscure places of the East.\* Santerre is ready; or we will make him ready. Forty-seven of the Forty eight Sections are ready; nay, Filles-Saint-Thomas itself turns up the Jacobin side of it, turns down the Feuillant side of it, and is ready too. Let the unlimited Patriot look to his weapon, be it pike, be it firelock; and the Brest brethren, — above all, the blackbrowed Marseillese prepare themselves for the extreme hour! Syndic

Deux Amis, vin. 129-88.

Ræderer knows, and laments or not as the issue may turn, that "five-thousand ball-cartridges, with these "few days, have been distributed to Fédérés, at the "Hôtel-de-Ville"\*

And ye likewise, gallant gentlemen, defenders of Royalty, crowd ye on your side to the Tuileries. Not to a Levee: no, to a Couchée; where much will be put to bed. Your Tickets of Entry are needful; needfuller your blunderbusses! — They come and crowd, like gallant men who also know how to die. old Maillé the Camp-Marshal has come, his eyes gleaming once again, though dimmed by the rheum of almost fourscore years. Courage, Brothers! We have a thousand red Swiss; men stanch of heart, stedfast as the granite of their Alps National Grenadiers are at least friends of Order; Commandant Mandat breathes loyal ardour, will "answer for it on his head" Mandat will, and his Staff, for the Staff, though there stands a doom and Decree to that effect, is happly never yet dissolved

Commandant Mandat has corresponded with Mayor Pétion; carries a written Order from him these three days, to repel force by force A squadron on the Pont-Neuf with cannon shall turn back these Marseillese coming across the River: a squadron at the Townhall shall cut Saint-Antoine in two, "as it issues from the Arcade Saint-Jean;" drive one half back to the obscure East, drive the other half forward "through the Wickets of the Louvre" Squadrons not a few, and mounted squadrons, squadrons in the Palais-Royal, in the Place Vendôme all these shall charge, at the right moment; sweep this street, and then sweep that Some new Twentieth of June we shall have; only still more in-

<sup>\*</sup> Ræderer à la Baile (Séance du 9 Août, in Hist. Parl. xvi. 393).

effectual? Or probably the Insurrection will not dare to rise at all? Mandat's Squadrons, Horse-Gendarmerie and blue Guards march, clattering, tramping; Mandat's Cannoneers rumble. Under cloud of night; to the sound of his générale, which begins drumming when men should go to bed. It is the 9th night of August, 1792

On the other hand, the Forty-eight Sections correspond by swift messengers; are choosing each their "three Delegates with full powers" Syndic Ræderer, Mayor Pétion are sent for to the Tuileries: courageous Legislators, when the drum beats danger, should repair to their Salle Demoiselle Théroigne has on her grenadier-bonnet, short-skirted riding-habit; two pistols garnish her small waist, and sabre hangs in baldrie by her side.

Such a game is playing in this Paris Pandemonium, or City of All the Devils! — And yet the Night, as Mayor Pétion walks here in the Tuileries Garden, "is beautiful and calm;" Orion and the Pleiades glitter down quite serene. Pétion has come forth, the "heat" inside was so oppressive \* Indeed, his Majesty's reception of him was of the roughest; as it well might be. And now there is no outgate; Mandat's blue Squadrons turn you back at every Grate; nay the Filles-Saint-Thomas Grenadiers give themselves liberties of tongue, How a virtuous Mayor "shall pay for it, if there be mischief," and the like; though others again are full of civility Surely if any man in France is in straits this night, it is Mayor Pétion: bound, under

<sup>\*</sup> Rœderer, Chronique de Cinquante Jours; Récit de Pétion, Townhall Records, &c. (in Hist. Parl. xvi. 399—466).

pain of death, one may say, to smile dexterously with the one side of his face, and weep with the other; — death if he do it not dexterously enough! Not till four in the morning does a National Assembly, hearing of his plight, summon him over "to give account of Paris," of which he knows nothing: whereby, however, he shall get home to bed, and only his gilt coach be left. Scarcely less delicate is Syndic Rederer's task; who must wait whether he will lament or not, till he see the issue. Janus Bifrons, or Mr. Facing-both-ways, as vernacular Bunyan has it! They walk there, in the meanwhile, these two Januses, with others of the like double conformation; and "talk of indifferent matters"

Rederer, from time to time, steps in; to listen, to speak: to send for the Department-Directory itself, he their Procureur Syndic not seeing how to act. Apartments are all crowded; some seven-hundred gentlemen in black elbowing, bustling; red Swiss standing like rocks; ghost, or partial-ghost of a Ministry, with Rederer and advisers, hovering round their Majesties; old Marshal Maillé kneeling at the King's feet, to say, He and these gallant gentlemen are come to die for him. List! through the placid midnight; clang of the distant stormbell! So, in very sooth steeple after steeple takes up the wondrous tale. Black Courtiers listen at the windows, opened for air; discriminate the steeple-bells.\* this is the tocsin of Saint-Roch; that again, is it not Saint-Jacques, named de la Boucherre? Yes, Messieurs! Or even Saint-Germain l'Auxerrois, hear ye it not? The same metal that rang storm, two hundred and twenty years ago; but by a Majesty's order then; on Saint Bartholomew's Eve! \*\* - So go

<sup>\*</sup> Ræderer, ubi supia.

<sup>\*\* 24</sup>th August 1572.

the steeple-bells, which Courtiers can discriminate. Nay, meseems, there is the Townhall itself; we know it by its sound! Yes, Friends, that is the Townhall; discoursing so, to the Night. Miraculously, by miraculous metal-tongue and man's-arm. Marat himself, if you knew it, is pulling at the rope there! Marat is pulling; Robespierre lies deep, invisible for the next forty hours; and some men have heart, and some have as good as none, and not even frenzy will give them any.

What struggling confusion, as the issue slowly draws on; and the doubtful Hour, with pain and blind struggle, brings forth its Certainty, never to be abolished! - The Full-power Delegates, three from each Section, a Hundred and forty-four in all, got gathered at the Townhall, about midnight Mandat's Squadron, stationed there, did not hinder their entering: are they not the "Central Committee of the Sections" who sit here usually; though in greater number to-night? They are there: presided by Confusion, Irresolution, and the Clack of Tongues Swift scouts fly; Rumour buzzes, of Black Courtiers, red Swiss, of Mandat and his Squadrons that shall charge Better put off the Insurrection? Yes, put it off. Ha, hark! Saint-Antoine booming out eloquent tocsin, of its own accord! - Friends, no: ye cannot put off the Insurrection; but must put it on, and live with it, or die with it.

Swift now, therefore: let these actual Old Municipals, on sight of the Full-powers, and mandate of the Sovereign elective People, lay down their functions; and this New Hundred and Forty-four take them up! Will ye nill ye, worthy Old Municipals, go ye must.

Nay is it not a happiness for many a Municipal that he can wash his hands of such a business; and sit there paralysed, unaccountable, till the Hour do bring forth: or even go home to his night's rest?\* Two only of the Old, or at most three, we retain: Mayor Pétion, for the present walking in the Tuileries: Procureur Manuel: Procureur-Substitute Danton, invisible Atlas of the whole. And so, with our Hundred and Fortyfour, among whom are a Tocsin-Huguenin, a Billaud, a Chaumette; and Editor-Talliens, and Fabre d'Églantines, Sergents, Panises; and in brief, either emergent, or else emerged and full-blown, the entire Flower of unlimited Patriotism: have we not, as by magic, made a New Municipality; ready to act in the unlimited manner; and declare itself roundly, "in a State of Insurrection!" - First of all, then, be Commandant Mandat sent for, with that Mayor's-Order of his; also let the New Municipals visit those Squadrons that were to charge; and let the stormbell ring its loudest; and, on the whole, Forward, ye Hundred and Fortyfour; retreat is now none for you!

Reader, fancy not, in thy languid way, that Insurrection is easy Insurrection is difficult: each individual uncertain even of his next neighbour; totally uncertain of his distant neighbours, what strength is with him, what strength is against him; certain only that, in case of failure, his individual portion is the gallows! Eight hundred thousand heads, and in each of them a separate estimate of these uncertainties, a separate theorem of action conformable to that: out of so many uncertainties, does the certainty, and inevitable net-result never to be abolished, go on, at all moments, bodying itself

<sup>\*</sup> Section Documents, Townhall Documents (Hist. Parl. ubi supra).

forth; — leading thee also towards civic-crowns or an ignominious noose

Could the Reader take an Asmodeus' Flight, and waving open all roofs and privacies, look down from the Tower of Nôtre Dame, what a Paris were it! Of treble-voice whimperings or vehemence, of bass-voice growlings, dubitations, Courage screwing itself to desperate defiance; Cowardice trembling silent within barred doors; — and all round, Dulness calmly snoring; for much Dulness, flung on its mattresses, always sleeps. O, between the clangour of these high-storming tocsins and that snore of Dulness, what a gamut: of trepidation, excitation, desperation; and above it mere Doubt, Danger, Atropos and Nox!

Fighters of this Section draw out; hear that the next Section does not; and thereupon draw in. Saint-Antoine, on this side the River, is uncertain of Saint-Marceau on that Steady only is the snore of Dulness, are the Six-hundred Marseillese that know how to die. Mandat, twice summoned to the Townhall, has not come. Scouts fly incessant, in distracted haste; and the many-whispering voices of Rumour. and unofficial Patriots flit, dim-visible, exploratory, far and wide: like Night-birds on the wing. Of Nationals some Three-thousand have followed Mandat and his générale; the rest follow each his own theorem of the uncertainties: theorem, that one should march rather with Saint-Antoine; innumerable theorems, that in such a case the wholesomest were sleep. And so the drums beat, in mad fits, and the stormbells peal. Saint-Antoine itself does but draw out and draw in; Commandant Santerre, over there, cannot believe that the Marseillese and Saint-Marceau will march

laggard sonorous Beer-vat, with the loud voice and timber-head, is it time now to palter? Alsatian Westermann clutches him by the throat with drawn sabre: whereupon the Timber-headed believes. In this manner wanes the slow night; amid fret, uncertainty and tocsin; all men's humour rising to the hysterical pitch; and nothing done.

However, Mandat, on the third summons, does come; - come, unguarded; astonished to find the Municipality new. They question him straitly on that Mayor's-Order to resist force by force; on that strategic scheme of cutting Saint-Antoine in two halves: he answers what he can: they think it were right to send this strategic National Commandant to the Abbaye Prison, and let a Court of Law decide on him. Alas, a Court of Law, not Book-Law but primeval Club-Law, crowds and jostles out of doors; all fretted to the hysterical pitch; cruel as Fear, blind as the Night: such Court of Law, and no other, clutches poor Mandat from his constables; beats him down, massacres him, on the steps of the Townhall. Look to it, ye new Municipals; ve People, in a state of Insurrection! Blood is shed, blood must be answered for; - alas, in such hysterical humour, more blood will flow: for it is as with the Tiger in that; he has only to begin.

Seventeen Individuals have been seized in the Champs Élysées, by exploratory Patriotism; they flitting dim-visible, by it flitting dim-visible. Ye have pistols, rapiers, ye Seventeen? One of those accursed "false Patrols;" that go marauding, with Anti-National intent; seeking what they can spy, what they can spill! The Seventeen are carried to the nearest Guardhouse; eleven of them escape by back passages "How is

this?" Demoiselle Théroigne appears at the front entrance, with sabre, pistols and a train; denounces treasonous connivance; demands, seizes, the remaining six, that the justice of the People be not trifled with. Of which six two more escape in the whirl and debate of the Club-Law Court; the last unhappy Four are massacred, as Mandat was: Two Ex-Bodyguards; one dissipated Abbé; one Royalist Pamphleteer, Sulleau, known to us by name, Able Editor, and wit of all work Poor Sulleau: his Acts of the Apostles, and brisk Placard-Journals (for he was an able man) come to Finis, in this manner; and questionable jesting issues suddenly in horrid earnest! Such doings usher-in the dawn of the Tenth of August, 1792

Or think what a night the poor National Assembly has had: sitting there, "in great paucity," attempting to debate; - quivering and shivering; pointing towards all the thirty-two azimuths at once, at the magnetneedle does when thunderstorm in the air! If the Insurrection come? If it come, and fail? Alas, in that case, may not black Courtiers with blunderbusses, red Swiss with bayonets rush over, flushed with victory, and ask us: Thou undefinable, waterlogged, self-distractive, self-destructive Legislative, what dost thou here unsunk? - Or figure the poor National Guards, bivouacking in "temporary tents" there; or standing ranked, shifting from leg to leg, all through the weary night; New tricolor Municipals ordering one thing, old Mandat Captains ordering another Procureur Manuel has ordered the cannons to be withdrawn from the Pont-Neuf; none ventured to disobey him. It seems certain, then, the old Staff, so long doomed, has finally been dissolved, in these hours; and Mandat is not our Commandant now, but Santerre? Yes, friends: Santerre henceforth, — surely Mandat no more! The Squadrons that were to charge see nothing certain, except that they are cold, hungry, worn down with watching; that it were sad to slay French brothers; sadder to be slain by them. Without the Tuileries Circuit, and within it, sour uncertain humour sways these men. only the red Swiss stand stedfast. Them their officers refresh now with a slight wetting of brandy; wherein the Nationals, too far gone for brandy, refuse to participate.

King Louis meanwhile had laid him down for a little sleep; his wig when he reappeared had lost the powder on one side \* Old Marshal Maillé and the gentlemen in black rise always in spirits, as the Insurrection does not rise: there goes a witty saying now, "Le tocsin ne rend pas," The tocsin, like a dry milkcow, does not yield For the rest, could not one proclaim Martial Law? Not easily; for now, it seems, Mayor Pétion is gone On the other hand, our Interim Commandant, poor Mandat being off "to the Hôtel-de-Ville," complains that so many Courtiers in black encumber the service, are an eyesorrow to the National Guards To which her Majesty answers with emphasis, That they will obey all, will suffer all, that they are sure men these

And so the yellow lamplight dies out in the gray of morning, in the King's Palace, over such a scene. Scene of jostling, elbowing, of confusion, and indeed conclusion, for the thing is about to end. Ræderer and spectral Ministers jostle in the press; consult, in sidecabinets, with one or with both Majesties Sister

<sup>·</sup> Ræderer, ubi supia.

Elizabeth takes the Queen to the window: "Sisters, see what a beautiful sunrise." right over the Jacobins Church and that quarter! How happy if the tocsin did not vield! But Mandat returns not; Pétion is gone: much hangs wavering in the invisible Balance About five o'clock, there rises from the Garden a kind of sound: as of a shout which had become a howl, and instead of Vive le Roi were ending in Vive la Nation. "Mon Dieu!" ejaculates a spectral Minister, "what is he doing down there?" For it is his Majesty, gone down with old Marshal Maillé to review the troops; and the nearest companies of them answer so. Her Majesty bursts into a stream of tears Yet on stepping from the cabinet, her eyes are dry and calm, her look is even cheerful "The Austrian lip, and the aquiline "nose, fuller than usual, gave to her countenance," says Peltier.\* "something of majesty, which they that did "not see her in these moments cannot well have an "idea of." O thou Theresa's Daughter!

King Louis enters, much blown with the fatigue; but for the rest with his old air of indifference Of all hopes now, surely the joyfullest were, that the tocsin did not yield.

# CHAPTER VII

#### The Swiss.

UNHAPPY Friends, the tocsin does yield, has yielded' Lo ye, how with the first sunrays its Ocean-tide, of pikes and fusils, flows glittering from the far East;—immeasurable; born of the Night! They march there, the grim host; Saint-Antoine on this side the River;

<sup>\*</sup> In Toulongeon, ii. 241.

Saint-Marceau on that, the blackbrowed Marseillese in the van With hum, and grim murmur, far-heard; like the Ocean-tide, as we say. drawn up, as if by Luna and Influences, from the great Deep of Waters, they roll gleaming on; no King, Canute or Louis, can bid them roll back Wide-eddying side-currents, of onlookers, roll hither and thither, unarmed, not voiceless; they, the steel host, roll on New-Commandant Santerre, indeed, has taken seat at the Townhall; rests there, in his halfway-house Alsatian Westermann, with flashing sabre, does not rest; nor the Sections, nor the Marseillese, nor Demoiselle Théroigne; but roll continually on

And now, where are Mandat's Squadrons that were to charge? Not a Squadron of them stirs or they stir in the wrong direction, out of the way, their officers glad that they will even do that It is to this hour uncertain whether the Squadron on the Pont-Neuf made the shadow of resistance, or did not make the shadow: enough, the blackbrowed Marseillese, and Saint-Marceau following them, do cross without let; do cross, in sure hope now of Saint-Antoine and the rest; do billow on, towards the Tuileries, where their errand is. The Tuileries, at sound of them, rustles responsive: the red Swiss look to their priming; Courtiers in black draw their blunderbusses, rapiers, poniards, some have even fire-shovels; every man his weapon of war.

Judge if, in these circumstances, Syndic Reederer felt easy! Will the kind Heavens open no middle-course of refuge for a poor Syndic who halts between two? If indeed his Majesty would consent to go over to the Assembly! His Majesty, above all her Majesty, cannot agree to that Did her Majesty answer the pro-

posal with a "Fi donc;" did she say even, she would be nailed to the walls sooner? Apparently not It is written also that she offered the King a pistol; saying, Now or else never was the time to show himself. Close eye-witnesses did not see it, nor do we They saw only that she was queenlike, quiet; that she argued not, upbraided not, with the Inexorable; but, like Cæsar in the Capitol, wrapped her mantle, as it beseems Queens and Sons of Adam to do. But thou, O Louis! of what stuff art thou at all? Is there no stroke in thee, then, for Life and Crown? The silliest hunted deer dies not so. Art thou the languidest of all mortals; or the mildest-minded? Thou art the worst-starred.

The tide advances; Syndic Ræderer's and all men's straits grow straiter and straiter. Fremescent clangor comes from the armed Nationals in the Court; far and wide is the infinite hubbub of tongues What counsel? And the tide is now nigh! Messengers, forerunners speak hastily through the outer Grates; hold parley sitting astride the walls Syndic Rederer goes out and comes in Cannoneers ask him. Are we to fire against the people? King's Ministers ask him: Shall the King's House be forced? Syndic Rederer has a hard game to play. He speaks to the Cannoneers with eloquence, with fervour; such fervour as a man can, who has to blow hot and cold in one breath. Hot and cold, O Rederer? We, for our part, cannot live and die! The Cannoneers, by way of answer, fling down their linstocks. - Think of this answer, O King Louis, and King's Ministers; and take a poor Syndic's safe middlecourse, towards the Salle de Manége. King Louis sits, his hands leant on his knees, body bent forward; gazes for a space fixedly on Syndic Roderer; then answers, looking over his shoulder to the Queen: Marchons! They march; King Louis, Queen, Sister Elizabeth, the two royal children and governess. these, with Syndic Rederer, and Officials of the Department; amid a double rank of National Guards. The men with blunderbusses, the steady red Swiss gaze mournfully, reproachfully; but hear only these words from Syndic Rederer: "The King is going to the Assembly; make way" It has struck eight, on all clocks, some minutes ago: the King has left the Tuileries — forever.

On ye stanch Swiss, ye gallant gentlemen in black, for what a cause are ye to spend and be spent! Look out from the western windows, ye may see King Louis placidly hold on his way; the poor little Prince Royal "sportfully kicking the fallen leaves." Fremescent multitude on the Terrace of the Feuillants whirls parallel to him; one man in it, very noisy, with a long pole: will they not obstruct the outer Staircase, and backentrance of the Salle, when it comes to that? King's Guards can go no further than the bottom step there. Lo, Deputation of Legislators come out; he of the long pole is stilled by oratory; Assembly's Guards join themselves to King's Guards, and all may mount in this case of necessity; the outer Staircase is free, or passable. See, Royalty ascends; a blue Grenadier lifts the poor little Prince Royal from the press; Royalty has entered in. Royalty has vanished forever from your eyes - And ye? Left standing there, amid the vawning abysses, and earthquake of Insurrection; without course; without command: if ye perish, it must be as more than martyrs, as martyrs who are now without a cause! The black Courtiers disappear mostly; through such issues as they can. She poor Swiss know not how to act:

one duty only is clear to them, that of standing by their post; and they will perform that.

But the glittering steel tide has arrived; it beats now against the Château barriers, and eastern Courts; irresistible, loud-surging far and wide; - breaks in, fills the Court of the Carrousel, blackbrowed Marseillese in the van King Louis gone, say you; over to the Assembly! Well and good: but till the Assembly pronounce Forfeiture of him, what boots it? Our post is in that Château or stronghold of his; there till then must we continue. Think, ye stanch Swiss, whether it were good that grim murder began, and brothers blasted one another in pieces for a stone edifice? - Poor Swiss! they know not how to act: from the southern windows, some fling cartridges, in sign of brotherhood; on the eastern outer staircase, and within through long stairs and corridors, they stand firm-ranked, peaceable and yet refusing to stir. Westermann speaks to them in Alsatian German; Marseillese plead, in hot Provençal speech and pantomime; stunning hubbub pleads and threatens, infinite, around. The Swiss stand fast, peaceable and vet immovable; red granite pier in that waste-flashing sea of steel.

Who can help the inevitable issue; Marseillese and all France, on this side; granite Swiss on that? The pantomime grows hotter and hotter; Marseillese sabres flourishing by way of action; the Swiss brow also clouding itself, the Swiss thumb bringing its firelock to the cock. And hark! high thundering above all the din, three Marseillese cannon from the Carrousel, pointed by a gunner of bad aim, come rattling over the roofs! Ye Swiss, therefore: Fire! The Swiss fire; by volley, by platoon, in rolling-fire: Marseillese men not a few,

and "a tall man that was louder than any," lie silent, smashed upon the pavement; — not a few Marseillese, after the long dusty march, have made halt here The Carrousel is void; the black tide recoiling; "fugitives rushing as far as Saint-Antoine before they stop" The Cannoneers without linstock have squatted invisible, and left their cannon; which the Swiss seize

Think what a volley. reverberating doomful to the four corners of Paris, and through all hearts; like the clang of Bellona's thongs! The blackbrowed Marseillese, rallying on the instant, have become black Demons that know how to die Nor is Brest behindhand: nor Alsatian Westermann; Demoiselle Théroigne is Sibyl Théroigne: Vengeance, Victoire ou la mort! all Patriot artillery, great and small: from Feuillants Terrace, and all terraces and places of the wide-spread Insurrectionary sea, there roars responsive a red blazing whirlwind Blue Nationals, ranked in the Garden, cannot help their muskets going off, against Foreign For there is a sympathy in muskets, in murderers heaped masses of men: nay, are not Mankind, in whole, like tuned strings, and a cunning infinite concordance and unity; you smite one string, and all strings will begin sounding, - in soft sphere-melody, in deafening screech of madness! Mounted Gendarmerie gallop distracted; are fired on merely as a thing running; galloping over the Pont Royal, or one knows not whither The brain of Paris, brain-fevered in the centre of it here, has gone mad; what you call, taken fire.

Behold, the fire slackens not; nor does the Swiss rolling-fire slacken from within. Nay they clutched cannon, as we saw; and now, from the other side, they clutch three pieces more, alas, cannon without linstock: nor will the steel-and-flint answer, though they try it. \* Had it chanced to answer! onlookers have their misgivings; one strangest Patriot onlooker thinks that the Swiss, had they a commander, would beat. He is a man not unqualified to judge; the name of him Napoleon Buonaparte \*\* And onlookers, and women, stand gazing, and the witty Dr Moore of Glasgow among them, on the other side of the River: cannon rush rumbling past them; pause on the Pont Royal; belch out their iron entials there. against the Tuileries; and at every new belch, the women and onlookers "shout and clap hands." \*\*\* City of all the Devils! In remote streets, men are drinking breakfast-coffee, following their affairs; with a start now and then, as some dull echo reverberates a note louder And here? Marseillese fall wounded; but Barbaroux has surgeons; Barbaroux is close by, managing, though underhand, and under cover Marseillese fall death-struck, bequeath their firelock, specify in which pocket are the cartridges; and die, murmuring, "Revenge me, Revenge thy country!" Brest Fédéré Officers, galloping in red coats, are shot as Swiss. Lo you, the Carrousel has burst into flame! - Paris Pandemonium! Nay the poor City, as we said, is in tever-fit and convulsion, such crisis has lasted for the space of some half hour.

But what is this that, with Legislative Insignia, ventures through the hubbub and death-hail, from the back-entrance of the Manége? Towards the Tuilenies

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, viii. 179-88.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Hist. Pail. xvii. 56, Las Cases, &c.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Moore, Journal during a Residence in France (Dublin, 1793), 1. 26.

and Swiss: written Order from his Majesty to cease firing! O ye hapless Swiss, why was there no order not to begin it? Gladly would the Swiss cease firing: but who will bid mad Insurrection cease firing? To Insurrection you cannot speak; neither can it, hydraheaded, hear The dead and dying, by the hundred, lie all around; are borne bleeding through the streets, towards help; the sight of them, like a torch of the Furies, kindling Madness Patriot Paris roars; as the bear bereaved of her whelps On, ye Patriots: Vengeance! Victory or death! There are men seen, who rush on, aimed only with walking-sticks \* Terror and Fury rule the hour.

The Swiss, pressed on from without, paralysed from within, have ceased to shoot; but not to be shot. What shall they do? Desperate is the moment. Shelter or instant death yet How, Where? One party flies out by the Rue de l'Échelle; is destroyed utterly. "en entier." A second, by the other side, throws itself into the Garden; "hurrying across a keen fusillade;" rushes suppliant into the National Assembly, finds pity and refuge in the back benches there The third, and largest, darts out in column, three hundred strong, towards the Champs Élysées: Ah, could we but reach Courbe-voye, where other Swiss are! Wo! see, in such fusillade the column "soon breaks itself by diversity of opinion," into distracted segments, this way and that; - to escape in holes, to die fighting from street to street. The firing and murdering will not cease; not yet for long The red Porters of Hôtels are shot at, be they Suisse by nature, or Suisse only

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. ubi supia; Rapport du Capitaine des Canonniers, Rapport du Commandant, &c (Ibid xvii. 300—18).

in name The very Firemen, who pump and labour on that smoking Carrousel, are shot at: why should the Carrousel not burn? Some Swiss take refuge in private houses; find that mercy too does still dwell in the heart of man The brave Marseillese are merciful, late so wroth; and labour to save. Journalist Gorsas pleads hard with enfuriated groups Clemence, the Wine-merchant, stumbles forward to the Bar of the Assembly, a rescued Swiss in his hand; tells passionately how he rescued him with pain and peril, how he will henceforth support him, being childless himself; and falls a-swoon round the poor Swiss's neck: amid plaudits. But the most are butchered, and even mangled. Fifty (some say Fourscore) were marched as prisoners, by National Guards, to the Hôtel-de-Ville: the ferocious people bursts through on them, in the Place-de-Grève; massacres them to the last man "O Peuple, envy of the universe!" Peuple, in mad Gaelic effervescence!

Surely few things in the history of carnage are painfuller. What ineffaceable red streak, flickering so sad in the memory, is that, of this poor column of red Swiss "breaking itself in the confusion of opinions;" dispersing, into blackness and death! Honour to you, brave men; honourable pity, through long times! Not martyrs were ye; and yet almost more. He was no King of yours, this Louis; and he forsook you like a King of shreds and patches: ye were but sold to him for some poor sixpence a-day; yet would ye work for your wages, keep your plighted word. The work now was to die; and ye did it. Honour to you, O Kinsmen; and may the old Deutsche Biederkeit and Tapferkeit, and Valour which is Worth and Truth, be they Swiss,

be they Saxon, fail in no age! Not bastards; trueborn were these men. sons of the men of Sempach, of Murten, who knelt, but not to thee, O Burgundy!— Let the traveller, as he passes through Lucerne, turn aside to look a little at their monumental Lion; not for Thorwaldsen's sake alone Hewn out of living rock, the Figure rests there, by the still Lake-waters, in lullaby of distant-tinkling rance-des-vaches, the granite Mountains dumbly keeping watch all round; and, though inanimate, speaks.

#### CHAPTER VIII

Constitution burst in pieces

Thus is the Tenth of August won and lost. Patriotism reckons its slain by the thousand on thousand, so deadly was the Swiss fire from these windows; but will finally reduce them to some Twelve-hundred No child's-play was it; — nor is it! Till two in the afternoon the massacing, the breaking and the burning has not ended; nor the loose Bedlam shut itself again

How deluges of frantic Sansculottism roared through all passages of this Tuileries, ruthless in vengeance, how the Valets were butchered, hewn down; and Dame Campan saw the Marseillese sabre flash over her head, but the Blackbrowed said, "Va-t-en, Get thee gone," and flung her from him unstruck; how in the cellars wine-bottles were broken, wine-butts were staved-in and drunk; and, upwards to the very garrets, all windows tumbled out their precious royal furnitures: and, with gold mirrors, velvet curtains, down of ript feather-beds, and dead bodies of men, the Tuileries

<sup>\*</sup> Campan, 11. c. 21.

was like no Garden of the Earth: — all this let him who has a taste for it see amply in Mercier, in acrid Montgaillard, or Beaulieu of the Deux Amis. A hundred and eighty bodies of Swiss lie piled there; naked, unremoved till the second day. Patriotism has torn their red coats into snips; and marches with them at the Pike's point: the ghastly bare corpses lie there, under the sun and under the stars; the curious of both sexes crowding to look. Which let not us do. Above a hundred carts, heaped with Dead, fare towards the Cemetery of Sainte-Madeleine; bewailed, bewept; for all had kindred, all had mothers, if not here, then there. It is one of those Carnage-fields, such as you read of by the name "Glorious Victory," brought home in this case to one's own door

But the blackbrowed Marseillese have struck down the tyrant of the Château He is struck down; low, and hardly again to rise. What a moment for an august Legislative was that when the Hereditary Representative entered, under such circumstances; and the Grenadier, carrying the little Prince Royal out of the press, set him down on the Assembly-table! A moment, — which one had to smooth-off with oratory; waiting what the next would bring! Louis said few words: "He was come hither to prevent a great crime; he believed himself safer nowhere than here." President Vergniaud answered briefly, in vague oratory as we say, about "defence of Constituted Authorities," about dying at our post \* And so King Louis sat him down; first here, then there; for a difficulty arose, the Constitution not permitting us to debate while the

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 10 Août 1792.

King is present: finally he settles himself with his Family in the "Loge of the Logographe," in the Reporter's-Box of a Journalist; which is beyond the enchanted Constitutional Circuit, separated from it by a rail To such Lodge of the Logographe, measuring some ten feet square, with a small closet at the entrance of it behind, is the King of broad France now limited. here can he and his sit pent, under the eyes of the world, or retire into their closet at intervals; for the space of sixteen hours. Such quite peculiar moment has the Legislative lived to see.

But also what a moment was that other, few minutes later, when the three Marseillese cannon went off, and the Swiss rolling-fire and universal thunder, like the crack of Doom, began to rattle! Honourable Members start to their feet; stray bullets singing epicedium even here, shivering in with window-glass and jingle "No, this is our post; let us die here!" They sit therefore, like stone Legislators. But may not the Loge of the Logographe be forced from behind? Tear down the railing that divides it from the enchanted Constitutional Circuit! Ushers tear and tug! his Majesty himself aiding from within: the railing gives way; Majesty and Legislative are united in place, unknown Destiny hovering over both.

Rattle, and again rattle, went the thunder; one breathless wide-eyed messenger rushing in after another: King's order to the Swiss went out It was a fearful thunder; but, as we know, it ended. Breathless messengers, fugitive Swiss, denunciatory Patriots, trepidation; finally tripudiation! — Before four o'clock much has come and gone.

The New Municipals have come and gone; with

Three Flags, Liberté, Égalité, Patrie, and the clang of vivats Vergniaud, he who as President few hours ago talked of dying for Constituted Authorities, has moved, as Committee-Reporter, that the Hereditary Representative be suspended; that a National Convention do forthwith assemble to say what further! An able Report with the President must have had ready in his pocket? A President, in such cases, must have much ready, and yet not ready; and Janus-like look before and after.

King Louis listens to all; retires about midnight "to three little rooms on the upper floor;" till the Luxembourg be prepared for him, and "the safeguard of the Nation" Safer if Brunswick were once here! Or, alas, not so safe? Ye hapless discrowned heads! Crowds came, next morning, to catch a glimpse of them, in their three upper rooms. Montgaillard says the august Captives wore an air of cheerfulness, even of gaiety; that the Queen and Princess Lamballe, who had joined her overnight, looked out of the opened window, "shook powder from their hair on the people below, and laughed." \* He is an acrid distorted man.

For the rest, one may guess that the Legislative, above all that the New Municipality continues busy Messengers, Municipal or Legislative, and swift despatches rush off to all corners of France; full of triumph, blended with indignant wail, for Twelve-hundred have fallen. France sends up its blended shout responsive; the Tenth of August shall be as the Fourteenth of July, only bloodier and greater The Court

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, 11, 135-167.

has conspired? Poor Court: the Court has been vanquished; and will have both the scath to bear and the scorn. How the statues of Kings do now all fall! Bronze Henri himself, though he wore a cockade once, jingles down from the Pont Neuf, where Patrie floats in Danger. Much more does Louis Fourteenth, from the Place Vendôme, jingle down; and even breaks in falling. The curious can remark, written on his horse's shoe: "12 Août 1692;" a Century and a Day

The tenth of August was Friday. The week is not done, when our old Patriot Ministry is recalled, what of it can be got: strict Roland. Genevese Clavière: add heavy Monge the Mathematician, once a stonehewer; and, for Minister of Justice, - Danton, "led hither," as himself says, in one of his gigantic figures, "through the breach of Patriot cannon!" These, under Legislative Committees, must rule the wreck as they can: confusedly enough; with an old Legislative waterlogged, with a new Municipality so brisk. But National Convention will get itself together; and then! Without delay, however, let a new Jury-Court and Criminal Tribunal be set up in Paris, to try the crimes and conspiracies of the Tenth High Court of Orleans is distant, slow: the blood of the Twelve-hundred Patriots, whatever become of other blood, shall be inquired after. Tremble, ye Criminals and Conspirators; the Minister of Justice is Danton! Robespierre too, after the victory, sits in the New Municipality; insurrectionary "improvised Municipality," which calls itself Council General of the Commune.

For three days now, Louis and his Family have heard the Legislative Debates in the Lodge of the Carlule, Revolution II.

Logographe; and retired nightly to their small upper The Luxembourg and safeguard of the Nation could not be got ready: nav, it seems the Luxembourg has too many cellars and issues; no Municipality can undertake to watch it The compact Prison of the Temple, not so elegant indeed, were much safer. the Temple, therefore! On Monday, 13th day of August 1792, in Mayor Pétion's carriage, Louis and his sad suspended Household fare thither; all Paris out to look at them. As they pass through the Place Vendôme, Louis Fourteenth's Statue lies broken on the ground. Pétion is afraid the Queen's looks may be thought scornful, and produce provocation; she casts down her eyes, and does not look at all. The "press is prodigious," but quiet: here and there, it shouts Vive la Nation; but for most part gazes in silence. French Royalty vanishes within the gates of the Temple: these old peaked Towers, like peaked Extinguisher or Bonsoir, do cover it up; - from which same Towers, poor Jacques Molay and his Templars were burnt out, by French Royalty, five centuries Such are the turns of Fate below Ambassadors, English Lord Gower have all demanded passports; are driving indignantly towards their respective homes.

So, then, the Constitution is over? Forever and a day! Gone is that wonder of the Universe; First biennial Parliament, water-logged, waits only till the Convention come; and will then sink to endless depths. One can guess the silent rage of Old-Constituents, Constitution-builders, extinct Feuillants, men who thought the Constitution would march! Lafayette rises to the

altitude of the situation; at the head of his Army Legislative Commissioners are posting towards him and it, on the Northern Frontier, to congratulate and perorate: he orders the Municipality of Sedan to arrest these Commissioners, and keep them strictly in ward as Rebels, till he say further. The Sedan Municipals obey

The Sedan Municipals obey: but the Soldiers of Lafayette Aimy? The Soldiers of the Lafayette Army have, as all Soldiers have, a kind of dim feeling that they themselves are Sansculottes in buff belts: that the victory of the Tenth of August is also a victory for They will not rise and follow Lafavette to Paris: they will rise and send him thither! On the 18th, which is but next Saturday, Lafayette, with some two or three indignant Staff-officers, one of whom is Old-Constituent Alexandre de Lameth, having first put his Lines in what order he could, - rides swiftly over the Marches, towards Holland. Rides, alas, swiftly into the claws of Austrians! He, long wavering, trembling on the verge of the Horizon, has set, in Olmutz Dungeons; this History knows him no more. Adieu, thou Hero of two Worlds; thinnest, but compact honourworthy man! Through long rough night of captivity, through other tumults, triumphs and changes, thou wilt swing well, "fast-anchored to the Washington Formula;" and be the Hero and Perfect-character, were it only of one idea. The Sedan Municipals repent and protest; the Soldiers shout Vive la Nation. Dumouriez Polymetis, from his Camp at Maulde, sees himself made Commander in Chief.

And, O Brunswick! what sort of "military execu-

tion" will Paris merit now? Forward, ye well-drilled exterminatory men; with your artillery-wagons, and camp-kettles jingling. Forward, tall chivalrous King of Prussia; fanfaronading Emigrants and war-god Broglie, "for some consolation to mankind," which verily is not without need of some.

END OF THE SECOND VOLUME

## COLLECTION

OF

# BRITISH AUTHORS.

VOL. CCV.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION BY THOMAS CARLYLE.

IN THREE VOLUMES

VOL III
THE GUILLOTINE

Μέγα ὁ ἀγὼν ἔστι, θεῖον γὰς ἔςγον· ὑπὲς βασιλείας, ὑπὲς ἐλευθεςίας, ὑπὲς εὐςοίας, ὑπὲς ἀταςαξίας — ARRIANUS. Δόγμα γὰς αὐτῶν τίς μεταβάλλει, χωςὶς δὲ δογμάτων μετα-

Δογμα γας αύτων τις μεταβαλλει, χωςίς δε δογματων μεταβολής, τι άλλο ή δουλεία στενόντων ναὶ πείθεσθαι ποοσποιουμένων, — ANTONINUS.

### THE

# FRENCH REVOLUTION:

A HISTORY.

В¥

THOMAS CARLYLE.

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IN THREE VOLUMES
VOL III

LEIPZIG

BERNHARD TAUCHNITZ

1851.

# CONTENTS OF VOLUME THIRD.

BOOK I

	20	~	-						
	SEPT	EM.	BER						Page
Chapter I.	The Improvised Commi	ıne							3
_ II	Danton .								18
111	Dumounez .								24
IV	September in Pais .								28
v	A Tillogy								40
VI	The Circular .								49
VII.									61
VIII.	Exeunt		•		•	•	•		73
	ВО	าเร	π						
	REG	ICII	DE.						
Chapter I.	The Deliberative .					•			85
	The Executive								97
	Discrowned				•				102
	The loser pays								106
	Stretching of Formulas								109
	At the Bar								116
	The Three Votings .								127
VIII	Place de la Révolution	•			•			•	134
	воо	v i	TTT						
	ВОО	77 7	TII.						
	THE GI	RON	DINS	3					
Chapter I.	Cause and Effect .								145
II.	Culottic and Sansculotti	с.							153
III.	Growing shill								160
IV.	Fatherland in Danger								165
	Sansculottism accoutred								176
VI.	The Traitor								181
VII	In Fight								186
VIII.	In Death-Grips								189
TY	Extract								40.5

### BOOK IV.

	12	TUUT	٠.						Page
	Charlotte Corday .								20
	In Civil War	•	•				•		217
ш	Retreat of the Eleven	•		:		•			22:
	O Nature		•	•		•			22
v.	Sword of Sharpness .								234
VI.	Risen against Tyrants	•	•	•	•	•			238
VII.	WARTE - WILLOUITEDED .		•	•	•	•	•		244
VIII.	The Twenty-two .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	248
	ВО	ok '	V						
	TERROR THE OF	RDER	OF	THE	DA	Y.			
Chapter I	Rushing down		_	_					255
II.			:	•	_	•	·	•	261
	Destruction	•		:	:	·	•	·	269
	Carmagnole complete		٠	·	:	·	•	٠	281
v.	Like a Thunder-Cloud	·			:	•			289
VI	Do thy Duty	•			:				290
VII.	Flame-Picture		•	•			·	·	304
							•		
	BOO	ok v	7 <b>T</b>						
		RMID							
Chapter I									<b>313</b>
II.	The Gods are athirst.  Danton, no Weakness	•	•		•	•	•	•	320
III.		•		•	•	•	•	•	327
IV.			•		•	•	•	•	334
٧.		•		•	•	•	•	•	339
	To finish the Terror .			•	•	•	•		343
	Go down to .		•	•	•	•	•		350
٧11.	Go down to .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	300
	ВОО	K V	П						
	VEND								
Chapter I.									363
II.	La Cabarus .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	368
		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	373
	Quiberon Lion not dead		•	•	•	•	•	•	378
37	Lion not dead Lion sprawling its last	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	383
٧.	Grilled Herrings .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	391
VII.				•	•	•	•	•	396
VIII.	There is a		•		•	•	•	•	403
A T17.	rinis	•		•	•	•	•	•	400

# BOOK I.

SEPTEMBER.

### THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.

#### SEPTEMBER.

#### CHAPTER I

The Improvised Commune.

YE have roused her, then, ye Emigrants and Despots of the world; France is roused! Long have ye been lecturing and tutoring this poor Nation, like cruel uncalled-for pedagogues, shaking over her your ferulas of fire and steel it is long that ye have pricked and fillipped and affrighted her, there as she sat helpless in her dead cerements of a Constitution, you gathering in on her from all lands, with your armaments and plots, your invadings and truculent bullyings; — and lo now, ye have pricked her to the quick, and she is up, and her blood is up The dead cerements are rent into cobwebs, and she fronts you in that terrible strength of Nature, which no man has measured, which goes down to Madness and Tophet: see now how ye will deal with her.

This month of September 1792, which has become one of the memorable months of History, presents itself under two most diverse aspects; all of black on the one side, all of bright on the other. Whatsoever is cruel in the panic frenzy of Twenty-five million men, whatsoever is great in the simultaneous death-defiance of Twenty-five million men, stand here in abrupt contrast, near by one another. As indeed is usual when a man, how much more when a Nation of men, is hurled suddenly beyond the limits. For Nature, as green as she looks, rests everywhere on dread foundations, were we further down; and Pan, to whose music the Nymphs dance, has a cry in him that can drive all men distracted

Very frightful it is when a Nation, rending asunder its Constitutions and Regulations which were grown dead cerements for it, becomes transcendental; and must now seek its wild way through the New, Chaotic, where Force is not yet distinguished into Bidden and Forbidden, but Crime and Virtue welter unseparated, - in that domain of what is called the Passions, of what we call the Miracles and the Portents! It is thus that, for some three years to come, we are to contemplate France, in this final Third Volume of our History. Sansculottism reigning in all its grandeur and in all its hideousness: the Gospel (God's-Message) of Man's Rights, Man's mights or strengths, once more preached irrefragably abroad; along with this, and still louder for the time, the fearfullest Devil's-Message of Man's weaknesses and sins; - and all on such a scale, and under such aspect: cloudy "death-birth of a world" huge smoke-cloud, streaked with rays as of heaven on one side: girt on the other as with hell-fire! History tells us many things: but for the last thousand years and more, what thing has she told us of a sort like this? Which therefore let us two, O Reader, dwell on willingly, for a little; and from its endless significance

endeavour to extract what may, in present circumstances, be adapted for us.

It is unfortunate, though very natural, that the history of this Period has so generally been written in hysterics. Exaggeration abounds, execration, wailing; and, on the whole, darkness But thus too, when foul old Rome had to be swept from the Earth, and those Northmen, and other horrid sons of Nature, came in, "swallowing formulas" as the French now do, foul old Rome screamed execratively her loudest; so that the true shape of many things is lost for us Attila's Huns had arms of such length that they could lift a stone without stooping. Into the body of the poor Tatars execrative Roman History intercalated an alphabetic letter; and so they continue Tartars, of fell Tartarean nature, to this day. Here, in like manner, search as we will in these multiform innumerable French Records, darkness too frequently covers, or sheer distraction bewilders. One finds it difficult to imagine that the Sun shone in this September month, as he does in others Nevertheless it is an indisputable fact that the Sun did shine; and there was weather and work, - nav, as to that, very bad weather for harvest-work! An unlucky Editor may do his utmost; and after all, require allowances.

He had been a wise Frenchman, who, looking close at hand on this waste aspect of France all stirring and whirling, in ways new, untried, had been able to discern where the cardinal movement lay; which tendency it was that had the rule and primary direction of it then! But at forty-four years' distance, it is different. To all men now, two cardinal movements or

grand tendencies, in the September whirl, have become discernible enough: that stormful effluence towards the Frontiers: that frantic crowding towards Townhouses and Council-halls in the interior. Wild France dashes, in desperate death-defiance, towards the Frontiers. to defend itself from foreign Despots; crowds towards Townhalls and Election Committee-rooms, to defend itself from domestic Aristocrats Let the Reader conceive well these two cardinal movements; and what side-currents and endless vortexes might depend on He shall judge too, whether, in such sudden wreckage of all old Authorities, such a pair of cardinal movements, half-frantic in themselves, could be of soft As in dry Sahara, when the winds waken, and lift and winnow the immensity of sand! The air itself (Travellers say) is a dim sand-air; and dim looming through it, the wonderfullest uncertain colonnades of Sand-Pillars rush whirling from this side and from that, like so many mad Spinning-Dervishes, of a hundred feet in stature; and dance their huge Desertwaltz there!-

Nevertheless, in all human movements, were they but a day old, there is order, or the beginning of order Consider two things in this Sahara-waltz of the French Twenty-five millions; or rather one thing, and one hope of a thing; the Commune (Municipality) of Paris, which is already here; the National Convention, which shall in few weeks be here. The Insurrectionary Commune, which, improvising itself on the eve of the Tenth of August, worked this ever-memorable Deliverance by explosion, must needs rule over it, — till the Convention meet. This Commune, which they may well call a spontaneous or "improvised" Commune, is, for the present, sovereign of France. The Legislative, deriving

its authority from the Old, how can it now have authority when the Old is exploded by insurrection? As a floating piece of wreck, certain things, persons and interests may still cleave to it volunteer defenders, riflemen or pikemen in green uniform, or red nightcap (of bonnet rouge), defile before it daily, just on the wing towards Brunswick; with the brandishing of arms; always with some touch of Leonidas-eloquence, often with a fire of daring that threatens to outherod Herod, - the Galleries, "especially the Ladies, never done with applauding "\* Addresses of this or the like sort can be received and answered, in the hearing of all France: the Salle de Manége is still useful as a place of proclamation For which use, indeed, it now chiefly serves. Vergniaud delivers spirit-stirring orations; but always with a prophetic sense only, looking towards the coming Convention. "Let our memory perish," cries Vergniaud, "but let France be free!" - whereupon they all start to their feet, shouting responsive: "Yes, yes, périsse notre mémoire, pourvu que la France soit libre!" \*\* Disfrocked Chabot adjures Heaven that at least we may "have done with Kings;" and fast as powder under spark, we all blaze up once more, and with waved hats shout and swear: "Yes, nous le jurons; plus de roi!" \*\*\* All which, as a method of proclamation, is very convenient

For the rest, that our busy Brissots, rigorous Rolands, men who once had authority, and now have less and less; men who love law, and will have even an Explosion explode itself as far as possible according to rule, do find this state of matters most unofficial-

unsatisfactory, - is not to be denied. Complaints are made: attempts are made: but without effect. The attempts even recoil; and must be desisted from, for fear of worse: the sceptre has departed from this Legislative once and always. A poor Legislative, so hard was fate, had let itself be hand-gyved, nailed to the rock like an Andromeda, and could only wail there to the Earth and Heavens; miraculously a winged Perseus (or Improvised Commune) has dawned out of the void Blue, and cut her loose: but whether now is it she, with her softness and musical speech, or is it he, with his hardness and sharp falchion and ægis, that shall have casting-vote? Melodious agreement of vote; this were the rule! But if otherwise, and votes diverge, then surely Andromeda's part is to weep, - if possible, tears of gratitude alone.

Be content, O France, with this Improvised Commune, such as it is! It has the implements, and has the hands: the time is not long. On Sunday the twenty-sixth of August, our Primary Assemblies shall meet, begin electing of Electors; on Sunday the second of September (may the day prove lucky!) the Electors shall begin electing Deputies; and so an all-healing National Convention will come together. d'argent, or distinction of Active and Passive, now insults the French Patriot: but there is universal suffrage, unlimited liberty to choose. Old-Constituents, Present-Legislators, all France is eligible. Nay, it may be said, the flower of all the Universe (de l'Univers) is eligible; for in these very days we, by act of Assembly, "naturalise" the chief Foreign Friends of Humanity: Priestley, burnt out for us in Birmingham; Klopstock, a genius of all countries; Jeremy Bentham,

useful Jurisconsult; distinguished Paine, the rebellious Needleman; — some of whom may be chosen. As is most fit; for a Convention of this kind. In a word, Seven-hundred and Forty-five unshackled sovereigns, admired of the universe, shall replace this hapless impotency of a Legislative, — out of which, it is likely, the best Members, and the Mountain in mass, may be re-elected. Roland is getting ready the Salle des Cent Suisses, as preliminary rendezvous for them; in that void Palace of the Tuileries, now void and National, and not a Palace, but a Caravansera.

As for the Spontaneous Commune, one may say that there never was on Earth a stranger Town-Council. Administration, not of a great City, but of a great Kingdom in a state of revolt and frenzy, this is the task that has fallen to it. Enrolling, provisioning, judging; devising, deciding, doing, endeavouring to do: one wonders the human brain did not give way under all this, and reel. But happily human brains have such a talent of taking up simply what they can carry, and ignoring all the rest; leaving all the rest, as if it were not there! Whereby somewhat is verily shifted for; and much shifts for itself. This improvised Commune walks along, nothing doubting; promptly making front, without fear or flurry, at what moment soever, to the wants of the moment. Were the world on fire, one improvised tricolor Municipal has but one life to lose. the elixir and chosen-men of Sansculottic Patriotism. promoted to the forlorn-hope; unspeakable victory or a high gallows, this is their meed. They sit there, in the Townhall, these astonishing tricolor Municipals; in Council General; in Committee of Watchfulness (de Surveillance, which will even become de Salut Public, of

Public Salvation), or what other Committees and Subcommittees are needful; - managing infinite Correspondence; passing infinite Decrees: one hears of a Decree being, "the ninety-eighth of the day." Ready! is the word They carry loaded pistols in their pocket; also some improvised luncheon by way of meal. Or indeed, by and by, traiteurs contract for the supply of repasts. to be eaten on the spot, - too lavishly, as it was afterwards grumbled. Thus they: girt in their tricolor sashes; Municipal note-paper in the one hand, firearms in the other. They have their Agents out all over France; speaking in townhouses, market-places, highways and byways; agitating, urging to arm; all hearts tingling to hear Great is the fire of Antiaristocrat eloquence: nay some, as Bibliopolic Momoro, seem to hint afar off at something which smells of Agrarian Law, and a surgery of the overswoln dropsical strongbox itself: - whereat indeed the bold Bookseller runs risk of being hanged, and Ex-Constituent Buzot has to smuggle him off \*

Governing Persons, were they never so insignificant instrinsically, have for most part plenty of Memoir-writers; and the curious, in after-times, can learn minutely their goings out and comings in which, as men always love to know their fellow-men in singular situations, is a comfort, of its kind. Not so with these Governing Persons, now in the Townhall! And yet what most original fellow-man, of the Governing sort, high-chancellor, king, kaiser, secretary of the home or the foreign department, ever showed such a phasis as Clerk Tallien, Procureur Manuel, future Procureur Chaumette, here

in this Sand-waltz of the Twenty-five millions now do? O brother mortals, — thou Advocate Panis, friend of Danton, kinsman of Santerre; Engraver Sergent, since called Agate Sergent; thou Huguenin, with the tocsin in thy heart! But, as Horace says, they wanted the sacred memoir-writer (sacro vate); and we know them not. Men bragged of August and its doings, publishing them in high places; but of this September none now or afterwards would brag. The September world remains dark, fuliginous, as Lapland witch-midnight; — from which, indeed, very strange shapes will evolve themselves.

Understand this, however: that incorruptible Robespierre is not wanting, now when the brunt of battle is past; in a stealthy way the seagreen man sits there, his feline eyes excellent in the twilight Also understand this other, a single fact worth many: that Marat is not only there, but has a seat of honour assigned him, a tribune particulière How changed for Marat; listed from his dark cellar into this luminous "peculiar tribune!" All dogs have their day; even rabid dogs Sorrowful, incurable Philoctetes Marat; without whom Troy cannot be taken! Hither, as a main element of the Governing Power, has Marat been raised. Royalist types, for we have "suppressed" innumerable Durosoys, Royous, and even clapt them in prison, - Royalist types replace the worn types often snatched from a People's-Friend in old ill days. In our "peculiar tribune" we write and redact: Placards, of due monitory terror; Amis-du-Peuple (now under the name of Journal de la République); and sit obeyed of men. "Marat," says one, "is the conscience of the Hôtelde-Ville" Keeper, as some call it, of the Sovereign's

Conscience; which surely, in such hands, will not lie hid in a napkin!

Two great movements, as we said, agitate this distracted National mind: a rushing against domestic Traitors, a rushing against foreign Despots. Mad movements both, restrainable by no known rule; strongest passions of human nature driving them on love, hatred, vengeful sorrow, braggart Nationality also vengeful, and pale Panic over all! Twelve-hundred slain Patriots, do they not, from their dark catacombs there, in Death's dumb-show, plead (O ye Legislators) for vengeance? Such was the destructive rage of these Aristocrats on the ever-memorable Tenth Nav. apart from vengeance, and with an eve to Public Salvation only, are there not still, in this Paris (in round numbers) "Thirty-thousand Aristocrats," of the most malignant humour; driven now to their last trump-card? - Be patient, ye Patriots: our New High Court, "Tribunal of the Seventeenth," sits; each Section has sent Four Jurymen; and Danton, extinguishing improper judges, improper practices wheresoever found, is "the same man you have known at the Cordeliers" With such a Minister of Justice, shall not Justice be done? - Let it be swift then, answers universal Patriotism; swift and sure! --

One would hope, this Tribunal of the Seventeenth is swifter than most. Already on the 21st, while our Court is but four days old, Collenot d'Angremont, "the Royalist enlister" (crimp, embaucheur), dies by torchlight. For, lo, the great Gullotine, wondrous to behold, now stands there; the Doctor's Idea has become Oak and Iron; the huge cyclopean axe "falls in its grooves

like the ram of the Pile-engine," swiftly snuffing out the light of men! Mass vous, Gualches, what have you invented?" This? — Poor old Laporte, Intendant of the Civil List, follows next; quietly, the mild old man. Then Durosoy, Royalist Placarder, "cashier of all the Antirevolutionists of the interior:" he went rejoicing; said that a Royalist like him ought to die, of all days, on this day, the 25th or Saint Louis's Day. All these have been tried, cast, — the Galleries shouting approval; and handed over to the Realised Idea, within a week. Besides those whom we have acquitted, the Galleries murmuring, and have dismissed; or even have personally guarded back to Prison, as the Galleries took to howling, and even to menacing and elbowing. \* Languid this Tribunal is not.

Nor does the other movement slacken; the rushing against foreign Despots. Strong forces shall meet in death-grip; drilled Europe against mad undrilled France; and singular conclusions will be tried - Conceive therefore, in some faint degree, the tumult that whirls in this France, in this Paris! Placards from Section, from Commune, from Legislative, from the individual Patriot, flame monitory on all walls Flags of Danger to Fatherland wave at the Hôtel-de-Ville; on the Pont Neuf - over the prostrate Statues of Kings. There is universal enlisting, urging to enlist; there is tearful-boastful leave-taking; irregular marching on the Great Northeastern Road. Marseillese sing their wild To Arms, in chorus; which now all men, all women and children have learnt, and sing chorally, in Theatres, Boulevards, Streets, and the heart burns in every bosom. armes! Marchons! - Or think how your Aristocrats

<sup>\*</sup> Moore's Journal. 1, 159-168.

are skulking into covert; how Bertrand Moleville lies hidden in some garret "in Aubry-le-boucher Street, with a poor surgeon who had known me!" Dame de Stael has secreted her Narbonne, not knowing what in the world to make of him. The Barriers are sometimes open, oftenest shut; no passports to be had; Townhall Emissaries, with the eyes and claws of falcons, flitting watchful on all points of your horizon! In two words. Tribunal of the Seventeenth, busy under howling Galleries; Prussian Brunswick, "over a space of forty miles," with his war-tumbrils, and sleeping thunders, and Briarean "sixty-six thousand" right-hands,—coming, coming!

O Heavens, in these latter days of August, he is come! Durosoy was not yet guillotined when news had come that the Prussians were harrying and ravaging about Metz; in some four days more, one hears that Longwi, our first strong-place on the borders, is fallen "in fifteen hours." Quick, therefore, O ye improvised Municipals; quick, and ever quicker! — The improvised Municipals make front to this also Enrolment urges itself; and clothing, and arming. Our very officers have now "wool epaulettes;" for it is the reign of Equality, and also of Necessity Neither do men now monsieur and sir one another; citoyen (citizen) were suitabler; we even say thou, as "the free peoples of Antiquity did:" so have Journals and the Improvised Commune suggested; which shall be well

Infinitely better, meantime, could we suggest, where arms are to be found For the present, our Citoyens chant chorally To arms; and have no arms! Arms are

<sup>\*</sup> See Toulongeon, Hist, de France, u. c. 5,

searched for; passionately; there is joy over any musket. Moreover, entrenchments shall be made round Paris. on the slopes of Montmartre men dig and shovel; though even the simple suspect this to be desperate. They dig; Tricolor sashes speak encouragement and well-speed-ye Nay finally "twelve Members of the Legislative go daily," not to encourage only, but to bear a hand, and delve: it was decreed with acclamation. Arms shall either be provided; or else the ingenuity of man crack itself, and become fatuity. Lean Beaumarchais, thinking to serve the Fatherland, and do a stroke of trade in the old way, has commissioned sixty-thousand stand of good arms out of Holland: would to Heaven, for Fatherland's sake and his, they were come! Meanwhile railings are torn up, hammered into pikes; chains themselves shall be welded together into pikes. The very coffins of the dead are raised; for melting into balls. All Church-bells must down into the furnace to make cannon, all Church-plate into the mint to make money Also behold the fair swan-bevies of Citoyennes that have alighted in Churches, and sit there with swanneck, - sewing tents and regimentals! Nor are Patriotic Gifts wanting, from those that have aught left; nor stingily given: the fair Villaumes, mother and daughter, Milliners in the Rue St -Martin, give a "silver thimble, and a coin of fifteen sous (sevenpence halfpenny)," with other similar effects; and offer, at least the mother does, to mount guard. Men who have not even a thimble, give a thimbleful, - were it but of invention. One Citoyen has wrought out the scheme of a wooden cannon; which France shall exclusively profit by, in the first instance. It is to be made of staves, by the coopers; - of almost boundless calibre, but uncertain as to

strength! Thus they: hammering, scheming, stitching, founding, with all their heart and with all their soul. Two bells only are to remain in each Parish, — for tocsin and other purposes.

But mark also, precisely while the Prussian batteries were playing their briskest at Longwi in the Northeast, and our dastardly Lavergne saw nothing for it but surrender, - southwestward, in remote, patriarchal La Vendée, that sour ferment about Nonjuring Priests, after long working, is ripe, and explodes: at the wrong moment for us! And so we have "eight-thousand Peasants at Châtillon-sur-Sèvre" who will not be balloted for soldiers; will not have their Curates molested. To whom Bonchamps, Larochejaquelins, and Seigneurs enough of a Royalist turn, will join themselves; with Stofflets and Charettes; with Heroes and Chouan Smugglers; and the loyal warmth of a simple people, blown into flame and fury by theological and seignorial bellows! So that there shall be fighting from behind ditches, death-volleys bursting out of thickets and ravines of rivers; huts burning, feet of the pitiful women hurrying to refuge with their children on their back; seedfields fallow, whitened with human bones; - "eighty-thousand, of all ages, ranks, "sexes, flying at once across the Loire," with wail borne far on the winds: and in brief, for years coming, such a suite of scenes as glorious war has not offered in these late ages, not since our Albigenses and Crusadings were over, - save indeed some chance Palatinate, or so, we might have to "burn," by way of exception. The "eight-thousand at Châtillon" will be got dispelled for the moment; the fire scattered, not extinguished. To the dints and bruises of outward battle there is to be added henceforth a deadlier internal gangrene

This rising in La Vendée reports itself at Paris on Wednesday the 29th of August; - just as we had got our Electors elected; and, in spite of Brunswick and Longwi, were hoping still to have a National Convention, if it pleased Heaven But indeed otherwise this Wednesday is to be regarded as one of the notablest Paris had yet seen: gloomy tidings come successively. like Job's messengers; are met by gloomy answers Of Sardinia rising to invade the Southeast, and Spain threatening the South, we do not speak But are not the Prussians masters of Longwi (treacherously yielded, one would say); and preparing to besiege Verdun? Clairfait and his Austrians are encompassing Thionville: darkening the North. Not Metzland now, but the Clermontais is getting harried; flying hulans and hussars have been seen on the Chalons Road, almost as far as Sainte-Menehould Heart, ye Patriots; if ye lose heart, ye lose all!

It is not without a dramatic emotion that one reads in the Parliamentary Debates of this Wednesday evening "past seven o'clock," the scene with the military fugitives from Longwi. Wayworn, dusty, disheartened, these poor men enter the Legislative, about sunset or after; give the most pathetic detail of the frightful pass they were in: Prussians billowing round by the myriad, volcanically spouting fire for fifteen hours: we, scattered sparse on the ramparts, hardly a cannoneer to two guns; our dastard Commandant Lavergne nowhere showing face; the priming would not catch; there was no powder in the bombs, — what

could we do? "Mourir, Die!" answer prompt voices; \* and the dusty fugitives must shrink elsewhither for comfort — Yes, Mourir, that is now the word Be Longwi a proverb and a hissing among French strongplaces: let it (says the Legislative) be obliterated rather, from the shamed face of the Earth; — and so there has gone forth Decree, that Longwi shall, were the Prussians once out of it, "be rased," and exist only as ploughed ground

Now are the Jacobins milder; as how could they, the flower of Patriotism? Poor Dame Lavergne, wife of the poor Commandant, took her parasol one evening, and escorted by her Father came over to the Hall of the mighty Mother; and "reads a memoir tending to justify the Commandant of Longwi" Lafarge, Président, makes answer; "Citoyenne, the Nation will judge Lavergne; the Jacobins are bound to tell him the truth. He would have ended his course there (terminé sa carrière), if he had loved the honour of his country."\*\*

### CHAPTER II.

Danton.

Bur better than rasing of Longwi, or rebuking poor dusty soldiers or soldiers' wives, Danton had come over, last night, and demanded a Decree to search for arms, since they were not yielded voluntarily. Let "Domiciliary visits," with rigour of authority, be made to this end. To search for arms; for horses, — Aristocratism rolls in its carriage, while Patriotism cannot trail its cannon. To search gene-

rally for munitions of war, "in the houses of persons suspect," - and even, if it seem proper, to seize and imprison the suspect persons themselves! In the Prisons their plots will be harmless; in the Prisons they will be as hostages for us, and not without use. This Decree the energetic Minister of Justice demanded last night, and got; and this same night it is to be executed; it is being executed at the moment when these dusty soldiers get saluted with Mourir. Two-thousand stand of arms, as they count, are foraged in this way; and some four-hundred head of new Prisoners; and, on the whole, such a terror and damp is struck through the Aristocrat heart, as all but Patriotism, and even Patriotism were it out of this agony, might pity. Yes, Messieurs! if Brunswick blast Paris to ashes, he probably will blast the Prisons of Paris too: pale Terror, if we have got it, we will also give it, and the depth of horrors that lie in it; the same leaky bottom, in these wild waters, bears us all.

One can judge what stir there was now among the "thirty-thousand Royalists." how the Plotters, or the accused of Plotting, shrank each closer into his lurking-place,—like Bertrand Moleville, looking eager towards Longwi, hoping the weather would keep fair. Or how they dressed themselves in valet's clothes, like Narbonne, and "got to England as Dr. Bollman's famulus:" how Dame de Stael bestirred herself, pleading with Manuel as a Sister in Literature, pleading even with Clerk Tallien; a prey to nameless chagrins!\* Royalist Peltier, the Pamphleteer, gives a touching Narrative (not deficient in height of colouring) of the

<sup>\*</sup> De Stael, Considérations sur la Révolution, 11 67-81.

terrors of that night. From five in the afternoon, a great city is struck suddenly silent; except for the beating of drums, for the tramp of marching feet; and ever and anon the dread thunder of the knocker at some door, a Tricolor Commissioner with his blue Guards (black-guards!) arriving. All Streets are vacant, says Peltier; beset by Guards at each end: all Citizens are ordered to be within doors. River float sentinel barges, lest we escape by water: the Barriers hermetically closed Frightful! The Sun shines; serenely westering, in smokeless mackerel-sky; Paris is as if sleeping, as if dead: - Paris is holding its breath, to see what stroke will fall on it. Poor Peltier! Acts of Apostles, and all jocundity of Leading-Articles, are gone out, and it is become bitter earnest instead; polished satire changed now into coarse pikepoints (hammered out of railing); all logic reduced to this one primitive thesis, An eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth! - Peltier, dolefully aware of it, ducks low; escapes unscathed to England; to urge there the inky war anew: - to have Trial by Jury, in due season, and deliverance by young Whig eloquence, world-celebrated for a day.

Of "thirty-thousand," naturally, great multitudes were left unmolested: but, as we said, some four-hundred, designated as "persons suspect," were seized; and an unspeakable terror fell on all. Wo to him who is guilty of Plotting, of Anticivism, Royalism, Feuillantism; who, guilty or not guilty, has an enemy in his Section to call him guilty! Poor old M. de Cazotte is seized; his young loved Daughter with him, refusing to quit him. Why, O Cazotte, wouldst thou quit romancing and Diable Amoureux, for such reality

as this? Poor old M. de Sombreul, he of the *Invalides*, is seized; a man seen askance by Patriotism ever since the Bastille days; whom also a fond Daughter will not quit With young tears hardly suppressed, and old wavering weakness rousing itself once more, — O my brothers, O my sisters!

The famed and named go; the nameless, if they have an accuser Necklace Lamotte's Husband is in these Prisons (she long since squelched on the London Pavements); but gets delivered. Gross the Morande, of the Courrier de l'Europe, hobbles distractedly to and fro there: but they let him hobble out; on right nimble crutches; - his hour not being yet come Advocate Maton de la Varenne, very weak in health, is snatched off from mother and kin; Tricolor Rossignol (journeyman goldsmith and scoundrel lately, a risen man now) remembers an old Pleading of Maton's! Jourgniac de Saint-Méard goes; the brisk frank soldier: he was in the Mutiny of Nancy, in that "effervescent Regiment du Roi," - on the wrong side Saddest of all: Abbé Sicard goes: a Priest who could not take the Oath. but who could teach the Deaf and Dumb: in his Section one man, he says, had a grudge at him; one man, at the fit hour, launches an arrest against him; which hits. In the Arsenal quarter, there are dumb hearts making wail, with signs, with wild gestures; he their miraculous healer and speech-bringer is rapt away.

What with the arrestments on this night of the Twenty-ninth, what with those that have gone on more or less, day and night, ever since the Tenth, one may fancy what the Prisons now were Crowding and confusion; jostle, hurry, vehemence and terror!

Of the poor Queen's Friends, who had followed her to the Temple, and been committed elsewhither to Prison, some, as Governess de Tourzelle, are to be let go: one, the poor Princess de Lamballe, is not let go; but waits in the strong-rooms of La Force there, what will betide further

Among so many hundreds whom the launched arrest hits, who are rolled off to Townhall or Sectionhall, to preliminary Houses of Detention, and hurled in thither as into cattle-pens, we must mention one other: Caron de Beaumarchais, Author of Figaro; vanquisher of Maupeou Parlements and Goezman helldogs; once numbered among the demigods; and now -? We left him in his culminant state; what dreadful decline is this, when we again catch a glimpse of him! "At midnight" (it was but the 12th of August vet), "the servant, in his shirt," with wide-staring eyes, enters your room. - Monsieur, rise; all the people are come to seek you; they are knocking, like to break-in the door! "And they were in fact knocking "in a terrible manner (d'une façon terrible). I fling "on my coat, forgetting even the waistcoat, nothing "on my feet but slippers; and say to him" - And he, alas, answers mere negatory incoherences, panic interjections. And through the shutters and crevices, in front or rearward, the dull street-lamps disclose only streetfuls of haggard countenances; clamorous, bristling with pikes: and you rush distracted for an outlet, finding none; - and have to take refuge in the crockery-press, down stairs; and stand there, palpitating, in that imperfect costume, lights dancing past vour key-hole, tramp of feet overhead, and the tumult of Satan, "for four hours and more!" And old ladies, of the quarter, started up (as we hear next morning); rang for their bonnes and cordial-drops, with shrill interjections: and old gentlemen, in their shirts, "leapt garden-walls;" flying while none pursued; one of whom unfortunately broke his leg \* Those sixty-thousand stand of Dutch Arms (which never arrive), and the bold stroke of trade, have turned out so ill!—

Beaumarchais escaped for this time; but not for the next time, ten days after. On the evening of the Twenty-ninth he is still in that chaos of the Prisons, in saddest wrestling condition; unable to get justice, even to get audience; "Panis scratching his head" when you speak to him, and making off. Nevertheless let the lover of Figaro know that Procureur Manuel, a Brother in Literature, found him, and delivered him once more. But how the lean demigod, now shorn of his splendour, had to lurk in barns, to roam over harrowed fields, panting for life; and to wait under eavesdrops, and sit in darkness "on the Boulevarde amid paving-stones and boulders," longing for one word of any Minister, or Minister's Clerk, about those accursed Dutch muskets, and getting none, - with heart fuming in spleen, and terror, and suppressed canine-madness; alas, how the swift sharp hound, once fit to be Diana's, breaks his old teeth now, gnawing mere whinstones; and must "fly to England;" and, returning from England, must creep into the corner, and he quiet, toothless (moneyless), - all this let the lover of Figuro fancy, and weep for. We here, without

<sup>\*</sup> Beaumaichais' Nariative, Mémoiles sur les Pilsons (Palis, 1823),

weeping, not without sadness, wave the withered tough fellow-mortal our farewell. His Figaro has returned to the French stage; nay is, at this day, sometimes named the best piece there. And indeed, so long as Man's Life can ground itself only on artificiality and aridity; each new Revolt and Change of Dynasty turning up only a new stratum of dry-rubbish, and no soil yet coming to view, — may it not be good to protest against such a Life, in many ways, and even in the Figaro way?

# CHAPTER III.

#### Dumouriez.

SUCH are the last days of August 1792; days gloomy, disastrous and of evil omen. What will become of this poor France? Dumouriez rode from the Camp of Maulde, eastward to Sedan, on Tuesday last, the 28th of the month; reviewed that so-called Army left forlorn there by Lafayette the forlorn soldiers gloomed on him; were heard growling on him, "This is one of them, ce b-e là, that made War be declared."\* Unpromising Army! Recruits flow in, filtering through Dépôt after Dépôt; but recruits merely: in want of all; happy if they have so much as arms. And Longwi has fallen basely; and Brunswick, and the Prussian King, with his sixty-thousand, will beleaguer Verdun; and Clairfait and Austrians press deeper in, over the Northern marches: "a hundred and fifty thousand" as fear counts, "eighty-thousand" as the returns show, do hem us in; Cimmerian Europe behind them There is

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, 11. 383.

Castries-and-Broglie chivalry; Royalist foot "in red facing and nankeen trousers;" breathing death and the gallows

And lo, finally! at Verdun on Sunday the 2d of September 1792, Brunswick is here. With his King and sixty-thousand, gluttering over the heights, from beyond the winding Meuse River, he looks down on us, on our "high citadel" and all our confectionaryovens (for we are celebrated for confectionary); has sent courteous summons, in order to spare the effusion of blood! - Resist him to the death? Every day of retardation precious? How, O General Beaurepaire (asks the amazed Municipality) shall we resist him? We, the Verdun Municipals, see no resistance possible Has he not sixty-thousand, and artillery without end? Retardation, Patriotism is good; but so likewise is peaceable baking of pastry, and sleeping in whole skin. - Hapless Beaurepaire stretches out his hands, and pleads passionately, in the name of country, honour, of Heaven and of Earth: to no purpose Municipals have, by law, the power of ordering it, - with an Army officered by Royalism or Crypto-Royalism, such a Law seemed needful: and they order it, as pacific Pastry-cooks, not as heroic Patriots would, - To surrender! Beaurepaire strides home, with long steps: his valet, entering the room, sees him "writing eagerly," and withdraws. His valet hears then, in few minutes, the report of a pistol: Beaurepaire is lying dead; his eager writing had been a brief suicidal farewell. In this manner died Beaurepaire, wept of France; buried in the Pantheon, with honourable Pension to his Widow, and for Epitaph these words. He chose Death rather than yield to DespotsThe Prussians, descending from the heights, are peaceable masters of Verdun.

And so Brunswick advances, from stage to stage: who shall now stay him, - covering forty miles of country? Foragers fly far: the villages of the Northeast are harried; your Hessian forager has only "three sous a-day:" the very Emigrants, it is said, will take silver-plate, -- by way of revenge. Clermont, Sainte-Menehould, Varennes especially, ye Towns of the Night of Spurs, tremble ye! Procureur Sausse and the Magistracy of Varennes have fled; brave Boniface Le Blanc of the Bras d'Or is to the woods: Mrs. Le Blanc, a young woman fair to look upon, with her young infant, has to live in greenwood, like a beautiful Bessy Bell of Song, her bower thatched with rushes: catching premature rheumatism.\* Clermont may ring the tocsin now, and illuminate itself! Clermont lies at the foot of its Cow (or Vache, so they name that Mountain), a prey to the Hessian spoiler: its fair women, fairer than most, are robbed; not of life, or what is dearer, vet of all that is cheaper and portable; for Necessity, on three half-pence a-day, has no law At Sainte-Merchould the enemy has been expected more than once, - our Nationals all turning out in arms; but was not yet seen. Post-master Drouet, he is not in the woods, but minding his Election; and will sit in the Convention, notable King-taker, and bold Old-Dragoon as he is.

Thus on the Northeast all roams and runs; and on a set day, the *date* of which is irrecoverable by History, Brunswick "has engaged to dine in Paris,"

<sup>\*</sup> Helen Maria Williams, Letters from France (London, 1791-1793), 111, 96.

— the Powers willing And at Paris, in the centre, it is as we saw; and in La Vendée, Southwest, it is as we saw; and Sardinia is in the Southeast, and Spain is in the South, and Clairfait with Austria and sieged Thionville is in the North; — and all France leaps distracted, like the winnowed Sahara waltzing in sand-colonnades! More desperate posture no country ever stood in. A country, one would say, which the Majesty of Prussia (if it so pleased him) might partition and clip in pieces, like a Poland; flinging the remainder to poor Brother Louis, — with directions to keep it quiet, or else we will keep it for him!

Or perhaps the Upper Powers, minded that a new Chapter in Universal History shall begin here and not further on, may have ordered it all otherwise? In that case, Brunswick will not dine in Paris on the set day; nor, indeed, one knows not when! - Verily, amid this wreckage, where poor France seems grinding itself down to dust and bottomless ruin, who knows what miraculous salient-point of Deliverance and New-life may have already come into existence there; and be already working there, though as yet human eye discern it not! On the night of that same twenty-eighth of August, the unpromising Review-day in Sedan, Dumouriez assembles a Council of War at his lodgings there. He spreads out the map of this forlorn war-district; Prussians here, Austrians there; triumphant both, with broad highway, and little hinderance, all the way to Paris: we scattered, helpless, here and here: what to advise? The Generals, strangers to Dumouriez, look blank enough; know not well what to advise, - if it be not retreating, and retreating till our recruits accumulate; till perhaps the chapter of chances turn up some leaf for us, or Paris, at all events, be sacked at the latest day possible. The Many-counselled, who "has not closed an eye for three nights," listens with little speech to these long cheerless speeches; merely watching the speaker, that he may know him; then wishes them all good-night; - but beckons a certain young Thouvenot, the fire of whose looks had pleased him, to wait a moment. Thouvenot waits: Voilà, says Polymetis, pointing to the map! That is the Forest of Argonne, that long strip of rocky Mountain and wild Wood; forty miles long; with but five, or say even three practicable Passes through it: this, for they have forgotten it, might one not still seize, though Clairfait sits so nigh? Once seized; — the Champagne called the Hungry (or worse, Champagne Pouilleuse) on their side of it; the fat Three Bishoprics, and willing France, on ours; and the Equinox-rains not far; - this Argonne "might be the Thermopylæ of France!" \*

O brisk Dumouriez Polymetis with thy teeming head, may the gods grant it!—Polymetis, at any rate, folds his map together, and flings himself on bed; resolved to try, on the morrow morning. With astucity, with swiftness, with audacity! One had need to be a lion-fox, and have luck on one's side

## CHAPTER IV.

September in Paris.

AT Paris, by lying Rumour which proved prophetic and veridical, the fall of Verdun was known some hours before it happened. It is Sunday the second of

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, 11. 391.

September; handiwork hinders not the speculations of the mind Verdun gone (though some still deny it); the Prussians in full march, with gallows-ropes, with fire and faggot! Thirty-thousand Aristocrats within our own walls: and but the merest quarter-tithe of them yet put in Prison! Nay there goes a word that even these will revolt. Sieur Jean Julien, wagoner of Vaugirard,\* being set in the Pillory last Friday, took all at once to crying, That he would be well revenged ere long; that the King's Friends in Prison would burst out, force the Temple, set the King on horseback, and, joined by the unimprisoned, ride roughshod over us all. This the unfortunate wagoner of Vaugirard did bawl, at the top of his lungs: when snatched off to the townhall, he persisted in it, still bawling; yesternight, when they guillotined him, he died with the froth of it on his lips \*\* For a man's mind, padlocked to the Pillory, may go mad; and all men's minds may go mad, and "believe him," as the frenetic will do. "because it is impossible."

So that apparently the knot of the crisis and last agony of France is come? Make front to this, thou Improvised Commune, strong Danton, whatsoever man is strong! Readers can judge whether the Flag of Country in Danger flapped soothingly or distractively on the souls of men, that day.

But the Improvised Commune, but strong Danton is not wanting, each after his kind. Huge Placards are getting plastered to the walls; at two o'clock the stormbell shall be sounded, the alarm-cannon fired; all Paris shall rush to the Champ-de-Mars, and have itself enrolled. Unarmed, truly, and undrilled; but desperate,

<sup>\*</sup> Moore, 1. 178.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xvii. 409.

in the strength of frenzy. Haste, ye men; ye very women, offer to mount guard and shoulder the brown musket: weak clucking-hens, in a state of desperation, will fly at the muzzle of the mastiff; and even conquer him, by vehemence of character! Terror itself, when once grown transcendental, becomes a kind of courage; as frost sufficiently intense, according to Poet Milton, will burn. — Danton, the other night, in the Legislative Committee of General Defence, when the other Ministers and Legislators had all opined, said, It would not do to quit Paris, and fly to Saumur; that they must abide by Paris; and take such attitude as would put their enemies in fear, — faire peur; a word of his which has been often repeated, and reprinted — in italics.\*

At two of the clock, Beaurepaire, as we saw, has shot himself at Verdun; and, over Europe, mortals are going in for afternoon sermon. But at Paris, all steeples are clangouring not for sermon; the alarmgun booming from minute to minute; Champ-de-Mars and Fatherland's Altar boiling with desperate terror-courage: what a miserere going up to Heaven from this once Capital of the Most Christian King! The Legislative sits in alternate awe and effervescence; Vergniaud proposing that Twelve shall go and dig personally on Montmartre; which is decreed by acclaim.

But better than digging personally with acclaim, see Danton enter;—the black brows clouded, the colossus-figure tramping heavy; grim energy looking from all features of the rugged man! Strong is that grim Son of France and Son of Earth; a Reality and not a Formula he too: and surely now if ever, being

<sup>\*</sup> Biographie des Ministres (Bruxelles, 1826), p. 96.

hurled low enough, it is on the Earth and on Realities that he rests. "Legislators!" so speaks the stentorvoice, as the Newspapers yet preserve it for us, "it is not the alarm-cannon that you hear: it is the pasde-charge against our enemies. To conquer them, to hurl them back, what do we require? Il nous faut de l'audace, et encore de l'audace, et toujours de l'audace, To dare, and again to dare, and without end to dare!"\* — Right so, thou brawny Titan; there is nothing left for thee but that. Old men, who heard it, will still tell you how the reverberating voice made all hearts swell, in that moment; and braced them to the sticking-place; and thrilled abroad over France, like electric virtue, as a word spoken in season.

But the Commune, enrolling in the Champ-de-Mars? But the Committee of Watchfulness, become now Committee of Public Salvation; whose conscience is Marat? The Commune enrolling enrolls many; provides Tents for them in that Mars'-Field, that they may march with dawn on the morrow: praise to this part of the Commune! To Marat and the Committee of Watchfulness not praise; - not even blame, such as could be meted out in these insufficient dialects of ours; expressive silence rather! Lone Marat, the man forbid, meditating long in his Cellars of refuge, on his Stylites Pillar, could see salvation in one thing only: in the fall of "two-hundred and sixty thousand Aristocrat heads" With so many score of Naples Bravoes, each a dirk in his righthand, a muff on his left, he would traverse France, and do it. But the world laughed, mocking the severe-benevolence of a People's-Friend; and his idea could not become an action, but only a fixed-idea.

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (in Hist. Parl. xvii. 347).

Lo, now, however, he has come down from his Stylites Pillar, to a *Tribune particulière*; here now, without the dirks, without the *muffs* at least, were it not grown possible, — now in the knot of the crisis, when salvation or destruction hangs in the hour!

The Ice-Tower of Avignon was noised of sufficiently. and lives in all memories; but the authors were not punished: nav we saw Jourdan Coupe-tête, borne on men's shoulders, like a copper Portent, "traversing the cities of the South" - What phantasms, squalidhorrid, shaking their dirk and muff, may dance through the brain of a Marat, in this dizzy pealing of tocsinmiserere and universal frenzy, seek not to guess, O Reader! Nor what the cruel Billaud "in his short brown coat" was thinking; nor Sergent, not yet Agate-Sergent; nor Panis the confident of Danton; - nor, in a word, how gloomy Orcus does breed in her gloomy womb, and fashion her monsters and prodigies of Events, which thou seest her visibly bear! Terror is on these streets of Paris; terror and rage, tears and frenzy: tocsin-miserere pealing through the air; fierce desperation rushing to battle; mothers, with streaming eyes and wild hearts, sending forth their sons to die. "Carriage-horses are seized by the bridle," that they may draw cannon: "the traces cut, the carriages left standing" In such tocsin-miserere, and murky bewilderment of Frenzy, are not Murder, Ate and all Furies near at hand? On slight hint - who knows on how slight? - may not Murder come; and, with her snaky-sparkling head, illuminate this murk!

How it was and went, what part might be premeditated, what was improvised and accidental, man will never know, till the great Day of Judgment make it

known But with a Marat for keeper of the Sovereign's Conscience - And we know what the ultima ratio of Sovereigns, when they are driven to it, is! In this Paris there are as wicked men, say a hundred or more, as exist in all the Earth: to be hired, and set on; to set on, of their own accord, unhired. - And yet we will remark that premeditation itself is not performance. is not surety of performance; that it is perhaps, at most, surety of letting whosoever wills perform From the purpose of crime to the act of crime there is an abyss; wonderful to think of. The finger lies on the pistol; but the man is not yet a murderer: nay, his whole nature staggering at such consummation, is there not a confused pause rather, - one last instant of possibility for him? Not yet a murderer; it is at the mercy of light trifles whether the most fixed idea may not yet become unfixed. One slight twitch of a muscle, the death-flash bursts; and he is it, and will for Eternity be it; - and Earth has become a penal Tartarus for him; his horizon girdled now not with golden hope, but with red flames of remorse; voices from the depths of Nature sounding, Wo, wo on him!

Of such stuff are we all made; on such powdermines of bottomless guilt and criminality, — "if God restrained not," as is well said, — does the purest of us walk There are depths in man that go the length of lowest Hell, as there are heights that reach highest Heaven; — for are not both Heaven and Hell made out of him, made by him, everlasting Miracle and Mystery as he is? — But looking on this Champ-de-Mars, with its tent-buildings and frantic enrolments; on this murky-simmering Paris, with its crammed Prisons (supposed about to burst), with its tocsin-miserere,

its mothers' tears, and soldiers' farewell shoutings,—
the pious soul might have prayed, that day, that God's
grace would restrain, and greatly restrain, lest on slight
hest or hint, Madness, Horror and Murder rose, and
this Sabbathday of September became a Day black in
the Annals of men.

The tocsin is pealing its loudest, the clocks inaudibly stilking Three, when poor Abbé Sicard, with some thirty other Nonjurant Priests, in six carriages, fare along the streets, from their preliminary House of Detention at the Townhall, westward towards the Prison of the Abbaye. Carriages enough stand deserted on the streets; these six move on, - through angry multitudes, cursing as they move. Accursed Aristocrat Tartuffes, this is the pass ye have brought us to' And now ye will break the Prisons, and set Capet Veto on horseback to ride over us? Out upon you, Priests of Beelzebub and Moloch; of Tartuffery, Mammon and the Prussian Gallows, - which ye name Mother-Church and God! - Such reproaches have the poor Nonjurants to endure, and worse, spoken in on them by frantic Patriots, who mount even on the carriage-steps; the very Guards hardly refraining. Pull up your carriage-blinds? - No! answers Patriotism, clapping its horny paw on the carriage-blind, and crushing it down again Patience in oppression has limits: we are close on the Abbaye, it has lasted long. a poor Nonjurant, of quicker temper, smites the horny paw with his cane; nay, finding solacement in it, smites the unkempt head, sharply and again more sharply, twice over, - seen clearly of us and of the world. It is the last that we see clearly Alas, next moment, the carriages are

locked and blocked in endless raging tumults; in yells deaf to the cry for mercy, which answer the cry for mercy with sabre-thrusts through the heart.\* The thirty Priests are torn out, are massacred about the Prison-Gate, one after one, — only the poor Abbé Sicard, whom one Moton a watchmaker, knowing him, heroically tried to save and secrete in the Prison, escapes to tell; — and it is Night and Orcus, and Murder's snaky-sparkling head has risen in the murk! —

From Sunday afternoon (exclusive of intervals and pauses not final) till Thursday evening, there follow consecutively a Hundred Hours Which hundred hours are to be reckoned with the hours of the Bartholomew Butchery, of the Armagnac Massacres, Sicilian Vespers, or whatsoever is savagest in the annals of this world Horrible the hour when man's soul, in its paroxysm, spurns asunder the barriers and rules; and shows what dens and depths are in it! For Night and Orcus, as we say, as was long prophesied, have burst forth, here in this Paris, from their subterranean imprisonment: hideous, dim-confused; which it is painful to look on; and yet which cannot, and indeed which should not, be forgotten

The Reader, who looks earnestly through this dim Phantasmagory of the Pit, will discern few fixed certain objects; and yet still a few He will observe, in this Abbaye Prison, the sudden massacre of the Priests being once over, a strange Court of Justice, or call it Court of Revenge and Wild-Justice, swiftly fashion

<sup>\*</sup> Félémhesi (anagram for Méhée Fils), La Vérité tout entière, sur les viais auteurs de la journée du 2 Septembre 1792 (reprinted in Hist. Parl. xviii 156-181), p 167

itself, and take seat round a table, with the Prison-Registers spread before it; - Stanislas Maillard, Bastillehero, famed Leader of the Menads, presiding O Stanislas, one hoped to meet thee elsewhere than here: thou shifty Riding-Usher, with an inkling of Law! This work also thou hadst to do; and then - to depart forever from our eves. At La Force, at the Châtelet, the Conciergerie, the like Court forms itself, with the like accompaniments: the thing that one man does, other men can do. There are some Seven Prisons in Paris, full of Aristocrats with conspiracies: - nav not even Bicetre and Salpetrière shall escape, with their Forgers of Assignats: and there are seventy times seven hundred Patriot hearts in a state of frenzy. Scoundrel hearts also there are; as perfect, say, as the Earth holds, - if such are needed. To whom, in this mood, law is as no-law; and killing, by what name soever called, is but work to be done.

So sit these sudden Courts of Wild-Justice, with the Prison-Registers before them; unwonted wild tumult howling all round; the Prisoners in dread expectancy Swift: a name is called; bolts jingle, a Priwithin. soner is there. A few questions are put; swiftly this sudden Jury decides: Royalist Plotter or not? Clearly not; in that case, Let the Prisoner be enlarged with Vive la Nation. Probably yea; then still, Let the Prisoner be enlarged, but without Vive la Nation; or else it may run, Let the Prisoner be conducted to La At La Force again their formula is, Let the Prisoner be conducted to the Abbaye. - "To La Force then!" Volunteer bailiffs seize the doomed man; he is at the outer gate; "enlarged," or "conducted," not into La Force, but into a howling sea; forth, under an arch

of wild sabres, axes and pikes; and sinks, hewn asunder. And another sinks, and another; and there forms itself a piled heap of corpses, and the kennels begin to run red Fancy the yells of these men, their faces of sweat and blood; the crueller shrieks of these women, for there are women too; and a fellow-mortal hurled naked ınto it all! Jourgniac de Saint-Méard has seen battle, has seen an effervescent Regiment du Roi in mutiny: but the bravest heart may quail at this The Swiss Prisoners, remnants of the Tenth of August, "clasped "each other spasmodically," and hung back; grey veterans crying: "Mercy, Messieurs; ah, mercy!' But "there was no mercy. Suddenly, however, one of these "men steps forward. He had-on a blue frock coat; he "seemed about thirty, his stature was above common, "his look noble and martial. 'I go first,' said he, "'since it must be so: adieu!' Then dashing his hat "sharply behind him: 'Which way?' cried he to the "Brigands: 'Show it me, then.' They open the folding "gate; he is announced to the multitude He stands "a moment motionless; then plunges forth among the "pikes, and dies of a thousand wounds."\*

Man after man is cut down; the sabres need sharpening, the killers refresh themselves from wine-jugs. Onward and onward goes the butchery; the loud yells wearing down into bass growls. A sombre-faced shifting multitude looks on; in dull approval, or dull disapproval; in dull recognition that it is Necessity. "An Anglais in drab greatcoat" was seen, or seemed to be seen, serving liquor from his own dram-bottle; — for what purpose, "if not set on by Pitt," Satan and himself know best! Witty Dr Moore grew sick

<sup>\*</sup> Félémhesi, La Vérité tout entière (ut suprà), p 173.

on approaching, and turned into another street. \* --Quick enough goes this Jury-Court; and rigorous The brave are not spared, nor the beautiful, nor the weak. Old M de Montmorin, the Minister's Brother. was acquitted by the Tribunal of the Seventeenth: and conducted back, elbowed by howling galleries, but is not acquitted here. Princess de Lamballe has lain down on bed: "Madame, you are to be removed to the Abbaye" "I do not wish to remove; I am well enough here" There is a need-be for removing. She will arrange her dress a little, then; rude voices answer, "You have not far to go." She too is led to the hell-gate; a manifest Queen's-Friend. She shivers back, at the sight of bloody sabres; but there is no return: Onwards! That fair hind head is cleft with the axe; the neck is severed. That fair body is cut in fragments; with indignities, and obscene horrors of mustachio grands-lèvres, which human nature would fain find incredible. - which shall be read in the original language only She was beautiful, she was good, she had known no happiness Young hearts, generation after generation, will think with themselves: O worthy of worship, thou king-descended, god-descended, and poor sister-woman' why was not I there; and some Sword Balmung or Thor's Hammer in my hand? Her head is fixed on a pike; paraded under the windows of the Temple; that a still more hated, a Marie Antoinette, may see. One Municipal, in the Temple with the Royal Prisoners at the moment, said, "Look out." Another eagerly whispered, "Do not look" The circuit of the Temple is guarded, in these hours, by a long stretched tricolour riband: terror enters, and

<sup>\*</sup> Moore's Journal, 1 185-195.

the clangour of infinite tumult, hitherto not regicide, though that too may come.

But it is more edifying to note what thrillings of affection, what fragments of wild virtues turn up in this shaking asunder of man's existence; for of these too there is a proportion Note old Marquis Cazotte: he is doomed to die; but his young Daughter clasps him in her arms, with an inspiration of eloquence, with a love which is stronger than very death: the heart of the killers themselves is touched by it; the old man is spared. Yet he was guilty, if plotting for his King is guilt: in ten days more, a Court of Law condemned him, and he had to die elsewhere; bequeathing his Daughter a lock of his old gray hair. Or note old M. de Sombreuil, who also had a Daughter: - My Father is not an Aristocrat: O good gentlemen. I will swear it, and testify it, and in all ways prove it; we are not; we hate Aristocrats! thou drink Aristocrats' blood?" The man lifts blood (if universal Rumour can be credited); \* the poor maiden does drink. "This Sombreuil is innocent then!" Yes, indeed. - at now note, most of all, how the bloody pikes, at this news, do rattle to the ground; and the tiger-vells become bursts of jubilee over a brother saved; and the old man and his daughter are clasped to bloody bosoms, with hot tears; and borne home in triumph of Vive la Nation, the killers refusing even money! Does it seem strange, this temper of theirs? It seems very certain, well proved by Royalist testimony in other instances: \*\* and very significant.

<sup>\*</sup> Dulaure, Esquisses historiques des principaux événemens de la Révolution, 11 206 (cited in Montgaillard, in. 205).

\*\* Bertrand-Moleville (Mém. particuliers, 11. 213), &c &c.

## CHAPTER V.

### A Trilogy.

As all Delineation, in these ages, were it never so Epic, "speaking itself and not singing itself," must either found on Belief and provable Fact, or have no foundation at all (nor, except as floating cobweb, any existence at all), — the Reader will perhaps prefer to take a glance with the very eyes of eye-witnesses; and see, in that way, for himself, how it was. Brave Jourgniac, innocent Abbé Sicard, judicious Advocate Maton, these, greatly compressing themselves, shall speak, each an instant. Jourgniac's Agony of Thirty-eight hours went through "above a hundred editions," though intrinsically a poor work Some portion of it may here go through above the hundred-and-first, for want of a better

"Towards seven o'clock" (Sunday night at the Abbaye; for Jourgniac goes by dates). "We saw two men "enter, their hands bloody and armed with sabres; a "turnkey, with a torch, lighted them; he pointed to "the bed of the unfortunate Swiss, Reding Reding "spoke with a dying voice One of them paused; but "the other cried, Allons donc; lifted the unfortunate "man; carried him out on his back to the street. He "was massacred there."

"We all looked at one another in silence, we clasp"ed each other's hands. Motionless, with fixed eyes,
"we gazed on the pavement of our prison; on which
"lay the moonlight, checkered with the triple stan"cheons of our windows"

"Three in the morning: They were breaking-in one

"of the prison-doors. We at first thought they were "coming to kill us in our room; but heard, by voices "on the staircase, that it was a room where some Pri"soners had barricaded themselves They were all "butchered there, as we shortly gathered"

"Ten o'clock: The Abbé Lenfant and the Abbé "de Chapt-Rastignac appeared in the pulpit of the "Chapel, which was our prison; they had entered by "a door from the stairs. They said to us that our "end was at hand; that we must compose ourselves, "and receive their last blessing An electric movement, "not to be defined, threw us all on our knees, and we "received it. These two whitehaired old men, blessing "us from their place above; death hovering over our "heads, on all hands environing us; the moment is "never to be forgotten. Half an hour after, they were "both massacred, and we heard their cries." \*— Thus Jourgniac in his Agony in the Abbaye.

But now let the good Maton speak, what he, over in La Force, in the same hours, is suffering and witnessing This Résurrection by him is greatly the best, the least theatrical of the Pamphlets; and stands test ing by documents:

"Towards seven o'clock," on Sunday night, "pri-"soners were called frequently, and they did not re-"appear Each of us reasoned, in his own way, on "this singularity: but our ideas became calm, as we "persuaded ourselves that the Memorial I had drawn "up for the National Assembly was producing effect."

"At one in the morning, the grate which led to "our quarter opened anew. Four men in uniform,

<sup>\*</sup> Jourgniac Saint-Méard, Mon Agonie de Trente-huit heures (reprinted in Hist. Parl. xviii. 103—135).

"each with a drawn sabre and blazing torch, came up "to our corridor, preceded by a turnkey; and entered "an apartment close to ours, to investigate a box there, "which we heard them break up. This done, they "stept into the gallery, and questioned the man Cuissa, "to know where Lamotte" (Necklace's Widower) "was "Lamotte, they said, had some months ago, under "pretext of a treasure he knew of, swindled a sum of "three-hundred livres from one of them, inviting him "to dinner for that purpose The wretched Cuissa, "now in their hands, who indeed lost his life this "night, answered trembling, That he remembered the "fact well, but could not tell what was become of "Lamotte. Determined to find Lamotte and confront "him with Cuissa, they rummaged, along with this "latter, through various other apartments; but without "effect, for we heard them say: 'Come search among "the corpses then; for, nom de Dieu! we must find ""where he is."

"At this same time, I heard Louis Bardy, the Abbé "Bardy's name called he was brought out; and di"rectly massacred, as I learnt. He had been accused, "along with his concubine, five or six years before, of "having murdered and cut in pieces his own Brother, "Auditor of the Chambre des Comptes of Montpelier; but had by his subtlety, his dexterity, nay his elo"quence, outwitted the judges, and escaped."

"One may fancy what terror these words, 'Come "'search among the corpses then,' had thrown me into "I saw nothing for it now but resigning myself to die "I wrote my last-will; concluding it by a petition and "adjuration, that the paper should be sent to its ad-"dress. Scarcely had I quitted the pen, when there

"came two other men in uniform; one of them, whose "arm and sleeve up to the very shoulder, as well as "his sabre, were covered with blood, said, He was as "weary as a hodman that had been beating plaster"

"Baudin de la Chenaye was called; sixty years of "virtues could not save him. They said, A l'Abbaye: "he passed the fatal outer-gate; gave a cry of terror, "at sight of the heaped corpses; covered his eyes with "his hands, and died of innumerable wounds. At every "new opening of the grate, I thought I should hear my "own name called, and see Rossignol enter"

"I flung off my night-gown and cap; I put-on a "coarse unwashed shirt, a worn frock without waistcoat, "an old round hat; these things I had sent for, some

"days ago, in the fear of what might happen

"The rooms of this corridor had been all emptied "but ours. We were four together, whom they seemed "to have forgotten: we addressed our prayers in com-"mon to the Eternal to be delivered from this peril"

"Baptiste the turnkey came up by himself, to see "us. I took him by the hands; I conjured him to save "us; promised him a hundred louis, if he would con"duct me home A noise coming from the grates made "him hastily withdraw.

"It was the noise of some dozen or fifteen men, "armed to the teeth; as we, lying flat to escape being "seen, could see from our windows. 'Up stairs!' said "they: 'Let not one remain' I took out my penknife; "I considered where I should strike myself," — but reflected "that the blade was too short," and also "on religion."

Finally, however, between seven and eight o'clock in the morning, enter four men with bludgeons and sabres! - "To one of whom Gérard my comrade whis-"pered, earnestly, apart. During their colloquy I "searched everywhere for shoes, that I might lay off "the Advocate pumps (pantoufles de Palais) I had on." but could find none. - "Constant, called le Sauvage, "Gérard, and a third whose name escapes me, they let "clear off: as for me, four sabres were crossed over "my breast, and they led me down. I was brought to "their bar; to the Personage with the scarf, who sat "as judge there. He was a lame man, of tall lank "stature. He recognised me on the streets and spoke "to me, seven months after I have been assured that "he was son of a retired attorney, and named Chepy. "Crossing the Court called Des Nourrices, I saw "Manuel haranguing in tricolor scarf" The trial, as we see, ends in acquittal and résurrection.\*

Poor Sicard, from the violon of the Abbaye, shall say but a few words; true-looking, though tremulous. Towards three in the morning, the killers bethink them of this little violon; and knock from the court. "tapped gently, trembling lest the murderers might "hear on the opposite door, where the Section "Committee was sitting: they answered gruffly, that "they had no key. There were three of us in this "violon; my companions thought they perceived a kind "of loft overhead But it was very high; only one of "us could reach it by mounting on the shoulders of "both the others. One of them said to me, that my "life was usefuller than theirs: I resisted, they insisted: "no denial! I fling myself on the neck of these two "deliverers; never was scene more touching I mount "on the shoulders of the first, then on those of the

Maton de la Varenne, Ma Résurrection (in Hist. Parl. xviii. 135-156).

"second, finally on the loft; and address to my two "comrades the expression of a soul overwhelmed with "natural emotions"\*

The two generous companions, we rejoice to find, did not perish. But it is time that Jourgniac de Saint-Méard should speak his last words, and end this singular trilogy. The night had become day; and the day has again become night. Jourgniac, worn down with uttermost agitation, was fallen asleep, and had a cheering dream. he has also contrived to make acquaintance with one of the volunteer bailiffs, and spoken in native Provençal with him. On Tuesday, about one in the morning, his Agony is reaching its crisis

"By the glare of two torches, I now descried the "terrible tribunal, where lay my life or my death. The "President, in gray coat, with a sabre at his side, stood "leaning with his hands against a table, on which were "papers, an inkstand, tobacco-pipes and bottles. Some "ten persons were around, seated or standing; two of "whom had jackets and aprons: others were sleeping "stretched on benches. Two men, in bloody shirts, "guarded the door of the place; an old turnkey had "his hand on the lock. In front of the President three "men held a Prisoner, who might be about sixty" (or seventy: he was old Marshal Maillé, of the Tuileries and August Tenth). "They stationed me in a corner; "my guards crossed their sabres on my breast. "looked on all sides for my Provençal: two National "Guards, one of them drunk, presented some appeal "from the Section of Croix Rouge in favour of the "Prisoner; the Man in Grey answered: 'They are use-

<sup>\*</sup> Abbé Sicard, Relation adressée à un de ses amis (Hist. Parl. xviii. 93-103).

"'less, these appeals for traitors' Then the Prisoner "exclaimed. 'It is frightful; your judgment is a murder.' "The President answered: 'My hands are washed of "it; take M. Maillé away.' They drove him into the "street; where, through the opening of the door, I "saw him massacred.

"The President sat down to write; registering, I "suppose, the name of this one whom they had finished; "then I heard him say: 'Another, A' un autre!'

"Behold me then haled before this swift and bloody "judgment-bar, where the best protection was to have "no protection, and all resources of ingenuity became "null if they were not founded on truth. "my guards held me each by a hand, the third by the "collar of my coat. 'Your name, your profession?" "said the President. 'The smallest lie ruins you,' "added one of the Judges - 'My name is Jourgniac "Saint-Méard; I have served, as an officer, twenty "vears: and I appear at your tribunal with the assu-"rance of an innocent man, who therefore will not "lie' - 'We shall see that,' said the President: 'Do "you know why you are arrested?' - 'Yes, Mon-"sieur le Président. I am accused of editing the Journal "De la Cour et de la Ville. But I hope to prove the "falsity" --

But no; Jourgniac's proof of the falsity, and defence generally, though of excellent result as a defence, is not interesting to read. It is longwinded; there is a loose theatricality in the reporting of it, which does not amount to unveracity, yet which tends that way We shall suppose him successful, beyond hope, in proving and disproving; and skip largely, — to the catastrophe, almost at two steps

"'But after all,' said one of the Judges, 'there is "no smoke without kindling; tell us why they accuse "you of that.'—'I was about to do so'"— Jourgniac does so; with more and more success

"'Nay,' continued I, 'they accuse me even of "recruiting for the Emigrants!' At these words there "arose a general murmur. 'O Messieurs, Messieurs,' "I exclaimed, raising my voice, 'it is my turn to "speak; I beg M. le Président to have the kindness "to maintain it for me; I never needed it more.'—"True enough, true enough,' said almost all the "Judges with a laugh: 'Silence!'

"While they were examining the testimonials I had "produced, a new Prisoner was brought in, and placed before the President. 'It was one Priest more,' they "said, 'whom they had ferreted out of the Chapelle' "After very few questions: 'A' la Ebree' He flung "his breviary on the table; was hurled forth, and "massacred. I reappeared before the tribunal.

"'You tell us always,' cried one of the Judges, "with a tone of impatience, 'that you are not this, "that you are not that; what are you then?'—'I was "an open Royalist'—There arose a general murmur; "which was miraculously appeased by another of the "men, who had seemed to take an interest in me" "We are not here to judge opinions,' said he, 'but "to judge the results of them' Could Rousseau and "Voltaire both in one, pleading for me, have said "better?—'Yes, Messieurs,' cried I, 'always till the "Tenth of August I was an open Royalist Ever since "the Tenth of August that cause has been finished. "I am a Frenchman, true to my country. I was always "a man of honour.'"

"'My soldiers never distrusted me. Nay, two days before that business of Nanci, when their suspicion of their officers was at its height, they chose me for commander, to lead them to Lunéville, to get back the prisoners of the Regiment Mestre-de-Camp, and seize General Malseigne." Which fact there is, most luckily, an individual present who by a certain token can confirm.

"The President, this cross-questioning being over, "took off his hat and said: 'I see nothing to suspect "in this man; I am for granting him his liberty Is "that your vote?' To which all the Judges answered: "'Ou, Oui; it is just!"'

And there arose vivats within doors and without; "escort of three," amid shoutings and embracings. thus Jourgniac escaped from jury-trial and the jaws of death \* Maton and Sicard did, either by trial and no bill found, lank President Chepy finding "absolutely nothing;" or else by evasion, and new favour of Moton the brave watchmaker, likewise escape; and were embraced and wept over; weeping in return, as they well might.

Thus they three, in wondrous trilogy, or triple soliloquy; uttering simultaneously, through the dread night-watches, their Night-thoughts, — grown audible to us! They Three are become audible: but the other "Thousand and Eighty-nine, of whom Two-hundred "and two were Priests," who also had Night-thoughts, remain inaudible; choked forever in black Death. Heard only of President Chepy and the Man in Gray! —

<sup>\*</sup> Mon Agonie (ut suprà, Hist. Parl. xviii. 128).

#### CHAPTER VI

The Circular.

But the Constituted Authorities, all this while? The Legislative Assembly; the Six Ministers; the Townhall; Santerre with the National Guard? — It is very curious to think what a City is. Theatres, to the number of some twenty-three, were open every night during these prodigies; while right-arms here grew weary with slaying, right-arms there were twiddledeeing on melodious catgut: at the very instant when Abbé Sicard was clambering up his second pair of shoulders, three-men high, five hundred thousand human individuals were lying horizontal, as if nothing were amiss.

As for the poor Legislative, the sceptre had departed from it. The Legislative did send Deputation to the Prisons, to these Street-Courts; and poor M. Dusaulx did harangue there; but produced no conviction whatsoever: nay at last, as he continued haranguing, the Street-Court interposed, not without threats; and he had to cease, and withdraw This is the same poor worthy old M Dusaulx who told, or indeed almost sang (though with cracked voice), the Taking of the Bastille, to our satisfaction, long since. He was wont to announce himself, on such and on all occasions, as the Translator of Juvenal. "Good Citizens, you see before you a man who loves his country, who is the Translator of Juvenal," said he once. — "Juvenal?" interrupts Sansculottism: "Who the devil is Juvenal? One of your sacrés Aristocrates? To the Lanterne!" From an orator of this kind, conviction was not to be expected The Legislative had much ado to save one of its own Members, or Ex-Members, Deputy Jounneau, who chanced to be lying in arrest for mere Parliamentary delinquencies, in these Prisons. As for poor old Dusaulx and Company, they returned to the Salle de Manége, saying, "It was dark; and they could not see well what was going on."\*

Roland writes indignant messages, in the name of Order, Humanity and the Law; but there is no Force at his disposal. Santerre's National Force seems lazy to rise: though he made requisitions, he says, - which always dispersed again Nay did not we, with Advocate Maton's eyes, see "men in uniform" too, with their "sleeves bloody to the shoulder?" Pétion goes in tricolor scarf; speaks "the austere language of the law" the killers give up, while he is there, when his back is turned, recommence. Manuel too in scarf we, with Maton's eves, transiently saw haranguing, in the Court called of Nurses, Cour des Nourrices On the other hand, cruel Billaud, likewise in scarf, "with that small puce coat and black wig we are used to on him," \*\* audibly delivers, "standing among corpses," at the Abbaye, a short but ever-memorable harangue, reported in various phraseology, but always to this purpose: "Brave Citizens, you are extirpating the Enemies of Liberty; you are at your duty. A grateful Commune and Country would wish to recompense you adequately; but cannot, for you know its want of funds. Whoever shall have worked (travaillé) in a Prison shall receive a draft of one louis, payable by our cashier.

Moniteur, Debate of 2d September 1792.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Méhée Fils (ut sum à, in Hist. Parl. aviii. p. 189).

Continue your work "\* The Constituted Authorities are of yesterday; all pulling different ways: there is properly no Constituted Authority, but every man is his own King; and all are kinglets, belligerent, allied, or armed-neutral, without king over them.

"O everlasting infamy," exclaims Montgaillard, "that "Paris stood looking on in stupor for four days, and did "not interfere!" Very desirable indeed that Paris had interfered; yet not unnatural that it stood even so, looking on in stupor. Paris is in death-panic, the enemy and gibbets at its door, whosoever in Paris has the heart to front death, finds it more pressing to do it fighting the Prussians, than fighting the killers of Aristocrats. Indignant abhorrence, as in Roland, may be here; gloomy sanction, premeditation or not, as in Marat and Committee of Salvation, may be there; dull disapproval, dull approval, and acquiescence in Necessity and Destiny, is the general temper The Sons of Darkness, "two-hundred or so," risen from their lurking-places, have scope to do their work Urged on by fever-frenzy of Patriotism, and the madness of Terror; - urged on by lucre, and the gold louis of wages? Nav. not lucre: for the gold watches, rings, money of the Massacred, are punctually brought to the Townhall, by Killers sans-indispensables, who higgle afterwards for their twenty shillings of wages; and Sergent sticking an uncommonly fine agate on his finger (fully "meaning to account for it"), becomes Agate-Sergent But the temper, as we say, is dull acquiescence. Not till the Patriotic or Frenetic part of the work is finished for want of material; and Sons of Darkness, bent clearly on lucre alone, begin wrenching watches and purses,

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, in 191.

brooches from ladies' necks, "to equip volunteers," in daylight, on the streets, — does the temper from dull grow vehement; does the Constable raise his truncheon, and striking heartily (like a cattle-driver in earnest) beat the "course of things" back into its old regulated droveroads. The Garde-Meuble itself was surreptitiously plundered, on the 17th of the month, to Roland's new horror; who anew bestirs himself, and is, as Sieyes says, "the veto of scoundrels," Roland veto des coquins. \*—

This is the September Massacre, otherwise called "Severe Justice of the People." These are the Septemberers (Septembriseurs); a name of some note and lucency, - but lucency of the Nether-fire sort; very different from that of our Bastille Heroes, who shone, disputable by no Friend of Freedom, as in Heavenly light-radiance: to such phasis of the business have we advanced since then! The numbers massacred are, in the Historical fantasy, "between two and three thousand;" or indeed they are "upwards of six thousand," for Peltier (in vision) saw them massacring the very patients of the Bicêtre Madhouse "with grape-shot;" nay finally they are "twelve thousand" and odd hundreds, - not more than that.\*\* In Arithmetical ciphers, and Lists drawn up by accurate Advocate Maton, the number, including two hundred and two priests, three "persons unknown," and "one thief killed at the Bernardins," is, as above hinted, a Thousand and Eighty-nine, - not less than that.

A thousand and eighty-nine lie dead, "two hundred and sixty heaped carcasses on the Pont au Change" itself; — among which, Robespierre pleading afterwards

<sup>\*</sup> Helen Maiia Williams, iii 27. \*\* See Hist Pail. avii 421 22.

will "nearly weep" to reflect that there was said to be one slain innocent \* One; not two, O thou seagreen Incorruptible? If so, Themis Sansculotte must be lucky; for she was brief! - In the dim Registers of the Townhall, which are preserved to this day, men read, with a certain sickness of heart, items and entries not usual in Town Books: "To workers employed in pre-"serving the salubrity of the air in the Prisons, and per-"sons who presided over these dangerous operations," so much, - in various items, nearly seven hundred pounds sterling To carters employed to "the Burying-grounds of Clamart, Montrouge and Vaugirard," at so much a journey, per cart; this also is an entry. Then so many francs and odd sous "for the necessary quantity of quick-lime!" \*\* Carts go along the streets; full of stript human corpses, thrown pellmell; limbs sticking up: seest thou that cold Hand sticking up, through the heaped embrace of brother corpses, in its yellow paleness, in its cold rigour, the palm opened towards Heaven, as if in dumb prayer, in expostulation de profundis, Take pity on the Sons of Men! - Mercier saw it, as he walked down "the Rue Saint-Jacques from Montrouge, on the morrow of the Massacres:" but not a Hand; it was a Foot, - which he reckons still more significant, one understands not well why. was it as the Foot of one spurning Heaven? Rushing, like a wild diver, in disgust and despair, towards the depths of Annihilation? Even there shall His hand find thee, and His right-hand hold thee, - surely for right not for wrong, for good not evil! "I saw that

Moniteur of 6th November (Debate of 5th November 1793).
 Etat des sommes payées par la Commune de Paris (Hist Parl. xviii. 231).

"Foot," says Mercier; "I shall know it again at the "great Day of Judgment, when the Eternal, throned "on his thunders, shall judge both Kings and Septem-"berers."\*

That a shrick of inarticulate horror rose over this thing, not only from French Aristocrats and Moderates, but from all Europe, and has prolonged itself to the present day, was most natural and right. The thing lay done, irrevocable; a thing to be counted beside some other things, which lie very black in our Earth's Annals, yet which will not erase therefrom. For man, as was remarked, has transcendentalisms in him; standing, as he does, poor creature, every way "in the confluence of Infinitudes;" a mystery to himself and others: in the centre of two Eternities, of three Immensities, - in the intersection of primeval Light with the everlasting Dark! - Thus have there been, especially by vehement tempers reduced to a state of desperation, very miserable things done. Sicilian Vespers, and "eight thousand slaughtered in two hours," are a known thing. Kings themselves, not in desperation, but only in difficulty, have sat hatching, for year and day (nay De Thou says for seven years), their Bartholomew Business; and then, at the right moment, also on an Autumn Sunday, this very Bell (they say it is the identical metal) of Saint-Germain l'Auxerrois was set a-pealing — with effect.\*\* Nay the same black boulder-stones of these Paris Prisons have seen Prison-massacres before now; men massacring countrymen, Burgundies massacring Armagnacs, whom

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, Nouveau Paris, vl. 21.

<sup>\*\* 9</sup>th to 13th September 1572 (Dulaure, Hist. de Paris, iv. 289).

they had suddenly imprisoned, till, as now, there were piled heaps of carcasses, and the streets ran red; - the Mayor Pétion of the time speaking the austere language of the law, and answered by the Killers, in old French (it is some four hundred years old) "Maugré bieu, Sire, - Sir, God's malison on your "justice," your "pity," your "right reason" Cursed be of God whose shall have pity on these false traitorous Armagnacs. English; dogs they are; they have destroyed us, wasted this realm of France, and sold it to the English." \* And so they slay, and fling aside the slain, to the extent of "fifteen hundred and eighteen, among whom "are found four Bishops of false and damnable coun-"sel, and two Presidents of Parlement" For though it is not Satan's world this that we live in. Satan always has his place in it (underground properly); and from time to time bursts up Well may mankind shriek, inarticulately anathematising as they can. There are actions of such emphasis that no shricking can be too emphatic for them. Shriek ye; acted have thev.

Shriek who might in this France, in this Paris Legislative or Paris Townhall, there are Ten Men who do not shriek. A Circular goes out from the Committee of Salut Public, dated 3d of September 1792; directed to all Townhalls a State-paper too remarkable to be overlooked. "A part of the ferocious "conspirators detained in the Prisons," it says, "have "been put to death by the People; and we cannot doubt "but the whole Nation, driven to the edge of ruin by "such endless series of treasons, will make haste to "adopt this means of public salvation; and all French-

"men will cry as the men of Paris: We go to fight "the enemy; but we will not leave robbers behind us, "to butcher our wives and children" To which are legibly appended these signatures: Panis; Sergent, Marat, Friend of the People; \* with Seven others; — carried down thereby, in a strange way, to the late remembrance of Antiquarians. We remark, however, that their Circular rather recoiled on themselves The Townhalls made no use of it; even the distracted Sansculottes made little; they only howled and bellowed, but did not bite At Rheims "about eight persons" were killed; and two afterwards were hanged for doing it. At Lyons, and a few other places, some attempt was made; but with hardly any effect, being quickly put down

Less fortunate were the Prisoners of Orleans; was the good Duke de La Rochefoucault He journeying, by quick stages, with his Mother and Wife, towards the Waters of Forges, or some quieter country, was arrested at Gisors, conducted along the streets, amid effervescing multitudes, and killed dead "by the stroke of a paving-stone hurled through the coach-window." Killed as a once Liberal now Aristocrat; Protector of Priests, Suspender of virtuous Pétions, and most unfortunate Hot-grown-cold, detestable to Patriotism. He dies lamented of Europe; his blood spattering the cheeks of his old Mother, ninety-three years old.

As for the Orleans Prisoners, they are State Criminals: Royalist Ministers, Delessarts, Montmorins; who have been accumulating on the High Court of Orleans, ever since that Tribunal was set up. Whom now it seems good that we should get transferred to

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xvii. 433.

our new Paris Court of the Seventeenth; which proceeds far quicker. Accordingly hot Fournier from Martinique, Fournier l'Américain, is off, missioned by Constituted Authority; with stanch National Guards, with Lazouski the Pole; sparingly provided with roadmoney. These, through bad quarters, through difficulties, perils, for Authorities cross each other in this time, - do triumphantly bring off the Fifty or Fiftythree Orleans Prisoners, towards Paris; where a swifter Court of the Seventeenth will do justice on them. \* But lo, at Paris, in the interim, a still swifter and swiftest Court of the Second, and of September, has instituted itself: enter not Paris, or that will judge you! - What shall hot Fournier do? It was his duty, as volunteer Constable, had he been a perfect character, to guard those men's lives never so Aristocratic, at the expense of his own valuable life never so Sansculottic, till some Constituted Court had disposed of them But he was an imperfect character and Constable; perhaps one of the more imperfect.

Hot Fournier, ordered to turn thither by one Authority, to turn thither by another Authority, is in a perplexing multiplicity of orders; but finally he strikes off for Versailles. His Prisoners fare in tumbrils, or open carts, himself and Guards riding and marching around: and at the last village, the worthy Mayor of Versailles comes to meet him, anxious that the arrival and locking-up were well over. It is Sunday, the ninth day of the month. Lo, on entering the Avenue of Versailles, what multitudes, stirring, swarming in the September sun, under the dull-green September foliage; the Four-rowed Avenue all hum-

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. avii. 434.

ming and swarming, as if the Town had emptied itself! Our tumbrils roll heavily through the living
sea; the Guards and Fournier making way with ever
more difficulty; the Mayor speaking and gesturing his
persuasivest; amid the inarticulate growling hum, which
growls ever the deeper even by hearing itself growl,
not without sharp yelpings here and there: — Would
to God we were out of this strait place, and wind and
separation had cooled the heat, which seems about
igniting here!

And yet if the wide Avenue is too strait, what will the Street de Surintendance be, at leaving of the same? At the corner of Surintendance Street, the compressed yelpings become a continuous yell: savage figures spring on the tumbril-shafts; first spray of an endless coming tide! The Mayor pleads, pushes, half-desperate: is pushed, carried off in men's arms: the savage tide has entrance, has mastery Amid horrid noise, and tumult as of fierce wolves, the Prisoners sink massacred, - all but some eleven, who escaped into houses, and found mercy The Prisons, and what other Prisoners they held, were with difficulty saved. The stript clothes are burnt in bonfire; the corpses lie heaped in the ditch on the morrow morning \* All France, except it be the Ten Men of the Circular and their people, moans and rages, inarticulately shricking; all Europe rings.

But neither did Danton shriek; though, as Minister of Justice, it was more his part to do so. Brawny Danton is in the breach, as of stormed Cities and Nations; amid the sweep of Tenth-of-August cannon, the

Pièces officielles relatives au massacre des Piisonniers à Versailles in Hist. Parl. xviii 236—249).

rustle of Prussian gallows-ropes, the smiting of September sabres: destruction all round him, and the rushing-down of worlds. Minister of Justice is his name; but Titan of the Forlorn Hope, and Enfant Perdu of the Revolution, is his quality, — and the man acts according to that. "We must put our enemies in fear!" Deep fear, is it not, as of its own accord, falling on our enemies? The Titan of the Forlorn Hope, he is not the man that would swiftest of all prevent its so falling. Forward, thou lost Titan of an Enfant Perdu; thou must dare, and again dare, and without end dare; there is nothing left for thee but that! "Que mon nom sont flétri, Let my name be blighted:" what am I? The Cause alone is great; and shall live, and not perish - So, on the whole, here too is a Swallower of Formulas; of still wider gulp than Mirabeau: this Danton, Mirabeau of the Sansculottes. In the September days, this Minister was not heard of as co-operating with strict Roland; his business might lie elsewhere, - with Brunswick and the Hôtel-de-Ville When applied to by an official person, about the Orleans Prisoners, and the risks they 1an, he answered gloomily, twice over, "Are not these men guilty?" - When pressed, he "answered in a terrible voice," and turned his back \* A thousand slain in the Prisons: horrible if you will: but Brunswick is within a day's journey of us; and there are Five-and-twenty Millions yet, to slay or to save Some men have tasks, - frightfuller than ours! It seems strange, but is not strange, that this Minister of Moloch-Justice, when any suppliant for a friend's life got access to him, was found to have human

<sup>.</sup> Biographie des Ministres, p. 97.

compassion, and yielded and granted "always;" "neither did one personal enemy of Danton perish in these days."\*

To shriek, we say, when certain things are acted, is proper and unavoidable. Nevertheless, articulate speech, not shricking, is the faculty of man: when speech is not yet possible, let there be, with the shortest delay, at least - silence Silence, accordingly, in this forty-fourth year of the business, and eighteen hundred and thirty-sixth of an "Era called Christian as lucus à non," is the thing we recommend and prac-Nay, instead of shricking more, it were perhaps edifying to remark, on the other side, what a singular thing Customs (in Latin, Mores) are; and how fitly the Virtue, Virtus, Manhood or Worth, that is in a man, is called his Morality or Customariness Fell Slaughter, one of the most authentic products of the Pit you would say, once give it Customs, becomes War, with Laws of War; and is Customary and Moral enough; and red individuals carry the tools of it girt round their haunches, not without an air of pride, - which do thou nowise blame. While, see! so long as it is but dressed in hodden or russet: and Revolution, less frequent than War, has not yet got its Laws of Revolution, but the hodden or russet individuals are Uncustomary - O shricking beloved brother block-heads of Mankind, let us close those wide mouths of ours; let us cease shricking, and begin considering!

Biographie des Ministres, p. 103.

## CHAPTER VII.

September in Argonne.

PLAIN, at any rate, is one thing: that the fear, whatever of fear those Aristocrat enemies might need. has been brought about. The matter is getting serious then! Sansculottism too has become a Fact, and seems minded to assert itself as such? This huge mooncalf of Sansculottism, staggering about, as young calves do, is not mockable only, and soft like another calf; but terrible too, if you prick it; and, through its hideous nostrils, blows fire! - Aristocrats, with pale panic in their hearts, fly towards covert; and a light rises to them over several things; or rather a confused transition towards light, whereby for the moment darkness is only darker than ever. But what will become of this France? Here is a question! France is dancing its desert-waltz, as Sahara does when the winds waken, in whirlblasts twenty-five millions in number; waltzing towards Townhalls, Aristocrat Prisons and Election Committee-rooms; towards Brunswick and the frontiers; - towards a New Chapter of Universal History; if indeed it be not the Finis, and winding-up of that!

In Election Committee-rooms there is now no dubiety; but the work goes bravely along. The Convention is getting chosen, — really in a decisive spirit; in the Townhall we already date First year of the Republic. Some Two-hundred of our best Legislators may be re-elected, the Mountain bodily: Robespierre, with Mayor Pétion, Buzot, Curate Grégoire, Rabaut, some three-score Old-Constituents; though we once had only

"thirty voices." All these; and along with them, friends long known to Revolutionary fame: Camille Desmoulins, though he stutters in speech; Manuel, Tallien and Company; Journalists Gorsas, Carra, Mercier, Louvet of Faublas; Clootz Speaker of Mankind, Collot d'Herbois, tearing a passion to rags; Fabre d'Églantine, speculative Pamphleteer; Legendre the solid Butcher; nay Marat, though rural France can hardly believe it, or even believe that there is a Marat except in print Of Minister Danton, who will lay down his Ministry for a Membership, we need not speak. Paris is fervent; nor is the Country wanting to itself Barbaroux, Rebecqui, and fervid Patriots are coming from Marseilles. Seven-hundred and fortyfive men (or indeed forty-nine, for Avignon now sends Four) are gathering: so many are to meet; not so many are to part!

Attorney Carrier from Aurillac, Ex-Priest Lebon from Arras, these shall both gain a name Mountainous Auvergne re-elects her Romme: hardy tiller of the soil. once Mathematical Professor; who, unconscious, carries in petto a remarkable New Calendar, with Messidors, Pluvioses, and such like; — and having given it well forth, shall depart by the death they call Roman. Sieves Old-Constituent comes: to make new Constitutions as many as wanted: for the rest, peering out of his clear cautious eyes, he will cower low in many an emergency, and find silence safest Young Saint-Just is coming, deputed by Aisne in the North; more like a Student than a Senator: not four-and-twenty yet; who has written Books; a youth of slight stature, with mild mellow voice, enthusiast olive-complexion and long black hair. Féraud, from the far valley D'Aure in the folds of the

Pyrenees, is coming; an ardent Republican; doomed to fame, at least in death.

All manner of Patriot men are coming: Teachers, Husbandmen, Priests and Ex-Priests, Traders, Doctors; above all, Talkers, or the Attorney-species. Man-midwives, as Levasseur of the Sarthe, are not wanting Nor Artists: gross David, with the swoln cheek, has long painted, with genius in a state of convulsion; and will now legislate The swoln cheek, choking his words in the birth, totally disqualifies him as an orator; but his pencil, his head, his gross hot heart, with genius in a state of convulsion, will be there. A man bodily and mentally swoln-cheeked, disproportionate; flabby-large, instead of great; weak withal as in a state of convulsion, not strong in a state of composure: so let him play his part Nor are naturalised Benefactors of the Species forgotten. Priestley, elected by the Orne Department, but declining; Paine the rebellious Needleman, by the Pas de Calais, who accepts.

Few Nobles come, and yet not none Paul-Francois Barras, "noble as the Barrases, old as the rocks of
Provence;" he is one. The reckless, shipwrecked man:
flung ashore on the coast of the Maldives long ago,
while sailing and soldiering as Indian Fighter: flung
ashore since then, as hungry Parisian Pleasure-hunter
and Half-pay, on many a Circe Island, with temporary
enchantment, temporary conversion into beasthood and
hoghood; — the remote Var Department has now sent
him hither. A man of heat and haste; defective in
utterance; defective indeed in any thing to utter, yet
not without a certain rapidity of glance, a certain swift
transient courage; who in these times, Fortune favour-

ing, may go far He is tall, handsome to the eye, "only the complexion a little yellow;" but "with a "robe of purple, with a scarlet cloak and plume of "tricolor, on occasions of solemnity," the man will look well \* Lepelletier Saint-Fargeau, Old-Constituent, is a kind of noble, and of enormous wealth; he too has come hither. — to have the Pain of Death abolished? Hapless Ex-Parlementeer! Nay, among our Sixty Old-Constituents, see Philippe d'Orleans, a Prince of the Blood! Not now D'Orleans: for, Feudalism being swept from the world, he demands of his worthy friends the Electors of Paris, to have a new name of their choosing; whereupon Procureur Manuel, like an antithetic literary man, recommends Equality, Egalité. A Philippe Égalité therefore will sit; seen of the Earth and Heaven.

Such a Convention is gathering itself together. Mere angry poultry in moulting season; whom Brunswick's grenadiers and cannoneers will give short account of. Would the weather, as Bertrand is always praying, only mend a little!\*\*

In vain, O Bertrand! The weather will not mend a whit nay even if it did? Dumouriez Polymetis, though Bertrand knows it not, stared from brief slumber at Sedan, on that morning of the 29th of August; with stealthiness, with promptitude, audacity. Some three mornings after that, Brunswick, opening wide eyes, perceives the Passes of the Argonne all seized, blocked with felled trees, fortified with camps; and that it is a most shifty swift Dumouriez this, who has outwitted him!

Dictionnaire des Hommes Marquans, § Barras.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Bertrand Moleville, Mémoires, il 225.

The manœuvre may cost Brunswick "a loss of three weeks," very fatal in these circumstances. A Mountainwall of forty miles lying between him and Paris: which he should have preoccupied: - which how now to get possession of? Also the rain it raineth every day: and we are in a hungry Champagne Pouilleuse, a land flowing only with ditchwater. How to cross this Mountainwall of the Argonne; or what in the world to do with it? - There are marchings and wet splashings by steep paths, with sackerments and guttural interjections: forcings of Argonne Passes, which unhappily will not force Through the woods, volleying War reverberates, like huge gong-music, or Moloch's kettledrum, borne by the echoes; swoln torrents boil angrily round the foot of rocks, floating pale carcasses of men In vain! Islettes Village, with its church-steeple, rises intact in the Mountain-pass, between the embosoming heights; your forced marchings and climbings have become forced slidings, and tumblings back From the hill-tops thou seest nothing but dumb crags, and endless wet moaning woods: the Clermont Vache (huge Cow that she is) disclosing herself\* at intervals; flinging off her cloud-blanket, and soon taking it on again, drowned in the pouring Heaven The Argonne Passes will not force: you must skirt the Argonne: go round by the end of it

But fancy whether the Emigrant Seigneurs have not got their brilliancy dulled a little; whether that "Foot Regiment in red-facings with nankeen trousers" could be in field-day order! In place of gasconading, a sort of desperation, and hydrophobia from excess of water, is threatening to supervene Young Prince de Ligne,

<sup>\*</sup> See Helen Maria Williams, Letters, 111. 79-81.

son of that brave literary De Ligne the Thundergod of Dandies, fell backwards; shot dead in Grand-Pré, the Northmost of the Passes: Brunswick is skirting and rounding, laboriously, by the extremity of the South. Four days; days of a rain as of Noah, without fire, without food! For fire you cut down green trees, and produce smoke; for food you eat green grapes, and produce cholic, pestilential dysentery, ολέχοντο δε λαοί. And the Peasants assassinate us. they do not join us; shrill women cry shame on us, threaten to draw their very scissors on us! O ye hapless dulled - bright Seigneurs, and hydrophobic splashed Nankeens; - but O, ten times more, ye poor sackermenting ghastly-visaged Hessians and Hulans, fallen on your backs; who had no call to die there, except compulsion and three-halfpence a-day! Nor has Mrs Le Blanc of the Golden Arm a good time of it, in her bower of dripping rushes Assassinating Peasants are hanged; Old-Constituent Honourable Members, though of venerable age, ride in carts with their hands tied: these are the woes of war.

Thus they; sprawling and wriggling, far and wide, on the slopes and passes of the Argonne;—a loss to Brunswick of five-and-twenty disastrous days. There is wriggling and struggling; facing, backing and right-about facing; as the positions shift, and the Argonne gets partly rounded, partly forced—but still Dumouriez, force him, round him as you will, sticks like a rooted fixture on the ground; fixture with many hinges; wheeling now this way, now that; showing always new front, in the most unexpected manner; nowise consenting to take himself away. Recruits stream up on him: full of heart; yet rather difficult to deal with.

Behind Grand-Pré, for example, Grand-Pré which is on the wrong-side of the Argonne, for we are now forced and rounded, - the full heart, in one of those wheelings and showings of new front, did as it were overset itself, as full hearts are liable to do; and there rose a shriek of sauve qui peut, and a death-panic which had nigh ruined all! So that the General had to come galloping; and, with thunder-words, with gesture, stroke of drawn sword even, check and rally, and bring back the sense of shame; \* - nay to seize the first shriekers and ringleaders; "shave their heads and eyebrows," and pack them forth into the world as a sign Thus too (for really the rations are short, and wet camping with hungry stomach brings bad humour) there is like to be mutiny. Whereupon again Dumouriez "arrives at the head of their line, with his staff, "and an escort of a hundred hussars He had placed "some squadrons behind them, the artillery in front; "he said to them: 'As for you, for I will neither call "you citizens, nor soldiers, nor my men (m mes enfans), "you see before you this artillery, hehind you this "cavalry. You have dishonoured yourselves by crimes. "If you amend, and grow to behave like this brave "Army which you have the honour of belonging to, "you will find in me a good father. But plunderers "and assassins I do not suffer here. At the smallest "mutiny I will have you shivered in pieces (hacher "en pièces). Seek out the Scoundrels that are among "you, and dismiss them yourselves; I hold you respon-"sible for them." \*\*

Patience, O Dumouriez! This uncertain heap of shriekers, mutineers, were they once drilled and inured,

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, in. 29.

will become a phalanxed mass of Fighters; and wheel and whirl, to order, swiftly like the wind or the whirl-wind: tanned mustachio-figures, often barefoot, even bare-backed; with sinews of iron; who require only bread and gunpowder. very Sons of Fire, the adroitest, hastiest, hottest ever seen perhaps since Attilla's time. They may conquer and overrun amazingly, much as that same Attila did;—whose Attila's-Camp and Battlefield thou now seest, on this very ground;\* who, after sweeping bare the world, was, with difficulty, and days of tough fighting, checked here by Roman Ætius and Fortune; and his dust-cloud made to vanish in the East again!—

Strangely enough, in this shricking Confusion of a Soldiery, which we saw long since fallen all suicidally out of square, in suicidal collision, — at Nanci, or on the streets of Metz, where brave Bouillé stood with drawn sword; and which has collided and ground itself to pieces worse and worse ever since, down now to such a state: in this shricking Confusion, and not elsewhere, lies the first germ of returning Order for France! Round which, we say, poor France nearly all ground down suicidally likewise into rubbish and Chaos, will be glad to rally; to begin growing, and new-shaping her inorganic dust; very slowly, through centuries, through Napoleons, Louis-Philippes, and other the like media and phases,—into a new, infinitely preferable France, we can hope! —

These wheelings and movements in the region of the Argonne, which are all faithfully described by Dumouriez himself, and more interesting to us than

<sup>\*</sup> Helen Muia Williams, iii. 32.

Hoyle's or Philidor's best Game of Chess, let us nevertheless, O Reader, entirely omit; - and hasten to remark two things: the first a minute private, the second a large public thing. Our minute private thing is: the presence, in the Prussian host, in that wargame of the Argonne, of a certain Man, belonging to the sort called Immortal; who, in days since then, is becoming visible more and more in that character, as the Transitory more and more vanishes: for from of old it was remarked that when the Gods appear among men, it is seldom in recognisable shape; thus Admetus's neatherds give Apollo a draught of their goatskin whey-bottle (well if they do not give him strokes with their oxrungs), not dreaming that he is the Sungod! This man's name is Johann Wolfgang von Goethe. He is Herzog Weimar's Minister, come with the small contingent of Weimar; to do insignificant unmilitary duty here; very irrecognisable to nearly all! He stands at present, with drawn bridle, on the height near Sainte-Menchould, making an experiment on the "cannon-fever;" having ridden thither against persuasion, into the dance and firing of the cannon-balls, with a scientific desire to understand what that same cannon-fever may be: "The sound of them," says he, "is curious enough; as if it were compounded of the "humming of tops, the gurgling of water and the "whistle of birds. By degrees you get a very un-"common sensation; which can only be described by "similitude. It seems as if you were in some place "extremely hot, and at the same time were completely "penetrated by the heat of it; so that you feel as if "you and this element you are in were perfectly on a "par. The eyesight loses nothing of its strength or

"distinctness; and yet it is as if all things had got a "kind of brown-red colour, which makes the situation "and the objects still more impressive on you."\*

This is the cannon-fever, as a World-Poet feels it.— A man entirely irrecognisable! In whose irrecognisable head, meanwhile, there verily is the spiritual counterpart (and call it complement) of this same huge Death-Birth of the World; which now effectuates itself, outwardly in the Argonne, in such cannon-thunder; inwardly, in the irrecognisable head, quite otherwise than by thunder! Mark that man, O Reader, as the memorablest of all the memorables in this Argonne Campaign. What we say of him is not dream, nor flourish of rhetoric, but scientific historic fact; as many men, now at this distance, see or begin to see.

But the large public thing we had to remark is this: That the Twentieth of September 1792 was a raw morning covered with mist; that from three in the morning, Sainte-Menehould, and those Villages and homesteads we know of old, were stirred by the rumble of artillery-wagons, by the clatter of hoofs and manyfooted tramp of men: all manner of military, Patriot and Prussian, taking up positions, on the Heights of La Lune and other Heights; shifting and shoving, - seemingly in some dread chess-game; which may the Heavens turn to good! The Miller of Valmy has fled dusty under ground; his Mill, were it never so windy, will have rest to-day. At seven in the morning the mist clears off: see Kellermann, Dumouriez' second in command, with "eighteen pieces of cannon," and deep-serried ranks, drawn up round that same silent Windmill, on his knoll of strength; Brunswick, also

<sup>\*</sup> Goethe, Campagne in Frankreich (Werke, xxx. 73).

with serried ranks and cannon, glooming over to him from the Height of La Lune: only the httle brook and

its little dell now parting them.

So that the much-longed-for has come at last! Instead of hunger and dysentery, we shall have sharp shot; and then! - Dumouriez, with force and firm front, looks on from a neighbouring height; can help only with his wishes, in silence Lo, the eighteen pieces do bluster and bark, responsive to the bluster of La Lune; and thunder-clouds mount into the air; and echoes roar through all dells, far into the depths of Argonne Wood (deserted now); and limbs and lives of men fly dissipated, this way and that Can Brunswick make an impression on them? The dulledbright Seigneurs stand biting their thumbs; these Sansculottes seem not to fly like poultry! Towards noontide a cannon-shot blows Kellermann's horse from under him; there bursts a powder-cart high into the air, with knell heard over all some swagging and swaying observable; - Brunswick will try! "Camarades," cries Kellermann, "Vive la Patrie! Allons vaincre pour elle, Come let us conquer for her." "Live the Fatherland!" rings responsive to the welkin, like rolling-fire from side to side: our ranks are as firm as rocks; and Brunswick may recross the dell, ineffectual; regain his old position on La Lune; not unbattered by the way. And so, for the length of a September day, - with bluster and bark; with bellow far-echoing! The cannonade lasts till sunset; and no impression made. Till an hour after sunset, the few remaining Clocks of the District striking Seven; at this late time of day Brunswick tries again With not a whit better fortune! He is met by rock-ranks, by shout of Vive la Patrie; and driven back, not unbattered Whereupon he ceases; retires "to the Tavern of La Lune;" and sets to raising a redoute lest he be attacked!

Verily so, ye dulled-bright Seigneurs, make of it what ye may. Ah, and France does not rise round us in mass; and the Peasants do not join us, but assassinate us: neither hanging nor any persuasion will induce them! They have lost their old distinguishing love of King, and King's-cloak, — I fear, altogether; and will even fight to be rid of it: that seems now their humour. Nor does Austria prosper, nor the siege of Thionville. The Thionvillers, carrying their insolence to the epigrammatic pitch, have put a Wooden Horse on their walls with a bundle of Hay hung from him, and this Inscription: "When I finish my hay, you will take Thionville." \* To such height has the frenzy of mankind risen.

The trenches of Thionville may shut; and what though those of Lille open? The Earth smiles not on us, nor the Heaven; but weeps and blears itself, in sour rain, and worse. Our very friends insult us; we are wounded in the house of our friends: "His Ma-"jesty of Prussia had a greatcoat, when the rain "came; and (contrary to all known laws) he put in "on, though our two French Plinces, the hope of their "country, had none!" To which indeed, as Goethe admits, what answer could be made? \*\* — Cold and Hunger and Affront, Colic and Dysentery and Death, and we here, cowering redouted, most unredoubtable, amid the "tattered corn-shocks and deformed stubble,"

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl x13. 177.

on the splashy Height of La Lune, round the mean

This is the Cannonade of Valmy; wherein the World-Poet experimented on the cannon-fever; wherein the French Sansculottes did not fly like poultry. Precious to France! Every soldier did his duty, and Alsatian Kellermann (how preferable to old Luckner the dismissed!) began to become greater; and Egalité Fils, Equality Junior, a light gallant Field-Officer, distinguished himself by intrepidity: — it is the same intrepid individual who now, as Louis-Philippe, without the Equality, struggles, under sad circumstances, to be called King of the French for a season.

## CHAPTER VIII.

Exeunt.

But this Twentieth of September is otherwise a great day For, observe, while Kellermann's horse was flying blown from under him at the Mill of Valmy, our new National Deputies, that shall be a NATIONAL CONVENTION, are hovering and gathering about the Hall of the Hundred Swiss: with intent to constitute themselves!

On the morrow, about noontide, Camus the Archivist is busy "verifying their powers;" several hundreds of them already here. Whereupon the Old Legislative comes solemnly over, to merge its old ashes Phænix-like in the body of the new;— and so forthwith, returning all solemnly back to the Salle de Manége, there sits a National Convention, Seven-hundred and Forty-nine complete, or complete enough; presided by

Pétion; - which proceeds directly to do business. Read that reported afternoon's-debate, O Reader; there are few debates like it: dull reporting Moniteur itself becomes more dramatic than a very Shakespeare. For epigrammatic Manuel rises, speaks strange things; how the President shall have a guard of honour, and lodge in the Tuileries: - rejected And Danton rises and speaks; and Collot d'Herbois rises, and Curate Grégoire, and lame Couthon of the Mountain rises; and in rapid Melibean stanzas, only a few lines each, they propose motions not a few: That the corner-stone of our new Constitution is, Sovereignty of the People; that our Constitution shall be accepted by the People or be null; further that the People ought to be avenged, and have right Judges; that the Imposts must continue till new order; that Landed and other Property be sacred forever; finally that "Royalty from this day is abolished in France:" - Decreed all, before four o'clock strike, with acclamation of the world!\* The tree was all so ripe; only shake it, and there fall such vellow cart-loads

And so over in the Valmy Region, as soon as the news come, what stir is this, audible, visible from our muddy Heights of La Lune?\*\* Universal shouting of the French on their opposite hill-side; caps raised on bayonets: and a sound as of République; Vive la République borne dubious on the winds! — On the morrow morning, so to speak, Brunswick slings his knapsacks before day, lights any fires he has; and marches without tap of drum Dumouriez finds ghastly symptoms in that

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xix. 19.

camp; "latrines full of blood!"\* The chivalrous King of Prussia, for he, as we saw, is here in person, may long rue the day; may look colder than ever on these dulled-bright Seigneurs, and French Princes their Country's hope;—and, on the whole, put on his great-coat without ceremony, happy that he has one They retire, all retire with convenient despatch, through a Champagne trodden into a quagmire, the wild weather pouring on them: Dumouriez, through his Kellermanns and Dillons, pricking them a little in the hinder parts. A little, not much; now pricking, now negotiating: for Brunswick has his eyes opened; and the Majesty of Prussia is a repentant Majesty.

Nor has Austria prospered, nor the Wooden Horse of Thionville bitten his hay; nor Lille City surrendered itself The Lille trenches opened, on the 29th of the month, with balls and shells, and redhot balls; as if not trenches but Vesuvius and the Pit had opened It was frightful, say all eye-witnesses; but it is ineffectual The Lillers have risen to such temper; especially after these news from Argonne and the East Not a Sansindispensables in Lille that would surrender for a King's ransom. Redhot balls rain, day and night; "six-thousand," or so, and bombs "filled internally with oil of turpentine which splashes up in flame;" - mainly on the dwellings of the Sansculottes and Poor; the streets of the Rich being spared. But the Sansculottes get water-pails; form quenching-regulations: "The ball is in Peter's house!" "The ball is in John's!" They divide their lodging and substance with each other; shout Vive la République; and faint not in heart ball thunders through the main chamber of the Hôtel-

<sup>\* 1</sup>st October 1792 Dumouriez, 111. 73.

de-Ville while the Commune is there assembled: "We are in permanence," says one, coldly, proceeding with his business; and the ball remains permanent too, stick-

ing in the wall, probably to this day.\*

The Austrian Archduchess (Queen's Sister) will herself see red artillery fired: in their over-haste to satisfy an Archduchess, "two mortars explode and kill thirty persons." It is in vain: Lille, often burning, is always quenched again: Lille will not yield. The very boys deftly wrench the matches out of fallen bombs: "a man clutches a rolling ball with his hat, which takes "fire; when cool, they crown it with a bonnet rouge." Memorable also be that nimble Barber, who when the bomb burst beside him, snatched up a sherd of it, introduced soap and lather into it, crying, "Voilà mon plat à barbe, My new shaving-dish!" and shaved "fourteen people" on the spot Bravo, thou nimble Shaver; worthy to shave old spectral Redcloak, and find treasures! - On the eighth day of this desperate siege. the sixth day of October, Austria finding it fruitless, draws off, with no pleasurable consciousness; rapidly, Dumouriez tending thitherward; and Lille too, black with ashes and smoulder, but jubilant sky-high, flings its gates open. The Plat à barbe became fashionable: "no Patriot of an elegant turn," says Mercier several years afterwards, "but shaves himself out of the splinter "of a Lille bomb."

Quid multa, Why many words? The Invaders are in flight; Brunswick's Host, the third part of it gone to death, staggers disastrous along the deep highways of Champagne; spreading out also into "the fields of

<sup>\*</sup> Bombardement de Lille (in Hist. Parl. xx. 63-71).

"a tough spongy red-coloured clay:" — "like Pharaoh "through a Red Sea of mud," says Goethe; "for here "also lay broken chariots, and riders and foot seemed "sinking around"\* On the eleventh morning of October, the World-Poet, struggling Northwards out of Verdun, which he had entered Southwards, some five weeks ago, in quite other order, discerned the following Phenomenon and formed part of it:

"Towards three in the morning, without having had "any sleep, we were about mounting our carriage, "drawn up at the door; when an insuperable obstacle "disclosed itself: for there rolled on already, between "the pavement-stones which were crushed up into a "ridge on each side, an uninterrupted column of sick "wagons through the Town, and all was trodden as "into a morass. While we stood waiting what could "be made of it, our Landlord the Knight of Saint-Louis "pressed past us, without salutation" He had been a Calonne's Notable in 1787, an Emigrant since; had returned to his home, jubilant, with the Prussians; but must now forth again into the wide world, "followed by a servant carrying a little bundle on his stick."

"The activity of our alert Lisieux shone eminent, "and on this occasion too brought us on: for he struck "into a small gap of the wagon-row, and held the "advancing team back till we, with our six and our "four horses, got intercalated; after which, in my light "little coachlet, I could breathe freer We were now "under way; at a funeral pace, but still under way "The day broke; we found ourselves at the outlet of "the Town, in a tumult and turmoil without measure "All sorts of vehicles, few horsemen, innumerable foot-

<sup>\*</sup> Campagne in Frankreich, p. 103.

"people, were crossing each other on the great espla"nade before the Gate. We turned to the right, with
"our Column, towards Estain, on a limited highway,
"with ditches at each side. Self-preservation, in so
"monstrous a press, knew now no pity, no respect of
"aught Not far before us there fell down a horse of
"an ammunition-wagon; they cut the traces, and let it
"lie. And now as the three others could not bring
"their load along, they cut them also loose, tumbled
"the heavy-packed vehicle into the ditch; and with the
"smallest retardation, we had to drive on right over
"the horse, which was just about to rise; and I saw
"too clearly how its legs, under the wheels, went
"crashing and quivering.

"Horse and foot endeavoured to escape from the "narrow laborious highway into the meadows: but "these too were rained to ruin; overflowed by full "ditches, the connexion of the footpaths every where "interrupted. Four gentlemanlike, handsome, well-"dressed French soldiers waded for a time beside our "carriage; wonderfully clean and neat: and had such "art of picking their steps, that their foot-gear testi-"fied no higher than the ancle to the muddy pilgrimage "these good people found themselves engaged in.

"That under such circumstances one saw, in ditches, "in meadows, in fields and crofts, dead horses enough, "was natural to the case: by and by, however, you "found them also flayed, the fleshy parts even cut "away; sad token of the universal distress.

"Thus we fared on; every moment in danger, at "the smallest stoppage on our own part, of being our"selves tumbled overboard; under which circumstances,
"truly, the careful dexterity of our Lisieux could not

"be sufficiently praised. The same talent showed "itself at Estain; where we arrived towards noon; "and descried, over the beautiful well-built little Town, "through streets and on squares, around and beside us, "one sense-confusing tumult: the mass rolled this way "and that; and, all struggling forward, each hindered "the other. Unexpectedly our carriage drew up before "a stately house in the marketplace; master and mis-"tress of the mansion saluted us in reverent distance" Dexterous Lisieux, though we knew it not, had said we were the King of Prussia's Brother!

"But now, from the ground-floor windows, looking "over the whole marketplace, we had the endless tumult "lying, as it were, palpable. All sorts of walkers, "soldiers in uniform, marauders, stout but sorrowing "citizens and peasants, women and children, crushed "and jostled each other, amid vehicles of all forms "ammunition-wagons, baggage-wagons; carriages, "single, double, and multiplex; such hundredfold "miscellany of teams, requisitioned or lawfully owned, "making way, hitting together, hindering each other, "rolled here to right and to left Horned-cattle too "were struggling on; probably herds that had been "put in requisition. Riders you saw few; but the "elegant carriages of the Emigrants, many-coloured, "lackered, gilt and silvered, evidently by the best "builders, caught your eye.\*

"The crisis of the strait, however, arose further "on a little; where the crowded marketplace had to "introduce itself into a street, — straight indeed and "good, but proportionably far too narrow. I have, in "my life, seen nothing like it: the aspect of it might

<sup>\*</sup> See Hermann und Dorothea (also by Goethe), Buch Kalliope.

"perhaps be compared to that of a swoln river which "has been raging over meadows and fields, and is now "again obliged to press itself through a narrow bridge, "and flow on in its bounded channel. Down the long "street, all visible from our windows, there swelled "continually the strangest tide: a high double-seated "travelling coach towered visible over the flood of things. "We thought of the fair French-women we had seen "in the morning. It was not they, however; it was "Count Haugwitz; him you could look at, with a kind "of sardonic malice, rocking onwards, step by step, "there." \*

In such untriumphant Procession has the Brunswick Manifesto issued! Nay in worse, "in Negotiation with these miscreants," — the first news of which produced such a revulsion in the Emigrant nature, as put our scientific World-Poet "in fear for the wits of several."\*\*

There is no help: they must fare on, these poor Emigrants, angry with all persons and things, and making all persons angry in the hapless course they struck into. Landlord and landlady testify to you, at tables-d'hôte, how insupportable these Frenchmen are: how, in spite of such humiliation, of poverty and probable beggary, there is ever the same struggle for precedence, the same forwardness and want of discretion. High in honour, at the head of the table, you with your own eyes observe not a Seigneur, but the automaton of a Seigneur fallen into dotage; still worshipped, reverently waited on and fed. In miscellaneous seats is a miscellany of soldiers, commissaries, adventurers;

<sup>\*</sup> Campagne in Frankreich, Goethe's Weike (Stuttgart 1829), xxx. 133-137.

\*\* Ibid. 152.

EXEUNT 81

consuming silently their barbarian victuals "On all brows is to be read a hard destiny; all are silent, for each has his own sufferings to bear, and looks forth into misery without bounds." One hasty wanderer, coming in, and eating without ungraciousness what is set before him, the landlord lets off almost scot-free. "He is," whispered the landlord to me, "the first of these cursed people I have seen condescend to taste our German black bread."\*

And Dumouriez is in Paris; lauded and feasted; paraded in glittering saloons, floods of beautifullest blonde-dresses and broadcloth-coats flowing past him, endless, in admiring joy One night, nevertheless, in the splendour of one such scene, he sees himself suddenly apostrophised by a squalid unjoyful Figure, who has come in uninvited, nay despite of all lackeys; an unjoyful Figure! The Figure is come "in express mission from the Jacobins," to inquire sharply, better then than later, touching certain things: "Shaven eyebrows of Volunteer Patriots, for instance?" Also "your threats of shivering in pieces?" Also, "why you have not chased Brunswick hotly enough?" Thus, with sharp croak, inquires the Figure. - "Ah, c'est vous qu'on appelle Marat, You are he they call Marat!" answers the General, and turns coldly on his heel.\*\*-"Marat!" The blonde-gowns quiver like aspens; the dress-coats gather round; Actor Talma (for it is his house), Actor Talma, and almost the very

<sup>\*</sup> Campagne in Frankroich, Goethe's Werke (Stuttgart, 1829), xxx. 210-12.

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, in. 415. Marat's account, in the Débats des Jacobins and Journal de la République (Hist. Parl. xix. 317-21), agrees to the turning on the heel, but strives to interpret it differently.

chandelier-lights, are blue: till this obscene Spectrum, swart unearthly Visual-Appearance, vanish, back into its native Night.

General Dumouriez, in few brief days, is gone again, towards the Netherlands; will attack the Netherlands, winter though it be And General Montesquiou. on the Southeast, has driven in the Sardinian Majesty; nav. almost without a shot fired, has taken Savov from him, which longs to become a piece of the Republic. And General Custine, on the Northeast, has dashed forth on Spires and its Arsenal, and then on Electoral Mentz, not uninvited, wherein are German Democrats and no shadow of an Elector now: so that in the last days of October, Frau Forster, a daughter of Heyne's, somewhat democratic, walking out of the Gate of Mentz with her Husband, finds French Soldiers playing at bowls with cannon-balls there, Forster trips cheerfully over one iron bomb, with "Live the Rupublic!" A black-bearded National Guard answers. "Elle vivra bien sans vous, It will probably live independently of you" \*

<sup>\*</sup> Johann Georg Forster's Briefwechsel (Leipzig, 1829), 1. 88.

BOOK II.

REGICIDE.

## CHAPTER I.

The Deliberative.

France therefore has done two things very completely: she has hurled back her Cimmerian Invaders far over the marches; and likewise she has shattered her own internal Social Constitution, even to the minutest fibre of it, into wreck and dissolution Utterly it is all altered: from King down to Parish Constable, all Authorities, Magistrates, Judges, persons that bore rule, have had, on the sudden, to alter themselves, so far as needful; or else, on the sudden, and not without violence, to be altered; a Patriot "Executive Council of Ministers," with a Patriot Danton in it, and then a whole Nation and National Convention, have taken care of that Not a Parish Constable, in the farthest hamlet, who has said De par le Roi, and shown loyalty, but must retire, making way for a new improved Parish Constable who can say De par la République.

It is a change such as History must beg her readers to imagine, undescribed. An instantaneous change of the whole body-politic, the soul-politic being all changed; such a change as few bodies, politic or other, can experience in this world. Say, perhaps, such as poor Nymph Semele's body did experience, when she would needs, with woman's humour, see her Olympian Jove as very Jove; — and so stood, poor Nymph, this moment Semele, next moment not Semele, but Flame and a Statue of red-hot-Ashes! France has looked upon De-

mocracy; seen it face to face — The Cimmerian Invaders will rally, in humbler temper, with better or worse luck: the wreck and dissolution must reshape itself into a social Arrangement as it can and may But as for this National Convention, which is to settle everything, if it do, as Deputy Paine and France generally expects, get all finished "in a few months," we shall call it a most deft Convention

In truth, it is very singular to see how this mercurial French People plunges suddenly from Vive le Roi to Vive la République; and goes simmering and dancing, shaking off daily (so to speak), and trampling into the dust, its old social garnitures, ways of thinking, rules of existing; and cheerfully dances towards the Ruleless. Unknown, with such hope in its heart, and nothing but Freedom, Equality and Brotherhood in its mouth. Is it two centuries, or is it only two years, since all France roared simultaneously to the welkin, bursting forth into sound and smoke at its Feast of Pikes, "Live the Restorer of French Liberty?" Three short years ago there was still Versailles and an Œil-de-Bœuf: now there is that watched Circuit of the Temple, girt with dragoneyed Municipals, where, as in its final limbo, Royalty lies extinct. In the year 1789, Constituent Deputy Barrère "wept," in his Break-of-Day Newspaper, at sight of a reconciled King Louis; and now in 1792, Convention Deputy Barrère, perfectly tearless, may be considering, whether the reconciled King Louis shall be guillotined or not!

Old garnitures and social vestures drop off (we say) so fast, being indeed quite decayed, and are trodden under the National dance. And the new vestures, where are they; the new modes and rules? Liberty, Equality,

Fraternity: not vestures, but the wish for vestures! The Nation is for the present, figuratively speaking, naked; it has no rule or vesture; but is naked, — a Sansculottic Nation.

So far therefore, and in such manner, have our Patriot Brissots, Guadets triumphed Vergniaud's Ezekiel-visions of the fall of thrones and crowns, which he spake hypothetically and prophetically in the Spring of the year, have suddenly come to fulfilment in the Autumn. Our eloquent Patriots of the Legislative. like strong Conjurors, by the word of their mouth, have swept Royalism with its old modes and formulas to the winds; and shall now govern a France free of formulas Free of formulas! And yet man lives not except with formulas; with customs, ways of doing and living: no text true than this; which will hold true from the Tea-table and Tailor's shopboard up to the High Senate-houses, Solemn Temples; nay through all provinces of Mind and Imagination, onwards to the outmost confines of articulate Being, - Ubi homines sunt modi sunt. There are modes wherever there are men. It is the deepest law of man's nature; whereby man is a craftsman and "tool-using animal;" not the slave of Impulse, Chance and brute Nature, but in some measure their lord. Twenty-five millions of men, suddenly stript bare. of their modi, and dancing them down in that manner, are a terrible thing to govern!

Eloquent Patriots of the Legislative, meanwhile, have precisely this problem to solve Under the name and nickname of "statesmen, homnes d'état," of "moderate men, modérantins," of Brissotins, Rolandins, finally of Girondins, they shall become world-famous in solving it. For the Twenty-five millions are Gallic effervescent

too; — filled both with hope of the unutterable, of universal Fraternity and Golden Age; and with terror of the unutterable, Cimmerian Europe all rallying on us. It is a problem like few Truly, if man, as the Philosophers brag, did to any extent look before and after, what, one may ask, in many cases would become of him? What, in this case, would become of these Sevenhundred and Forty-nine men? The Convention, seeing clearly before and after, were a paralysed Convention Seeing clearly to the length of its own nose, it is not paralysed

To the Convention itself neither the work nor the method of doing it is doubtful: To make the Constitution; to defend the Republic till that be made Speedily enough, accordingly, there has been a "Committee of the Constitution" got together. Sieyes, Old-Constituent, Constitution-builder by trade; Condorcet, fit for better things; Deputy Paine, foreign Benefactor of the Species, with that "red carbuncled face, and the black beaming eyes;" Hérault de Séchelles, Ex-Parlementeer, one of the handsomest men in France: these, with inferior guild-brethren, are girt cheerfully to the work: will once more "make the Constitution;" let us hope, more effectually than last time For that the Constitution can be made, who doubts, - unless the Gospel of Jean Jacques came into the world in vain? True, our last Constitution did tumble within the year, so lamentably. But what then; except sort the rubbish and boulders, and build them up again better? "Widen your basis," for one thing, - to Universal Suffrage, if need be; exclude rotten materials, Royalism and such like, for another thing. And in brief, build, O unspeakable Sieyes and Company, unwearied! Frequent perilous downrushing of scaffolding and rubble-work, be that an irritation, no discouragement. Start ye always again, clearing aside the wreck; if with broken limbs, yet with whole hearts; and build, we say, in the name of Heaven, — till either the work do stand; or else mankind abandon it, and the Constitution-builders be paid off, with laughter and tears! One good time, in the course of Eternity, it was appointed that this of Social Contract too should try itself out. And so the Committee of Constitution shall toil: with hope and faith; — with no disturbance from any reader of these pages.

To make the Constitution, then, and return home joyfully in a few months: this is the prophecy our National Convention gives of itself; by this scientific program shall its operations and events go on. But from the best scientific program, in such a case, to the actual fulfilment, what a difference! Every reunion of men, is it not, as we often say, a reunion of incalculable Influences; every unit of it a microcosm of Influences, - of which how shall Science calculate or prophesy? Science, which cannot, with all its calculuses, differential, integral and of variations, calculate the Problem of Three gravitating Bodies, ought to hold her peace here, and say only: In this National Convention there are Seven-hundred and Forty-nine very singular Bodies, that gravitate and do much else; - who, probably in an amazing manner, will work the appointment of Heaven

Of National Assemblages, Parliaments, Congresses, which have long sat; which are of saturnine temperament; above all, which are not "dreadfully in earnest," something may be computed or conjectured. yet even

these are a kind of Mystery in progress, - whereby accordingly we see the Journalist Reporter find livelihood: even these jolt madly out of the ruts, from time to time. How much more a poor National Convention, of French vehemence; urged on at such velocity; without routine, without rut, track or landmark; and dread fully in earnest every man of them! It is a Parliament literally such as there was never elsewhere in the world. Themselves are new, unarranged; they are the Heart and presiding centre of a France fallen wholly into maddest disarrangement From all cities, hamlets, from the utmost ends of this France with its Twentyfive million vehement souls, thick-streaming influences storm-in on that same Heart, in the Salle de Manége, and storm-out again such fiery venous-arterial circulation is the function of that Heart. Seven-hundred and Forty-nine human individuals, we say, never sat together on our Earth under more original circumstances Common individuals most of them, or not far from common; yet in virtue of the position they occupied, so notable How, in this wild piping of the whirlwind of human passions, with death, victory, terror, valour, and all height and all depth pealing and piping, these men, left to their own guidance, will speak and act?

Readers know well that this French National Convention (quite contrary to its own Program) became the astonishment and horror of mankind; a kind of Apocalyptic Convention, or black *Dream become real*; concerning which History seldom speaks except in the way of interjection: how it covered France with wo, delusion and delirium; and from its bosom there went forth Death on the pale Horse. To hate this poor

National Convention is easy; to praise and love it has not been found impossible. It is, as we say, a Parliament in the most original circumstances. To us, in these pages, be it as a fuliginous fiery mystery, where Upper has met Nether, and in such alternate glare and blackness of darkness poor bedazzled mortals know not which is Upper which is Nether; but rage and plunge distractedly, as mortals in that case will do. A Convention which has to consume itself, suicidally, and become dead ashes — with its World! Behoves us, not to enter exploratively its dim embroiled deeps, yet to stand with unwavering eyes, looking how it welters, what notable phases and occurrences it will successively throw up.

One general superficial circumstance we remark with praise: the force of Politeness. To such depth has the sense of civilisation penetrated man's life; no Drouet, no Legendre, in the maddest tug of war, can altogether shake it off. Debates of Senates dreadfully in earnest are seldom given frankly to the world, else perhaps they would surprise it. Did not the Grand Monarque himself once chase his Louvois with a pair of brandished tongs? But reading long volumes of these Convention Debates, all in a foam with furious earnestness, earnest many times to the extent of life and death, one is struck rather with the degree of continence they manifest in speech; and how in such wild ebullition, there is still a kind of polite rule struggling for mastery, and the forms of social life never altogether disappear These men, though they menace with clenched right-hands, do not clutch one another by the collar; they draw no daggers, except

for oratorical purposes, and this not often: profane swearing is almost unknown, though the Reports are frank enough; we find only one or two oaths, oaths by Marat, reported in all.

For the rest, that there is "effervescence" who doubts? Effervescence enough; Decrees passed by acclamation to-day, repealed by vociferation to-morrow; temper fitful, most rotatory-changeful, always headlong! The "voice of the orator is covered with rumours;" a hundred "honourable Members rush with menaces towards the Left side of the Hall;" President has "broken three bells in succession," - claps on his hat, as signal that the country is near ruined. A fiercely effervescent Old-Gallic Assemblage! - Ah, how the loud sick sounds of Debate, and of Life, which is a debate, sink silent one after another: so loud now, and in a little while so low! Brennus, and those antique Gael Captains, in their way to Rome, to Galatia and such places, whither they were in the habit of marching in the most flery manner, had Debates as effervescent, doubt it not; though no Moniteur has reported them. They scolded in Celtic Welsh, those Brennuses; neither were they Sansculotte; nay rather breeches (bracca, say of felt or rough-leather) were the only thing they had; being, as Livy testifies, naked down to the haunches: - and, see, it is the same sort of work and of men still, now when they have got coats, and speak nasally a kind of broken Latin! But, on the whole, does not TIME envelope this present National Convention; as it did those Brennuses, and ancient august Senates in felt breeches? Time surely; and also Eternity. Dim dusk of Time, - or noon which will be dusk; and then there is

night, and silence; and Time with all its sick noises is swallowed in the still sea. Pity thy brother, O son of Adam! The anguiest frothy jargon that he utters, is it not properly the whimpering of an infant which cannot speak what ails it, but is in distress clearly, in the inwards of it; and so must squall and whimper continually, till its Mother take it, and it get — to sleep!

This Convention is not four days old, and the melodious Melibœan stanzas that shook down Royalty are still fresh in our ear, when there bursts out a new diapason, - unhappily, of Discord, this time. For speech has been made of a thing difficult to speak of well: the September Massacres. How deal with these September Massacres; with the Paris Commune that presided over them? A Paris Commune hateful-terrible; before which the poor effete Legislative had to quail, and sit quiet. And now if a young omnipotent Convention will not so quail and sit, what steps shall it take? Have a Departmental Guard in its pay, answer the Girondins, and Friends of Order! A Guard of National Volunteers, missioned from all the Eightythree or Eighty-five Departments, for that express end; these will keep Septemberers, tumultuous Communes in a due state of submissiveness, the Convention in a due state of sovereignty So have the Friends of Order answered, sitting in Committee, and reporting; and even a Decree has been passed of the required tenour. Nay certain Departments, as the Var or Marseilles, in mere expectation and assurance of a Decree, have their contingent of Volunteers already on march; brave Marseillese, foremost on the Tenth of August, will not be hindmost here; "fathers gave their sons a musket and twenty-five louis," says Barbaroux, "and bade them march."

Can any thing be properer? A Republic that will found itself on justice must needs investigate September Massacres; a Convention calling itself National, ought it not to be guarded by a National force? - Alas, Reader, it seems so to the eye: and yet there is much to be said and argued Thou beholdest here the small beginning of a Controversy, which mere logic will not settle. Two small well-springs, September, Departmental Guard, or rather at bottom they are but one and the same small well-spring; which will swell and widen into waters of bitterness; all manner of subsidiary streams and brooks of bitterness flowing in, from this side and that; till it become a wide river of bitterness, of rage and separation, - which can subside only into the Catacombs. This Departmental Guard, decreed by overwhelming majorities, and then repealed for peace's sake, and not to insult Paris, is again decreed more than once; nay it is partially executed, and the very men that are to be of it are seen visibly parading the Paris streets, - shouting once, being overtaken with liquor: "A bas Marat, Down with Marat!"\* Nevertheless, decreed never so often, it is repealed just as often: and continues, for some seven months, an angry noisy Hypothesis only: a fair Possibility struggling to become a Reality, but which shall never be one; which, after endless struggling, shall, in February next, sink into sad rest, - dragging much along with it. So singular are the ways of men and honourable Members.

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xx. 184.

But on this fourth day of the Convention's existence, as we said, which is the 25th of September 1792, there comes Committee Report on that Decree of the Departmental Guard, and speech of repealing it; there come denunciations of Anarchy, of a Dictatorship, - which let the incorruptible Robespierre consider, there come denunciations of a certain Journal de la République, once called Ami du Peuple; and so thereupon there comes, visibly stepping up, visibly standing aloft on the Tribune, ready to speak, - the Bodily Spectrum of People's-Friend Marat! Shriek, ye Seven-hundred and Forty-nine; it is verily Marat, he and not another. Marat is no phantasm of the brain, or mere lying impress of Printer's Types; but a thing material, of joint and sinew, and a certain small stature: ye behold him there, in his blackness, in his dingy squalor, a living fraction of Chaos and Old Night; visibly incarnate, desirous to speak. "It appears," says Marat to the shricking Assembly, "that a great many persons here are enemies of mine." -"All! All!" shriek hundreds of voices: enough to drown any People's-Friend But Marat will not drown: he speaks and croaks explanation; croaks with such reasonableness, air of sincerity, that repentant pity smothers anger, and the shrieks subside, or even become applauses. For this Convention is unfortunately the crankest of machines: it shall be pointing eastward with stiff violence, this moment; and then do but touch some spring dexterously, the whole machine, clattering and jerking seven-hundred-fold, will whirl with huge crash, and, next moment, is pointing westward! Thus Marat, absolved and applauded, victorious in this turn of fence, is, as the Debate goes on, prickt

at again by some dexterous Girondin; and then the shrieks rise anew, and Decree of Accusation is on the point of passing; till the dingy People's-Friend bobs aloft once more; croaks once more persuasive stillness, and the Decree of Accusation sinks. Whereupon he draws forth - a Pistol: and setting it to his Head, the seat of such thought and prophecy, says: "If they "had passed their Accusation Decree, he, the People's-"Friend, would have blown his brains out." A People's-Friend has that faculty in him For the rest, as to this of the two-hundred and sixty-thousand Aristocrat Heads, Marat candidly says, "C'est là mon avis, Such is my opinion" Also is it not indisputable: "No power on Earth can prevent me from seeing into traitors, and unmasking them," - by my superior originality of mind? \* An honourable member like this Friend of the People few terrestrial Parliaments have had

We observe, however, that this first onslaught by the Friends of Order, as sharp and prompt as it was, has failed. For neither can Robespierre, summoned out by talk of Dictatorship, and greeted with the like rumour on showing himself, be thrown into Prison, into Accusation; not though Barbaroux openly bear testimony against him, and sign it on paper. With such sanctified meekness does the Incorruptible lift his seagreen cheek to the smiter; lift his thin voice, and with jesuitic dexterity plead, and prosper; asking at last, in a prosperous manner: "But what witnesses has the Citoyen Barbaroux to support his testimony?"

<sup>\*</sup> Monteur Newspaper, Nos. 211, 280, 294, Année première, Moore's Journal, it. 21, 157, &c. (which, however, may perhaps, as in similar cases, be only a copy of the Newspaper).

"Mon!" cries hot Rebecqui, standing up, striking his breast with both hands, and answering, "Me!"\* Nevertheless the Seagreen pleads again, and makes it good, the long hurlyburly, "personal merely," while so much public matter lies fallow, has ended in the order of the day. O Friends of the Gironde, why will you occupy our august sessions with mere paltry Personalities, while the grand Nationality lies in such a state? — The Gironde has touched, this day, on the foul black-spot of its fair Convention Domain; has trodden on it, and yet not trodden it down. Alas, it is a well-spring, as we said, this black-spot; and will not tread down!

### CHAPTER II.

The Executive.

Max we not conjecture therefore that round this grand enterprise of Making the Constitution, there will, as heretofore, very strange embroilments gather, and questions and interests complicate themselves; so that after a few or even several months, the Convention will not have settled everything? Alas, a whole tide of questions comes rolling, boiling; growing ever wider, without end! Among which, apart from this question of September and Anarchy, let us notice three, which emerge oftener than the others, and promise to become Leading Questions: Of the Armies; of the Subsistences; thirdly, of the Dethroned King.

As to the Armies, Public Defence must evidently be put on a proper footing, for Europe seems coalising itself again; one is apprehensive even England will

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, ut supra Séance du 25 Septembre

join it. Happily Dumouriez prospers in the North; - nay, what if he should prove too prosperous, and become Liberticide, Murderer of Freedom! — Dumouriez prospers, through this winter season; yet not without lamentable complaints. Sleek Pache, the Swiss Schoolmaster, he that sat frugal in his Alley, the wonder of neighbours, has got lately --- whither thinks the Reader? To be Minister of War! Madame Roland, struck with his sleek ways, recommended him to her husband as Clerk, the sleek Clerk had no need of salary, being of true Patriotic temper, he would come with a bit of bread in his pocket, to save dinner and time; and munching incidentally, do three men's work in a day, punctual, silent, frugal, — the sleek Tartuffe that he was Wherefore Roland, in the late Overturn, recommended him to be War-Minister And now, it would seem, he is secretly undermining Roland; playing into the hands of your hotter Jacobins and September Commune; and cannot, like strict Roland, be the Veto des Cogums!\*

How the sleek Pache might mine and undermine, one knows not well; this however one does know. that his War-Office has become a den of thieves and confusion, such as all men shudder to behold. That the Citizen Hassenfratz, as Head-Clerk, sits there in bonnet rouge, in rapine, in violence, and some Mathematical calculation; a most insolent, red-nightcapped man That Pache munches his pocket-loaf, amid head-clerks and sub-clerks, and has spent all the War-Estimates. That Furnishers scour in gigs, over all districts of France, and drive bargains. And lastly that the Army gets next to no furniture: no shoes, though it is winter;

<sup>\*</sup> Madame Roland, Mémoires, il. 237, &c.

nó clothes; some have not even arms: "in the Army of the South," complains an honourable Member, "there are thirty-thousand pairs of breeches wanting," — a most scandalous want.

Roland's strict soul is sick to see the course things take. but what can he do? Keep his own Department strict; rebuke, and repress wheresoever possible: at lowest, complain He can complain in Letter after Letter, to a National Convention, to France, to Posterity, the Universe; grow ever more querulous-indignant; till at last, may he not grow wearisome? For is not this continual text of his, at bottom, a rather barren one. How astonishing that in a time of Revolt and abrogation of all Law but Cannon Law, there should be such Unlawfulness? Intrepid Veto-of-Scoundiels, narrow-faithful, respectable, methodic man, work thou in that manner, since happily it is thy manner, and wear thyself away, though ineffectual, not profitless in it — then nor now ! — The brave Dame Roland, bravest of all French women, begins to have misgivings: The figure of Danton has too much of the "Sardanapalus character," at a Republican Rolandin Dinner-table: Clootz, Speaker of Mankind, proses sad stuff about a Universal Republic, or union of all Peoples and Kindreds in one and the same Fraternal Bond, of which Bond, how it is to be tied, one unhappily sees not

It is also an indisputable, unaccountable or accountable fact, that Grains are becoming scarcer and scarcer Riots for grain, tumultuous Assemblages demanding to have the price of grain fixed, abound far and near. The Mayor of Paris and other poor Mayors are like to have their difficulties Pétion was re-elected Mayor of Paris; but has declined; being now a Convention

Legislator Wise surely to decline: for, besides this of Grains and all the rest, there is in these times an Improvised Insurrectionary Commune passing into an Elected legal one; getting their accounts settled,—not without irritancy! Pétion has declined: nevertheless many do covet and canvass. After months of scrutinising, balloting, arguing and jargoning, one Doctor Chambon gets the post of honour: who will not long keep it; but be, as we shall see, literally crushed out of it \*

Think also if the private Sansculotte has not his difficulties, in a time of dearth! Bread, according to the People's-Friend, may be some "six sous per pound, a day's wages some fifteen;" and grim winter here. How the Poor Man continues living, and so seldom starves; by miracle! Happily, in these days, he can enlist, and have himself shot by the Austrians, in an unusually satisfactory manner: for the Rights of Man - But Commandant Santerre, in this so straitened condition of the flour-market, and state of Equality and Liberty, proposes, through the Newspapers, two remedies, or at least palliatives. First, that all classes of men should live two days of the week on potatoes; then second, that every man should hang his dog Hereby, as the Commandant thinks, the saving, which indeed he computes to so many sacks, would be very considerable Cheerfuller form of inventive-stupidity than Commandant Santerre's dwells in no human soul Inventive-stupidity, imbedded in health, courage and good-nature: much to be commended. "My whole strength," he tells the Convention once, "is, day and night, at the service of my fellow-Citizens: if they find

<sup>\*</sup> Dictionnaire des Hommes Marquans, & Chambon.

me worthless, they will dismiss me; I will return, and brew beer." \*

Or figure what correspondences a poor Roland, Minister of the Interior, must have, on this of Grains alone! Free-trade in Grain, impossibility to fix the Prices of Giain; on the other hand, clamour and necessity to fix them: Political Economy lecturing from the Home Office, with demonstration clear as Scripture: - ineffectual for the empty National Stomach. The Mayor of Chartres, like to be eaten himself, cries to the Convention: the Convention sends honourable Members in Deputation, who endeavour to feed the multitude by miraculous spiritual methods; but cannot The multitude, in spite off all Eloquence, come bellowing round; will have the Grain-Prices fixed, and at a moderate elevation; or else - the honourable Deputies hanged on the spot! The honourable Deputies, reporting this business, admit that, on the edge of horrid death, they did fix, or affect to fix the Price of Grain: for which, be it also noted, the Convention, a Convention that will not be trifled with, sees good to reprimand them \*\*

But as to the origin of these Grain-Riots, is it not most probably your secret Royalists again? Glimpses of Priests were discernible in this of Chaitres, — to the eye of Patriotism. Or indeed may not "the root "of it all he in the Temple Prison, in the heart of a "perjured King," well as we guard him?\*\*\* Unhappy perjured King! — And so there shall be Bakers' Queues, by and by, more sharp-tempered than ever: on every Baker's door-rabbet an iron ring, and coil of

rope; whercon, with firm grip, on this side and that, we form our Queue: but mischievous deceitful persons cut the rope, and our Queue becomes a ravelment, wherefore the coil must be made of iron chain \* Also there shall be Prices of Grain well fixed; but then no grain purchasable by them: bread not to be had except by Ticket from the Mayor, few ounces per mouth daily; after long swaying, with firm grip, on the chain of the Queue. And Hunger shall stalk direful; and Wrath and Suspicion, whetted to the Preternatural pitch, shall stalk; as those other preternatural "shapes of Gods in their wrathfulness" were discerned stalking, "in glare and gloom of that fire-ocean," when Troy Town fell!—

## CHAPTER III.

#### Discrowned

But the question more pressing than all on the Legislator, as yet, is this third: What shall be done with King Louis?

King Louis, now King and Majesty to his own family alone, in their own Prison Apartment alone, has been Louis Capet and the Traitor Veto with the rest of France. Shut in his Circuit of the Temple, he has heard and seen the loud whirl of things; yells of September Massacres, Brunswick war-thunders dying off in disaster and discomfiture; he passive, a spectator merely; waiting whither it would please to whirl with him. From the neighbouring windows, the curious, not without pity, might see him walk daily, at a certain hour, in the Temple Garden, with his Queen, Sister

<sup>\*</sup> Merciei. Nouveau Paris

and two Children, all that now belongs to him in this Earth. Zuretly he walks and waits; for he is not of lively feelings, and is of a devout heart. The wearied Irresolute has, at least, no need of resolving now. His daily meals, lessons to his Son, daily walk in the Garden, daily game at ombre or drafts, fill up the day: morrow will provide for itself

The morrow indeed; and yet How? Louis asks, How? France, with perhaps still more solicitude, asks, How? A King dethroned by insurrection is verily not easy to dispose of. Keep him prisoner, he is a secret centre for the Disaffected, for endless plots, attempts and hopes of theirs. Banish him, he is an open centre for them; his royal war-standard, with what of divinity it has, unrolls itself, summoning the worll Put him to death? A cruel questionable extremty that too and yet the likeliest in these extreme circumstances, of insurrectionary men, whose own life and teath lies staked: accordingly it is said, from the last sep of the throne to the first of the scaffold there is short distance.

Bit, on the whole, we will remark here that this business of Louis looks altogether different now, as seen over Seas and at the distance of forty-four years, from what it looked then, in France, and struggling confused all round one. For indeed it is a most lying thing hat same Past Tense always so beautiful, sad, almost Elysian-sacred, "in the moonlight of Memory," it seens; and seems only For observe, always one most important element is surreptitiously (we not noticing it) withdrawn from the Past Time: the haggard

<sup>\*</sup> Moore, 1. 123, 11. 224 &c.

element of Fear! Not there does Fear dwell, nor Uncertainty, nor Anxiety; but it dwells here; haunting us, tracking us; running like an accursed ground-discord through all the music-tones of our Existence; — making the Tense a mere Present one! Just so is it with this of Louis Why smite the fallen? asks Magnanimity, out of danger now. He is fallen so low this once-high man; no criminal nor traitor, how far from it; but the unhappiest of Human Solecisms: whom if abstract Justice had to pronounce upon, she might well become concrete Pity, and pronounce only scbs and dismissal!

So argues retrospective Magnanimity: but Pusilanimity, present, prospective? Reader, thou hast never lived, for months, under the rustle of Prussian gallowsropes; never wert thou portion of a National Saharawaltz, Twenty-five millions running distracted to ight Brunswick! Knights Errant themselves, when they conquered Giants, usually slew the Giants: quarter was only for other Knights Errant, who knew courtes, and the laws of battle The French Nation, in simultaneous, desperate dead-pull, and as if by mirade of madness, has pulled down the most dread Gdiath, huge with the growth of ten centuries; and connot believe, though his giant bulk, covering acres lies prostrate, bound with peg and packthread, that he will not rise again, man-devouring; that the victory is not partly a dream. Terror has its scepticism; miraculous victory its rage of vengeance Then as to criminality, is the prostrated Giant, who will devour us if he rise, an innocent Giant? Curate Grégoire who indeed is now Constitutional Bishop Grégoire, aserts, in the heat of eloquence, that Kingship by the very

nature of it is a crime capital; that Kings' Houses are as wild-beasts' dens \* Lastly consider this. that there is on record a Trial of Charles First! This printed Trial of Charles First is sold and read everywhere at present:\*\*— Quelle spectacle! Thus did the English People judge their Tyrant, and become the first of Free Peoples: which feat, by the grace of Destiny, may not France now rival? Scepticism of terror, 1age of miraculous victory, sublime spectacle to the universe,—all things point one fatal way

Such leading questions, and their endless incidental ones, — of September Anarchists and Departmental Guard; of Grain-Riots, plaintive Interior Ministers; of Armies, Hassenfratz dilapidations; and what is to be done with Louis, — beleaguer and embroil this Convention; which would so gladly make the Constitution rather All which questions too, as we often urge of such things, are in growth; they grow in every French head; and can be seen growing also, very curiously, in this mighty welter of Parliamentary Debate, of Public Business which the Convention has to do A question emerges, so small at first; is put off, submerged; but always re-emerges bigger than before It is a curious, indeed an indescribable sort of growth which such things have.

We perceive, however, both by its frequent re-emergence and by its rapid enlargement of bulk, that this Question of King Louis will take the lead of all the rest. And truly, in that case, it will take the *lead* in a much deeper sense For as Aaron's Rod swallowed all the other serpents, so will the Foremost Question,

\*\* Moore's Journal, 11 165.

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 21 Septembre, An 1er (1792)

whichever may get foremost, absorb all other questions and interests; and from it and the decision of it will they all, so to speak, be born, or new-born, and have shape, physiognomy and destiny corresponding. It was appointed of Fate that, in this wide-weltering, strangely growing, monstrous stupendous imbroglio of Convention Business, the grand First-Parent of all the questions, controversies, measures and enterprises which were to be evolved there to the world's astonishment, should be this Question of King Louis.

# CHAPTER IV.

The loser pays.

THE Sixth of November, 1792, was a great day for the Republic outwardly, over the Frontiers; inwardly, in the Salle de Manége.

Outwardly: for Dumouriez, overrunning the Netherlands, did, on that day, come in contact with Saxe-Teschen and the Austrians; Dumouriez widewinged, they wide-winged; at and around the village of Jemappes, near Mons. And fire-hail is whistling far and wide there, the great guns playing, and the small; so many green Heights getting fringed and maned with red Fire And Dumouriez is swept back on this wing, and swept back on that, and is like to be swept back utterly; when he rushes up in person, the prompt Polymetis; speaks a prompt word or two; and then, with clear tenor-pipe, "uplifts the Hymn of "the Marseillese, entonna la Marseillasse," ten-thousand tenor or bass pipes joining; or say, some Fortythousand in all; for every heart leaps at the sound;

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, 111. 174.

and so with rhythmic march-melody, waxing ever quicker, to double and to treble quick, they rally, they advance, they rush, death-defying, man-devouring; carry batteries, redoutes, whatsoever is to be carried; and, like the fire-whirlwind, sweep all manner of Austrians from the scene of action Thus, through the hands of Dumouriez, may Rouget de Lille, in figurative speech, be said to have gained, miraculously, like another Orpheus, by his Marseillese fiddle-strings (fidibus canoris), a Victory of Jemappes; and conquered the Low Countries.

Young General Égalité, it would seem, shone brave among the bravest on this occasion Doubtless a brave Égalité: — whom however does not Dumouriez rather talk of oftener than need were? The Mother - Society has her own thoughts. As for the Elder Égalité he flies low at this time; appears in the Convention for some half-hour daily, with subjcund, preoccupied or impassive quasi-contemptuous countenance; and then takes himself away \* The Netherlands are conquered, at least overrun. Jacobin missionaries, your Prolys, Pereiras, follow in the train of the Armies; also Convention Commissioners, melting church-plate, revolutionising and remodelling, - among whom Danton, in brief space, does immensities of business; not neglecting his own wages and trade-profits, it is thought Hassenfratz dilapidates at home: Dumouriez grumbles and they dilapidate abroad, within the walls there is sinning, and without the walls there is sinning

But in the Hall of the Convention, at the same hour with this victory of Jemappes, there went another thing forward: Report, of great length, from the 108 REGICIDE.

proper appointed Committee, on the Crimes of Louis. The Galleries listen breathless; take comfort, ye Galleries: Deputy Valazé, Reporter on this occasion, thinks Louis very criminal; and that, if convenient, he should be tried;—poor Girondin Valazé, who may be tried himself, one day! Comfortable so far. Nay here comes a second Committee-reporter, Deputy Mailhe, with a Legal Argument, very prosy to read now, very refreshing to hear then, That, by the Law of the Country, Louis Capet was only called Inviolable by a figure of rhetoric; but at bottom was perfectly violable, triable; that he can, and even should be tried. This Question of Louis, emerging so often a, an angry confused possibility, and submerging again, has emerged now in an articulate shape

Patriotism growls indignant joy. The so-called reign of Equality is not to be a mere name, then, but a thing! Try Louis Capet? scornfully ejaculates Patriotism. Mean criminals go to the gallows for a purse cut: and this chief criminal, guilty of a France cut; of a France slashed asunder with Clotho-scissors and Civil war, with his victims "twelve-hundred on the Tenth of August alone" lying low in the Catacombs, fattening the passes of Argonne Wood, of Valmy and far Fields; he. such chief criminal, shall not even come to the bar? - For, alas, O Patriotism' add we, it was from of old said, The loser pays! It is he who has to pay all scores, run up by whomsoever; on him must all breakages and charges fall; and the twelve-hundred on the Tenth of August are not rebel traitors, but victims and martyrs: such is the law of quarrel.

Patriotism, nothing doubting, watches over this Question of the trial, now happily emerged in an arti-

culate shape; and will see it to maturity, if the gods permit. With a keen solicitude Patriotism watches; getting ever keener, at every new difficulty, as Girondins and false brothers interpose delays; till it get a keenness as of fixed-idea, and will have this Trial and no earthly thing instead of it, — if Equality be not a name. Love of Equality; then scepticism of terror, rage of victory, sublime spectacle to the universe: all these things are strong

But indeed this Question of the Trial, is it not to all persons a most grave one; filling with dubiety many a Legislative head! Regicide? asks the Gironde Respectability. To kill a king, and become the horror of respectable nations and persons? But then also, to save a king; to lose one's footing with the decided Patriot; the undecided Patriot, though never so respectable, being mere hypothetic froth and no footing?— The dilemma presses sore; and between the horns of it you wriggle round and round Decision is nowhere, save in the Mother-Society and her Sons. These have decided, and go forward, the others wriggle round uneasily within their dilemma-horns, and make way nowhither.

### CHAPTER V.

Stretching of Formulas.

But how this Question of the Trial grew laboriously, through the weeks of gestation, now that it has been articulated or conceived, were superfluous to trace here. It emerged and submerged among the infinite of questions and embroilments The Veto of Scoundrels writes plaintive Letters as to Anarchy; "concealed Royalists,"

aided by Hunger, produce Riots about Grain Alas, it is but a week ago, these Girondins made a new fierce onslaught on the September Massacres!

For, one day, among the last of October, Robespierre, being summoned to the tribune by some new hint of that old calumny of the Dictatorship, was speaking and pleading there, with more and more comfort to himself, till rising high in heart, he cried out valiantly: Is there any man here that dare specifically accuse me? "Moi!" exclaimed one. Pause of deep silence: a lean angry little Figure, with broad bald brow, strode swiftly towards the tribune, taking papers from its pocket: "I accuse thee, Robespierre," - I, Jean Baptiste Louvet! The Seagreen became tallowgreen; shrinking to a corner of the tribune: Danton cried, "Speak, Robespierre, there are many good citizens that listen;" but the tongue refused its office. And so Louvet, with a shrill tone, read and recited crime after crime: dictatorial temper, exclusive popularity, bullying at elections, mob-retinue, September Massacres; - till all the Convention shrieked again, and had almost indicted the Incorruptible there on the spot Never did the Incorruptible run such a risk Louvet, to his dving day, will regret that the Gironde did not take a bolder attitude, and extinguish him there and then.

Not so, however: the Incorruptible, about to be indicted in this sudden manner, could not be refused a week of delay. That week he is not idle; nor is the Mother-Society idle,—fierce-tremulous for her chosen son He is ready at the day with his written Speech; smooth as a Jesuit Doctor's; and convinces some And now? Why now lazy Vergniaud does not rise with

Demosthenic thunder, poor Louvet, unprepared, can do little or nothing. Barrère proposes that these comparatively despicable "personalities" be dismissed by order of the day! Order of the day it accordingly is. Barbaroux cannot even get a hearing; not though he rush down to the Bar, and demand to be heard there as a petitioner "The Convention, eager for public business (with that first articulate emergence of the Trial just coming on), dismisses these comparative misères and despicabilities: splenetic Louvet must digest his spleen, regretfully for ever Robespierre, dear to Patriotism, is dearer for the dangers he has run.

This is the second grand attempt by our Girondin Friends of Order, to extinguish that black-spot in their domain, and we see they have made it far blacker and wider than before! Anarchy, September Massacre: it is a thing that hes hideous in the general imagination; very detestable to the undecided Patriot, of Respectability: a thing to be harped on as often as need is Harp on it, denounce it, trample it, ye Girondin Patriots: and yet behold, the black-spot will not trample down; it will only, as we say, trample blacker and wider: fools, it is no black-spot of the surface, but a wellspring of the deep! Consider rightly, it is the Apex of the everlasting Abyss, this black-spot, looking up as water through thin ice; - say, as the region of Nether Darkness through your thin film of Gironde Regulation and Respectability: trample it not, lest the film break, and then -!

The truth is, if our Gironde Friends had an understanding of it, where were French Patriotism, with all

<sup>\*</sup> Louvet, Mémoires (Pails, 1823), p. 52, Moniteur (Seances, 29 Octobre, 5 Novembre, 1792), Moore, n. 178, &c.

its eloquence, at this moment, had not that same great Nether Deep, of Bedlam, Fanaticism and Popular wrath and madness, risen unfathomable on the Tenth of August? French Patriotism were an eloquent Reminiscence; swinging on Prussian gibbets. Nay, where, in few months, were it still, should the same great Nether Deep subside? — Nay, as readers of Newspapers pretend to recollect, this hatefulness of the September Massacre is itself partly an after-thought: readers of Newspapers can quote Gorsas and various Brissotins approving of the September Massacre, at the time it happened; and calling it a salutary vengeance \* So that the real grief, after all, were not so much righteous horror, as grief that one's own power was departing? Unhappy Girondins!

In the Jacobin Society, therefore, the decided Patriot complains that here are men who with their private ambitions and animosities will ruin Liberty. Equality and Brotherhood, all three, they check the spirit of Patriotism; throw stumbling-blocks in its way; and instead of pushing on, all shoulders at the wheel, will stand idle there, spitefully clamouring what foul ruts there are, what rude jolts we give! To which the Jacobin Society answers with angry roar; - with angry shriek, for there are Citoyennes too, thick crowded in the galleries here Citovennes who bring their seam with them, or their knitting-needles; and shriek or knit as the case needs; famed Tricoteuses, Patriot Knitters; Mère Duchesse, or the like Deborah and Mother of the Faubourgs, giving the key-note It is a changed Jacobin Society; and a still changing Where Mother Duchess now sits, authentic Duchesses have sat. High-

<sup>\*</sup> See Hist. Parl. vvii. 401, Newspapers by Gorsas and others (cited abid 423.)

rouged dames went once in jewels and spangles; now, instead of jewels, you may take the knitting-needles and leave the rouge. the rouge will gradually give place to natural brown, clean washed or even unwashed: and Demoiselle Théroigne herself get scandalously fusti-Strange enough, it is the same tribune raised in mid-air, where a high Mirabeau, a high Barnave and Aristocrat Lameths once thundered. whom gradually your Brissots, Guadets, Vergniauds, a hotter style of Patriots in bonnet rouge, did displace; red heat, as one may say, superseding light. And now your Brissots in turn, and Brissotins, Rolandins, Girondins, are becoming supernumerary; must desert the sittings, or be expelled: the light of the Mighty Mother is burning not red but blue! - Provincial Daughter-Societies loudly disapprove these things; loudly demand the swift reinstatement of such eloquent Girondins, the swift "erasure of Marat, radiation de Marat." The Mother-Society, so far as natural reason can predict, seems ruining herself Nevertheless she has at all crises seemed so; she has a preternatural life in her, and will not min

But, in a fortnight more, this great Question of the Trial, while the fit Committee is assiduously but silently working on it, receives an unexpected stimulus. Our readers remember poor Louis's turn for smith-work. how, in old happier days, a certain Sieur Gamain of Versailles was wont to come over and instruct him in lock-making; — often scolding him, they say, for his numbness. By whom, nevertheless, the royal Apprentice had learned something of that craft. Hapless Apprentice; perfidious Master-Smith! For now, on Cartule. Revolution III.

this 20th of November 1792, dingy Smith Gamain comes over to the Paris Municipality, over to Minister Roland, with hints that he, Smith Gamain, knows a thing; that, in May last, when traitorous Correspondence was so brisk, he and the royal Apprentice fabricated an "Iron Piess, Armoire de Fer," cunningly inserting the same in a wall of the royal chamber in the Tuileries: invisible under the wainscot; where doubtless it still sticks! Perfidious Gamain, attended by the proper Authorities, finds the wainscot panel which none else can find, wrenches it up; discloses the Iron Press, full of Letters and Papers! Roland clutches them out: conveys them over in towels to the fit assiduous Committee, which sits hard by. In towels, we say, and without notarial inventory; an oversight on the part of Roland

Here, however, are Letters enough: which disclose to a demonstration the Correspondence of a traitorous self-preserving Court; and this not with Traitors only, but even with Patriots, so-called! Barnave's treason, of Correspondence with the Queen, and friendly advice to her, ever since that Varennes Business, is hereby manifest: how happy that we have him, this Barnave, lying safe in the Prison of Grenoble, since September last, for he had long been suspect! Talleyrand's treason, many a man's treason, if not manifest hereby, is next to it. Mirabeau's treason: wherefore his Bust in the Hall of the Convention "is veiled with gauze," till we ascertain. Alas, it is too ascertainable! His Bust in the Hall of the Jacobins, denounced by Robespierre from the tribune in mid-air, is not veiled, it is instantly broken to sherds; a Patriot mounting swiftly with a ladder, and shivering it down on the

floor; — it and others: amid shouts \* Such is their recompense and amount of wages, at this date: on the principle of supply and demand Smith Gamain, inadequately recompensed for the present, comes, some fifteen months after, with a humble Petition: setting forth that no sooner was that important Iron Press finished off by him, than (as he now bethinks himself) Louis gave him a large glass of wine. Which large glass of wine did produce in the stomach of Sieur Gamain the terriblest effects, evidently tending towards death, and was then brought up by an emetic; but has, notwithstanding, entirely ruined the constitution of Sieur Gamain: so that he cannot work for his family (as he now bethinks himself) The recompense of which is "Pension of Twelve-hundred Francs," and "honomable mention" So different is the ratio of demand and supply at different times.

Thus, amid obstructions and stimulating furtherances, has the Question of the Trial to grow, emerging and submerging; fostered by solicitous Patriotism. Of the Orations that were spoken on it, of the painfully devised Forms of Process for managing it, the Law Arguments to prove it lawful, and all the infinite floods of Juridical and other ingenuity and oratory, be no syllable reported in this History Lawyer ingenuity is good: but what can it profit here? If the truth must be spoken, O august Senators, the only Law in this case is Va victis, The loser pays! Seldom did Robespierre say a wiser word than the hint he gave to that effect, in his oration, That it was needless to speak of Law; that here, if never elsewhere, our Right was Might.

<sup>\*</sup> Journal des DCbats des Jacobins (in Hist Parl. xxii. 296).

An oration admired almost to ecstacy, by the Jacobin Patriot. who shall say that Robespierre is not a thorough-going man; bold in Logic at least? To the like effect, or still more plainly, spake young Saint-Just, the black-haired, mild-toned youth Danton is on mission, in the Netherlands, during this preliminary work. The rest, far as one reads, welter amid Law of Nations, Social Contract, Juristics, Syllogistics; to us barren as the East wind In fact, what can be more unprofitable than the sight of Seven-hundred and Forty-nine ingenious men struggling with their whole force and industry, for a long course of weeks, to do at bottom this: To stretch out the old Formula and Law Phraseology, so that it may cover the new, contradictory, entirely uncoverable Thing? Whereby the poor Formula does but crack, and one's honesty along with it! The thing that is palpably hot, burning, wilt thou prove it, by syllogism, to be a freezing-mixture? This of stretching out Formulas till they crack, is, especially in times of swift change, one of the sorrowfullest tasks poor Humanity has.

## CHAPTER VI.

At the Bar.

MEANWHILE, in a space of some five weeks, we have got to another emerging of the Trial, and a more practical one than ever.

On Tuesday, eleventh of December, the King's Trial has emerged, very decidedly: into the streets of Paris; in the shape of that green Carriage of Mayor Chambon, within which sits the King himself, with attendants, on his way to the Convention Hall! At-

tended, in that green carriage, by Mayors Chambon, Procureurs Chaumette: and outside of it by Commandants Santerie, with cannon, cavalry and double row of infantry; all Sections under arms, strong Patrols scouring all streets; so fares he, slowly through the dull drizzling weather, and about two o'clock we behold him, "in walnut-coloured greatcoat redingote noisette," descending through the Place Vandôme, towards that Salle de Manége; to be indicted, and judicially interrogated. The mysterious Temple Circuit has given up its secret, which now, in this walnut-coloured coat, men behold with eves The same bodily Louis who was once Louis the Desired, fares there hapless King, he is getting now towards port; his deplorable farings and voyagings draw to a close What duty remains to him henceforth, that of placedly enduring, he is fit to do.

The singular Procession fares on; in silence, says Prudhomme, or amid growlings of the Marseillese Hymn; in silence, ushers itself into the Hall of the Convention, Santerre holding Louis's arm with his hand Louis looks round him, with composed air, to see what kind of Convention and Parliament it is Much changed indeed: - since February gone two years, when our Constituent, then busy, spread fleurde-lys velvet for us; and we came over to say a kind word here, and they all started up swearing Fidelity, and all France started up swearing, and made it a Feast of Pikes; which has ended in this! Barrère, who once "wept" looking up from his Editor's-Desk, looks down now from his President's-Chair, with a list of Fifty-seven Questions; and says, dry-eyed. "Louis, you may sit down" Louis sits down. it is the very seat, they say, same timber and stuffing, from which he accepted the Constitution, amid dancing and illumination, autumn gone a year. So much woodwork remains identical; so much else is not identical. Louis sits and listens, with a composed look and mind

Of the Fifty-seven Questions we shall not give so much as one They are questions captiously embracing all the main Documents seized on the Tenth of August, or found lately in the Iron Press; embracing all the main incidents of the Revolution History; and they ask, in substance, this: Louis, who wert King, art thou not guilty to a certain extent, by act and written document, of trying to continue King? Neither in the Answers is there much notable. Mere quiet negations, for most part; an accused man standing on the simple basis of No: I do not recognise that document; I did not do that act; or did it according to the law that then was. Whereupon the Fifty-seven Questions, and Documents to the number of a Hundred and Sixty-two, being exhausted in this manner, Barrère finishes, after some three hours, with his: "Louis, I invite you to withdraw."

Louis withdraws, under Municipal escort, into a neighbouring Committee-room; having first, in leaving the bar, demanded to have Legal Counsel He declines refreshment, in this Committee-room; then, seeing Chaumette busy with a small loaf which a grenadier had divided with him, says, he will take a bit of bread. It is five o'clock; and he had breakfasted but slightly, in a morning of such drumming and alarm. Chaumette breaks his half-loaf: the King eats of the crust; mounts the green Carriage, eating; asks now, What he shall do with the crumb? Chaumette's clerk takes it from

him; flings it out into the street Louis says, It is pity to fling out bread, in a time of dearth. "My grandmother," remarks Chaumette, "used to say to me, Little boy, never waste a crumb of bread; you cannot make one" "Monsieur Chaumette," answers Louis, "your grandmother seems to have been a sensible woman "\* Poor innocent mortal: so quietly he waits the drawing of the lot; — fit to do this at least well; Passivity alone, without Activity, sufficing for it! He talks once of travelling over France by and by, to have a geographical and topographical view of it; being from of old fond of geography. - The Temple Circuit again receives him, closes on him; gazing Paris may retire to its hearths and coffee - houses, to its clubs and theatres: the damp Darkness has sunk, and with it the drumming and patrolling of this strange Day

Louis is now separated from his Queen and Family, given up to his simple reflections and resources. Dull lie these stone walls round him; of his loved ones none with him "In this state of uncertainty," providing for the worst, he writes his Will: a Paper which can still be read; full of placidity, simplicity, pious sweetness The Convention, after debate, has granted him Legal Counsel, of his own choosing Advocate Target feels himself "too old," being turned of fifty-four; and declines He had gained great honour once, defending Rohan the Necklace-Cardinal; but will gain none here Advocate Tronchet, some ten years older, does not decline Nay behold, good old Malesherbes steps forward voluntarily; to the last of his fields, the good old hero' He is grey with seventy years: he says, "I was twice

<sup>\*</sup> Pandhomme's Newspaper (in Hist, Pail, xxi 314)

called to the Council of him who was my Master, when all the world coveted that honour; and I owe him the same service now, when it has become one which many neckon dangerous." These two, with a younger Desèze, whom they will select for pleading, are busy over that Fifty-and-sevenfold Indictment, over the Hundred and Sixty-two Documents; Louis aiding them as he can.

A great Thing is now therefore in open progress; all men, in all lands, watching it. By what Forms and Methods shall the Convention acquit itself, in such manner that there rest not on it even the suspicion of blame? Difficult that will be! The Convention, really much at a loss, discusses and deliberates. All day from morning to night, day after day, the Tribune drones with oratory on this matter; one must stretch the old Formula to cover the new Thing The Patriots of the Mountain, whetted ever keener, clamour for despatch above all; the only good Form will be a swift one. Nevertheless the Convention deliberates; the Tribune drones, - drowned indeed in tenor, and even in treble, from time to time; the whole Hall shrilling up round it into pretty frequent wrath and provocation It has droned and shrilled wellnigh a fortnight, before we can decide, this shrillness getting ever shriller, That on Wednesday 26th of December, Louis shall appear and plead His Advocates complain that it is fatally soon; which they well might as Advocates: but without remedy; to Patriotism it seems endlessly late

On Wednesday therefore, at the cold dark hour of eight in the morning, all Senators are at their post Indeed they warm the cold hour, as we find, by a violent effervescence, such as is too common now; some Louvet or Buzot attacking some Tallien, Chabot; and so the whole Mountain effervescing against the whole Gironde. Scarcely is this done, at nine, when Louis and his three Advocates, escorted by the clang of arms and Santerre's National force, enter the Hall.

Desèze unfolds his papers: honourably fulfilling his perilous office, pleads for the space of three hours. An honourable Pleading, "composed almost overnight;" courageous yet discreet; not without ingenuity, and soft pathetic eloquence Louis fell on his neck, when they had withdrawn, and said with tears "Mon pauvre Desèze!" Louis himself, before withdrawing, had added a few words, "perhaps the last he would utter to them:" how it pained his heart, above all things, to be held guilty of that bloodshed on the Tenth of August; or of ever shedding or wishing to shed French blood So saying, he withdrew from that Hall; — having indeed finished his work there Many are the strange errands he has had thither; but this strange one is the last.

And now, why will the Convention loiter? Here is the Indictment and Evidence, here is the Pleading does not the rest follow of itself? The Mountain, and Patriotism in general, clamours still louder for despatch, for Permanent-session, till the task be done Nevertheless a doubting, apprehensive Convention decides that it will still deliberate first; that all Members, who desire it, shall have leave to speak — To you desks, therefore, ye eloquent Members! Down with your thoughts, your echoes and hearsays of thoughts, now is the time to show one's self; France and the Uni-

verse listen! Members are not wanting: Oration, spoken Pamphlet follows spoken Pamphlet, with what eloquence it can: President's List swells ever higher with names claiming to speak; from day to day, all days and all hours, the constant Tribune drones; — shrill Galleries supplying, very variably, the tenor and treble It were a dull tone otherwise.

The Patriots, in Mountain and Galleries, or taking counsel nightly in Section-house, in Mother-Society, amid their shrill *Tricoteuses*, have to watch lynx-eyed; to give voice when needful; occasionally very loud. Deputy Thuriot, he who was Advocate Thuriot, who was Elector Thuriot, and from the top of the Bastille saw Saint-Antoine rising like the ocean; this Thuriot can stretch a Formula as heartily as most men Cruel Billaud is not silent, if you incite him Nor is cruel Jean-Bon silent; a kind of Jesuit he too; — write him not, as the Dictionaries too often do, *Jambon*, which signifies mere *Ham!* 

But, on the whole, let no man conceive it possible that Louis is not guilty The only question for a reasonable man is, or was: Can the Convention judge Louis? Or must it be the whole People; in Primary Assembly, and with delay? Always delay, ye Girondins, false hommes d'état! so bellows Patriotism, its patience almost failing. — But indeed, if we consider it, what shall these poor Girondins do? Speak their conviction that Louis is a Prisoner of War; and cannot be put to death without injustice, solecism, perll? Speak such conviction; and lose utterly your footing with the decided Patriot! Nay properly it is not even a conviction, but a conjecture and dim puzzle. How many poor Girondins are sure of but one thing: That a man and

Girondin ought to have footing somewhere, and to stand firmly on it; keeping well with the Respectable Classes! This it what conviction and assurance of faith they have They must wriggle painfully between their dilemma-horns \*

Nor is France idle, nor Europe. It is a Heart this Convention, as we said, which sends out influences, and receives them. A King's Execution, call it Martyrdom, call it Punishment, were an influence! - Two notable influences this Convention has already sent forth over all Nations; much to its own detriment On the 19th of November, it emitted a Decree, and has since confirmed and unfolded the details of it, That any Nation which might see good to shake off the fetters of Despotism was thereby, so to speak, the Sister of France, and should have help and countenance. A Decree much noised of by Diplomatists, Editors, International Lawyers; such a Decree as no living Fetter of Despotism, nor Person in Authority anywhere, can approve of! It was Deputy Chambon the Girondin who propounded this Decree; - at bottom perhaps as a flourish of rhetoric

The second influence we speak of had a still poorer origin: in the restless loud-rattling slightly-furnished head of one Jacob Dupont from the Lore country. The Convention is speculating on a plan of National Education: Deputy Dupont in his speech says, "I am free to avow, M le Président, that I for my part am an Atheist," \*\* — thinking the world might like to know that The French world received it without commen-

<sup>\*</sup> See Extracts from their Newspapers, in Hist Paul xxi. 1-38, &c.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 14 Decembre 1792

tary; or with no audible commentary, so loud was France otherwise The Foreign world received it with confutation, with horror and astonishment;\* a most miserable influence this! And now if to these two were added a third influence, and sent pulsing abroad over all the Earth: that of Regicide?

Foreign Courts interfere in this Trial of Louis: Spain, England: not to be listened to; though they come, as it were, at least Spain comes, with the olivebranch in one hand, and the sword without scabbard in the other. But at home too, from out of this circumambient Paris and France, what influences come thickpulsing! Petitions flow in; pleading for equal justice, in a reign of so-called Equality The living Patriot pleads; - O ye National Deputies, do not the dead Patriots plead? The Twelve-hundred that he in cold obstruction, do not they plead; and petition, in Death's dumb-show, from their narrow house there, more eloquently than speech? Crippled Patriots hop on crutches round the Salle de Manége, demanding justice. Wounded of the Tenth of August, the Widows and Orphans of the Killed petition in a body; and hop and defile, eloquently mute, through the Hall. one wounded Patriot, unable to hop, is borne on his bed thither, and passes shoulder-high, in the horizontal posture \*\* The Convention Tribune, which has paused at such sight, commences again, - droning mere Juristic Oratory. But out of doors Paris is piping ever higher. Bull-voiced St.-Huruge is heard; and the hysteric eloquence of Mother Duchesse: "Varlet, Apostle of Liberty," with pike and red cap, flies hastily, carrying his oratorical

<sup>\*</sup> Mrs. Hannali More, Letter to Jacob Dupont (London, 1793), &c. &c
\*\* Hist. Pail. 1211. 131, Moore, &c.

folding-stool Justice on the Traitor! cries all the Patriot world Consider also this other cry, heard loud on the streets: "Give us Bread, or else kill us!" Bread an Equality; Justice on the Traitor, that we may have Bread!

The Limited or undecided Patriot is set against the Decided Mayor Chambon heard of dreadful rioting at the Théâtre de la Nation: it had come to rioting, and even to fist-work, between the Decided and the Undecided, touching a new Drama called Ami des Lois (Friend of the Laws) One of the poorest Dramas ever written; but which had didactic applications in it; wherefore powdered wigs of Friends of Order and black hair of Jacobin heads are flying there; and Mayor Chambon hastens with Santerre, in hopes to quell it Far from quelling it, our poor Mayor gets so "squeezed," says the Report, and likewise so blamed and bullied, say we, - that he, with regret, guits the brief Mayoralty altogether, "his lungs being affected." This miserable Ami des Lois is debated of in the Convention itself; so violent, mutually-enraged, are the Limited Patriots and the Unlimited \*

Between which two classes, are not Aristocrats enough, and Crypto-Aristocrats, busy? Spies running over from London with important Packets, spies pretending to run! One of these latter, Viard was the name of him, pretended to accuse Roland, and even the Wife of Roland: to the joy of Chabot and the Mountain But the Wife of Roland came, being summoned, on the instant, to the Convention Hall; came, in her high clearness; and, with few clear words, dissipated this Viard into despicability and air; all Friends

<sup>\*</sup> Hist Parl. xxi.1 31. 43. &c

of Order applauding \* So, with Theatre-riots, and "Bread, or else kill us;" with Rage, Hunger, preternatural Suspicion, does this wild Paris pipe Roland grows ever more querulous, in his Messages and Letters; rising almost to the hysterical pitch. Marat, whom no power on Earth can prevent seeing into traitors and Rolands, takes to bed for three days; almost dead, the invaluable People's-Friend, with heartbreak, with fever and headache: "O Peuple babillard, "si tu savais agir, People of Babblers, if thou couldst but act!"

To crown all, victorious Dumouriez, in these New-year's days, is arrived in Paris, — one fears, for no good He pretends to be complaining of Minister Pache, and Hassenfiatz dilapidations, to be concerting measures for the spring Campaign: one finds him much in the company of the Girondins. Plotting with them against Jacobinism, against Equality, and the Punish ment of Louis? We have Letters of his to the Convention itself Will he act the old Lafayette part, this new victorious General? Let him withdraw again; not undenounced. \*\*

And still, in the Convention Tribune, it drones continually, mere Juristic Eloquence, and Hypothesis without Action; and there are still fifties on the President's List. Nay these Gironde Presidents give their own party preference: we suspect they play foul with the List; men of the Mountain cannot be heard And still it drones, all through December into January and a New year; and there is no end! Paris pipes round

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 7 Decembre 1792.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, iii. c. 4.

it; multitudinous, ever higher, to the note of the whirlwind Paris will "bring cannon from Saint-Denis;" there is talk of "shutting the Barriers," — to Roland's horror.

Whereupon, behold, the Convention Tribune suddenly ceases droning: we cut short, be on the List who likes; and make end On Tuesday next, the Fifteenth of January 1793, it shall go to the Vote, name by name; and one way or other, this great game play itself out!

# CHAPTER VII

The Three Votings

Is Louis Capet guilty of conspiring against Liberty? Shall our Sentence be itself final, or need ratifying by Appeal to the People? If guilty, what Punishment? This is the form agreed to, after uproar and "several hours of tumultuous indecision" these are the Three successive Questions, whereon the Convention shall now pronounce. Paris floods round their Hall; multitudinous, many-sounding. Europe and all Nations listen for their answer Deputy after Deputy shall answer to his name. Guilty or Not guilty?

As to the Guilt, there is, as above hinted, no doubt in the mind of Patriot men Overwhelming majority pronounces Guilt, the unanimous Convention votes for Guilt, only some feeble twenty-eight voting not Innocence, but refusing to vote at all. Neither does the Second Question prove doubtful, whatever the Girondins might calculate. Would not Appeal to the People be another name for civil war? Majority of two to one answers that there shall be no Appeal this also is

settled Loud Patriotism, now at ten o'clock, may hush itself for the night; and retire to its bed not without hope Tuesday has gone well On the morrow comes, What Punishment? On the morrow is the tug of war.

Consider therefore if, on this Wednesday morning, there is an affluence of Patriotism; if Paris stands atiptoe, and all Deputies are at their post! Sevenhundred and Forty-nine honourable Deputies; only some twenty absent on mission, Duchâtel and some seven others absent by sickness Meanwhile expectant Patriotism and Paris standing a-tiptoe, have need of patience For this Wednesday again passes in debate and effervescence; Girondins proposing that a "majority of three-fourths" shall be required; Patriots fiercely resisting them Danton, who has just got back from mission in the Netherlands, does obtain "order of the day" on this Girondin proposal; nay he obtains further that we decide sans désemparer, in Permanent-session, till we have done.

And so, finally, at eight in the evening this Third stupendous Voting, by roll-call or appel nominal, does begin What Punishment? Girondins undecided, Patriots decided, men afraid of Royalty, men afraid of Anarchy, must answer here and now. Infinite Patriotsm, dusky in the lamp-light, floods all corridors, crowds all galleries; sternly waiting to hear Shrill-sounding Ushers summon you by Name and Department; you must rise to the Tribune, and say

Eye-witnesses have represented this scene of the Third Voting, and of the votings that grew out of its a scene protracted, like to be endless, lasting, with

few brief intervals, from Wednesday till Sunday morning. - as one of the strangest seen in the Revolution Long night wears itself into day, morning's paleness is spread over all faces; and again the wintry shadows sink, and the dim lamps are lit: but through day and night and the vicissitudes of hours. Member after Member is mounting continually those Tribune-steps; pausing aloft there, in the clearer upper light, to speak his Fateword; then diving down into the dusk and throng again Like Phantoms in the hour of midnight; most spectral, pandemonial! Never did President Vergniaud, or any terrestrial President, superintend the like A King's Life, and so much else that depends thereon, hangs trembling in the balance Man after man mounts; the buzz hushes itself till he have spoken: Death; Banishment; Imprisonment till the Peace Many say, Death; with what cautious wellstudied phrases and paragraphs they could devise, of explanation, of enforcement, of faint recommendation to mercy. Many too say, Banishment; something short of Death. The balance trembles, none can yet guess whitherward. Whereat anxious Patriotism bellows; irrepressible by Ushers

The poor Girondins, many of them, under such fierce bellowing of Patriotism, say Death; justifying, motivant, that most miserable word of theirs by some brief casuistry and jesuitry. Vergniaud himself says, Death, justifying by jesuistry. Rich Lepelletier Saint-Fargeau had been of the Noblesse, and then of the Patriot Left Side, in the Constituent; and had argued and reported, there and elsewhere, not a little, against Capital Punishment. nevertheless he now says, Death; a word which may cost him dear Manuel did surely

130 REGICIDE

rank with the Decided in August last; but he has been sinking and backsliding ever since September and the scenes of September. In this Convention, above all, no world he could speak would find favour; he says now, Banishment; and in mute wrath quits the place forever, — much hustled in the corridors. Philippe Egalité votes, in his soul and conscience, Death: at the sound of which and of whom, even Patriotism shakes its head; and there runs a groan and shudder through this Hall of Doom. Robespierre's vote cannot be doubtful; his speech is long. Men see the figure of shrill Sieyes ascend; hardly pausing, passing merely, this figure says, "La Mort sans phrase, Death without phrases;" and fares onward and downward. Most spectral, pandemonial!

And yet if the Reader fancy it of a funereal, sorrowful or even grave character, he is far mistaken. "the Ushers in the Mountain quarter," says Mercier, "had become as Box-keepers at the Opera;" opening and shutting of Galleries for privileged persons, for "D'Orleans Égalité's mistresses," or other highdizened women of condition, rustling with laces and tricolor. Gallant Deputies pass and repass thitherward, treating them with ices, refreshments and smalltalk; the high-dizened heads beck responsive; some have their card and pin, pricking down the Ayes and Noes, as at a game of Rouge-et-Noir. Further aloft reigns Mère Duchesse with her unrouged Amazons; she cannot be prevented making long Hahas, when the vote is not La Mort. In these Galleries there is refection, drinking of wine and brandy "as in open tavern, en pleine tabagre." Betting goes on in all coffeehouses of the neighbourhood. But within doors, fatigue, impatience, uttermost weariness sits now on all visages; lighted up only from time to time, by turns of the game Members have fallen asleep; Ushers come and awaken them to vote: other Members calculate whether they shall not have time to run and dine Figures rise, like phantoms, pale in the dusky lamp-light; utter from this Tribune, only one word: Death "Tout est optique," says Mercier, "the world is all an optical shadow" Deep in the Thursday night, when the Voting is done, and Secretaries are summing it up, sick Duchâtel, more spectral than another, comes borne on a chair, wrapt in blankets, in "nightgown and nightcap," to vote for Mercy: one vote it is thought may turn the scale

Ah no! In profoundest silence, President Vergniaud, with a voice full of sorrow, has to say. "I declare, in the name of the Convention, that the punishment it pronounces on Louis Capet is that of Death." Death by a small majority of Fifty-three Nay, if we deduct from the one side, and add to the other, a certain Twenty-six, who said Death but coupled some faintest ineffectual surmise of mercy with it, the majority will be but *One* 

Death is the sentence: but its execution? It is not executed yet! Scarcely is the vote declared when Louis's Three Advocates enter, with Protest in his name, with demand for Delay, for Appeal to the People For this do Desèze and Tronchet plead, with brief eloquence: brave old Malesherbes pleads for it with eloquent want of eloquence, in broken

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, Nouveau Pans, vi. 156-9, Montgaillard, nn. 348-87, Moore, &c.

sentences, in embarrassment and sobs; that brave time-honoured face, with its gray strength, its broad sagacity and honesty, is mastered with emotion, melts into dumb tears \* — They reject the Appeal to the People; that having been already settled But as to the Delay, what they call Sursis, it shall be considered; shall be voted for to-morrow: at present we adjourn Whereupon Patriotism "hisses" from the Mountain: but a "tyrannical majority" has so decided, and adjourns

There is still this fourth Vote then, growls indignant Patriotism.— this vote, and who knows what other votes, and adjournments of voting; and the whole matter still hovering hypothetical! And at every new vote those Jesuit Girondins, even they who voted for Death, would so fain find a loophole! Patriotism must watch and rage Tyrannical adjournments there have been; one, and now another at midnight on plea of fatigue,— all Friday wasted in hesitation and higgling; in re-counting of the votes, which are found correct as they stood! Patriotism bays fiercer than ever; Patriotism, by long watching, has become redeyed, almost rabid.

"Delay: yes or no?" men do vote it finally, all Saturday, all day and night. Men's nerves are worn out, men's hearts are desperate; now it shall end. Vergniaud, spite of the baying, ventures to say Yes, Delay; though he had voted Death Philippe Egalité says, in his soul and conscience, No The next Member mounting: "Since Philippe says No, I for my part say Yes, moi je dis Our." The balance still trembles

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (in Hist. Pail. XXIII. 210). See Boissy d'Anglas, Vie de Malesheibes, il. 139.

Till finally, at three o'clock on Sunday morning, we have: No Delay, by a majority of Seventy; Death within four-and-twenty hours!

Garat, Minister of Justice, has to go to the Temple with this stern message: he ejaculates repeatedly, "Quelle commission affreuse, What a frightful function!" Louis begs for a Confessor, for yet thice days of life, to prepare himself to die The Confessor is granted; the three days and all respite are refused.

There is no deliverance, then? Thick stone walls answer, None. Has King Louis no friends? Men of action, of courage grown desperate, in this his extreme need? King Louis's friends are feeble and far Not even a voice in the coffeehouses rises for him. At Méot the Restaurateur's no Captain Dampmartin now dines; or sees death-doing whiskerandoes on furlough exhibit daggers of improved structure Méot's gallant Royalists on furlough are far across the marches; they are wandering distracted over the world: or their bones lie whitening Argonne Wood Only some weak Priests "leave Pamphlets on all the bourne-stones," this night, calling for a rescue: calling for the pious women to rise; or are taken distributing Pamphlets, and sent to prison. \*\*\*

Nay there is one death-doer, of the ancient Méot sort, who, with effort, has done even less and worse: slain a Deputy, and set all the Patriotism of Paris on edge! It was five on Saturday evening when Lepelle-

<sup>\*</sup> Biographie des Ministres, p. 157.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Prudhomme's Newspaper, Révolutions de Paris (in Hist. Pail. xxiii. 318).

tier St Fargeau, having given his vote, No Delay, ran over to Février's in the Palais-Royal to snatch a morsel of dinner He had dined, and was paying. A thickset man "with black hair and blue beard," in a loose kind of frock, stept up to him; it was, as Février and the bystanders bethought them, one Pâris of the old King's-Guard "Are you Lepelletier?" asks he — "Yes"— "You voted in the King's Business--?" — "I voted Death." — "Scélérat, take that!" cries Pâris, flashing out a sabre from under his frock, and plunging it deep in Lepelletier's side Février cluthes him; but he breaks off; is gone

The voter Lepelletier lies dead; he has expired in great pain, at one in the morning; — two hours before that Vote of No Delay was fully summed up. Guardsman Paris is flying over France; cannot be taken, will be found some months after, self-shot in a remote inn \* — Robespierre sees reason to think that Prince d'Artois himself is privately in Town; that the Convention will be butchered in the lump. Patriotism sounds mere wail and vengeance: Santerre doubles and trebles all his patrols. Pity is lost in rage and fear; the Convention has refused the three days of life and all respite.

## CHAPTER VIII

Place de la Révolution.

To this conclusion, then, hast thou come, O hapless Louis! The Son of Sixty Kings is to die on the Scaffold by form of Law Under Sixty Kings this

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xxiii. 275, 318. Félix Lepelletier, Vie de Michel Lepelletier son Frèie, p. 61, &c. Félix, with due love of the minaculous, will have it that the Suicide in the inn was not Pâris, but some doubleganger of his.

same form of Law, form of Society, has been fashioning itself together, these thousand years; and has become, one way and other, a most strange Machine Surely, if needful, it is also frightful, this Machine; dead, blind: not what it should be; which, with swift stroke, or by cold slow torture, has wasted the lives and souls of innumerable men. And hehold now a King himself, or say rather Kinghood in his person, is to expire here in cruel tortures: - like a Phalaris shut in the belly of his own red-heated Brazen Bull! It is ever so: and thou shouldst know it, O haughty tyrannous man injustice breeds injustice; curses and falsehoods do verily return "always home," wide as they may wander. Innocent Louis bears the sins of many generations: he too experiences that man's tribunal is not in this Earth; that if he had no Higher one, it were not well with him.

A King dying by such violence appeals impressively to the imagination; as the like must do, and ought to do. And yet at bottom it is not the King dying, but the man! Kingship is a coat: the grand loss is of the skin. The man from whom you take his Life, to him can the whole combined world do more? Lally went on his hurdle; his mouth filled with a gag. Miserablest mortals, doomed for picking pockets, have a whole five-act Tragedy in them, in that dumb pain, as they go to the gallows, unregarded; they consume the cup of trembling down to the lees. For Kings and for Beggars, for the justly doomed and the unjustly, it is a hard thing to die Pity them all: thy utmost pity, with all aids and appliances and throne-and-scaffold contrasts, how far short is it of the thing pitied!

A Confessor has come; Abbé Edgeworth, of Irish extraction, whom the King knew by good report, has come promptly on this solemn mission. Leave the Earth alone, then, thou hapless King; it with its malice will go its way, thou also canst go thine. A hard scene yet remains: the parting with our loved ones. Kind hearts, environed in the same grim peril with us; to be left here! Let the Reader look with the eyes of Valet Cléry, through these glass-doors, where also the Municipality watches; and see the cruellest of scenes:

"At half-past eight, the door of the ante-room "opened: the Queen appeared first, leading her Son by "the hand; then Madame Royale and Madame Eliza-"beth: they all flung themselves into the arms of the "King Silence reigned for some minutes; interrupted "only by sobs The Queen made a movement to lead "his Majesty towards the inner room, where M. Edge-"worth was waiting unknown to them: 'No,' said the "King, 'let us go into the dining-room, it is there only "that I can see you.' They entered there; I shut the "door of it, which was of glass. The King sat down, "the Queen on his left hand, Madame Elizabeth on "his right, Madame Royale almost in front; the young "Prince remained standing between his Father's legs. "They all leaned towards him, and often held him em "braced. This scene of wo lasted an hour and three "quarters; during which we could hear nothing; we "could see only that always when the King spoke, the "sobbings of the Princesses redoubled, continued for "some minutes; and that then the King began again to "speak." \*- And so our meetings and our partings do

<sup>\*</sup> Cléry's Narrative (London, 1798), cited in Weber, iii. 312.

now end! The sorrows we gave each other; the poor joys we faithfully shared, and all our lovings and our sufferings, and confused toilings under the earthly Sun, are over. Thou good soul, I shall never, never through all ages of Time, see thee any more!—
NEVER! O Reader, knowest thou that hard word?

For nearly two hours this agony lasts; then they tear themselves asunder. "Promise that you will see us on the morrow" He promises:—Ah yes, yes; yet once; and go now, ye loved ones; cry to God for yourselves and me!—It was a hard scene, but it is over. He will not see them on the morrow. The Queen, in passing through the ante-room, glanced at the Cerberus Municipals; and, with woman's vehemence, said through her tears, "Vous étes tous des scélérats."

King Louis slept sound, till five in the morning, when Cléry, as he had been ordered, awoke him. Cléry dressed his hair: while this went forward, Louis took a ring from his watch, and kept trying it on his finger; it was his wedding-ring, which he is now to return to the Queen as a mute farewell. At half-past six, he took the Sacrament; and continued in devotion, and conference with Abbé Edgeworth. He will not see his Family: it were too hard to bear.

At eight, the Municipals enter: the King gives them his Will, and messages and effects; which they, at first, brutally refuse to take charge of: he gives them a roll of gold pieces, a hundred and twenty-five louis; these are to be returned to Malesherbes, who had lent them. At nine, Santerre says the hour is come. The King begs yet to retire for three minutes. At the end of three minutes, Santerre again says the hour is come "Stamping on the ground with his right-foot, Louis

answers. 'Partons, Let us go'" — How the rolling of those drums comes in, through the Temple bastions and bulwarks, on the heart of a queenly wife; soon to be a widow! He is gone, then, and has not seen us? A Queen weeps bitterly; a King's Sister and Children Over all these Four does Death also hover: all shall perish miserably save one; she, as Duchesse d'Angoulême, will live, — not happily.

At the Temple Gate were some faint cries, perhaps from voices of pitiful women: "Grace! Grace!" Through the rest of the streets there is silence as of the grave No man not armed is allowed to be there: the armed, did any even pity, dare not express it, each man overawed by all his neighbours. All windows are down. none seen looking through them All shops are shut. No wheel-carriage rolls, this morning, in these streets but one only. Eighty-thousand armed men stand ranked. like armed statues of men: cannons bristle, cannoneers with match burning, but no word or movement: it is as a city enchanted into silence and stone: one carriage with its escort, slowly rumbling, is the only sound, Louis reads, in his Book of Devotion, the Prayers of the Dying: clatter of this death-march falls sharp on the ear, in the great silence; but the thought would fain struggle heavenward, and forget the Earth.

As the clocks strike ten, behold the Place de la Révolution, once Place de Louis Quinze: the Guillotine, mounted near the old Pedestal where once stood the Statue of that Louis! Far round, all bristles with cannons and armed men: spectators crowding in the rear, D'Orleans Égalité there in cabriolet. Swift messengers, hoquetons, speed to the Townhall, every three minutes: near by is the Convention sitting,—vengeful for Lepel-

letier Heedless of all, Louis reads his Prayers of the Dying, not till five minutes yet has he finished; then the Carriage opens. What temper he is in? Ten different witnesses will give ten different accounts of it He is in the collision of all tempers; arrived now at the black Mahlstrom and descent of Death: in sorrow, in indignation, in resignation struggling to be resigned. "Take care of M Edgeworth," he straitly charges the Lieutenant who is sitting with them then they two descend

The drums are beating: "Taisez-vous, Silence!" he cries "in a terrible voice, d'une voix terrible." He mounts the scaffold, not without delay; he is in puce coat, breeches of gray, white stockings He strips off the coat; stands disclosed in a sleeve-waistcoat of white flannel. The Executioners approach to bind him: he spurns, resists; Abbé Edgeworth has to remind him how the Saviour, in whom men trust, submitted to be bound. His hands are tied, his head bare; the fatal moment is come. He advances to the edge of the Scaffold, "his face very red," and says: "Frenchmen, I die innocent: it is from the Scaffold and near appearing before God that I tell you so I pardon my enemies; I desire that France - " A General on horseback, Santerre or another, prances out, with uplifted hand: "Tambours!" The drums drown the voice cutioners, do your duty!" The Executioners, desperate lest themselves be murdered (for Santerre and his Armed Ranks will strike, if they do not), seize the hapless Louis: six of them desperate, him singly desperate, struggling there; and bind him to their plank. Abbé Edgeworth, stooping, bespeaks him . "Son of Saint Louis, ascend to Heaven" The Axe clanks down;

a King's Life is shorn away. It is Monday the 21st of January 1793 He was aged Thirty-eight years four months and twenty-eight days \*

Executioner Samson shows the Head: fierce shout of Vive la République rises, and swells; caps raised on bayonets, hats waving: students of the College of Four Nations take it up, on the far Quais; fling it over Paris. D'Orleans drives off in his cabriolet: the Townhall Councillors rub their hands, saying, "It is done, It is done" There is dipping of handkerchiefs, of pikepoints in the blood. Headsman Samson, though he afterwards denied it,\*\* sells locks of the hair. fractions of the puce coat are long after worn in rings \*\*\* -And so, in some half-hour it is done; and the multitude has all departed. Pastry-cooks, coffee-sellers, milkmen sing out their trivial quotidian cries: the world wags on, as if this were a common day. In the coffeehouses that evening, says Prudhomme, Patriot shook hands with Patriot in a more cordial manner than usual. Not till some days after, according to Mercier, did public men see what a grave thing it was.

A grave thing it indisputably is; and will have consequences On the morrow morning, Roland, so long steeped to the lips in disgust and chagrin, sends in his demission. His accounts lie all ready, correct in black-on-white to the uttermost farthing: these he wants but to have audited, that he might retire to remote obscurity, to the country and his books. They

<sup>\*</sup> Newspapers, Municipal Records, &c. &c. (in Hist. Parl. xxii. 298—349), Deux Amis, ix. 369—373, Mercier, Nouveau Paris, iii 3—8.

<sup>\*\*</sup> His Letter in the Newspapers (Hist. Parl. ubi supra)
\*\*\* Forster's Briefwechsel, i. 473.

will never be audited, those accounts; he will never get retired thither

It was on Tuesday that Roland demitted. On Thursday comes Lepelletier St Fargeau's Funeral, and passage to the Pantheon of Great Men Notable as the wild pageant of a winter day. The Body is borne aloft, half-bare; the winding-sheet disclosing the death-wound sabre and bloody clothes parade themselves; a "lugubrious music" wailing harsh næmæ. Oak-crowns shower down from windows; President Vergniaud walks there, with Convention, with Jacobin Society, and all Patriots of every colour, all mourning brotherlike.

Notable also for another thing, this Burial of Lepelletier: it was the last act these men ever did with concert! All Parties and figures of Opinion, that agitate this distracted France and its Convention, now stand, as it were, face to face, and dagger to dagger; the King's Life, round which they all struck and battled, being hurled down. Dumouriez, conquering Holland, growls ominous discontent, at the head of Armies. Men sav Dumouriez will have a King; that young D'Orleans Égalité shall be his King Fauchet, in the Journal des Ams, curses his day, more bitterly than Job did: invokes the poniards of Regicides, of "Arras Vipers" or Robespierres, of Pluto Dantons, of horrid Butchers Legendre and Simulacra d'Herbois, to send him swiftly to another world than theirs.\* This is Te-Deum Fauchet, of the Bastille Victory, of the Cercle Social Sharp was the death-hail rattling round one's Flag-of-truce, on that Bastille day: but it was soft to such wreckage of high Hope as this; one's New

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl ubi supra.

Golden Era going down in leaden dross, and sulphurous black of the Everlasting Darkness!

At home this Killing of a King has divided all friends; and abroad it has united all enemies Fraternity of Peoples, Revolutionary Propagandism; Atheism, Regicide; total destruction of social order in this world! All Kings, and lovers of Kings, and haters of Anarchy, rank in coalition; as in a war for life England signifies to Citizen Chauvelin, the Ambassador or rather Ambassador's-Cloak, that he must quit the country in eight days. Ambassador's-Cloak and Ambassador, Chauvelin and Talleyrand, depart accordingly \* Talleyrand, implicated in that Iron Press of the Tuileries, thinks it safest to make for America

England has cast out the Embassy. England declares war, — being shocked principally, it would seem, at the condition of the River Scheldt. Spain declares war; being shocked principally at some other thing; which doubtless the Manifesto indicates.\*\* Nay we find it was not England that declared war first, or Spain first; but that France herself declared war first on both of them; \*\*\*— a point of immense Parliamentary and Jounalistic interest in those days, but which has become of no interest whatever in these. They all declare war. The sword is drawn, the scabbard thrown away It is even as Danton said, in one of his all-too gigantic figures: "The coalised Kings threaten us; we hurl at their feet, as gage of battle, the Head of a King."

<sup>\*</sup> Annual Register of 1793, pp. 114-28.

<sup>\*\* 23</sup>d Maich (ibid. p. 161).

<sup>\*\*\* 1</sup>st February, 7th March (Moniteur of these dates).

# BOOK III.

THE GIRONDINS.

## CHAPTER I

Cause and Effect.

This huge Insurrectionary Movement, which we like to a breaking out of Tophet and the Abyss, has swept away Royalty, Aristocracy and a King's life The question is, What will it next do; how will it henceforth shape itself? Settle down into a reign of Law and Liberty, according as the habits, persuasions and endeavours of the educated, monied, respectable class prescribe? That is to say: the volcanc lavaflood, bursting up in the manner described, will explode and flow according to Girondin Formula and pre-established rule of Philosophy? If so, for our Girondin friends it will be well

Meanwhile were not the prophecy rather, that as no external force, Royal or other, now remains which could control this Movement, the Movement will follow a course of its own; probably a very original one? Further, that whatsoever man or men can best interpret the inward tendencies it has, and give them voice and activity, will obtain the lead of it? For the rest, that as a thing without order, a thing proceeding from beyond and beneath the region of order, it must work and welter, not as a Regularity but as a Chaos; destructive and self-destructive; always till something that has order arise, strong enough to bind it into subjection again? Which something, we may further conjecture, will not be a Formula, with philosophical

propositions and forensic eloquence; but a Reality, probably with a sword in its hand!

As for the Girondin Formula, of a respectable Republic for the Middle Classes, all manner of Aristocracies being now sufficiently demolished, there seems little reason to expect that the business will stop there Liberty, Equality, Fraternity, these are the words; enunciative and prophetic Republic for the respectable washed Middle Classes, how can that be the fulfilment thereof? Hunger and nakedness, and nightmare oppression lying heavy on Twenty-five million hearts; this, not the wounded vanities or contradicted philosophies of philosophical Advocates, rich Shopkeepers, rural Noblesse, was the prime mover in the French Revolution; as the like will be in all such Revolutions. Feudal Fleur-de-lys had become an in all countries insupportably bad marching-banner, and needed to be torn and trampled: but Moneybag of Mammon (for that, in these times, is what the respectable Republic for the Middle Classes will signify) is a still worse, while it Properly, indeed, it is the worst and basest of all banners, and symbols of dominion among men; and indeed is possible only in a time of general Atheism, and Unbelief in anything save in brute Force and Sensualism; pride of birth, pride of office, any known kind of pride being a degree better than purse-pride. Freedom, Equality, Brotherhood: not in the Moneybag, but far elsewhere, will Sansculottism seek these things.

We say therefore that an Insurrectionary France, loose of control from without, destitue of supreme order from within, will form one of the most tumultuous Activities ever seen on this Earth; such as no Girondin Formula can regulate An immeasurable force, made

up of forces manifold, heterogeneous, compatible and incompatible In plainer words, this France must needs split into Parties, each of which seeking to make itself good, contradiction, exasperation will alise; and Parties on Parties find that they cannot work together, cannot exist together

As for the number of Parties, there will, strictly counting, be as many Parties as there are opinions According to which rule, in this National Convention itself, to say nothing of France generally, the number of Parties ought to be Seven-hundred and Forty-nine; for every unit entertains his opinion But now, as every unit has at once an individual nature or necessity to follow his own road, and a gregarious nature or necessity to see himself travelling by the side of others, — what can there be but dissolutions, precipitations, endless turbulence of attracting and repelling; till once the master-element get evolved, and this wild alchemy arrange itself again?

To the length of Seven-hundred and Forty-nine Parties, however, no Nation was ever yet seen to go. Nor indeed much beyond the length of Two Parties; two at a time; — so invincible is man's tendency to unite, with all the invincible divisiveness he has! Two Parties, we say, are the usual number at one time. let these two fight it out, all minor shades of party rallying under the shade likest them; when the one has fought down the other, then it, in its turn, may divide, self-destructive; and so the process continue, as far as needful. This is the way of Revolutions, which spring up as the French one has done; when the so-called Bonds of Society snap asunder; and all Laws that are

not Laws of Nature become naught and Formulas merely.

But, quitting these somewhat abstract considerations, let History note this concrete reality which the streets of Paris exhibit, on Monday the 25th of February 1793 Long before daylight that morning, these streets are noisy and angry. Petitioning enough there has been; a Convention often solicited. It was but yesterday there came a Deputation of Washerwomen with Petition; complaining that not so much as soap could be had; to say nothing of bread, and condiments of bread The cry of women, round the Salle de Manége, was heard plaintive: "Du pan et du savon, Bread and soap."\*

And now from six o'clock, this Monday morning, one perceives the Bakers' Queues unusually expanded, angrily agitating themselves. Not the Baker alone, but two Section Commissioners to help him, manage with difficulty the daily distribution of loaves. Soft-spoken assiduous, in the early candle-light, are Baker and Commissioners: and yet the pale chill February sunrise discloses an unpromising scene Indignant Female Patriots, partly supplied with bread, rush now to the shops, declaring that they will have groceries Groceries enough: sugar-barrels rolled forth into the street, Patriot Citovennes weighing it out at a just rate of elevenpence a pound; likewise coffee-chests, soap-chests, nay cinnamon and cloves-chests, with aquavitæ and other forms of alcohol, - at a just rate, which some do not pay; the pale-faced Grocer silently wringing his hands! What help? The distributive Citoyennes are of violent

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, &c. (Hist Parl. xxiv. 332-348).

speech and gesture, their long Eumenides-hair hanging out of curl; nay in their girdles pistols are seen sticking: some, it is even said, have beards, — male Patriots in petticoats and mob-cap Thus, in the street of Lombards, in the street of Five-Diamonds, street of Pulleys, in most streets of Paris does it effervesce, the livelong day; no Municipality, no Mayor Pache, though he was War-Minister lately, sends military against it, or aught against it but persuasive-eloquence, till seven at night, or later

On Monday gone five weeks, which was the twenty-first of January, we saw Paris, beheading its King, stand silent, like a petrified City of Enchantment: and now on this Monday it is so noisy, selling sugar! Cities, especially Cities in Revolution, are subject to these alternations; the secret courses of civic business and existence effervescing and efflorescing, in this manner, as a concrete Phenomenon to the eye Of which Phenomenon, when secret existence becoming public effloresces on the street, the philosophical cause and effect is not so easy to find What, for example, may be the accurate philosophical meaning, and meanings, of this sale of sugar? These things that have become visible in the street of Pulleys and over Paris, whence are they, we say; and whither?—

That Pitt has a hand in it, the gold of Pitt: so much, to all reasonable Patriot men, may seem clear. But then, through what agents of Pitt? Varlet, Apostle of Liberty, was discerned again of late, with his pike and red nightcap. Deputy Marat published in his Journal, this very day, complaining of the bitter scarcity, and sufferings of the people, till he seemed to get wroth: "If your Rights of Man were anything but a

"piece of written paper, the plunder of a few shops, "and a forestaller or two hung up at the door-lintels, "would put an end to such things" Are not these, say the Girondins, pregnant indications? Pitt has bribed the Anarchists; Marat is the agent of Pitt: hence this sale of sugar To the Mother-Society, again, it is clear that the scarcity is factitious; is the work of Girondins, and such like; a set of men sold partly to Pitt; sold wholly to their own ambitions, and hardhearted pedantries; who will not fix the grain-prices, but prate pedantically of free-trade; wishing to starve Paris into violence, and embroil it with the Departments: hence this sale of sugar

And, alas, if to these two notabilities, of a Phenomenon and such Theories of a Phenomenon, we add this third notability, That the French Nation has believed, for several years now, in the possibility, nay certainty and near advent, of a universal Millennium, or reign of Freedom, Equality, Fraternity, wherein man should be the brother of man, and sorrow and sin flee away? Not bread to eat, nor soap to wash with; and the reign of Perfect Felicity ready to arrive, due always since the Bastille fell! How did our hearts burn within us, at that Feast of Pikes, when brother flung himself on brother's bosom; and in sunny jubilee, Twenty-five millions burst forth into sound and cannonsmoke Bright was our Hope then, as sunlight; redangry is our Hope grown now, as consuming fire. But, O Heavens, what enchantment is it, or devilish legerdemain, of such effect, that Perfect Felicity, al-

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xxiv. 353-356.

ways within arm's length, could never be laid hold of, but only in her stead Controversy and Scarcity? This set of traitors after that set! Tremble, ye traitors; dread a People which calls itself patient, long-suffering; but which cannot always submit to have its pocket picked, in this way, — of a Millennium!

Yes, Reader, here is the miracle. Out of that putrescent rubbish of Scepticism, Sensualism, Sentimentalism, hollow Machiavelism, such a Faith has verily risen; flaming in the heart of a People People, awakening as it were to consciousness in deep misery, believes that it is within reach of a Fraternal Heaven-on-Earth. With longing arms, it struggles to embrace the Unspeakable, cannot embrace it, owing to certain causes - Seldom do we find that a whole People can be said to have any Faith at all: except in things which it can eat and handle Whensoever it gets any Faith, its history becomes spirit-stirring, noteworthy. But since the time when steel Europe shook itself simultaneously at the word of Hermit Peter, and rushed towards the Sepulchre where God had lain, there was no universal impulse of Faith that one could note. Since Protestantism went silent, no Luther's voice, no Zisca's drum any longer proclaiming that God's Truth was not the Devil's Lie: and the Last of the Cameronians (Renwick was the name of him; honour to the name of the brave!) sank, shot, on the Castlehill of Edinburgh, there was no partial impulse of Faith among Nations. Till now, behold, once more this French Nation believes! Herein, we say, in that astonishing Faith of theirs, lies the miracle It is a Faith undoubtedly of the more prodigious sort, even among Faiths, and will embody itself in produgies. It is the soul of that world-prodigy named French Revolution; whereat the world still gazes and shudders.

But, for the rest, let no man ask History to explain by cause and effect how the business proceeded henceforth. This battle of Mountain and Gironde, and what follows, is the battle of Fanaticisms and Miracles; unsuitable for cause and effect. The sound of it, to the mind, is as a hubbub of voices in distraction; little of articulate is to be gathered by long listening and studying; only battle-tumult, shouts of triumph, shrieks of despair. The Mountain has left no Memoirs: the Girondins have left Memoirs, which are too often little other than long-drawn Interjections, of Woe is me, and Cursed be ye. So soon as History can philosophically delineate the conflagration of a kindled Fireship, she may try this other task. Here lay the bitumen-stratum, there the brimstone one; so ran the vein of gunpowder, of nitre, terebinth and foul grease: this, were she inquisitive enough, History might partly know But how they acted and re-acted below decks, one firestratum playing into the other, by its nature and the art of man, now when all hands ran raging, and the flames lashed high over shrouds and topmast this let not History attempt

The Fireship is old France, the old French Form of Life; her crew a Generation of men. Wild are their cries and their ragings there, like spirits tormented in that flame But, on the whole, are they not gone, O Reader? Their Fireship and they, frightening the world, have sailed away; its flames and its thunders quite away, into the Deep of Time One thing therefore History will do: pity them all; for it went hard with them all. Not even the seagreen Incorruptible

but shall have some pity, some human love, though it takes an effort And now, so much once thoroughly attained, the rest will become easier. To the eye of equal brotherly pity, innumerable perversions dissipate themselves; exaggerations and execrations fall off, of their own accord. Standing wistfully on the safe shore, we will look, and see, what is of interest to us, what is adapted to us

## CHAPTER II

Culottic and Sansculottic

GIRONDE and Mountain are now in full quarrel; their mutual rage, says Toulongeon, is growing a "pale" rage. Curious, lamentable: all these men have the word Republic on their lips; in the heart of every one of them is a passionate wish for something which he calls Republic: yet see their death-quarrel! So, however, are men made Creatures who live in confusion; who, once thrown together, can readily fall into that confusion of confusions which quarrel is, simply because their confusions differ from one another: still more because they seem to differ! Men's words are a poor exponent of their thought; nay their thought itself is a poor exponent of the inward unnamed Mystery, wherefrom both thought and action have their birth. No man can explain himself, can get himself explained: men see not one another, but distorted phantasms which they call one another; which they hate and go to battle with. for all battle is well said to be misunderstanding.

But indeed that similitude of the Fireship; of our poor French brethren, so fiery themselves, working

also in an element of fire, was not insignificant. Consider it well, there is a shade of the truth in it. For a man, once committed headlong to republican or any other Transcendentalism, and fighting and fanaticising amid a Nation of his like, becomes as it were enveloped in an ambient atmosphere of Transcendentalism and Delirium: his individual self is lost in something that is not himself, but foreign though inseparable from him Strange to think of, the man's cloak still seems to hold the same man: and vet the man is not there, his volition is not there; nor the source of what he will do and devise; instead of the man and his volition there is a piece of Fanaticism and Fatalism incarnated in the shape of him He, the hapless incarnated Fanaticism, goes his road; no man can help him, he himself least of all It is a wonderful, tragical predicament; -- such as human language, unused to deal with these things, being contrived for the uses of common life, struggles to shadow out in figures The ambient element of material fire is not wilder than this of Fanaticism; nor, though visible to the eye, is it more real. Volition bursts forth involuntary-voluntary; rapt along; the movement of free human minds becomes a raging tornado of fatalism, blind as the winds; and Mountain and Gironde, when they recover themselves, are alike astounded to see where it has flung and dropt them. To such height of miracle can men work on men; the Conscious and the Unconscious blended inscrutably in this our inscrutable Life; endless Necessity environing Freewill!

The weapons of the Girondins are Political Philosophy, Respectability and Eloquence. Eloquence, or

call it rhetoric, really of a superior order; Vergniaud, for instance, turns a period as sweetly as any man of that generation The weapons of the Mountain are those of mere Nature: Audacity and Impetuosity which may become Ferocity, as of men complete in their determination, in their conviction; nay of men, in some cases, who as Septemberers must either prevail or perish The ground to be fought for is Popularity: further you may either seek Popularity with the friends of Freedom and Order, or with the friends of Freedom Simple; to seek it with both has unhappily become impossible With the former sort, and generally with the Authorities of the Departments, and such as read Parliamentary Debates, and are of Respectability, and of a peace-loving monied nature, the Girondins With the extreme Patriot again, with the indigent Millions, especially with the Population of Paris who do not read so much as hear and see, the Girondins altogether lose it, and the Mountain carries it

Egoism, nor meanness of mind, is not wanting on either side Surely not on the Girondin side; where in fact the instinct of self-preservation, too prominently unfolded by circumstances, cuts almost a sorry figure; where also a certain finesse, to the length even of shuffling and shamming, now and then shows itself They are men skilful in Advocate-fence. They have been called the Jesuits of the Revolution; but that is too hard a name It must be owned likewise that this rude blustering Mountain has a sense in it of what the Revolution means; which these eloquent Girondins are totally void of Was the Revolution made, and fought

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémonics, m 314.

for, against the world, these four weary years, that a Formula might be substantiated; that Society might become methodic, demonstrable by logic; and the old Noblesse with their pretensions vanish? Or ought it not withal to bring some glimmering of light and alleviation to the Twenty-five Millions, who sat in darkness, heavy-laden, till they rose with pikes in their hands? At least and lowest, one would think, it should bring them a proportion of bread to live on? There is in the Mountain here and there; in Marat People's-friend; in the incorruptible Seagreen himself, though otherwise so lean and formulary, a heartfelt knowledge of this latter fact; - without which knowledge all other knowledge here is naught, and the choicest forensic eloquence is as sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal. Most cold, on the other hand, most patronising, unsubstantial is the tone of the Girondins towards "our poorer brethren;" - those brethren whom one often hears of under the collective name of "the masses," as if they were not persons at all, but mounds of combustible explosive material, for blowing down Bastilles with! In very truth. a Revolutionist of this kind, is he not a Solecism? Disowned by Nature and Art; deserving only to be erased, and disappear! Surely, to our poorer brethren of Paris, all this Girondin patronage sounds deadening and killing: if fine-spoken and incontrovertible in logic, then all the falser, all the hatefuller in fact.

Nay doubtless, pleading for Popularity, here among our poorer brethren of Paris, the Girondin has a hard game to play. If he gain the ear of the Respectable at a distance, it is by insisting on September and such like; it is at the expense of this Paris where he dwells and perorates. Hard to perorate in such an auditory! Wherefore the question arises Could we not get ourselves out of this Paris? Twice or oftener such an attempt is made. If not we ourselves, thinks Guadet, then at least our Suppléans might do it For every Deputy has his Suppléant, or Substitute, who will take his place if need be: might not these assemble, say at Bourges, which is a quiet episcopal Town, in quiet Berri, forty good leagues off? In that case, what profit were it for the Paris Sansculottery to insult us; our Suppléans sitting quiet in Bourges, to whom we could run? Nay, even the Primary electoral Assemblies, thinks Guadet, might be reconvoked, and a New Convention got, with new orders from the Sovereign People; and right glad were Lyons, were Bourdeaux, Rouen, Marseilles, as yet Provincial Towns, to welcome us in their turn, and become a sort of Capital Towns; and teach these Parisians reason

Fond schemes; which all misgo! If decreed, in heat of eloquent logic, to-day, they are repealed, by clamour and passionate wider considerations, on the morrow \* Will you, O Girondins, parcel us into separate Republics, then; like the Swiss, like your Americans; so that there be no Metropolis or indivisible French Nation any more? Your Departmental Guard seemed to point that way! Federal Republic? Federalist? Men and Knitting-women repeat Fédéraliste, with or without much Dictionary-meaning; but go on repeating it, as is usual in such cases, till the meaning of it becomes almost magical, fit to designate all mystery of Iniquity; and Fédéraliste has grown a word of Exorcism and Apage-Satanas But furthermore, con-

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, 1793, No 140, &c.

sider what "poisoning of public opinion" in the Departments, by these Brissot, Gorsas, Caritat-Condorcet Newspapers! And then also what counter-poisoning, still feller in quality, by a Père Duchesne of Hébert, brutallest Newspaper yet published on Earth; by a Rougiff of Guffroy; by the "incendiary leaves of Marat!" More than once, on complaint given and effervescence rising, it is decreed that a man cannot both be Legislator and Editor; that he shall choose between the one function and the other \* But this too, which indeed could help little, is revoked or eluded; remains a pious wish mainly.

Meanwhile, as the sad fruit of such strife, behold. O ye National Representatives, how between the friends of Law and the friends of Freedom everywhere, mere heats and jealousies have arisen; fevering the whole Republic! Department, Provincial Town is set against Metropolis, Rich against Poor, Culottic against Sansculottic, man against man From the Southern Cities come Addresses of an almost inculpatory character; for Paris has long suffered Newspaper calumny. Bourdeaux demands a reign of Law and Respectability, meaning Girondism, with emphasis With emphasis Marseilles demands the like. Nay, from Marseilles there come two Addresses: one Girondin; one Jacobin Sansculottic. Hot Rebecqui, sick of this Conventionwork, has given place to his Substitute, and gone home; where also, with such jarrings, there is work to be sick of.

Lyons, a place of Capitalists and Aristocrats, is in still worse state; almost in revolt Chalier the Jacobin

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Pail xxv. 25, &c.

Town-Councillor has got, too literally, to daggers-drawn with Nièvre-Chol the Modérantin Mayor; one of your Moderate, perhaps Aristocrat, Royalist or Federalist Mayors! Chalier, who pilgrimed to Paris "to behold Marat and the Mountain," has verily kindled himself at their sacred urn: for on the 6th of February last, History or Rumour has seen him haranguing his Lyons Jacobins in a quite transcendental manner, with a drawn dagger in his hand; recommending (they say) sheer September-methods, patience being worn out; and that the Jacobin Brethren should, impromptu, work the Guillotine themselves! One sees him still, in Engravings: mounted on a table, foot advanced, body contorted; a bald, rude, slope-browed, infuriated visage of the canine species, the eyes starting from their sockets; in his puissant right-hand the brandished dagger, or horse-pistol, as some give it; other dog-visages kindling under him: - a man not likely to end well! However, the Guillotine was not got together impromptu, that day, "on the Pont Saint-Clair," or elsewhere; but indeed continued lying rusty in its loft: ' Nièvre-Chol with military went about, rumbling cannon, in the most confused manner; and the "ninehundred prisoners" received no hurt So distracted is Lyons grown, with its cannons rumbling vention Commissioners must be sent thither forthwith: if even they can appease it, and keep the Guillotine in its loft?

Consider finally if, on all these mad jarrings of the Southern Cities, and of France generally, a traitorous Crypto-Royalist class is not looking and watching; ready to strike in, at the right season! Neither is there

<sup>\*</sup> Hist. Parl. xxiv. 385-93, xxvi 229, &c.

bread; neither is there soap: see the Patriot women selling out sugar, at a just rate of twenty-two sous per pound! Citizen Representatives, it were verily well that your quarrels finished, and the reign of Perfect Felicity began

#### CHAPTER III.

Growing shrill.

On the whole, one cannot say that the Girondins are wanting to themselves, so far as good-will might go They prick assiduously into the sore-places of the Mountain; from principle, and also from Jesuitism.

Besides September, of which there is now little to be made except effervescence, we discern two soreplaces where the Mountain often suffers. Marat, and Orleans Égalité. Squalid Marat, for his own sake and for the Mountain's, is assaulted ever and anon; held up to France, as a squalid bloodthirsty Portent, inciting to the pillage of shops; of whom let the Mountain have the credit! The Mountain murmurs, ill at ease: this "Maximum of Patriotism," how shall they either own him or disown him? As for Marat personally, he, with his fixed-idea, remains invulnerable to such things; nay the People's-friend is very evidently rising in importance, as his befriended People rises. No shrieks now, when he goes to speak; occasional applauses rather, furtherance which breeds confidence. The day when the Girondins proposed to "decree him accused" (décréter d'accusation, as they phrase it) for that February Paragraph, of "hanging up a Forestaller or two at the door-lintels," Marat proposes to have them "decreed insane;" and, descending the Tribunesteps, is heard to articulate these most unsenatorial ejaculations: "Les cochons, les imbécilles, Pigs, idiots!" Oftentimes he croaks harsh sarcasm, having really a rough rasping tongue, and a very deep fund of contempt for fine outsides; and once or twice, he even laughs, nay "explodes into laughter, ret aux éclats," at the gentilities and superfine airs of these Girondin "men of statesmanship," with their pedantries, plausibilities, pusillanimities: "these two years," says he, "you have been whining about attacks, and plots, and danger from Paris; and you have not a scratch to show for yourselves."\*— Danton gruffly rebukes him, from time to time: a Maximum of Patriotism, whom one can neither own nor disown!

But the second sore-place of the Mountain is this anomalous Monseigneur Equality Prince d'Orleans. Behold these men, says the Gironde, with a whilom Bourbon Prince among them they are creatures of the D'Orleans Faction; they will have Philippe made King; one King no sooner guillotined than another made in his stead! Girondins have moved, Buzot moved long ago, from principle and also from jesuitism, that the whole race of Bourbons should be marched forth from the soil of France; this Prince Égalité to bring up the rear. Motions which might produce some effect on the public; — which the Mountain, ill at ease, knows not what to do with

And poor Orleans Égalité himself, for one begins to pity even him, what does he do with them? The disowned of all parties, the rejected and foolishly

bedrifted hither and thither, to what corner of Nature can he now drift with advantage? Feasible hope remains not for him: unfeasible hope, in pallid doubtful glimmers, there may still come, bewildering, not cheering or illuminating, - from the Dumouriez quarter; and how, if not the timewasted Orleans Égalité, then perhaps the young unworn Chartres Égalité might rise to be a kind of King? Sheltered, if shelter it be, in the clests of the Mountain, poor Égalité will wait: one refuge in Jacobinism, one in Dumouriez and Counter-Revolution, are there not two chances? However, the look of him, Dame Genlis says, is grown gloomy; sad to see. Sillery also, the Genlis's Husband, who hovers about the Mountain, not on it, is in a bad way Dame Genlis has come to Raincy, out of England and Bury St Edmunds, in these days; being summoned by Égalité, with her young charge, Mademoiselle Égalité, that so Mademoiselle might not be counted among Emigrants and hardly dealt with But it proves a ravelled business: Genlis and charge find that they must retire to the Netherlands; must wait on the Frontiers, for a week or two; till Monseigneur, by Jacobin help, get it wound up. "Next morning," says Dame Genlis, "Monseigneur, gloomier than ever, "gave me his arm, to lead me to the carriage I was "greatly troubled; Mademoiselle burst into tears; her "Father was pale and trembling. After I had got "seated, he stood immovable at the carriage-door, with "his eyes fixed on me; his mournful and painful look "seemed to implore pity; - 'Adveu, Madame!' said "he. The altered sound of his voice completely over-"came me; unable to utter a word, I held out my "hand; he grasped it close; then turning, and advancing "sharply towards the postilions, he gave them a sign, and we rolled away."\*

Nor are Peace-makers wanting; of whom likewise we mention two; one fast on the crown of the Mountain, the other not yet alighted anywhere: Danton and Barrère Ingenious Barrère, Old-Constituent and Editor, from the slopes of the Pyrenees, is one of the usefullest men of this Convention, in his way Truth may lie on both sides, on either side, or on neither side; my friends, ye must give and take: for the rest, success to the winning side! This is the motto of Barrère. Ingenious, almost genial; quick-sighted, supple, graceful, a man that will prosper. Scarcely Belial in the assembled Pandemonium was plausibler to ear and eve An indispensable man: in the great Art of Varnish he may be said to seek his fellow. Has there an explosion arisen, as many do arise, a confusion, unsightliness, which no tongue can speak of, nor eye look on; give it to Barrère; Barrère shall be Committee-Reporter of it; you shall see it transmute itself into a regularity, into the very beauty and improvement that was needed Without one such man, we say, how were this Convention bested? Call him not, as exaggerative Mercier does, "the greatest liar in France:" nay it may be argued there is not truth enough in him to make a real lie of Call him, with Burke, Anacreon of the Guillotine, and a man serviceable to this Convention

The other Peace-maker whom we name is Danton. Peace, O peace with one another! cries Danton often enough: Are we not alone against the world; a little

<sup>\*</sup> Genlis, Mémoires (London, 1825), 1.. 118

band of brothers? Broad Danton is loved by all the Mountain; but they think him too easy-tempered, deficient in suspicion: he has stood between Dumouriez and much censure, anxious not to exasperate our only General: in the shrill tumult Danton's strong voice reverberates, for union and pacification. Meetings there are: dinings with the Girondins: it is so pressingly essential that there be union But the Girondins are haughty and respectable: this Titan Danton is not a man of Formulas, and there rests on him a shadow of September. "Your Girondins have no confidence in me:" this is the answer a conciliatory Meillan gets from him; to all the arguments and pleadings this conciliatory Meillan can bring, the repeated answer is, "Ils n'ont point de confiance." \* - The tumult will get ever shriller; rage is growing pale

In fact, what a pang is it to the heart of a Girondin, this first withering probability that the despicable unphilosophic anarchic Mountain, after all, may triumph! Brutal Septemberers, a fifth-floor Tallien, "a Robes-"pierre without an idea in his head," as Condorcet "says, or a feeling in his heart:" and yet we, the flower of France, cannot stand against them; behold the sceptre departs from us; from us and goes to them! Eloquence, Philosophism, Respectability avail not: "against Stupidity the very gods fight to no purpose.

"Mut der Dummheit kämpfen Götter selbst vergebens!"

Shrill are the plaints of Louvet; his thin existence all acidified into rage, and preternatural insight of suspicion. Wroth is young Barbaroux; wroth and scornful. Silent, like a Queen with the aspic on her bosom,

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Meillan, Représentant du Peuple (Paris, 1823), p. 51.

sits the wife of Roland; Roland's Accounts never yet got audited, his name become a byword. Such is the fortune of war, especially of revolution. The great gulf of Tophet, and Tenth of August, opened itself at the magic of your eloquent voice; and lo now, it will not close at your voice! It is a dangerous thing such magic. The Magician's Famulus got hold of the forbidden Book, and summoned a goblin: Platt-il, What is your will? said the goblin The Famulus, somewhat struck, bade him fetch water: the swift goblin fetched it, pail in each hand; but lo, would not cease fetching it! Desperate, the Famulus shrieks at him, smites at him, cuts him in two; lo, two goblin watercarriers ply; and the house will be swum away in Deucalion Deluges.

### CHAPTER IV.

Fatherland in Danger.

OR rather we will say, this Senatorial war might have lasted long, and Party tugging and throttling with Party might have suppressed and smothered one another, in the ordinary bloodless Parliamentary way; on one condition: that France had been at least able to exist, all the while. But this Sovereign People has a digestive faculty, and cannot do without bread Also we are at war, and must have victory; at war with Europe, with Fate and Famine: and behold, in the spring of the year, all victory deserts us.

Dumouriez had his outposts stretched as far as Aixla-Chapelle, and the beautifullest plan for pouncing on Holland, by stratagem, flat-bottomed boats and rapid intrepidity; wherein too he had prospered so far; but unhappily could prosper no further. Aix-la-Chapelle

is lost; Maestricht will not surrender to mere smoke and noise: the flat-bottomed boats must launch themselves again, and return the way they came. Steady now, ye rapidly intrepid men; retreat with firmness. Parthian-like! Alas, were it General Miranda's fault: were it the War-minister's fault; or were it Dumouriez's own fault and that of Fortune: enough, there is nothing for it but retreat, - well if it be not even flight; for already terror-stricken cohorts and stragglers pour off, not waiting for order; flow disastrous, as many as ten thousand of them, without halt till they see France again \* Nay worse. Dumouriez himself is perhaps secretly turning traitor? Very sharp is the tone in which he writes to our Committees. Commissioners and Jacobin Pillagers have done such incalculable mischief. Hassenfratz sends neither cartridges nor clothing; shoes we have, deceptively "soled with wood and pasteboard" Nothing in short is right Danton and Lacroix, when it was they that were Commissioners, would needs join Belgium to France; - of which Dumouriez might have made the prettiest little Duchy for his own secret behoof! With all these things the General is wroth; and writes to us in a sharp tone Who knows what this hot little General is meditating? Dumouriez Duke of Belgium or Brabant; and say, Égalité the Younger King of France: there were an end for our Revolution! - Committee of Defence gazes, and shakes its head: who except Danton, defective in suspicion, could still struggle to be of hope?

And General Custine is rolling back from the Rhine Country; conquered Mentz will be reconquered, the

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, iv. 16-73.

Prussians gathering round to bombard it with shot and shell. Mentz may resist, Commissioner Merlin, the Thionviller, "making sallies, at the head of the besieged;" — resist to the death; but not longer than that. How sad a reverse for Mentz! Brave Forster, brave Lux planted Liberty-trees, amid ça-ira-ing music, in the snow-slush of last winter, there; and made Jacobin Societies; and got the Territory incorporated with France; they came hither to Paris, as Deputies or Delegates, and have their eighteen francs a-day: but see, before once the Liberty-tree is got rightly in leaf, Mentz is changing into an explosive crater; vomiting fire, bevomited with fire!

Neither of these men shall again see Mentz; they have come hither only to die Forster has been round the Globe; he saw Cook perish under Owyhee clubs; but like this Paris he has yet seen or suffered nothing Poverty escorts him: from home there can nothing come, except Job's news; the eighteen daily francs, which we here as Deputy or Delegate with difficulty "touch," are in paper assignats, and sink fast in value Poverty, disappointment, inaction, obloquy; the brave heart slowly breaking! Such is Forster's lot. For the rest, Demoiselle Théroigne smiles on you in the Soirées; "a beautiful brownlocked face," of an exalted temper; and contrives to keep her carriage Prussian Trenck, the poor subterranean Baron, jargons and jangles in an unmelodious manner. Thomas Paine's face is red-pustuled, "but the eyes uncommonly bright" Convention Deputies ask you to dinner: very courteous; and "we all play at plumpsack." \* "It is the Explosion and New-

<sup>\*</sup> Forster's Briefwechsel, u. 514, 460, 631.

"creation of a World," says Forster; "and the actors "in it, such small mean objects, buzzing round one "like a handful of flies." —

Likewise there is war with Spain. Spain will advance through the gorges of the Pyrenees; rustling with Bourbon banners; jingling with artillery and menace. And England has donned the red coat; and marches, with Royal Highness of York, - whom some once spake of inviting to be our King Changed that humour now: and ever more changing: till no hatefuller thing walk this Earth than a denizen of that tyrannous Island; and Pitt be declared and decreed, with effervescence, "L'ennemi du genre humain, The enemy of mankind;" and, very singular to say, you make order that no Soldier of Liberty give quarter to an Englishman. Which order, however, the Soldier of Liberty does but partially obey. We will take no Prisoners then, say the Soldiers of Liberty; they shall all be "Deserters" that we take. \* It is a frantic order: and attended with inconvenience. For surely, if you give no quarter, the plain issue is that you will get none; and so the business become as broad as it was long - Our "recruitment of Three-hundred Thousand men," which was the decreed force for this year, is like to have work enough laid to its hand.

So many enemies come wending on; penetrating through throats of mountains, steering over the salt sea; towards all points of our territory; rattling chains at us. Nay, worst of all: there is an enemy within our own territory itself. In the early days of March, the Nantes Postbags do not arrive; there arrive only instead of them Conjecture, Apprehension, bodeful

<sup>\*</sup> See Dampmartin, Evénemens, ii. 213-30.

wind of Rumour. The bodefullest proves true. Those fanatic Peoples of La Vendée will no longer keep under: their fire of insurrection, heretofore dissipated with difficulty, blazes out anew, after the King's Death, as a wide conflagration; not riot, but civil war. Your Cathelineaus, your Stofflets, Charettes, are other men than was thought: behold how their Peasants, in mere russet and hodden, with their rude arms, rude array, with their fanatic Gaelic frenzy and wild-yelling battle-cry of God and the King, dash at us like a dark whirlwind; and blow the best-disciplined Nationals we can get into panic and sauve-qui-peut! Field after field is theirs; one sees not where it will end. Commandant Santerie may be sent there; but with non-effect, he might as well have returned and brewed beer

It has become peremptorily necessary that a National Convention cease arguing, and begin acting. Yield one party of you to the other, and do it swiftly. No theoretic outlook is here, but the close certainty of ruin; the very day that is passing over us must be provided for.

It was Friday the eighth of March when this Job's-post from Dumouriez, thickly preceded and escorted by so many other Job's-posts, reached the National Convention. Blank enough are most faces. Little will it avail whether our Septemberers be punished or go unpunished; if Pitt and Cobourg are coming in, with one punishment for us all; nothing now between Paris itself and the Tyrants but a doubtful Dumouriez, and hosts in loose-flowing loud retreat! — Danton the Titan rises in this hour, as always in the hour of

need. Great is his voice, reverberating from the domes: - Citizen-Representatives, shall we not, in such crisis of Fate, lay aside discords? Reputation. O what is the reputation of this man or of that? "Que mon nom soit flétri; que la France soit libre: Let my name be blighted; let France be free!" It is necessary now again that France rise, in swift vengeance, with her million right-hands, with her heart as of one man Instantaneous recruitment in Paris; let every Section of Paris furnish its thousands; every Section of France! Ninety-six Commissioners of us, two for each Section of the Forty-eight, they must go forthwith, and tell Paris what the Country needs of her. Let Eighty more of us be sent, post-haste, over France; to spread the fire-cross, to call forth the might of men Let the Eighty also be on the road, before this sitting rise. Let them go, and think what their errand is. Speedy Camp of Fifty-thousand between Paris and the North Frontier; for Paris will pour forth her volunteers! Shoulder to shoulder; one strong universal death-defiant rising and rushing; we shall hurl back these Sons of Night yet again; and France, in spite of the world, be free! \* — So sounds the Titan's voice: into all Section-houses; into all French hearts. Sections sit in Permanence, for recruitment, enrolment, that very night. Convention Commissioners, on swift wheels, are carrying the fire-cross from Town to Town, till all France blaze.

And so there is Flag of Fatherland in Danger waving from the Townhall, Black Flag from the top of Notre-Dame Cathedral; there is Proclamation, hot eloquence; Paris rushing out once again to strike its

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (in Hist. Parl. xxv. 6).

enemies down. That, in such circumstances, Paris was in no mild humour can be conjectured. Agitated streets, still more agitated round the Salle de Manége! Feuillans-Terrace crowds itself with angry Citizens, angrier Citizenesses; Varlet perambulates with portable chair: ejaculations of no measured kind, as to perfidious fine-spoken Hommes d'état, friends of Dumouriez, secret-friends of Pitt and Cobourg, burst from the hearts and lips of men To fight the enemy? Yes, and even to "freeze him with terror, glacer d'effroi:" but first to have domestic Traitors punished! Who are they that, carping and quarrelling, in their jesuitic most moderate way, seek to shackle the Patriotic movement? That divide France against Paris, and poison public opinion in the Departments? That when we ask for bread, and a Maximum fixed-price, treat us with lectures on Free-trade in grains? Can the human stomach satisfy itself with lectures on Free-trade; and are we to fight the Austrians in a moderate manner, or in an immoderate? This Convention must be purged

"Set up a swift Tribunal for Traitors, a Maximum for Grains:" thus speak with energy the Patriot Volunteers, as they defile through the Convention Hall, just on the wing to the Frontiers; — perorating in that heroical Cambyses' vein of theirs: beshouted by the Galleries and Mountain; bemurmured by the Right-side and Plain. Nor are prodigies wanting: lo, while a Captain of the Section Poissonnière perorates with vehemence about Dumouriez, Maximum and Crypto-Royalist Traitors, and his troop beat chorus with him, waving their Banner overhead, the eye of a Deputy discerns, in this same Banner, that the cra-

vates or streamers of it have Royal fleurs-de-lys! The Section-Captain shrieks; his troop shriek, horror-struck, and "trample the Banner under foot:" seemingly the work of some Crypto-Royalist Plotter? Most probable: — or perhaps at bottom, only the old Banner of the Section, manufactured prior to the Tenth of August, when such streamers were according to rule! \*\*

History, looking over the Girondin Memoirs, anxious to disentangle the truth of them from the hysterics, finds these days of March, especially this Sunday the Tenth of March, play a great part Plots, plots; a plot for murdering the Girondin Deputies; Anarchists and Secret-Royalists plotting, in hellish concert, for that end! The far greater part of which is hysterics. What we do find indisputable is, that Louvet and certain Girondins were apprehensive they might be murdered on Saturday, and did not go to the evening sitting; but held council with one another, each inciting his fellow to do something resolute, and end these Anarchists. to which, however, Pétion, opening the window, and finding the night very wet, answered only, "Is ne feront nen," and "composedly resumed his violin," says Louvet; \*\*\* thereby, with soft Lydian tweedledeeing, to wrap himself against eating cares. Also that Louvet felt especially liable to being killed; that several Girondins went abroad to seek beds: liable to being killed; but were not. Further that, in very truth, Journalist Deputy Gorsas, poisoner of the Departments, he and his Printer had their houses

<sup>\*</sup> Choix des Rapports, xi. 277. \*\* Hist. Parl. xxv. 72. \*\*\* Louvet, Mémoires, p. 72.

broken into (by a tumult of Patriots, among whom ned-capped Varlet, American Fournier loom forth, in the darkness of the rain and riot); had their wives put in fear; their presses, types and circumjacent equipments beaten to ruin, no Mayor interfering in time; Gorsas himself escaping, pistol in hand, "along the coping of the back wall" Further that Sunday, the morrow, was not a workday; and the streets were, more agitated than ever: Is it a new September, then, that these Anarchists intend? Finally, that no September came; — and also that hysterics, not unnaturally, had reached almost their acme. \*

Vergniaud denounces and deplores; in sweetly turned periods Section Bonconseil, Good-counsel sonamed, not Mauconseil or Ill-counsel as it once was,—does a far notabler thing: demands that Vergniaud, Brissot, Guadet, and other denunciatory fine-spoken Girondins, to the number of Twenty-two, be put under arrest! Section Good-counsel, so named ever since the Tenth of August, is sharply 1cbuked, like a Section of Ill-counsel:\*\* but its word is spoken, and will not fall to the ground

In fact, one thing strikes us in these poor Girondins: their fatal shortness of vision; nay fatal poorness of character, for that is the root of it. They are as strangers to the People they would govern; to the thing they have come to work in. Formulas, Philosophies, Respectabilities, what has been written in Books, and admitted by the Cultivated Classes: this inadequate Scheme of Nature's working is all that Na-

<sup>\*</sup> Meillan, pp. 23, 4, Louvet, pp. 71-80
\*\* Moniteur (Scance du 12 Mars), 15 Mars

ture. let her work as she will, can reveal to these men So they perorate and speculate; and call on the Friends of Law, when the question is not Law or No-Law, but Life or No-Life. Pedants of the Revolution. if not Jesuits of it! Their Formalism is great; great also is their Egoism. France rising to fight Austria has been raised only by plot of the Tenth of March, to kill Twenty-two of them! This Revolution Prodigy, unfolding itself into terrific stature and articulation, by its own laws and Nature's, not by the laws of Formula, has become unintelligible, incredible as an impossibility, the "waste chaos of a Dream." A Republic founded on what they call the Virtues; on what we call the Decencies and Respectabilities: this they will have, and nothing but this Whatsoever other Republic Nature and Reality send, shall be considered as not sent; as a kind of Nightmare Vision, and thing non-extant; disowned by the Laws of Nature, and of Formula. Alas! dim for the best eyes is this Reality; and as for these men, they will not look at it with eyes at all, but only through "facetted spectacles" of Pedantry, wounded Vanity; which yield the most portentous fallacious spectrum Carping and complaining forever of Plots and Anarchy, they will do one thing: prove, to demonstration, that the Reality will not translate into their Formula; that they and their Formula are incompatible with the Reality: and, in its dark wrath, the Reality will extinguish it and them! What a man kens he cans. But the beginning of a man's doom is, that vision be withdrawn from him; that he see not the reality, but a false spectrum of the reality; and following that, step darkly, with more or less velocity, downwards to the utter Dark; to Ruin.

which is the great Sea of Darkness, whither all false-hoods, winding or direct, continually flow!

This Tenth of March we may mark as an epoch in the Girondin destinies; the rage so exasperated itself, the misconception so darkened itself. Many desert the sittings; many come to them armed.\* An honourable Deputy, setting out after breakfast, must now, besides taking his Notes, see whether his Priming is in order.

Meanwhile with Dumouriez in Belgium it fares ever worse. Were it again General Miranda's fault, or some other's fault, there is no doubt whatever but the "Battle of Nerwinden," on the 18th of March, is lost; and our rapid retreat has become a far too rapid one Victorious Cobourg, with his Austrian puckers, hangs like a dark cloud on the rear of us: Dumouriez never off horseback night or day, engagement every three hours; our whole discomfited Host rolling rapidly inwards, full of rage, suspicion and sauve-qui-peut! And then Dumouriez himself, what his intents may be? Wicked seemingly and not charitable! His despatches to Committee openly denounce a factious Convention, for the woes it has brought on France and him And his speeches - for the General has no reticence! The execution of the Tyrant this Dumouriez calls the Murder of the King. Danton and Lacroix, flying thither as Commissioners once more, return very doubtful, even Danton now doubts

Three Jacobin Missionaries, Proly, Dubuisson, Pereyra, have flown forth; sped by a wakeful Mother-Society: they are struck dumb to hear the General speak

<sup>\*</sup> Meillan, Mémoires, pp. 85, 24.

The Convention, according to this General, consists of three-hundred scoundrels and four-hundred imbeciles: France cannot do without a King "But we have executed our King" "And what is it to me," hastly cries Dumouriez, a General of no reticence, "whether the King's name be Ludovicus or Jacobus?" "Or Philippus!" rejoins Proly; — and hastens to report progress Over the Frontiers such hope is there.

# CHAPTER V.

### Sansculottism accoutred.

LET us look, however, at the grand internal Sansculottism and Revolution Prodigy, whether it stirs and waxes: there and not elsewhere may hope still be for France. The Revolution Prodigy, as Decree after Decree issues from the Mountain, like creative flats, accordant with the nature of the Thing, - is shaping itself rapidly, in these days, into terrific stature and articulation, limb after limb Last March, 1792, we saw all France flowing in blind terror; shutting townbarriers, boiling pitch for Brigands: happier, this March, that it is a seeing terror; that a creative Mountain exists, which can say flat! Recruitment proceeds with fierce celerity: nevertheless our Volunteers hesitate to set out, till Treason be punished at home; they do not fly to the frontiers; but only fly hither and thither, demanding and denouncing The Mountain must speak new flat, and new flats.

And does it not speak such? Take, as first example, those *Comités Révolutionnaires* for the arrestment of Persons Suspect. Revolutionary Committee, of Twelve chosen Patriots, sits in every Township of

France; examining the Suspect, seeking arms, making domiculiary visits and arrestments; - caring, generally, that the Republic suffer no detriment. Chosen by universal suffrage, each in its Section, they are a kind of elixir of Jacobinism; some Forty-four Thousand of them awake and alive over France! In Paris and all Towns, every house-door must have the names of the inmates legibly printed on it, "at a height not exceeding five feet from the ground," every Citizen must produce his certificatory Carte de Civisme, signed by Section-President; every man be ready to give account of the faith that is in him Persons Suspect had as well depart this soil of Liberty! And yet departure too is bad: all Emigrants are declared Traitors, their property become National; they are "dead in Law," - save indeed that for our behoof they shall "live yet fifty years in Law," and what heritages may fall to them in that time become National too! A mad vitality of Jacobinism, with Forty-four Thousand centres of activity, circulates through all fibres of France

Very notable also is the Tribunal Extraordinaire:\* decreed by the Mountain; some Girondins dissenting, for surely such a Court contradicts every formula;— other Girondins assenting, nay cooperating, for do not we all hate Traitors, O ye people of Paris?— Tribunal of the Seventeenth, in Autumn last, was swift; but this shall be swifter. Five Judges; a standing Jury, which is named from Paris and the Neighbourhood, that there be not delay in naming it: they are subject to no Appeal; to hardly any Law-forms, but must "get themselves convinced" in all readiest ways; and for security are bound "to vote audibly;" audibly, in the hearing

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, No. 70 (du 11 Mars), No 76, &c

of a Paris Public. This is the Tribunal Extraordinaire; which, in few months, getting into most lively action, shall be entitled Tribunal Révolutionnaire; as indeed it from the very first has entitled itself: with a Herman or a Dumas for Judge President, with a Fouquer-Tinville for Attorney-General, and a Jury of such as Citizen Leroi, who has surnamed himself Dix-Août, "Leroi August-Tenth," it will become the wonder of the world Herein has Sansculottism fashioned for itself a Sword of Sharpness: a weapon magical; tempered in the Stygian hell-waters; to the edge of it all armour, and defence of strength or of cunning shall be soft; it shall mow down Lives and Brazen-gates; and the waving of it shed terror through the souls of men.

But speaking of an amorphous Sansculottism taking form, ought we not, above all things, to specify how the Amorphous gets itself a Head? Without metaphor, this Revolution Government continues hitherto in a very anarchic state Executive Council of Ministers, Six in number, there is; but they, especially since Roland's retreat, have hardly known whether they were Ministers or not. Convention Committees sit supreme over them; but then each Committee as supreme as the others: Committee of Twenty-one, of Defence, of General Surety; simultaneous or successive, for specific purposes. The Convention alone is allpowerful, - especially if the Commune go with it; but is too numerous for an administrative body. Wherefore, in this perilous quick-whirling condition of the Republic, before the end of March we obtain our small Comité de Salut Public; \* as it were, for miscellaneous accidental purposes requiring despatch; - at it proves,

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, No. 83 (du 24 Mars 1793), Nos. 86, 98, 99, 100.

for a sort of universal supervision, and universal subjection. They are to report weekly, these new Committee-men; but to deliberate in secret. Their number is Nine, firm Patriots all, Danton one of them: renewable every month; — yet why not re-elect them if they turn out well? The flower of the matter is, that they are but nine; that they sit in secret. An insignificant-looking thing at first, this Committee; but with a principle of growth in it! Forwarded by fortune, by internal Jacobin energy, it will reduce all Committees and the Convention itself to mute obedience, the Six Ministers to Six assiduous Clerks; and work its will on the Earth and under Heaven, for a season. A "Committee of Public Salvation," whereat the world still shricks and shudders

If we call that Revolutionary Tribunal a Sword, which Sansculottism has provided for itself, then let us call the "Law of the Maximum," a Provender-scrip, or Haversack, wherein, better or worse, some ration of bread may be found. It is true, Political Economy, Girondin free-trade, and all law of supply and demand, are hereby hurled topsyturvy: but what help? Patriotism must live; the "cupidity of farmers" seems to have no bowels. Wherefore this Law of the Maximum. fixing the highest price of grains, is, with infinite effort, got passed;\* and shall gradually extend itself into a Maximum for all manner of comestibles and commodities: with such scrambling and topsyturvying as may be fancied! For now, if, for example, the farmer will not sell? The farmer shall be forced to sell. An accurate Account of what grain he has shall be delivered in to the Constituted Authorities: let him see that he say

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (du 20 Avril, &c. to 20 Mai, 1793).

not too much; for in that case, his rents, taxes and contributions will rise proportionally: let him see that he say not too little; for, on or before a set day, we shall suppose in April, *less* than one-third of this declared quantity must remain in his barns, more than two-thirds of it must have been thrashed and sold. One can denounce him, and raise penalties.

By such inextricable overturning of all Commercial relations will Sansculottism keep life in; since not otherwise On the whole, as Camille Desmoulins says once, "while the Sansculottes fight, the Monsieurs must pay." So there come Impôts Progressifs, Ascending Taxes; which consume, with fast-increasing voracity, the "superfluous-revenue" of men: beyond fifty-pounds a-year, you are not exempt; rising into the hundreds, you bleed freely; into the thousands and tens of thousands, you bleed gushing Also there come Requisitions; there comes "Forced-Loan of a Milliard," some Fifty-Millions Sterling; which of course they that have must lend. Unexampled enough: it has grown to be no country for the Rich, this; but a country for the Poor! And then if one fly, what steads it? Dead in Law; nay kept alive fifty years yet, for their accursed behoof! In this manner, therefore it goes; topsyturvying, ça-ıra-ing; - and withal there is endless sale of Emigrant National - Property, there is Cambon with endless cornucopia of Assignats. The Trade and Finance of Sansculottism; and how, with Maximum and Bakers'-queues, with Cupidity, Hunger, Denunciation and Paper-money, it led its galvanic-life, and began and ended,—remains the most in-teresting of all Chapters in Political Economy: still to be written.

All which things, are they not clean against Formuia? O Girondin Friends, it is not a Republic of the Virtues we are getting; but only a Republic of the Strengths, virtuous and other!

## CHAPTER VI.

The Traitor.

But Dumouriez, with his fugitive Host, with his King Ludowcus or King Philippus? There lies the crisis; there hangs the question: Revolution Prodigy, or Counter-Revolution? — One wide shriek covers that Northeast region. Soldiers, full of rage, suspicion and terror, flock hither and thither; Dumouriez the many-counselled, never off horseback, knows now no counsel that were not worse than none. the counsel, namely, of joining himself with Cobourg; marching to Paris, extinguishing Jacobinism, and, with some new King Ludovicus or King Philippus, restoring the Constitution of 1791!\*

Is Wisdom quitting Dumouriez; the herald of Fortune quitting him? Principle, faith political or other, beyond a certain faith of mess-rooms, and honour of an officer, had him not to quit At any rate his quarters in the Burgh of Saint-Amand; his head-quarters in the Village of Saint-Amand des Boues, a short way off,—have become a Bedlam. National Representatives, Jacobin Missionaries are riding and running: of the "three Towns," Lille, Valenciennes or even Condé, which Dumouriez wanted to snatch for himself, not one can be snatched; your Captain is admitted, but the Town-gate is closed on him, and then

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, Mémoires, iv. c. 7-c. 10.

alas the Prison-gate, and "his men wander about the ramparts" Couriers gallop breathless; men wait, or seem waiting, to assassinate, to be assassinated; Battalions nigh frantic with such suspicion and uncertainty, with Vive-la-République and Sauve-qui-peut, rush this way and that;—Ruin and Desperation in the shape of Cobourg lying entrenched close by Dame Genlis and her fair Princess d'Orleans find

this Burgh of Saint-Amand no fit place for them; Dumouriez's protection is grown worse than none Tough Genlis, one of the toughest women; a woman, as it were, with nine lives in her; whom nothing will beat: she packs her bandboxes; clear for flight in a private manner. Her beloved Princess she will leave here, with the Prince Chartres Égalité her Brother. In the cold gray of the morning, we find her accordingly established in her hired vehicle, on the street of Saint-Amand; postilions just cracking their whips to go,—when behold the young Princely Brother, struggling hitherward, hastily calling; bear-ing the Princess in his arms! Hastily he has clutched the poor young lady up, in her very night-gown, nothing saved of her goods except the watch from the pillow: with brotherly despair he flings her in, among the bandboxes, into Genlis's chaise, into Genlis's arms: Leave her not, in the name of Mercy and Heaven! A shrill scene, but a brief one:—the postilions crack and go. Ah, whither? Through by-roads and broken hill-passes; seeking their way with lanterns after nightfall; through perils, and Cobourg Austrians, and suspicious French Nationals: finally, into Switzerland; safe though nigh moneyless.\* The brave young Égalité

<sup>\*</sup> Genlis, iv. 139.

has a most wild Morrow to look for; but now only himself to carry through it.

For indeed over at that Village named of the Mudbaths. Saint-Amand des Boues, matters are still worse. About four o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, the 2d of April 1793, two Couriers come galloping as if for life: Mon Général! Four National Representatives, War-Minister at their head, are posting hitherward from Valenciennes; are close at hand, - with what intents one may guess! While the Couriers are yet speaking, War-Minister and National Representatives, old Camus the Archivist for chief speaker of them, arrive Hardly has Mon Général had time to order out the Hussar Regiment de Berchigny; that it take rank and wait near by, in case of accident. And so, enter War-Minister Beurnonville, with an embrace of friendship, for he is an old friend: enter Archivist Camus and the other three following him.

They produce Papers, invite the General to the bar of the Convention: merely to give an explanation or two. The General finds it unsuitable, not to say impossible, and that "the service will suffer" Then comes reasoning; the voice of the old Archivist getting loud Vain to reason loud with this Dumouniez; he answers mere angry irreverences And so, amid plumed staff-officers, very gloomy-looking; in jeopardy and uncertainty, these poor National messengers debate and consult, retire and re-enter, for the space of some two hours: without effect Whereupon Archivist Camus, getting quite loud, proclaims, in the name of the National Convention, for he has the power to do it, That General Dumouriez is arrested: "Will you obey the

National mandate, General!" — "Pas dans ce momenta," Not at this particular moment," answers the General also aloud; then glancing the other way, utters certain unknown vocables, in a mandatory manner; seemingly a German word-of-command.\* Hussars clutch the Four National Representatives, and Beurnonville the War-Minister; pack them out of the apartment; out of the Village, over the lines to Cobourg, in two chaises that very night, — as hostages, prisoners; to lie long in Maestricht and Austrian strongholds!\*\* Jacta est alea.

This night Dumouriez prints his "Proclamation;" this night and the morrow the Dumouriez Army, in such darkness visible, and rage of semi-desperation as there is, shall meditate what the General is doing, what they themselves will do in it. Judge whether this Wednesday was of halcyon nature, for any one! But on the Thursday morning, we discern Dumouriez with small escort, with Chartres Égalité and a few staffofficers, ambling along the Condé Highway: perhaps they are for Condé, and trying to persuade the Garrison there; at all events, they are for an interview with Cobourg, who waits in the woods by appointment, in that quarter Nigh the Village of Doumet. three National Battalions, a set of men always full of Jacobinism, sweep past us; marching rather swiftly, seemingly in mistake, by a way we had not ordered The General dismounts, steps into a cottage, a little from the wayside; will give them right order in writing. Hark! what strange growling is heard; what barkings are heard, loud yells of "Traitors," of "Ar-

<sup>\*</sup> Dumouriez, iv. 159, &c.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Their Narrative, written by Camus (in Toulongeon, iii. app. 60-87).

rest." the National Battalions have wheeled round, are emitting shot! Mount, Dumouriez, and spring for life! Dumouriez and Staff strike the spurs in, deep; vault over ditches, into the fields, which prove to be morasses; sprawl and plunge for life; bewhistled with curses and lead. Sunk to the middle, with or without horses, several servants killed, they escape out of shot-range, to General Mack the Austrian's quarters. Nay they return on the morrow, to Saint-Amand and faithful foreign Berchigny; but what boots it? The Artillery has all revolted, is jingling off to Valenciennes: all have revolted, are revolting; except only foreign Berchigny, to the extent of some poor fifteen hundred, none will follow Dumouriez against France and Indivisible Republic: Dumouriez's occupation's gone \*

Such an instinct of Frenchhood and Sansculottism dwells in these men. they will follow no Dumouriez nor Lafayette, nor any mortal on such errand. Shriek may be of Sauve-qui-peut, but will also be of Vive-la-République New National Representatives arrive; new General Dampierre, soon killed in battle; new General Custine: the agitated Hosts draw back to some Camp of Famars; make head against Cobourg as they can

And so Dumouriez is in the Austrian quarters; his drama ended, in this rather sorry manner. A most shifty, wiry man; one of Heaven's Swiss; that wanted only work Fifty years of unnoticed toil and valour; one year of toil and valour, not unnoticed, but seen of all countries and centuries; then thirty other years again unnoticed, of Memoir-writing, English Pension, scheming and projecting to no purpose: Adieu thou Swiss of Heaven, worthy to have been something else!

His Staff go different ways. Brave young Égalité reaches Switzerland and the Genlis Cottage; with a strong crabstick in his hand, a strong heart in his body: his Princedom is now reduced to that. Égalité the Father sat playing whist, in his Palais Égalité, at Paris, on the 6th day of this same month of April, when a catchpole entered: Citoyen Égalité is wanted at the Convention Committee!\* Examination, requiring Arrestment; finally requiring Imprisonment, transference to Marseilles and the Castle of If! Orleansdom has sunk in the black waters; Palais Égalité, which was Palais Royal, is like to become Palais National.

## CHAPTER VII.

In Fight.

Our Republic, by paper Decree, may be "One and Indivisible;" but what profits it while these things are? Federalists in the Senate, renegadoes in the Army, traitors everywhere! France, all in desperate recruitment since the Tenth of March, does not fly to the frontier, but only flies hither and thither This defection of contemptuous diplomatic Dumouriez falls heavy on the fine-spoken high-sniffing Hommes d'état whom he consorted with; forms a second epoch in their destinies.

Or perhaps more strictly we might say, the second Girondin epoch, though little noticed then, began on the day when, in reference to this defection, the Girondins broke with Danton. It was the first day of April; Dumouriez had not yet plunged across the morasses to Cobourg, but was evidently meaning to

<sup>\*</sup> See Montgaillard, iv. 144.

do it, and our Commissioners were off to arrest him; when what does the Girondin Lasource see good to do, but rise, and jesuitically question and insinuate at great length, whether a main accomplice of Dumouriez had not probably been - Danton! Gironde grins sardonic assent, Mountain holds its breath. The figure of Danton, Levasseur says, while this speech went on, was noteworthy. He sat erect with a kind of internal convulsion struggling to keep itself motionless; his eye from time to time flashing wilder, his lip curling in Titanic scorn.\* Lasource, in a fine-spoken attorneymanner, proceeds: there is this probability to his mind, and there is that; probabilities which press painfully on him, which cast the Patriotism of Danton under a painful shade; - which painful shade, he, Lasource, will hope that Danton may find it not impossible to dispel.

"Les Scélérats!" cries Danton, starting up, with clenched right-hand, Lasource having done; and descends from the Mountain, like a lava-flood: his answer not unready. Lasource's probabilities fly like idle dust, but leave a result behind them "Ye were right, friends of the Mountain," begins Danton, "and I was wrong: there is no peace possible with these men Let it be war then! They will not save the Republic with us: it shall be saved without them; saved in spite of them." Really a burst of rude Parliamentary eloquence this; which is still worth reading, in the old Moniteur. With fire-words the exasperated rute Titan rives and smites these Girondins; at every hit the glad Mountain utters chorus; Marat, like a musical bis, repeating the

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Réné Levasseur (Bruvelles, 1830), 1 164.

last phrase x Lasource's probabilities are gone, but Danton's pledge of battle remains lying.

A third epoch, or scene in the Girondin Drama, or rather it is but the completion of this second epoch. we reckon from the day when the patience of virtuous Pétion finally boiled over; and the Girondins, so to speak, took up this battle-pledge of Danton's, and decreed Marat accused. It was the eleventh of the same month of April, on some effervescence rising, such as often rose; and President had covered himself, mere Bedlam now ruling; and Mountain and Gironde were rushing on one another with clenched right-hands, and even with pistols in them; when, behold, the Girondin Duperret drew a sword! Shriek of horror rose, instantly quenching all other effervescence, at sight of the clear murderous steel; whereupon Duperret returned it to the leather again; - confessing that he did indeed draw it, being instigated by a kind of sacred madness, "sainte fureur," and pistols held at him; but that if he parricidally had chanced to scratch the outmost skin of National Representation with it, he too carried pistols, and would have blown his brains out on the spot. \*\*

But now in such posture of affairs, virtuous Pétion rose, next morning, to lament these effervescences, this endless Anarchy invading the Legislative Sanctuary itself; and here, being growled at and howled at by the Mountain, his patience, long tried, did, as we say, boil over; and he spake vehemently, in high key, with foam on his lips; "whence," says Marat, "I concluded he had

<sup>\*</sup> Séance du 1er Avril 1793 (in Hist. Parl. xxv. 24-35).
\*\* Hist. Parl. xv 397.

got la rage," the rabidity, or dog-madness. Rabidity smites others rabid: so there rises new foam-lipped demand to have Anarchists extinguished; and specially to have Marat put under Accusation Send a representative to the Revolutionary Tribunal? Violate the inviolability of a Representative? Have a care, O Friends! This poor Marat has faults enough; but against Liberty or Equality, what fault? That he has loved and fought for it, not wisely but too well In dungeons and cellars, in pinching poverty, under anathema of men; even so, in such fight, has he grown so dingy, bleared; even so has his head become a Stylites one! Him you will fling to your Sword of Sharpness; while Cobourg and Pitt advance on us, fire-spitting?

The Mountain is loud, the Gironde is loud and deaf; all lips are foamy. With "Permanent-Session of twenty-four hours," with vote by rollcall, and a deadlift effort, the Gironde carries it: Marat is ordered to the Revolutionary Tribunal, to answer for that February Paragraph of Forestallers at the door-lintel, with other offences; and, after a little hesitation, he obeys \*

Thus is Danton's battle-pledge taken up; there is, as he said there would be, "war without truce or treaty, ni trève ni composition." Wherefore, close now with one another, Formula and Reality, in death-grips, and wrestle it out; both of you cannot live, but only one!

## CHAPTER VIII.

In Death-Grips.

It proves what strength, were it only of inertia, there is in established Formulas, what weakness in nascent

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur (du 16 Avril 1793, et seqq )

Realities, and illustrates several things, that this death-wrestle should still have lasted some six weeks or more. National business, discussion of the Constitutional Act, for our Constitution should decidedly be got ready, proceeds along with it We even change our Locality; we shift, on the Tenth of May, from the old Salle de Manége into our new Hall, in the Palace, once a King's but now the Republic's, of the Tuileries Hope and ruth, flickering against despair and rage, still struggle in the minds of men.

It is a most dark confused death-wrestle, this of the six weeks. Formalist frenzy against Realist frenzy: Patriotism, Egoism, Pride, Anger, Vanity, Hope and Despair, all raised to the frenetic pitch: Frenzy meets Frenzy, like dark clashing whirlwinds: neither understands the other; the weaker, one day, will understand that it is verily swept down! Girondism is strong as established Formula and Respectability: do not as many as Seventy-two of the Departments, or say respectable Heads of Departments, declare for us? Calvados, which loves its Buzot, will even rise in revolt, so hint the Addresses; Marseilles, cradle of Patriotism, will rise; Bourdeaux will rise, and the Gironde Department, as one man; in a word, who will not rise, were our Représentation Nationale to be insulted, or one hair of a Deputy's head harmed! The Mountain, again, is strong as Reality and Audacity. To the Reality of the Mountain are not all furthersome things possible? A new Tenth of August, if needful; nay a new Second of September! -

But, on Wednesday afternoon, Twenty-fourth day of April, year 1793, what tumult as of fierce jubilee is

this? It is Marat returning from the Revolutionary Tribunal! A week or more of death-peril: and now there is triumphant acquittal; Revolutionary Tribunal can find no accusation against this man And so the eye of History beholds Patriotism, which had gloomed unutterable things all week, break into loud jubilee, embrace its Marat; lift him into a chair of triumph, bear him shoulder-high through the streets Shoulder-high is the injured People's-friend, crowned with an oak-garland; amid the wavy sea of red nightcaps, carmagnole jackets, grenadier bonnets and female mobcaps, far-sounding like a sea! The injured People's-friend has here reached his culminating-point; he too strikes the stars with his sublime head

But the Reader can judge with what face President Lasource, he of the "painful probabilities," who presides in this Convention Hall, might welcome such jubileetide, when it got thither, and the Decreed of Accusation floating on the top of it! A National Sapper, spokesman on the occasion, says, the People know their Friend, and love his life as their own; "whosoever wants Malat's head must get the Sapper's first." Lasource answered with some vague painful mumblement, — which, says Levasseur, one could not help tittering at \*\* Patriot Sections, Volunteers not yet gone to the Frontiers, come demanding the "purgation of traitors from your own bosom;" the expulsion, or even the trial and sentence, of a factious Twenty-two

Nevertheless the Gironde has got its Commission of Twelve; a Commission specially appointed for investigating these troubles of the Legislative Sanctuary:

<sup>\*</sup> Séance (in Moniteur, No. 116, du 26 Avril, An 1er).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Levasseur, Mémoires, 1. c. 6.

let Sansculottism say what it will, Law shall triumph. Old-Constituent Rabaut Saint-Étienne presides over this Commission: "it is the last plank whereon a wrecked Republic may perhaps still save herself." Rabaut and they therefore sit, intent; examining witnesses; launching arrestments; looking out into a waste dim sea of troubles, - the womb of Formula, or perhaps her grave! Enter not that sea, O Reader! There are dim desolation and confusion; raging women and raging men Sections come demanding Twenty-two; for the number first given by Section Bonconseil still holds, though the names should even vary. Other Sections, of the wealthier kind, come denouncing such demand; nay the same Section will demand to-day. and denounce the demand to-morrow, according as the wealthier sit, or the poorer. Wherefore, indeed, the Girondins decree that all Sections shall close "at ten in the evening," before the working people come: which Decree remains without effect. And nightly the Mother of Patriotism wails doleful; doleful, but her eye kindling! And Fournier l'Américain is busy, and the two banker Freys, and Varlet Apostle of Liberty; the bull-voice of Marquis Saint-Huruge is heard. And shrill women vociferate from all Galleries. the Convention ones and downwards. Nay a "Central Committee" of all the Forty-eight Sections looms forth huge and dubious; sitting dim in the Archevêché, sending Resolutions, receiving them: a Centre of the Sections; in dread deliberation as to a New Tenth of August!

One thing we will specify, to throw light on many: the aspect under which, seen through the eyes of these Girondin Twelve, or even seen through one's own eyes, the Patriotism of the softer sex presents itself There are Female Patriots, whom the Girondins call Megæras, and count to the extent of eight thousand; with serpent-hair, all out of curl; who have changed the distaff for the dagger. They are of "the Society called Brotherly," Fraternelle, say Sisterly, which meets under the roof of the Jacobins "Two thousand daggers," or so, have been ordered, — doubtless for them They rush to Versailles, to raise more women; but the Versailles women will not rise \*

Nay behold, in National Garden of Tuileries, -Demoiselle Théroigne herself is become as a brownlocked Diana (were that possible) attacked by her own dogs, or she-dogs! The Demoiselle, keeping her carriage, is for Liberty indeed, as she has full well shown; but then for Liberty with Respectability: whereupon these serpent-haired Extreme She-Patriots do now fasten on her, tatter her, shamefully fustigate her, in their shameful way: almost fling her into the Gardenponds, had not help intervened. Help, alas, to small purpose The poor Demoiselle's head and nervoussystem, none of the soundest, is so tattered and fluttered that it will never recover; but flutter worse and worse, till it crack; and within year and day we hear of her in madhouse and straitwaistcoat, which proves permanent! - Such brownlocked Figure did flutter, and inarticulately jabber and gesticulate, httle able to speak the obscure meaning it had, through some segment of that Eighteenth Century of Time She disappears here from the Revolution and Public History forevermore \*\*

Carlyle, Revolution III. 13

<sup>\*</sup> Buzot, Mémoires, pp. 69, 84, Meillan, Mémoires, pp. 192, 195, 196 See Commission des Douze (in Choix des Rapports, xii. 69—131). \*\* Deux Amis, vil. 17-80, Forster, 1 514, Moore, 1 70 She did

Another thing we will not again specify, yet again beseech the Reader to imagine: the reign of Fraternity and Perfection Imagine, we say, O Reader, that the Millennium were struggling on the threshold, and yet not so much as groceries could be had, - owing to traitors. With what impetus would a man strike traitors, in that case! Ah, thou canst not imagine it: thou hast thy groceries safe in the shops, and little or no hope of a Millennium ever coming! - But indeed, as to the temper there was in men and women, does not this one fact say enough: the height Suspicion had risen to? Preternatural we often called it; seemingly in the language of exaggeration: but listen to the cold deposition of witnesses. Not a musical Patriot can blow himself a snatch of melody from the French Horn, sitting mildly pensive on the housetop, but Mercier will recognise it to be a signal which one Plotting Committee is making to another. Distraction has possessed Harmony herself; lurks in the sound of Marseillaise and Ça-ira.\* Louvet, who can see as deep into a millstone as the most, discerns that we shall be invited back to our old Hall of the Manége, by a Deputation; and then the Anarchists will massacre Twenty-two of us, as we walk over. It is Pitt and Cobourg; the gold of Pitt. - Poor Pitt! They little know what work he has with his own Friends of the People; getting them bespied, beheaded, their habeas-corpuses suspended, and his own Social Order and strong-boxes kept tight, - to fancy him raising mobs among his neighbours!

not die till 1847, in the Salpätnère, in the most abject state of insanity see Esquirol, Des Maladies Mentales (Paus 1838), 1. 445—50.

\* Meicier, Nouveau Paris, vi 63.

But the strangest fact connected with French or indeed with human Suspicion, is perhaps this of Camille Desmoulins. Camille's head, one of the clearest in France, has got itself so saturated through every fibre with Preternaturalism of Suspicion, that looking back on that Twelfth of July 1789, when the thousands rose round him, yelling responsive at his word in the Palais-Royal Garden, and took cockades, he finds it explicable only on this hypothesis, That they were all hired to do it, and set on by the Foreign and other Plotters "It was not for nothing," says Camille with insight, "that this multitude burst up round me when I spoke!" No, not for nothing Behind, around, before, it is one huge Preternatural Puppet-play of Plots; Pitt pulling the wires. Almost I conjecture that I, Camille myself, am a Plot, and wooden with wires. - The torce of insight could no further go.

Be this as it will, History remarks that the Commission of Twelve, now clear enough as to the Plots; and luckily having "got the threads of them all by the end," as they say, — are launching Mandates of Arrest rapidly in these May days; and carrying matters with a high hand; resolute that the sea of troubles shall be restrained What chief Patriot, Section-President even, is safe? They can arrest him, tear him from his warm bed, because he has made irregular Section Arrestments! They arrest Varlet Apostle of Liberty. They arrest Procureur-Substitute Hébert, Père Duchesne; a Magistrate of the People, sitting in Townhall; who,

See Histone des Brissotins, par Camille Desmoulins (a Pumphlet of Camille's, Paris, 1793)

with high solemnity of martyrdom, takes leave of his colleagues; prompt he, to obey the Law; and solemnly acquiescent, disappears into prison.

The swifter fly the Sections, energetically demanding him back; demanding not arrestment of Popular Magistrates, but of a traitorous Twenty-two Section comes flying after Section; — defiling energetic, with their Cambyses-vein of oratory: nay the Commune itself comes, with Mayor Pache at its head; and with question not of Hébert and the Twenty-two alone, but with this ominous old question made new, "Can you save the Republic, or must we do it?" To whom President Max Isnard makes fiery answer: If by fatal chance, in any of those tumults which since the Tenth of March are ever returning, Paris were to lift a sacrilegious finger against the National Representation, France would rise as one man, in never-imagined vengeance, and shortly "the traveller would ask, on which side of the Seine Paris had stood!"\* Whereat the Mountain bellows only louder, and every Gallery; Patriot Paris boiling round.

And Girondin Valazé has nightly conclaves at his house; sends billets, "Come punctually, and well armed, for there is to be business" And Megæra women perambulate the streets, with flags, with lamentable alleleu.\*\* And the Convention-doors are obstructed by roaring multitudes: fine-spoken Hommes d'état are hustled, maltreated, as they pass; Marat will apostrophise you, in such death-peril, and say, Thou too art of them If Roland ask leave to quit Paris, there is order of the day. What help? Substitute

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 25 Mai 1793.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Meillan, Mémoires, p. 195; Buzot, pp. 69, 84.

Hébert, Apostle Varlet, must be given back; to be crowned with oak-garlands. The Commission of Twelve, in a Convention overwhelmed with roaring Sections, is broken; then on the morrow, in a Convention of rallied Girondins, is reinstated. Dim Chaos, or the sea of troubles, is struggling through all its elements; writhing and chafing towards some Creation.

# CHAPTER IX.

#### Extinct.

ACCORDINGLY, on Friday, the Thirty-first of May 1793, there comes forth into the summer sunlight one of the strangest scenes Mayor Pache with Municipality arrives at the Tuileries Hall of Convention; sent for, Paris being in visible ferment; and gives the strangest news

How, in the gray, of this morning, while we sat Permanent in Townhall, watchful for the commonweal, there entered, precisely as on a Tenth of August, some Ninety-six extraneous persons; who declared themselves to be in a state of Insurrection; to be plenipotentiary Commissioners from the Forty-eight Sections, sections or members of the Sovereign People, all in a state of Insurrection; and further that we, in the name of said Sovereign in Insurrection, were dismissed from office. How we thereupon laid off our sashes, and withdrew into the adjacent Saloon of Liberty How, in a moment or two, we were called back; and reinstated; the Sovereign pleasing to think us still worthy of confidence. Whereby, having taken new oath of office, we on a sudden find ourselves In-

surrectionary Magistrates, with extraneous Committee of Ninety-six sitting by us; and a Citoyen Henriot, one whom some accuse of Septemberism, is made Generalissimo of the National Guard; and, since six o'clock, the tocsins ring, and the drums beat: — Under which peculiar circumstances, what would an august National Convention please to direct us to do?\*

Yes, there is the question! "Break the Insurrectionary Authorities," answer some with vehemence Vergniaud at least will have "the National Representatives all die at their post;" this is sworn to, with ready loud acclaim. But as to breaking the Insurrectionary Authorities, — alas, while we yet debate, what sound is that? Sound of the Alarm-Cannon on the Pont Neuf; which it is death by the Law to fire without order from us!

It does boom off there, nevertheless; sending a stound through all hearts And the tocsins discourse stern music; and Henriot with his Armed Force has enveloped us! And Section succeeds Section, the livelong day; demanding with Cambyses-oratory, with the rattle of muskets, That traitors, Twenty-two or more, be punished; that the Commission of Twelve be irrecoverably broken. The heart of the Gironde dies within it; distant are the Seventy-two respectable Departments, this fiery Municipality is near! Barrère is for a middle course; granting something. The Commission of Twelve declares that, not waiting to be broken, it hereby breaks itself, and is no more. Fain would Reporter Rabaut speak his and its last-words; but he is bellowed off. Too happy that the Twenty-

<sup>\*</sup> Débats de la Convention (Paris, 1828), iv 187-223, Moniteur, Nos-152, 3, 4, An 1er.

two are still left unviolated! — Vergniaud, carrying the laws of refinement to a great length, moves, to the amazement of some, that "the Sections of Paris have deserved well of their country." Whereupon, at a late hour of the evening, the deserving Sections retire to their respective places of abode. Barrère shall report on it. With busy quill and brain he sits, secluded; for him no sleep to-night. Friday the last of May has ended in this manner.

The Sections have deserved well: but ought they not to deserve better? Faction and Girondism is struck down for the moment, and consents to be a nullity: but will it not, at another favourabler moment rise, still feller; and the Republic have to be saved in spite of it? So reasons Patriotism, still Permanent; so reasons the Figure of Marat, visible in the dim Section-world, on the morrow To the conviction of men! - And so at eventide of Saturday, when Barrère had just got the thing all varnished by the labour of a night and day, and his Report was setting off in the evening mail-bags, tocsin peals out again. Générale is beating; armed men taking station in the Place Vendôme and elsewhere, for the night; supplied with provisions and liquor There, under the summer stars, will they wait, this night, what is to be seen and to be done, Henriot and Townhall giving due signal

The Convention, at sound of générale, hastens back to its Hall; but to the number only of a Hundred; and does little business, puts off business till the morrow The Girondins do not stir out thither, the Girondins are abroad seeking beds Poor Rabaut,

on the morrow morning, returning to his post, with Louvet and some others, through streets all in ferment, wrings his hands, ejaculating, "Illa suprema dies!"\* It has become Sunday, the second day of June, year 1793, by the old style; by the new style, year One of Liberty, Equality, Fraternity. We have got to the last scene of all, that ends this history of the Girondin Senatorship.

It seems doubtful whether any terrestrial Convention had ever met in such circumstances as this National one now does. Tocsin is pealing; Barriers shut; all Paris is on the gaze, or under arms. As many as a Hundred Thousand under arms they count: National Force; and the Armed Volunteers, who should have flown to the Frontiers and La Vendée; but would not, treason being unpunished; and only flew hither and thither! So many, steady under arms, environ the National Tuileries and Garden. There are horse, foot. artillery, sappers with beards: the artillery one can see with their camp-furnaces in this National Garden, heating bullets red, and their match is lighted. Henriot in plumes rides, amid a plumed Staff: all posts and issues are safe; reserves lie out, as far as the Wood of Boulogne; the choicest Patriots nearest the scene. One other circumstance we will note: that a careful Municipality, liberal of camp-furnaces, has not forgotten provision-carts. No member of the Sovereign need now go home to dinner; but can keep rank, plentiful victual circulating unsought. Does not this People understand Insurrection? Ye, not uninventive, Gualches! -

<sup>\*</sup> Louvet, Mémones, p. 89.

Therefore let a National Representation, "mandatories of the Sovereign," take thought of it. Expulsion of your Twenty-two, and your Commission of Twelve: we stand here till it be done! Deputation after Deputation, in ever stronger language, comes with that message. Barrère proposes a middle course: - Will not perhaps the inculpated Deputies consent to withdraw voluntarily; to make a generous demission, and self-sacrifice for the sake of one's country? Isnard, repentant of that search on which river-bank Paris stood, declares himself ready to demit. Ready also is Te-Deum Fauchet; old Dusaulx of the Bastille, "vieux radoteur, old dotard," as Marat calls him, is still readier. On the contrary, Lanjuinais the Breton declares that there is one man who never will demit voluntarily; but will protest to the uttermost, while a voice is left him. And he accordingly goes on protesting; amid rage and clangour; Legendre crying at last: "Languinais, come down from the Tribune, or I will fling thee down, ou je te jette en bas!" For matters are come to extremity Nay they do clutch hold of Lanjuinais, certain zealous Mountainmen; but cannot fling him down, for he "cramps himself on the railing;" and "his clothes get torn" Brave Senator, worthy of pity! Neither will Barbaroux demit; he "has sworn to die at his post, and will keep that oath" Whereupon the Galleries all rise with explosion; brandishing weapons, some of them; and rush out, saying: "Allons, then; we must save our country!" Such a Session is this of Sunday the second of June.

Churches fill, over Christian Europe, and then empty themselves; but this Convention empties not,

the while: a day of shricking contention, of agony. humiliation and tearing of coatskirts; illa suprema dies! Round stand Henriot and his Hundred Thousand, copiously refreshed from tray and basket: nay he is "distributing five francs a-piece," we Girondins saw it with our eyes; five francs to keep them in heart! And distraction of armed riot encumbers our borders, jangles at our Bar; we are prisoners in our own Hall: Bishop Grégoire could not get out for a besoin actuel without four gendarmes to wait on him! What is the character of a National Representative become? And now the sunlight falls yellower on western windows, and the chimney-tops are flinging longer shadows; the re-freshed Hundred Thousand, nor their shadows, stir not! What to resolve on? Motion rises, superfluous one would think, That the Convention go forth in a body; ascertain with its own eyes whether it is free or not. Lo, therefore, from the Eastern Gate of the Tuileries, a distressed Convention issuing: handsome Hérault Sechelles at their head; he with hat on. in sign of public calamity, the rest bareheaded, - towards the Gate of the Carrousel; wondrous to seetowards Henriot and his plumed staff "In the name of the National Convention, make way!" Not an inch of way does Henriot make: "I receive no orders, till the Sovereign, yours and mine, have been obeyed" The Convention presses on; Henriot prances back, with his staff, some fifteen paces, "To arms! Cannoneers, to your guns!" - flashes out his puissant sword, as the Staff all do, and the Hussars all do. Cannoneers brandish the lit match; Infantry present arms, - alas, in the level way, as if for firing! Hatted Hérault leads his distressed flock, through their pinfold of a Tuileries again; across the Garden, to the Gate on the opposite side Here is Feuillans-Terrace, alas, there is our old Salle de Manége; but neither at this Gate of the Pont Tournant is there egress Try the other; and the other: no egress! We wander disconsolate through armed ranks; who indeed salute with Live the Republic, but also with Die the Gironde. Other such sight, in the year One of Liberty, the westering sun never saw.

And now behold Marat meets us; for he lagged in this Suppliant Procession of ours: he has got some hundred elect Patriots at his heels; he orders us, in the Sovereign's name, to return to our place, and do as we are bidden and bound The Convention returns "Does not the Convention," says Couthon with a singular power of face, "see that it is free," - none but friends round it? The Convention, overflowing with friends and armed Sectioners, proceeds to vote as bidden. Many will not vote, but remain silent; some one or two protest, in words; the Mountain has a clear unanimity Commission of Twelve, and the denounced Twenty-two, to whom we add Ex-Ministers Clavière and Lebrun: these, with some slight extempore alterations (this or that orator proposing, but Marat disposing), are voted to be under "Arrestment in their Brissot, Buzot, Vergniaud, Guadet, own houses." Louvet, Gensonné, Barbaroux, Lasource, Lanjuinais, Rabaut, - Thirty-two, by the tale; all that we have known as Girondins, and more than we have known They, "under the safeguard of the French People," by and by, under the safeguard of two Gendarmes each, shall dwell peaceably in their own houses; as Non-Senators; till further order. Herewith ends Séance of Sunday the second of June 1793

At ten o'clock, under mild stars, the Hundred Thousand, their work well finished, turn homewards. This same day, Central Insurrection Committee has arrested Madame Roland; imprisoned her in the Abbaye. Roland has fled, no man knows whither.

Thus fell the Girondins, by Insurrection; and became extinct as a Party: not without a sigh from most Historians. The men were men of parts, of Philosophic culture, decent behaviour; not condemnable in that they were but Pedants, and had not better parts; not condemnable, but most unfortunate They wanted a Republic of the Virtues, wherein themselves should be head; and they could only get a Republic of the Strengths, wherein others than they were head.

For the rest, Barrère shall make Report of it The night concludes with a "civic promenade by torchlight:" \* surely the true reign of Fraternity is now not far?

<sup>\*</sup> Buzot, Mémoires, p. 310 See Pièces Justificatives, of Narratives Commentaries, &c. in Buzot, Louvet, Meillan. Documens Complémentaires in Hist. Parl. xxviii. 4—78.

# BOOK IV.

TERROR.

### CHAPTER I

Charlotte Corday.

In the leafy months of June and July, several French Departments germinate a set of rebellious paper-leaves, named Proclamations, Resolutions, Journals, or Diurnals, "of the Union for Resistance to Oppression" In particular, the Town of Caen, in Calvados, sees its paper-leaf of Bulletin de Caen suddenly bud, suddenly establish itself as Newspaper there, under the Editorship of Girondin National Representatives!

For among the proscribed Girondins are certain of a more desperate humour Some, as Vergniaud, Valazé, Gensonné, "arrested in their own houses," will await with stoical resignation what the issue may Some, as Brissot, Rabaut, will take to flight, to concealment; which, as the Paris Barriers are opened again in a day or two, is not yet difficult But others there are who will rush, with Buzot, to Calvados; or far over France, to Lyons, Toulon, Nantes and elsewhither, and then rendezvous at Caen: to awaken as with war-trumpet the respectable Departments; and strike down an anarchic Mountain Faction; at least not yield without a stroke at it. Of this latter temper we count some score or more, of the Arrested, and of the Not-yet-arrested: a Buzot, a Barbaroux, Louvet, Guadet, Pétion, who have escaped from Arrestment in their own homes; a Salles, a Pythagorean Valady, a Duchâtel, the Duchâtel that came in blanket and night-

cap to vote for the life of Louis, who have escaped from danger and likelihood of Arrestment These, to the number at one time of Twenty-seven, do accordingly lodge here, at the "Intendance, or Departmental Mansion," of the town of Caen in Calvados: welcomed by Persons in Authority; welcomed and defrayed, having no money of their own And the Bulletin de Caen comes forth, with the most animating paragraphs: How the Bourdeaux Department, the Lyons Department, this Department after the other is declaring itself; sixty, or say sixty-nine, or seventy-two\* respectable Departments either declaring, or ready to declare Nay Marseilles, it seems, will march on Paris by itself, if need be, So has Marseilles Town said, That she will march. But on the other hand, that Montélimart Town has said, No thorough-fare; and means even to "bury herself" under her own stone and mortar first. - of this be no mention in Bulletin de Caen.

Such animating paragraphs we read in this new Newspaper; and fervours and eloquent sarcasm: tirades against the Mountain, from the pen of Deputy Salles; which resemble, say friends, Pascal's Provincials. What is more to the purpose, these Girondins have got a General in chief, one Wimpfen, formerly under Dumouriez; also a secondary questionable General Puisaye, and others; and are doing their best to raise a force for war. National Volunteers, whosoever is of right heart: gather in, ye National Volunteers, friends of Liberty; from our Calvados Townships, from the Eure, from Brittany, from far and near: forward to Paris, and extinguish Anarchy! Thus at Caen, in the early July days, there is a drumming and parading, a pero-

<sup>\*</sup> Meillan, pp. 72, 73, Louvet, p. 129.

rating and consulting: Staff and Army; Council; Club of Carabots, Antijacobin friends of Freedom, to denounce atrocious Marat With all which, and the editing of Bulletins, a National Representative has his hands full.

At Caen it is most animated; and, as one hopes, more or less animated in the "Seventy-two Departments that adhere to us" And in a France begirt with Cimmerian invading Coalitions, and torn with an internal La Vendée, this is the conclusion we have arrived at: To put down Anarchy by Civil War! Durum et durum, the Proverb says, non faciunt murum. Vendée burns: Santerre can do nothing there; he may return home and brew beer. Cimmerian bombshells fly all along the North That Siege of Mentz is become famed; - lovers of the Picturesque (as Goethe will testify), washed country-people of both sexes, stroll thither on Sundays, to see the artillery work and counterwork; "you only duck a little while the shot whizzes past "\* Condé is capitulating to the Austrians; Royal Highness of York, these several weeks, fiercely batters Valenciennes. For, alas, our fortified Camp of Famars was stormed; General Dampierre was killed; General Custine was blamed, - and indeed is now come to Paris to give "explanations."

Against all which the Mountain and atrocious Marat must even make head as they can. They, anarchic Convention as they are, publish Decrees, expostulatory, explanatory, yet not without severity; they ray forth Commissioners, singly or in pairs, the olive-branch in one hand, yet the sword in the other. Commissioners come even to Caen; but without effect. Mathematical

<sup>\*</sup> Belagerung von Mainz (Goethe's Werke, vvv 278-334).

Romme, and Prieur named of the Côte d'Or, venturing thither, with their olive and sword, are packed into prison: there may Romme lie, under lock and key, "for fifty days;" and meditate his New Calendar, if he please. Cimmeria, La Vendée, and Civil War! Never was Republic One and Indivisible at a lower ebb. —

Amid which dim ferment of Caen and the World, History specially notices one thing: in the lobby of the Mansion de l'Intendance, where busy Deputies are coming and going, a young Lady with an aged valet, taking grave graceful leave of Deputy Barbaroux \* She is of stately Norman figure; in her twenty-fifth year; of beautiful still countenance: her name is Charlotte Corday, heretofore styled D'Armans, while Nobility still was. Barbaroux has given her a Note to Deputy Duperret, - him who once drew his sword in the effervescence Apparently she will to Paris on some errand? "She was a Republican before the Re-"volution, and never wanted energy." A completeness, a decision is in this fair female Figure: "by "energy she means the spirit that will prompt one to "sacrifice himself for his country." What if she, this fair young Charlotte, had emerged from her secluded stillness, suddenly like a Star; cruel-lovely, with halfangelic, half-demonic splendour; to gleam for a moment, and in a moment be extinguished: to be held in memory, so bright complete was she, through long centuries! - Quitting Cimmerian Coalitions without, and the dim-simmering Twenty-five millions within, History will look fixedly at this one fair Apparition of a Charlotte Corday; will note whither Charlotte

<sup>\*</sup> Meillan, p. 75, Louvet, p. 114.

moves, how the little Life burns forth so radiant, then vanishes swallowed of the Night.

With Barbaroux's Note of Introduction, and slight stock of luggage, we see Charlotte on Tuesday the ninth of July seated in the Caen Diligence, with a place for Paris None takes farewell of her, wishes her Good-journey: her Father will find a line left, signifying that she is gone to England, that he must pardon her, and forget her The drowsv Diligence lumbers along; amid drowsy talk of Politics, and praise of the Mountain: in which she mingles not: all night, all day, and again all night. On Thursday, not long before noon, we are at the bridge of Neuilly; here is Paris with her thousand black domes, the goal and purpose of thy journey! Arrived at the Inn de la Providence in the Rue des Vieux Augustins, Charlotte demands a room; hastens to bed; sleeps all afternoon and night, till the morrow morning.

On the morrow morning, she delivers her Note to Duperret. It relates to certain Family Papers which are in the Minister of the Interior's hand; which a Num at Caen, an old Convent-friend of Charlotte's, has need of; which Duperret shall assist her in getting: this then was Charlotte's errand to Paris? She has finished this, in the course of Friday; — yet says nothing of returning She has seen and silently investigated several things. The Convention, in bodily reality, she has seen; what the Mountain is like. The living physiognomy of Marat she could not see; he is sick at present, and confined to home.

About eight on the Saturday morning, she purchases a large sheath-knife in the Palais Royal; then straightway, in the Place des Victoires, takes a hackney-coach:

"To the Rue de l'École de Médecine, No 44." It is the residence of the Citoyen Marat! - The Citoyen Marat is ill, and cannot be seen; which seems to disappoint her much Her business is with Marat, then? Hapless beautiful Charlotte; hapless squalid Marat! From Caen in the utmost West, from Neuchâtel in the utmost East, they two are drawing nigh each other: they two have, very strangely, business together. -Charlotte, returning to her Inn, despatches a short Note to Marat; signifying that she is from Caen, the seat of rebellion; that she desires earnestly to see him, and "will put it in his power to do France a great service." No answer. Charlotte writes another Note, still more pressing; sets out with it by coach, about seven in the evening, herself. Tired day-labourers have again finished their Week; huge Paris is circling and simmering, manifold, according to its vague wont; this one fair Figure has decision in it; drives straight, towards a purpose

It is yellow July evening, we say, the thirteenth of the month; eve of the Bastille day, — when "M. Marat," four years ago, in the crowd of the Pont Neuf, shrewdly required of that Besenval Hussar-party, which had such friendly dispositions, "to dismount, and give up their arms, then;" and became notable among Patriot men. Four years: what a road he has travelled; — and sits now, about half-past seven of the clock, stewing in slipper-bath; sore afflicted; ill of Revolution Fever, — of what other malady this History had rather not name Excessively sick and worn, poor man: with precisely eleven-pence-halfpenny of ready money, in paper; with slipper-bath; strong three-footed stool for writing on, the while; and a squalid — Washerwoman,

one may call her: that is his civic establishment in Medical-School Street; thither and not elsewhither has his road led him. Not to the reign of Brotherhood and Perfect Felicity; yet surely on the way towards that?—Hark, a rap again! A musical woman's-voice, refusing to be rejected: it is the Citoyenne who would do France a service. Marat, recognising from within, cries, Admit her. Charlotte Corday is admitted

Citoyen Marat, I am from Caen the seat of rebellion, and wished to speak with you. — Be seated, mon enfant. Now what are the Traitors doing at Caen? What Deputies are at Caen? — Charlotte names some Deputies "Their heads shall fall within a fortnight," croaks the eager People's-Friend, clutching his tablets to write: Barbaroux, Pétion, writes he with bare shrunk arm, turning aside in the bath: Pétion, and Louvet, and — Charlotte has drawn her knife from the sheath; plunges it, with one sure stroke, into the writer's heart "A moi, chère amie, Help, dear!" no more could the Death-choked say or shriek The helpful Washerwoman running in, there is no Friend of the People, or Friend of the Washerwoman left; but his life with a groan gushes out, indignant, to the shades below \*

And so Marat People's-Friend is ended; the lone Stylites has got hurled down suddenly from his Pillar, — whitherward He that made him knows. Patriot Paris may sound triple and tenfold, in dole and wail; reechoed by Patriot France; and the Convention, "Chabot "pale with terror, declaring that they are to be all as-"sassinated," may decree him Pantheon Honours, Public Funeral, Mirabeau's dust making way for him; and

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Nos. 197, 8, 9, Hist. Parl axvili. 301-5, Deux Amis, x. 368-74.

Jacobin Societies, in lamentable oratory, summing up his character, parallel him to One, whom they think it honour to call "the good Sansculotte," - whom we name not here; \* also a Chapel may be made, for the urn that holds his Heart, in the Place du Carrousel: and new-born children be named Marat; and Lago-di-Como Hawkers bake mountains of stucco into unbeautiful Busts; and David paint his Picture, or Death-Scene; and such other Apotheosis take place as the human genius, in these circumstances, can devise: but Marat returns no more to the light of this Sun. One sole circumstance we have read with clear sympathy, in the old Moniteur Newspaper: how Marat's Brother comes from Neuchâtel to ask of the Convention, "that the deceased Jean-Paul Marat's musket be given him."\*\* For Marat too had a brother, and natural affections; and was wrapt once in swaddling-clothes, and slept safe in a cradle like the rest of us Ye children of men! - A sister of his, they say, lives still to this day in Paris

As for Charlotte Corday, her work is accomplished; the recompense of it is near and sure. The chère ame, and neighbours of the house, flying at her, she "overturns some movables," entrenches herself till the gendarmes arrive; then quietly surrenders; goes quietly to the Abbaye Prison: she alone quiet, all Paris sounding, in wonder, in rage or admiration, round her. Duperret is put in arrest, on account of her; his Papers sealed, — which may lead to consequences. Fauchet, in like manner; though Fauchet had not so much as heard of

<sup>\*</sup> See Éloge funèbre de Jean-Paul Marat, prononcé à Strasbourg (in Barbaroux, p. 125—131), Mercier, &c.
\*\* Séance du 16 Septembre 1793.

her. Charlotte, confronted with these two Deputies, praises the grave firmness of Duperret, censures the dejection of Fauchet.

On Wednesday morning, the thronged Palais de Justice and Revolutionary Tribunal can see her face; beautiful and calm: she dates it "fourth day of the Preparation of Peace." A strange murmur ran through the Hall, at sight of her; you could not say of what character \* Tinville has his indictments and tape-papers: the cutler of the Palais Royal will testify that he sold her the sheath-knife; "all these details are needless," interrupted Charlotte; "it is I that killed Marat." whose instigation? - "By no one's" What tempted you, then? His crimes. "I killed one man," added she, raising her voice extremely (extrêmement), as they went on with their questions, "I killed one man to save a hundred thousand; a villain to save innocents; a savage wild-beast to give repose to my country I was a Republican before the Revolution: I never wanted energy " There is therefore nothing to be said The public gazes astonished: the hasty limners sketch her features, Charlotte not disapproving, the men of law proceed with their formalities The doom is Death as a murderess. To her Advocate she gives thanks; in gentle phrase, in high-flown classical spirit. To the Priest they send her she gives thanks; but needs not any shriving, any ghostly or other aid from him.

On this same evening therefore, about half-past seven o'clock, from the gate of the Conciergerie, to a City all on tiptoe, the fatal Cart issues; seated on it a fair young creature, sheeted in red smock of Murderess; so beautiful, serene, so full of life; journeying towards death,—

<sup>\*</sup> Procès de Charlotte Corday, &c. (Hist. Parl. xxiii 311-338).

alone amid the World. Many take off their hats, saluting reverently; for what heart but must be touched?\* Others growl and howl. Adam Lux, of Mentz, declares that she is greater than Brutus; that it were beautiful to die with her: the head of this young man seems turned At the Place de la Révolution, the countenance of Charlotte wears the same still smile. The executioners proceed to bind her feet; she resists, thinking it meant as an insult, on a word of explanation, she submits with cheerful apology As the last act, all being now ready, they take the neckerchief from her neck; a blush of maidenly shame overspreads that fair face and neck; the cheeks were still tinged with it when the executioner lifted the severed head, to show it to the people. "It is most true," says Forster, "that "he struck the cheek insultingly; for I saw it with my "eyes: the Police imprisoned him for it." \*\*

In this manner have the Beautifullest and the Squalidest come in collision, and extinguished one another Jean-Paul Marat and Marie-Anne Charlotte Corday both, suddenly, are no more. "Day of the Preparation of Peace?" Alas, how were peace possible or preparable, while, for example, the hearts of lovely Maidens, in their convent-stillness, are dreaming not of Loveparadises, and the light of Life; but of Codrus'-sacrifices, and Death well-earned? That Twenty-five million hearts have got to such temper, this is the Anarchy; the soul of it lies in this: whereof not peace can be the embodiment! The death of Marat, whetting old animosities tenfold, will be worse than any life. O ye hapless Two, mutually extinctive, the Beautiful and

Deux Amis, x 374—384.

the Squalid, sleep ye well, —in the Mother's bosom that bore you both!

This is the History of Charlotte Corday; most definite, most complete; angelic-demonic: like a Star! Adam Lux goes home, half-delirious, to pour forth his Apotheosis of her, in paper and print; to propose that she have a statue with this inscription, Greater than Brutus Friends represent his danger; Lux is reckless; thinks it were beautiful to die with her

# CHAPTER II.

In Civil War.

But during these same hours, another guillotine is at work, on another: Charlotte, for the Girondins, dies at Paris to-day; Chalier, by the Girondins, dies at Lyons to-morrow.

From numbling of cannon along the streets of that City, it has come to firing of them, to rabid fighting: Nièvre Chol and the Girondins triumph; - behind whom there is, as everywhere, a Royalist Faction waiting to strike in. Trouble enough at Lyons; and the dominant party carrying it with a high hand! For, indeed, the whole South is astir; incarcerating Jacobins; arming for Girondins: wherefore we have got a "Congress of Lyons;" also a "Revolutionary Tribunal of Lyons," and Anarchists shall tremble. So Chalier was soon found guilty, of Jacobinism, of murderous Plot, "address with drawn dagger on the sixth of February last;" and, on the morrow, he also travels his final road, along the streets of Lyons, "by the side of an ecclesiastic, with whom he seems to speak earnestly," the axe now glittering nigh. He could

weep, in old years, this man, and "fall on his knees on the pavement," blessing Heaven at sight of Federation Programs or the like; then he pilgrimed to Paris, to worship Marat and the Mountain: now Marat and he are both gone; — we said he could not end well Jacobinism groans inwardly, at Lyons; but dare not outwardly. Chalier, when the Tribunal sentenced him, made answer: "My death will cost this City dear."

Montélimart Town is not buried under its ruins; yet Marseilles is actually marching, under order of a "Lyons Congress;" is incarcerating Patriots; the very Royalists now showing face. Against which a General Cartaux fights, though in small force; and with him an Artillery Major, of the name of — Napoleon Buonaparte. This Napoleon, to prove that the Marseillese have no chance ultimately, not only fights but writes; publishes his Supper of Beaucaire, a Dialogue which has become curious.\* Unfortunate Cities, with their actions and their reactions! Violence to be paid with violence in geometrical ratio; Royalism and Anarchism both striking in; — the final net-amount of which geometrical series, what man shall sum?

The Bar of Iron has never yet floated in Marseilles Harbour; but the Body of Rebecqui was found floating, self-drowned there. Hot Rebecqui, seeing how confusion deepened, and Respectability grew poisoned with Royalism, felt that there was no refuge for a Republican but death. Rebecqui disappeared: no one knew whither; till, one morning, they found the empty case or body of him risen to the top, tumbling on the

<sup>\*</sup> See Hazlitt, ii. 529-41.

salt waves; \* and perceived that Rebecqui had withdrawn forever - Toulon likewise is incarcerating Patriots; sending delegates to Congress; intriguing, in case of necessity, with the Royalists and English Montpellier, Bourdeaux, Nantes: all France, that is not under the swoop of Austria and Cimmeria, seems rushing into madness, and suicidal ruin The Mountain labours, like a volcano in a burning volcanic Land Convention Committees, of Surety, of Salvation, are busy night and day: Convention Commissioners whirl on all highways; bearing olive-branch and sword, or now perhaps sword only Chaumette and Municipals come daily to the Tuileries demanding a Constitution: it is some weeks now since he resolved, in Townhall, that a Deputation "should go every day," and demand a Constitution, till one were got; \*\* whereby suicidal France might rally and pacify itself, a thing inexpressibly desirable

This then is the fruit your Antianarchic Girondins have got from that Levying of War in Calvados? This fruit, we may say; and no other whatsoever For indeed, before either Charlotte's or Chalier's head had fallen, the Calvados War itself had, as it were, vanished, dreamlike, in a shriek! With "seventy-two Departments" on our side, one might have hoped better things. But it turns out that Respectabilities, though they will vote, will not fight. Possession always is nine points in Law; but in Lawsuits of thus kind, one may say, it is ninety-and-nine points. Men do what they were wont to do; and have immense irresolution and inertia: they obey him who has the symbols that claim obedience. Consider what, in modern society,

<sup>\*</sup> Barbaroux, p. 29.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deux Amis, x. 345.

this one fact means: the Metropolis is with our enemies! Metropolis, Mother-city; rightly so named: all the rest are but as her children, her nurslings. Why, there is not a leathern Diligence, with its post-bags and luggage-boots, that lumbers out from her, but is as a huge life-pulse; she is the heart of all. Cut short that one leathern Diligence, how much is cut short!—General Wimpfen, looking practically into the matter, can see nothing for it but that one should fall back on Royalism; get into communication with Pitt! Dark innuendoes he flings out, to that effect: whereat we Girondins start, horror-struck. He produces as his Second in command a certain "Ci-devant," one Comte Puisaye; entirely unknown to Louvet; greatly suspected by him.

Few wars, accordingly, were ever levied of a more insufficient character than this of Calvados. He that is curious in such things may read the details of it in the Memoirs of that same Ci-devant Puisave, the muchenduring man and Royalist: How our Girondin National forces, marching off with plenty of wind-music, were drawn out about the old Château of Brécourt, in the wood-country near Vernon, to meet the Mountain National forces advancing from Paris. How on the fifteenth afternoon of July, they did meet; - and, as it were, shrieked mutually, and took mutually to flight, without loss. How Puisaye thereafter, - for the Mountain Nationals fled first, and we thought ourselves the victors, - was roused from his warm bed in the Castle of Brécourt; and had to gallop without boots; our Nationals, in the night-watches, having fallen unexpectedly into sauve-qui-peut: - and in brief the Calvados War had burnt priming; and the only question now was, Whitherward to vanish, in what hole to hide one's self!\*

The National Volunteers rush homewards, faster than they came. The Seventy-two Respectable Departments, says Meillan, "all turned round and forsook us, in the space of four-and-twenty hours." Unhappy those who, as at Lyons for instance, have gone too far for turning! "One morning," we find placarded on our Intendance Mansion, the Decree of Convention which casts us Hors la loi, into Outlawry: placarded by our Caen Magistrates; - clear hint that we also are to vanish. Vanish indeed: but whitherward? Gorsas has friends in Rennes; he will hide there, - unhappily will not lie hid. Guadet, Lanjumais are on cross roads; making for Bourdeaux. To Bourdeaux! cries the general voice, of Valour alike and of Despair. Some flag of Respectability still floats there, or is thought to float

Thitherward therefore; each as he can! Eleven of these ill-fated Deputies, among whom we may count as twelfth, Friend Riouffe the Man of Letters, do an original thing: Take the uniform of National Volunteers, and retreat southward with the Breton Battalion, as private soldiers of that corps. These brave Bretons had stood truer by us than any other. Nevertheless, at the end of a day or two, they also do now get dubious, self-divided; we must part from them, and, with some half-dozen as convoy or guide, retreat by ourselves, — a solitary marching detachment, through waste regions of the West.\*\*

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Puisaye (London, 1803), 11. 142-67

<sup>\*\*</sup> Louvet, pp. 101-137, Meillan, pp. 81, 241-70

## CHAPTER III.

Retreat of the Eleven.

It is one of the notablest Retreats, this of the Eleven, that History presents: The handful of forlorn Legislators retreating there, continually, with shouldered firelock and well-filled cartridge-box, in the yellow autumn; long hundreds of miles between them and Bourdeaux; the country all getting hostile, suspicious of the truth; simmering and buzzing on all sides, more and more. Louvet has preserved the Itinerary of it, a piece worth all the rest he ever wrote

O virtuous Pétion, with thy early-white head, O brave young Barbaroux, has it come to this? Weary ways, worn shoes, light purse; - encompassed with perils as with a sea! Revolutionary Committees are in every Township; of Jacobin temper; our friends all cowed, our cause the losing one. In the Borough of Moncontour, by ill chance, it is market-day: to the gaping public such transit of a solitary Marching Detachment is suspicious; we have need of energy, of promptitude and luck, to be allowed to march through. Hasten, ye weary pilgrims! The country is getting up, noise of you is bruited day after day, a solitary Twelve retreating in this mysterious manner: with every new day, a wider wave of inquisitive pursuing tumult is stirred up, till the whole West will be in motion "Cussy is tormented with gout, Buzot is too fat for marching." Riouffe, blistered, bleeding, marches only on tiptoe; Barbaroux limps with sprained ancle, yet ever cheery, full of hope and valour. Light Louvet glances hare-eyed, not hare-hearted: only virtuous Pétion's serenity "was but once seen ruffled." They lie in straw-lofts, in woody brakes; rudest paillasse on the floor of a secret friend is luxury They are seized in the dead of night by Jacobin mayors and tap of drum; get off by firm countenance, rattle of muskets, and ready wit.

Of Bourdeaux, through fiery La Vendée and the long geographical spaces that remain, it were madness to think: well, if you can get to Quimper on the sea-coast, and take shipping there. Faster, ever faster! Before the end of the march, so hot has the country grown, it is found advisable to march all night. They do it; under the still night-canopy they plod along; and yet behold, Rumour has outplodded them. In the paltry Village of Carhaix (be its thatched huts and bottomless peat-bogs long notable to the Traveller), one is astonished to find light still glimmering: citizens are awake, with rushlights burning, in that nook of the terrestrial Planet; as we traverse swiftly the one poor street, a voice is heard saying, "There they are, Les voilà qui passent!" \*\* Swifter, ye doomed lame Twelve: speed ere they can arm; gain the Woods of Quimper before day, and lie squatted there!

The doomed Twelve do it; though with difficulty, with loss of road, with peril and the mistakes of a night. In Quimper are Girondin friends, who perhaps will harbour the homeless, till a Bourdeaux ship weigh. Wayworn, heartworn, in agony of suspense, till Quimper friendship get warning, they he there, squatted under the thick wet boscage; suspicious of the face of man. Some pity to the brave; to the unhappy! Unhappiest of all Legislators, O when ye packed your

<sup>\*</sup> Meillan, pp. 119-137.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Louvet, pp 138-164.

luggage, some score or two-score months ago, and mounted this or the other leathern vehicle, to be Conscript Fathers of a regenerated France, and reap deathless laurels, — did ye think your journey was to lead hither? The Quimper Samaritans find them squatted; lift them up to help and comfort; will hide them in sure places Thence let them dissipate gradually; or there they can lie quiet, and write Memoirs, till a Bourdeaux ship sail.

And thus, in Calvados all is dissipated; Romme is out of prison, meditating his Calendar; ringleaders are locked in his room. At Caen the Cordav family mourns in silence; Buzot's House is a heap of dust and demolition; and amid the rubbish sticks a Gallows; with this inscription, Here dwelt the Traitor Buzot who conspired against the Republic. Buzot and the other vanished Deputies are hors la loi, as we saw; their lives free to take where they can be found. The worse fares it with the poor Arrested visible Deputies at Paris. "Arrestment at home" threatens to become "Confinement in the Luxembourg;" to end: where? For example, what palevisaged thin man is this, journeying towards Switzerland as a Merchant of Neuchâtel, whom they arrest in the town of Moulins? To Revolutionary Committee he is suspect. To Revolutionary Committee, on probing the matter, he is evidently: Deputy Brissot! Back to thy Arrestment, poor Brissot; or indeed to strait confinement. - whither others are fated to follow. Rabaut has built himself a false-partition, in a friend's house; lives, in invisible darkness, between two walls. It will end, this same Arrestment business, in Prison, and the Revolutionary Tribunal.

Nor must we forget Duperret, and the seal put on his papers by reason of Charlotte One Paper is there, fit to breed woe enough: A secret solemn Protest against that suprema dies of the Second of June! This Secret Protest our poor Duperret had drawn up, the same week, in all plainness of speech; waiting the time for publishing it: to which Secret Protest his signature, and that of other honourable Deputies not a few, stands legibly appended And now, if the seals were once broken, the Mountain still victorious? Such Protesters, your Merciers, Bailleuls, Seventy-three by the tale, what yet remains of Respectable Girondism in the Convention, may tremble to think!— These are the fruits of levving civil war.

Also we find, that in these last days of July, the famed Siege of Mentz is finished. the Garrison to march out with honours of war; not to serve against the Coalition for a year Lovers of the Picturesque, and Goethe standing on the Chaussée of Mentz, saw, with due interest, the Procession issuing forth, in all solemnity:

"Escorted by Prussian horse came first the French "Garrison. Nothing could look stranger than this "latter: a column of Marseillese, slight, swarthy, particoloured, in patched clothes, came tripping on; — as "if King Edwin had opened the Dwarf Hill, and sent "out his nimble Host of Dwarfs Next followed regular "troops; serious, sullen; not as if downcast or ashamed "But the remarkablest appearance, which struck every "one, was that of the Chasers (Chasseurs) coming out "mounted: they had advanced quite silent to where we "stood, when their Band struck up the Marseillarse." This revolutionary Te-Deum has in itself something

"mournful and bodeful, however briskly played; but "at present they gave it in altogether slow time, pro-"portionate to the creeping step they rode at. It was "piercing and fearful, and a most serious-looking thing, "as these cavaliers, long, lean men, of a certain age, "with mien suitable to the music, came pacing on. "singly you might have likened them to Don Quixote;

"in mass, they were highly dignified

"But now a single troop became notable: that of "the Commissioners or Représentans. Merlin of Thi-"onville, in hussar uniform, distinguishing himself by "wild beard and look, had another person in similar "costume on his left; the crowd shouted out, with rage, "at sight of this latter, the name of a Jacobin Townsman "and Clubbist; and shook itself to seize him. Merlin "drew bridle; referred to his dignity as French Re-"presentative, to the vengeance that should follow any "injury done; he would advise every one to compose "himself, for this was not the last time they would see "him here" \* Thus rode Merlin; threatening in defeat. But what now shall stem that tide of Prussians settingin through the opened Northeast? Lucky if fortified Lines of Weissembourg, and impassabilities of Vosges Mountains confine it to French Alsace, keep it from submerging the very heart of the country!

Furthermore, precisely in the same days, Valenciennes Siege is finished, in the Northwest:—fallen, under the red hail of York! Condé fell some fortnight since Cimmerian Coalition presses on. What seems very notable too, on all these captured French Towns

<sup>\*</sup> Belagerung von Mainz (Goethe's Werke, xxx. 315).

there flies not the Royalist fleur-de-lys, in the name of a new Louis the Pretender; but the Austrian flag flies; as if Austria meant to keep them for herself! Perhaps General Custine, still in Paris, can give some explanation of the fall of these strong-places? Mother-Society, from tribune and gallery, growls loud that he ought to do it; — remarks, however, in a splenetic manner that "the Monsieurs of the Palais Royal" are calling Long-life to this General.

The Mother-Society, purged now, by successive "scrutimes or épurations," from all taint of Girondism, has become a great Authority: what we can call shield-bearer, or bottle-holder, nay call it fugleman, to the purged National Convention itself. The Jacobins Debates are reported in the Monteur, like Parliamentary ones.

# CHAPTER IV

#### O Nature.

But looking more specially into Paris City, what is this that History, on the 10th of August Year One of Liberty, "by old-style, year 1793," discerns there? Praised be the Heavens, a new Feast of Pikes!

For Chaumette's "Deputation every day" has worked out its result: a Constitution It was one of the rapidest Constitutions ever put together; made, some say in eight days, by Hérault Séchelles and others; probably a workmanlike, roadworthy Constitution enough; — on which point, however, we are, for some reasons, little called to form a judgment Workmanlike or not, the Forty-four Thousand Communes of France, by over-

whelming majorities, did hasten to accept it, glad of any Constitution whatsoever Nay Departmental Deputies have come, the venerablest Republicans of each Department, with solemn message of Acceptance; and now what remains but that our new Final Constitution be proclaimed, and sworn to, in Feast of Pikes? The Departmental Deputies, we say, are come some time ago; Chaumette very anxious about them, lest Girondin Monsieurs, Agio-jobbers, or were it even Filles de joue of a Girondin temper, corrupt their morals.\* Tenth of August, immortal Anniversary, greater almost than Bastille July, is the Day

Painter David has not been idle Thanks to David and the French genius, there steps forth into the sunlight, this day, a Scenic Phantasmagory unexampled—whereof History, so occupied with Real Phantasmagories, will say but little

For one thing, History can notice with satisfaction, on the ruins of the Bastille, a Statue of Nature; gigantic, spouting water from her two mammelles. Not a Dream this; but a fact, palpable visible. There she spouts, great Nature; dim, before daybreak But as the coming Sun ruddies the East, come countless Multitudes, regulated and unregulated; come Departmental Deputies, come Mother-Society and Daughters; comes National Convention, led on by handsome Hérault; soft windmusic breathing note of expectation Lo, as great Sol scatters his first fire-handful, tipping the hills and chimney-heads with gold, Hérault is at great Nature's feet (she is Plaster of Paris merely); Hérault lifts, in an iron saucer, water spouted from the sacred breasts; drinks

<sup>\*</sup> Denx Amis, xi. 73.

of it, with an eloquent Pagan Prayer, beginning, "O Nature!" and all the Departmental Deputies drink, each with what best suitable ejaculation or propheticutterance is in him; — amid breathings, which become blasts, of wind-music; and the roar of artillery and human throats. finishing well the first act of this solemnity.

Next are processionings along the Boulevards: Deputies or Officials bound together by long indivisible tricolor riband; general "members of the Sovereign" walking pell-mell, with pikes, with hammers, with the tools and emblems of their crafts; among which we notice a Plough, and ancient Baucis and Philemon seated on it, drawn by their children. Many-voiced harmony and dissonance filling the air Through Triumphal Arches enough: at the basis of the first of which, we descry - whom thinkest thou? - the Heroines of the Insurrection of Women Strong Dames of the Market, they sit there (Théroigne too ill to attend, one fears), with oakbranches, tricolor bedizenment; firm seated on their Cannons To whom handsome Hérault, making pause of admiration, addresses soothing eloquence, whereupon they rise and fall into the march

And now mark, in the Place de la Révolution, what other august Statue may this be, veiled in canvass,—which swiftly we shear off by pulley and cord? The Statue of Liberty! She too is of plaster, hoping to become of metal; stands where a Tyrant Louis Quinze once stood "Three thousand birds" are let loose, into the whole world, with labels round their neck, We are free; imitate us. Holocaust of Royalist and ci-devant trumpery, such as one could still gather, is burnt; pon-

tifical eloquence must be uttered, by handsome Hérault, and Pagan orisons offered up

And then forward across the River; where is new enormous Statuary; enormous plaster Mountain; Hercules-Peuple, with uplifted all-conquering club; "many-"headed Dragon of Girondin Federalism rising from "fetid marsh:" — needing new eloquence from Hérault. To say nothing of Champ-de-Mars, and Fatherland's Altar there; with urn of slain Defenders, Carpenter's-level of the Law; and such exploding, gesticulating and perorating, that Hérault's lips must be growing white, and his tongue cleaving to the roof of his mouth \*

Towards six o'clock let the wearied President, let Paris Patriotism generally sit down to what repast, and social repasts, can be had; and with flowing tankard or light-mantling glass, usher in this New and Newest Era In fact, is not Romme's New Calendar getting ready? On all housetops flicker little tricolor Flags, their flag-staff a Pike and Liberty-Cap On all house-walls, for no Patriot, not suspect, will be behind another, there stand printed these words: Republic one and indivisible, Liberty, Equality, Fraternity, or Death.

As to the New Calendar, we may say here rather than elsewhere that speculative men have long been struck with the inequalities and incongruities of the Old Calendar; that a New one has long been as good as determined on Maréchal the Atheist, almost ten years ago, proposed a New Calendar, free at least

<sup>&</sup>quot; Choix des Rapports, x11. 432-42.

from superstition: this the Paris Municipality would now adopt, in defect of a better; at all events, let us have either this of Maréchal's or a better, - the New Era being come Petitions, more than once, have been sent to that effect, and indeed, for a year past, all Public Bodies, Journalists, and Patriots in general, have dated First Year of the Republic. It is a subject not without difficulties. But the Convention has taken it up, and Romme, as we say, has been meditating it; not Maréchal's New Calendar, but a better New one of Romme's and our own. Romme, aided by a Monge, a Lagrange and others, furnishes mathematics; Fabre d'Églantine furnishes poetic nomenclature: and so, on the 5th of October 1793, after trouble enough, they bring forth this New Republican Calendar of theirs, in a complete state; and by Law, get it put in action

Four equal Seasons, Twelve equal Months of Thirty days each; this makes three hundred and sixty days; and five odd days remain to be disposed of The five odd days we will make Festivals, and name the five Sansculottides, or Days without Breeches Festival of Genius; Festival of Labour; of Actions; of Rewards; of Opinion: these are the five Sansculottides. Whereby the great Circle, or Year, is made complete: solely every fourth year, whilom called Leap-year, we introduce a sixth Sansculottide: and name it Festival of the Revolution Now as to the day of commencement, which offers difficulties, is it not one of the luckiest coincidences that the Republic herself commenced on the 21st of September; close on the Vernal Equinox? Vernal Equinox, at midnight for the meridian of Paris, in the year whilom Christian 1792, from that moment

shall the New Era reckon itself to begin. Vendémiaire, Brumaire, Frimaire; or as one might say, in mixed English, Vintagearious, Fogarious, Frostarious: these are our three Autumn months. Nivose, Pluviose, Ventose, or say, Snowous, Rainous, Windous, make our Winter season. Germinal, Floréal, Prairial, or Buddal, Floweral, Meadowal, are our Spring season. Messidor, Thermidor, Fructidor, that is to say (dor being Greek for gift) Reapidor, Heatidor, Fruitidor, are Republican Summer. These Twelve, in a singular manner, divide the Republican Year Then as to minuter subdivisions, let us venture at once on a bold stroke: adopt your decimal subdivision; and instead of the world-old Week, or Se'ennight, make it a Tennight, or Décade;—not without results. There are three Decades, then, in each of the months, which is very regular; and the Décadi, or Tenth-day, shall always be the "Day of Rest." And the Christian Sabbath, in that case? Shall shift for itself!

This, in brief, is the New Calendar of Romme and the Convention; calculated for the meridian of Paris, and Gospel of Jean Jacques: not one of the least afflicting occurrences for the actual British reader of French History; — confusing the soul with Messudors, Meadowals; till at last, in self-defence, one is forced to construct some ground-scheme, or rule of Commutation from New-style to Old-style, and have it lying by him. Such ground-scheme, almost worn out in our service, but still legible and printable, we shall now, in a Note, present to the reader. For the Romme Calendar, in so many Newspapers, Memoirs, Public Acts, has stamped itself deep into that section of Time a New Era that lasts some Twelve years and odd is

not to be despised.\* Let the reader, therefore, with such ground-scheme, help himself where needful, out of New-style into Old-style, called also "slave-style, stile-esclave;" — whereof we, in these pages, shall as much as possible use the latter only.

Thus with new Feast of Pikes, and New Era or New Calendar, did France accept her New Constitution: the most Democratic Constitution ever committed to paper. How it will work in practice? Patriot Deputations, from time to time, solicit fruition of it; that it be set a-going. Always, however, this seems questionable; for the moment, unsuitable Till, in some weeks, Salut Public, through the organ of Saint-Just, makes report, that, in the present alarming circumstances, the state of France is Revolutionary; that her "Government must be Revolutionary till the Peace!" Solely as Paper, then, and as a Hope, must this poor new

\* September 22d of 1792 is Vondémiaire 1st of Year One, and the new months are all of 30 days each, therefore

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5	Pluviose								19	14	Januar	٧								31
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the	Messidor	_							18	have	June		_				_	_	_	30
To.	Thermido		:	:	:	:	:	:	18	Ā	July	:	:	:	•		•	:	:	31
•	Fructidor	•				:	Ī		17	W.	August									31

There are 5 Sansculottides, and in leap-year a sixth, to be added at the end of Fructidor.

The New Calendar ceased on the 1st of January 1806 See Choix des Rapports, xiii. 83-99, xix. 199.

Constitution exist; — in which shape we may conceive it lying, even now, with an infinity of other things, in that Limbo near the Moon. Further than paper it never got, nor ever will get.

# CHAPTER V.

Sword of Sharpness.

In fact it is something quite other than paper theorems, it is iron and audacity that France now needs.

Is not La Vendée still blazing; — alas too literally; rogue Rossignol burning the very corn-mills? General Santerre could do nothing there; General Rossignol, in blind fury, often in liquor, can do less than nothing. Rebellion spreads, grows ever madder. Happily those lean Quixote-figures, whom we saw retreating out of Mentz, "bound not to serve against the Coalition for a year," have got to Paris. National Convention packs them into post-vehicles and conveyances; sends them swiftly, by post, into La Vendée. There valiantly struggling, in obscure battle and skirmish, under rogue Rossignol, let them, unlaureled, save the Republic, and "be cut down gradually to the last man."\*

Does not the Coalition, like a fire-tide, pour in; Prussia through the opened Northeast; Austria, England through the Northwest? General Houchard prospers no better there than General Custine did: let him look to it! Through the Eastern and the Western Pyrenees Spain has deployed itself; spreads, rustling with Bourbon banners, over the face of the

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xi. 147; xiii. 160-92, &c.

South Ashes and embers of confused Girondin civil war covered that region already Marseilles is damped down, not quenched; to be quenched in blood Toulon, terrorstruck, too far gone for turning, has flung itself, ve righteous Powers. — into the hands of the English! On Toulon Arsenal there flies a Flag, - nav not even the Fleur-de-lys of a Louis Pretender: there flies that accursed St George's Cross of the English and Admiral Hood! What remnant of sea-craft, arsenals, roperies, war-navy France had, has given itself to these enemies of human nature, "ennems du genre humain." Beleaguer it, bombard it, ve Commissioners Barras, Fréron, Robespierre Junior: thou General Cartaux, General Dugommier; above all, thou remarkable Artillery-Major, Napoleon Buonaparte! Hood is fortifying himself, victualling himself; means, apparently, to make a new Gibraltar of it.

But lo, in the Autumn night, late night, among the last of August, what sudden red sunblaze is this that has risen over Lyons City; with a noise to deafen the world? It is the Powder-tower of Lyons, nay the Arsenal with four Powder-towers, which has caught fire in the Bombardment; and sprung into the air, carrying "a hundred and seventeen houses" after it. With a light, one fancies, as of the noon sun; with a roar second only to the Last Trumpet! All living sleepers far and wide it has awakened What a sight was that, which the eye of History saw, in the sudden nocturnal sunblaze! The roofs of hapless Lyons, and all its domes and steeples made momentarily clear; Rhone and Soane streams flashing suddenly visible; and height and hollow, hamlet and smooth stubble-

field, and all the region round; — heights, alas, all scarped and counterscarped, into trenches, curtains, redouts; blue Artillery-men, little Powder-devilkins, plying their hell-trade, there through the not ambrosial night! Let the darkness cover it again; for it pains the eye. Of a truth, Chalier's death is costing the City dear. Convention Commissioners, Lyons Congresses have come and gone; and action there was and reaction; bad ever growing worse; till it has come to this: Commissioner Dubois-Crancé, "with seventythousand men, and all the Artillery of several Pro-

vinces," bombarding Lyons day and night

Worse things still are in store. Famine is in Lyons, and ruin and fire. Desperate are the sallies of the besieged; brave Précy, their National Colonel and Commandant, doing what is in man: desperate but ineffectual Provisions cut off; nothing entering our city but shot and shells! The Arsenal has roared aloft; the very Hospital will be battered down, and the sick buried alive. A black Flag hung on this latter noble Edifice, appealing to the pity of the besiegers; for though maddened, were they not still our brethren? In their blind wrath, they took it for a flag of defiance, and aimed thitherward the more Bad is growing ever worse here: and how will the worse stop, till it have grown worst of all? Commissioner Dubois will listen to no pleading, to no speech, save this only, We surrender at discretion Lyons contains in it subdued Jacobins; dominant Girondins; secret Royalists. And now, mere deaf madness and cannon-shot enveloping them, will not the desperate Municipality fly, at last, into the arms of Royalism itself? Majesty of Sardinia was to bring help, but it failed. Emigrant d'Autichamp, in name of the Two Pretender Royal Highnesses, is coming through Switzerland with help; coming, not yet come: Précy hoists the Fleur-de-lys!

At sight of which, all true Girondins sorrowfully fling down their arms: — Let our Tracolor brethren storm us, then, and slay us in their wrath; with you we conquer not The famishing women and children are sent forth: deaf Dubois sends them back; — rains in mere fire and madness. Our "redouts of cottonbags" are taken, retaken; Précy under his Fleur-delys is valiant as Despair What will become of Lyons? It is a siege of seventy days \*

Or see, in these same weeks, far in the Western waters breasting through the Bay of Biscay, a greasy dingy little Merchant-ship, with Scotch skipper; under hatches whereof sit, disconsolate, - the last forlorn nucleus of Girondism, the Deputies from Quimper! Several have dissipated themselves, whithersoever they could. Poor Riouffe fell into the talons of Revolutionary committee, and Paris Prison. The rest sit here under hatches; reverend Pétion with his grey hair, angry Buzot, suspicious Louvet, brave young Barbaroux, and others. They have escaped from Quimper, in this sad craft; are now tacking and struggling; in danger from the waves, in danger from the English, in still worse danger from the French; banished by Heaven and Earth to the greasy belly of this Scotch skipper's Merchant-vessel, unfruitful Atlantic raving round They are for Bourdeaux, if peradventure hope yet linger there Enter not Bourdeaux,

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xi 80-143.

O Friends! Bloody Convention Representatives, Tallien and such like, with their Educts, with their Guillotine, have arrived there; Respectability is driven under ground; Jacobinism lords it on high From that Réole landingplace, or *Beak of Ambès*, as it were, Pale Death, waving his Revolutionary Sword of Sharpiness, waves you elsewhither!

On one side or the other of that Bec d'Ambès, the Scotch Skipper with difficulty moors, a dexterous greasy man; with difficulty lands his Girondins; — who, after reconnoitring, must rapidly burrow in the Earth; and so, in subterranean ways, in friends' back-closets, in cellars, barn-lofts, in caves of Saint-Emilion and Libourne, stave off cruel Death \* Unhappiest of all Senators!

# CHAPTER VI.

# Risen against Tyrants.

AGAINST all which incalculable impediments, horrors and disasters, what can a Jacobin Convention oppose? The uncalculating Spirit of Jacobinism, and Sansculottic sans-formulistic Frenzy! Our Enemies press-in on us, says Danton, but they shall not conquer us, "we will burn France to ashes rather, nous brûlerons la France."

Committees, of Sureté, of Salut, have raised themselves, "à la hauteur, to the height of circumstances" Let all mortals raise themselves à la hauteur. Let the Forty-four thousand Sections and their Revolutionary Committees stir every fibre of the Republic; and every Frenchman feel that he is to do or die. They are the

<sup>\*</sup> Louvet, pp. 180-199.

life-circulation of Jacobinism, these Sections and Committees: Danton, through the organ of Barrère and Salut Public, gets decreed, That there be in Paris, by law, two meetings of Section weekly; also, that the Poorer Citizen be paid for attending, and have his day's-wages of Forty Sous.\* This is the celebrated "Law of the Forty Sous;" fiercely stimulant to Sansculottism, to the life-circulation of Jacobinism

On the twenty-third of August, Committee of Public Salvation, as usual through Barrère, had promulgated, in words not unworthy of remembering, their Report, which is soon made into a Law, of Levy in Mass. "All France, and whatsoever it contains of men or "resources, is put under requisition," says Barrère, really in Tyrtæan words, the best we know of his "The Republic is one vast besieged city" Twohundred and fifty Forges shall, in these days, be set up in the Luxembourg Garden, and round the outer wall of the Tuileries; to make gun-barrels; in sight of Earth and Heaven! From all hamlets, towards their Departmental Town; from all Departmental Towns, towards the appointed Camp and seat of war, the Sons of Freedom shall march; their banner is to bear: "Le Peuple Français debout contre les Tyrans, The "French People risen against Tyrants" "The young "men shall go to the battle; it is their task to conquer: "the married men shall forge arms, transport baggage "and artillery: provide subsistence: the women shall "work at soldiers' clothes, make tents; serve in the "hospitals: the children shall scrape old-linen into "surgeon's-lint the aged men shall have themselves "carried into public places; and there, by their words,

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 5 Septembre 1793.

240 TERROR.

"excite the courage of the young; preach hatred to "Kings and unity to the Republic."\* Tyrtæan words; which tingle through all French hearts

In this humour, then, since no other serves, will France rush against its enemies. Headlong, reckoning no cost or consequence; heeding no law or rule but that supreme law, Salvation of the People! The weapons are, all the iron that is in France; the strength is, that of all the men, women and children that are in France. There, in their two-hundred and fifty shed-smithies, in Garden of Luxembourg or Tuileries, let them forge gun-barrels, in sight of Heaven and Earth.

Nor with heroic daring against the Foreign foe, can black vengeance against the Domestic be wanting Life-circulation of the Revolutionary Committees being quickened by that Law of the Forty Sous, Deputy Merlin, not the Thionviller, whom we saw ride out of Mentz, but Merlin of Douai, named subsequently Merlin Suspect, — comes, about a week after, with his world-famous Law of the Suspect: ordering all Sections, by their Committees, instantly to arrest all Persons Suspect; and explaining withal who the Arrestable and Suspect specially are. "Are suspect," says he, "all who by their actions, by their connexions, "speakings, writings have"—in short become Suspect \*\* Nay Chaumette, illuminating the matter still further, in his Municipal Placards and Proclamations, will bring it about that you may almost recognise a Suspect on the streets, and clutch him there, — off to Committee,

<sup>\*</sup> Débats, Séance du 23 Août 1793.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 17 Septembre 1793.

and Prison. Watch well your words, watch well your looks: if Suspect of nothing else, you may grow, as came to be a saying, "Suspect of being Suspect!" For are we not in a State of Revolution?

No frightfuller Law ever ruled in a Nation of men. All Prisons and Houses of Arrest in French land are getting crowded to the ridge-tile: Forty-four thousand Committees, like as many companies of reapers or gleaners, gleaning France, are gathering their harvest, and storing it in these Houses. Harvest of Aristocrat tares! Nay lest the Forty-four thousand, each on its own harvest-field, prove insufficient, we are to have an ambulant "Revolutionary Army:" six-thousand strong, under right captains, this shall perambulate the country at large, and strike in wherever it finds such harvest-work slack So have Municipality and Mother-Society petitioned; so has Convention decreed.\* Let Aristocrats, Federalists, Monsieurs vanish, and all men tremble: "the Soil of Liberty shall be purged," with a vengeance!

Neither hitherto has the Revolutionary Tribunal been keeping holyday. Blanchelande, for losing Saint-Domingo; "Conspirators of Orleans," for "assassinating," for assaulting the sacred Deputy Leonard-Bourdon: these with many Nameless, to whom life was sweet, have died Daily the great Guillotine has its due Like a black Spectre, daily at eventide, glides the Death-tumbril through the variegated throng of things. The variegated street shudders at it, for the moment; next moment forgets it: The Aristocrats! They were guilty against the Republic; their death, were it only

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séances du 5, 9, 11 Septembre

242 TERROR

that their goods are confiscated, will be useful to the Republic; Vive la République!

In the last days of August fell a notabler head: General Custine's Custine was accused of harshness, of unskilfulness, perfidiousness; accused of many things: tound guilty, we may say, of one thing, unsuccessfulness Hearing his unexpected Sentence, "Custine tell down before the Crucifix," silent for the space of two hours: he fared, with moist eyes and a look of prayer, towards the Place de la Révolution; glanced upwards at the clear suspended axe; then mounted swiftly aloft,\* swiftly was struck away from the lists of the Living. He had fought in America; he was a proud, brave man; and his fortune led him hither.

On the 2d of this same month, at three in the morning, a vehicle rolled off, with closed blinds, from the Temple to the Conciergerie. Within it were two Municipals; and Marie-Antoinette, once Queen of France! There in that Conciergerie, in ignominious dreary cell, she, secluded from children, kindred, triend and hope, sits long weeks; expecting when the end will be.\*\*\*

The Guillotine, we find, gets always a quicker motion, as other things are quickening. The Guillotine, by its speed of going, will give index of the general velocity of the Republic The clanking of its huge axe, rising and falling there, in horrid systole-diastole, is portion of the whole enormous Life-movement and pulsation of the Sansculottic System!—

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, x1. 148-188.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Mémoires Particuliers de la Captivité à la Tour du Temple (by the Duchesse d'Angoulême, Paris, 21 Janvier 1817).

"Orleans Conspirators" and Assaulters had to die, in spite of much weeping and entreating; so sacred is the person of a Deputy Yet the sacred can become desecrated; your very Deputy is not greater than the Guillotine. Poor Deputy Journalist Gorsas: we saw him hide at Rennes, when the Calvados War burnt priming. He stole, afterwards, in August, to Paris, lurked several weeks about the Palais ci-devant Royal; was seen there, one day; was clutched, identified, and without ceremony, being already "out of the Law," was sent to the Place de la Révolution. He died, recommending his wife and children to the pity of the Republic. It is the ninth day of October 1793. Gorsas is the first Deputy that dies on the scaffold; he will not be the last

Ex-Mayor Bailly is in Prison; Ex-Procureur Manuel Brissot and our poor Arrested Girondins have become Incarcerated Indicted Girondins; universal Jacobinism clamouring for their punishment. Duperret's Seals are broken! Those Seventy-three Secret Protesters, suddenly one day, are reported upon, are decreed accused; the Convention-doors being "previously shut," that none implicated might escape. They were marched, in a very rough manner, to Prison that evening. Happy those of them who chanced to be absent! Condorcet has vanished into darkness; perhaps, like Rabaut, sits between two walls, in the house of a friend.

244 TERROR

### CHAPTER VII.

Marie-Antoinette.

On Monday the Fourteenth of October, 1793, a Cause is pending in the Palais de Justice, in the new Revolutionary Court, such as these old stone-walls never witnessed: the Trial of Marie-Antoinette. The once brightest of Queens, now tarnished, defaced, forsaken, stands here at Fouquier-Tinville's Judgmentbar; answering for her life. The Indictment was delivered her last night \* To such changes of human fortune what words are adequate? Silence alone is adequate.

There are few Printed things one meets with, of such tragic, almost ghastly, significance as those bald Pages of the Bulletin du Tribunal Révolutionnaire. which bear title, Trial of the Widow Capet. Dim, dim, as if in disastrous eclipse; like the pale kingdoms of Dis! Plutonic Judges, Plutonic Tinville; encircled, nine times, with Styx and Lethe, with Fire-Phlegethon and Cocytus named of Lamentation! The very witnesses summoned are like Ghosts: exculpatory, inculpatory, they themselves are all hovering over death and doom; they are known, in our imagination, as the prey of the Guillotine. Tall ci-devant Count d'Estaing. anxious to show himself Patriot, cannot escape; nor Bailly, who, when asked If he knows the Accused, answers with a reverent inclination towards her. "Ah, yes, I know Madame." Ex-Patriots are here, sharply dealt with, as Procureur Manuel; Ex-Ministers, shorn of their splendour. We have cold Aristocratic impas-

<sup>\*</sup> Procès de la Reine (Deux Amis, xi. 251-381).

sivity, faithful to itself even in Tartarus; rabid stupidity, of Patriot Corporals, Patriot Washerwomen, who have much to say of Plots, Treasons, August Tenth, old Insurrection of Women. For all now has become a crime, in her who has lost.

Marie-Antoinette, in this her utter abandonment, and hour of extreme need, is not wanting to herself, the imperial woman. Her look, they say, as that hideous Indictment was reading, continued calm; "she "was sometimes observed moving her fingers, as when "one plays on the Piano" You discern, not without interest, across that dim Revolutionary Bulletin itself, how she bears herself queenlike. Her answers are prompt, clear, often of Laconic brevity; resolution, which has grown contemptuous without ceasing to be dignified, veils itself in calm words. "You persist then in denial?" - "My plan is not denial: it is the truth I have said, and I persist in that." Scandalous Hébert has borne his testimony as to many things: as to one thing, concerning Marie-Antoinette and her little Son, -- wherewith Human Speech had better not further be soiled. She has answered Hébert; a Juryman begs to observe that she has not answered as to this. "I have not answered," she exclaims with noble emotion, "because Nature refuses to answer such a charge brought against a Mother. I appeal to all the Mothers that are here." Robespierre, when he heard of it, broke out into something almost like swearing at the brutish blockheadism of this Hébert;\* on whose foul head his foul lie has recoiled. At four o'clock on Wednesday morning, after two days and

<sup>\*</sup> Villate, Causes secrètes de la Révolution de Thermidor (Paris 1825,) p. 179.

246 TERROR.

two nights of interrogating, jury-charging, and other darkening of counsel, the result comes out: sentence of Death. "Have you anything to say?" The Accused shook her head, without speech. Night's candles are burning out; and with her too Time is finishing, and it will be Eternity and Day This Hall of Tinville's is dark, ill-lighted except where she stands Silently she withdraws from it, to die.

Two Processions, or Royal Progresses, three-andtwenty years apart, have often struck us with a strange feeling of contrast. The first is of a beautiful Archduchess and Dauphiness, quitting her Mother's City, at the age of Fifteen; towards hopes such as no other Daughter of Eve then had: "On the morrow," says Weber an eye-witness, "the Dauphiness left Vienna "The whole city crowded out; at first with a sorrow "which was silent. She appeared: you saw her sunk "back into her carriage; her face bathed in tears; "hiding her eyes now with her handkerchief, now "with her hands; several times putting out her head "to see yet again this Palace of her Fathers, whither "she was to return no more. She motioned her "regret, her gratitude to the good Nation, which was "crowding here to bid her farewell. Then arose not "only tears; but piercing cries, on all sides "and woilen alike abandoned themselves to such "expression of their sorrow. It was an audible sound "of wail, in the streets and avenues of Vienna. The "last Courier that followed her disappeared, and the "crowd melted away." \*

The young imperial Maiden of Fifteen has now become a worn discrowned Widow of Thirty-eight;

gray before her time: this is the last Procession: "Few minutes after the Trial ended, the drums were "beating to arms in all Sections; at sunrise the armed "force was on foot, cannons getting placed at the "extremities of the Bridges, in the Squares, Crossways, "all along from the Palais de Justice to the Place "de la Révolution By ten o'clock, numerous patrols "were circulating in the Streets; thirty thousand foot "and horse drawn up under arms. At eleven, Marie-"Antoinette was brought out. She had on an undress "of mqué blanc: she was led to the place of execution, "in the same manner as an ordinary criminal; bound, "on a Cart; accompanied by a Constitutional Priest "in Lay dress; escorted by numerous detachments of "infantry and cavalry These, and the double row "of troops all along her road, she appeared to regard "with indifference. On her countenance there was "visible neither abashment nor pride To the cries "of Vive la République and Down with Tyranny, which "attended her all the way, she seemed to pay no "heed. She spoke little to her Confessor. The trico-"lor Streamers on the housetops occupied her attention, "in the Streets du Roule and Saint-Honoré; she also "noticed the Inscriptions on the house-fronts "reaching the Place de la Révolution, her looks turned "towards the Jardin National, whilem Buileries; her "face at that moment gave signs of lively emotion "She mounted the Scaffold with courage enough; at a "quarter past Twelve, her head fell; the Executioner "showed it to the people, amid universal long-continued "cries of Vive la République." \*

<sup>\*</sup> Dcux Amis, xi. 301.

248 TERROR.

## CHAPTER VIII.

The Twenty-two.

Whom next, O Tinville! The next are of a different colour: our poor Arrested Girondin Deputies What of them could still be laid hold of; our Vergniaud, Brissot, Fauchet, Valazé, Gensonné; the once flower of French Patriotism, Twenty-two by the tale. hither, at Tinville's Bar, onward from "safeguard of the French People," from confinement in the Luxembourg, imprisonment in the Conciergerie, have they now, by the course of things, arrived. Fouquier-Tinville must give what account of them he can.

Undoubtedly this Trial of the Girondins is the greatest that Fouquier has yet had to do. Twentytwo, all chief Republicans, ranged in a line there; the most eloquent in France; Lawyers too; not without friends in the auditory. How will Tinville prove these men guilty of Royalism, Federalism, Conspiracy against the Republic? Vergniaud's eloquence awakes once more; "draws tears," they say. And Journalists report, and the Trial lengthens itself out day after day; "threatens to become eternal," murmur many Jacobinism and Municipality rise to the aid of Fouquier. On the 28th of the month, Hébert and others come in deputation to inform a Patriot Convention that the Revolutionary Tribunal is quite "shackled by Forms of Law;" that a Patriot Jury ought to have "the power of cutting short, of terminer les débats, "when they feel themselves convinced." Which pregnant suggestion, of cutting short, passes itself, with all despatch, into a Decree.

Accordingly, at ten o'clock on the night of the 30th of October, the Twenty-two, summoned back once more, receive this information, That the Jury feeling themselves convinced have cut short, have brought in their verdict; that the Accused are found guilty, and the Sentence on one and all of them is, Death with confiscation of goods.

Loud natural clamour rises among the poor Girondins; tumult; which can only be repressed by the gendarmes. Valazé stabs himself; falls down dead on the spot. The rest, amid loud clamour and confusion, are driven back to their Conciergerie; Lasource exclaiming, "I die on the day when the People have lost their reason; ye will die when they recover it." No help! Yielding to violence, the Doomed uplift the Hymn of the Marseillese; return singing to their dungeon.

Riouffe, who was their Prison-mate in these last days, has lovingly recorded what death they made. To our notions, it is not an edifying death. Gay satirical Pot-pourri by Ducos; rhymed Scenes of Tragedy, wherein Barrère and Robespierre discourse with Satan; death's eve spent in "singing" and "sallies of gaiety," with "discourses on the happiness of peoples:" these things, and the like of these, we have to accept for what they are wroth. It is the manner in which the Girondins make their Last Supper. Valazé, with bloody breast, sleeps cold in death; hears not the singing. Vergniaud has his dose of poison; but it is not enough for his friends, it is enough only for him-

<sup>\*</sup> Δημοσθένους εἰπόντος, Ἀποκτενοῦσί σε Ἀθηναῖοι, Φωκίων "Αν μανῶσιν, εἶπε, σὲ δ', ἐὰν σωφρονῶσι. — Plut. Opp. t. 1v. p. 310 ed. Reiskc, 1776

self; wherefore he flings it from him; presides at this Last Supper of the Girondins, with wild cornscations of eloquence, with song and mirth. Poor human Will struggles to assert itself; if not in this way, then in that.\*

But on the morrow morning all Paris is out; such a crowd as no man had seen. The Death-carts, Valazé's cold corpse stretched among the yet living Twenty-one, roll along Bareheaded, hands bound; in their shirt-sleeves, coat flung loosely round the neck: so fare the eloquent of France; bemurmured, beshouted. To the shouts of Vive la République, some of them keep answering with counter-shouts of Vive la République. Others, as Brissot, sit sunk in silence At the foot of the scaffold they again strike up, with appropriate variations, the Hymn of Marseillese Such an act of music; conceive it well! The yet Living chant there; the chorus so rapidly wearing weak! Samson's axe is rapid; one head per minute, or little less. The chorus is wearing weak; the chorus is worn out: - farewell forevermore ve Girondins. Te-Deum Fauchet has become silent: Valazé's dead head is lopped: the sickle of the Guillotine has reaped the Girondins all away "The eloquent, the young, the beautiful and brave!" exclaims Riouffe O Death, what feast is toward in thy ghastly Halls?

Nor alas, in the far Bourdeaux region, will Girondism fare better. In caves of Saint-Emilion, in loft and cellar, the weariest months roll on; apparel worn, purse empty; wintry November come; under Tallien and his Guillotine, all hope now gone. Danger draw-

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Riouffe (in Mémoires sur les Pilsons, Paris, 1823), pp. 48-55.

ing ever nigher, difficulty pressing ever straiter, they determine to separate. Not unpathetic the farewell; tall Barbaroux, cheeriest of brave men, stoops to clasp his Louvet: "In what place soever thou findest my Mother," cries he, "try to be instead of a son to her: no resource of mine but I will share with thy Wife, should chance ever lead me where she is," \*

Louvet went with Guadet, with Salles and Valadi; Barbaroux with Buzot and Pétion. Valadi soon went southward, on a way of his own. The two friends and Louvet had a miserable day and night; the 14th of the November month, 1793. Sunk in wet, weariness and hunger, they knock, on the morrow, for help, at a friend's country-house; the fainthearted friend refuses to admit them. They stood therefore under trees, in the pouring rain. Flying desperate, Louvet thereupon will to Paris He sets forth, there and then, splashing the mud on each side of him, with a fresh strength gathered from fury or frenzy He passes villages, finding "the sentry asleep in his box in the thick rain;" he is gone, before the man can call after him. He bilks Revolutionary Committees; rides in carriers' carts, covered carts and open; lies hidden in one, under knapsacks and cloaks of soldiers' wives on the Street of Orleans, while men search for him; has hairbreadth escapes that would fill three romances: finally he gets to Paris to his fair Helpmate; gets to Switzerland, and waits better days.

Poor Guadet and Salles were both taken, ere long; they died by the Guillotine in Bourdeaux; drums beating to drown their voice. Valadi also is caught, and guillotined. Barbaroux and his two comrades

<sup>\*</sup> Louvet, p. 213.

weathered it longer, into the summer of 1794; but not long enough One July morning, changing their hiding-place, as they have often to do, "about a league from Saint-Émilion, they observe a great crowd of country-people:" doubtless Jacobins come to take them? Barbaroux draws a pistol, shoots himself dead. Alas, and it was not Jacobins; it was harmless villagers going to a village wake. Two days afterwards, Buzot and Pétion were found in a Corn-field, their bodies half-eaten by dogs.\*

Such was the end of Girondism. They arose to regenerate France, these men; and have accomplished this. Alas, whatever quarrel we had with them, has not their cruel fate abolished it? Pity only survives. So many excellent souls of heroes sent down to Hades; they themselves given as a prey of dogs and all manner of birds! But, here too, the will of the Supreme Power was accomplished. As Vergniaud said: "the Revolution, like Saturn, is devouring its own children."

<sup>\*</sup> Recherches Historiques sui les Girondins (in Mémoires de Buzot), p. 107

# BOOK V.

TERROR THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

## CHAPTER I

#### Rushing down.

We are now, therefore, got to that black precipitous Abyss; whither all things have long been tending; where, having now arrived on the giddy verge, they hurl down, in confused ruin; headlong, pellmell, down, down; — till Sansculottism have consummated itself; and in this wondrous French Revolution, as in a Doomsday, a World have been rapidly, if not born again, yet destroyed and engulfed Terror has long been terrible: but to the actors themselves it has now become manifest that their appointed course is one of Terror; and they say, Be it so. "Que la Terreur soit à l'ordre du jour."

So many centuries, say only from Hugh Capet downwards, had been adding together, century transmitting it with increase to century, the sum of Wickedness, of Falsehood, Oppression of man by man. Kings were sinners, and Priests were, and People. Scoundrels rode triumphant, bediademed, becoronetted, bemitred; or the still fataller species of Secret-Scoundrels, in their fair-sounding formulas, speciosities, respectabilities, hollow within the race of Quacks was grown many as the sands of the sea Till at length such a sum of Quackery had accumulated itself as, in brief, the Earth and the Heavens were weary of. Slow seemed the Day of Settlement; coming on, all imperceptible, across the bluster and fanfaronade of Courtierisms, Conquering-Heroisms, Most Christian Grand Monarque-isms, Well-beloved Pompadourisms: yet behold it was always coming; behold it has come, suddenly, unlooked for by any man! The harvest of long centuries was ripening and whitening so rapidly of late; and now it is grown white, and is reaped rapidly, as it were, in one day. Reaped, in this Reign of Terror; and carried home, to Hades and the Pit! — Unhappy Sons of Adam: it is ever so; and never do they know it, nor will they know it. With cheerfully smoothed countenances, day after day, and generation after generation, they, calling cheerfully to one another, Well-speed-ye, are at work, sowing the wind. And yet, as God lives, they shall reap the whirlwind: no other thing, we say, is possible, — since God is a Truth and His World is a Truth.

History, however, in dealing with this Reign of Terror, has had her own difficulties While the Phenomenon continued in its primary state, as mere "Horrors of the French Revolution," there was abundance to be said and shrieked. With and also without profit Heaven knows, there were terrors and horrors enough: yet that was not all the Phenomenon; nay, more properly, that was not the Phenomenon at all, but rather was the shadow of it, the negative part of it. And now, in a new stage of the business, when History, ceasing to shriek, would try rather to include under her old Forms of speech or speculation this new amazing Thing; that so some accredited scientific Law of Nature might suffice for the unexpected Product of Nature, and History might get to speak of it articulately, and draw inferences and profit from it; in this new stage, History, we must say, babbles and flounders perhaps in a still painfuller manner. Take, for example, the latest Form of speech we have seen propounded on the subject as adequate to it, almost in these months, by our worthy M. Roux, in his Histoire Parlementaire. The latest and the strangest: that the French Revolution was a dead-lift effort, after eighteen hundred years of preparation, to realise — the Christian Religion!\* Unity, Indivisibility, Brotherhood or Death, did indeed stand printed on all Houses of the Living; also, on Cemeteries, or Houses of the Dead, stood printed, by order of Procureur Chaumette, Here is eternal Sleep:\*\* but a Christian Religion realised by the Guillotine and Death-Eternal, "is suspect to me," as Robespierre was wont to say, "m'est suspecte."

Alas, no, M Roux! A Gospel of Brotherhood, not according to any of the Four old Evangelists, and calling on men to repent, and amend each his own wicked existence, that they might be saved; but a Gospel rather, as we often hint, according to a new Fifth Evangelist Jean-Jacques, calling on men to amend each the whole world's wicked existence, and be saved by making the Constitution A thing different and distant toto cælo, as they say the whole breadth of the sky, and further if possible! — It is thus, however, that History, and indeed all human Speech and Reason does yet, what Father Adam began life by doing: strive to name the new Things it sees of Nature's producing, — often helplessly enough.

But what if History were to admit, for once, that all the Names and Theorems yet known to her fall short? That this grand Product of Nature was even grand, and new, in that it came not to range itself under old recorded Laws of Nature at all, but to disclose new ones? In that case, History renouncing the pretension to name it at present, will look honestly at it, and name what she can of it! Any approximation to the right Name has value: were the right Name itself once here, the Thing is known henceforth; the Thing is then ours, and can be dealt with

Now surely not realisation, of Christianity, or of aught earthly, do we discern in this Reign of Terror, in this French Revolution of which it is the consummating. Destruction rather we discern, — of all that was destructible. It is as if Twenty-five millions, risen at length into the Pythian mood, had stood up simultaneously to say, with a sound which goes through far lands and times, that this Untruth of an Existence had become insupportable O ye Hypocrisies and Speciosities, Royal mantles, Cardinal plush-cloaks, ye Credos, Formulas, Respectabilities, fair-painted Sepulchres full of dead men's bones, - behold, ye appear to us to be altogether a Lie Yet our Life is not a Lie; yet our Hunger and Misery is not a Lie! Behold we lift up, one and all, our Twenty-five million righthands, and take the Heavens, and the Earth and also the Pit of Tophet to witness, that either ye shall be abolished, or else we shall be abolished!

No inconsiderable Oath, truly; forming, as has been often said, the most remarkable transaction in these last thousand years. Wherefrom likewise there follow, and will follow, results. The fulfilment of this Oath; that is to say, the black desperate battle of Men against their whole Condition and Environment, — a battle, alas, withal, against the Sin and Darkness that was in themselves as in others: this is the Reign of Terror.

Transcendental despair was the purport of it, though not consciously so. False hopes, of Fraternity, Political Millennium, and what not, we have always seen. but the unseen heart of the whole, the transcendental despair, was not false; neither has it been of no effect. Despair, pushed far enough, completes the circle, so to speak; and becomes a kind of genuine productive hope again.

Doctrine of Fraternity, out of old Catholicism, does, it is true, very strangely in the vehicle of a Jean-Jacques Evangel, suddenly plump down out of its cloud-firmament; and from a theorem determine to make itself a practice. But just so do all creeds, intentions, customs, knowledges, thoughts and things, which the French have, suddenly plump down; Catholicism, Classicism, Sentimentalism, Cannibalism: all isms that make up Man in France, are rushing and roaring in that gulf; and the theorem has become a practive, and whatsoever cannot swim sinks. Not Evangelist Jean-Jacques alone; there is not a Village Schoolmaster but has contributed his quota: do we not thou one another, according to the Free Peoples of Antiquity? The French Patriot, in red Phrygian nightcap of Liberty, christens his poor little red infant Cato, - Censor, or else of Utica Gracchus has become Babœuf and edites Newspapers; Mutius Scavola, Cordwainer of that ilk presides in the Section Mutius-Scævola: and in brief, there is a world wholly jumbling itself, to try what will swim.

Wherefore we will, at all events, call this Reign of Terror a very strange one. Dominant Sansculottism makes, as it were, free arena; one of the strangest temporary states Humanity was ever seen in. A nation of men, full of wants and void of habits! The old habits are gone to wreck because they were old men, driven forward by Necessity and fierce Pythian Madness, have, on the spur of the instant, to devise for the want the way of satisfying it. The Wonted tumbles down; by imitation, by invention, the Unwonted hastily builds itself up. What the French National head has in it comes out: if not a great result, surely one of the strangest.

Neither shall the reader fancy that it was all black, this Reign of Terror: far from it. How many hammermen and squaremen, bakers and brewers, washers and wringers, over this France, must ply their old daily work, let the Government be one of Terror or one of Joy! In this Paris there are Twenty-three Theatres nightly; some count as many as Sixty Places of Dancing. \* The Playwright manufactures. - pieces of a strictly Republican character. Ever fresh Novel-garbage, as of old, fodders the Circulating Libraries. \*\* The "Cesspool of Agio," now in a time of Paper Money, works with a vivacity unexampled, unimagined; exhales from itself "sudden fortunes," like Aladdin-Palaces. really a kind of miraculous Fata-Morganas, since you can live in them, for a time Terror is as a sable ground, on which the most variegated of scenes paints itself. In startling transitions, in colours all intensated, the sublimes the ludicrous, the horrible succeed one another: or rather, in crowding tumult, accompany one another

Here, accordingly, if anywhere, the "hundred tongues," which the old Poets often clamour for, were of supreme service! In defect of any such organ on our part, let the Reader stir up his own imaginative

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, it. 124.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Monitous of these months, nassim

DEATH. 261

organ let us snatch for him this or the other significant glimpse of things, in the fittest sequence we can.

#### CHAPTER II

Death.

In the early days of November, there is one transient glimpse of things that is to be noted: the last transit to his long home of Philippe d'Orleans Égalité Philippe was "decreed accused," along with the Girondins, much to his and their surprise; but not tried along with them They are doomed and dead, some three days, when Philippe, after his long half-year of durance at Marseilles, arrives in Paris It is, as we calculate, the third of November 1793

On which same day, two notable Female Prisoners are also put in ward there: Dame Dubarry, and Josephine Beauhainais. Dame whilom Countess Dubarry. Unfortunate-female, had returned from London; they snatched her, not only as Ex-harlot of a whilom Majesty, and therefore suspect; but as having "furnished the Emigrants with money " Contemporaneously with whom there comes the wife Beauharnais, soon to be the widow. she that is Josephine Tascher Beauharnais: that shall be Josephine Empress Buonaparte, — for a black Divineress of the Tropics prophesied long since that she should be a Queen and more Likewise, in the same hours, poor Adam Lux, nigh turned in the head, who, according to Forster, "has taken no food these three weeks," marches to the Guillotine for his Pamphlet on Charlotte Corday: he "sprang to the scaffold;" said "he died for her with great joy." Amid such fellowtravellers does Philippe arrive For, be the month

named Brumaire year 2 of Liberty, or November year 1793 of Slavery, the Guillotine goes always, Guillotine va toujours

Enough, Philippe's indictment is soon drawn, his jury soon convinced. He finds himself made guilty of Royalism, Conspiracy and much else; nay, it is a guilt in him that he voted Louis's Death, though he answers, "I voted in my soul and conscience" The doom he finds is death forthwith; this present sixth dim day of November is the last day that Philippe is to see Philippe, says Montgaillard, thereupon called for breakfast: sufficiency of "oysters, two cutlets, best part of an excellent bottle of claret;" and consumed the same with apparent relish. A Revolutionary Judge, or some official Convention Emissary, then arrived, to signify that he might still do the State some service by revealing the truth about a plot or two. Philippe answered that, on him, in the pass things had come to, the State had, he thought, small claim; that nevertheless, in the interest of Liberty, he, having still some leisure on his hands, was willing, were a reasonable question asked him, to give a reasonable answer And so, says Montgaillard, he leant his elbow on the mantel-piece, and conversed in an undertone, with great seeming composure; till the leisure was done, or the Emissary went his ways.

At the door of the Conciergerie, Philippe's attitude was erect and easy, almost commanding. It is five years, all but a few days, since Philippe, within these same stone walls, stood up with an air of graciosity, and asked King Louis, "Whether it was a Royal Session, then, or a Bed of Justice?" O Heaven!— Three poor blackguards were to ride and die with him: some

say, they objected to such company, and had to be flung in, neck and heels; \* but it seems not true. Objecting or not objecting, the gallows-vehicle gets under way. Philippe's dress is remarked for its elegance; green frock, waistcoat of white piqué, yellow buckskins, boots clear as Warren: his air, as before, entirely composed, impassive, not to say easy and Brummellean-polite. Through street after street: slowly, amid execrations; - past the Palais Égalité, whilom Palais Royal! The cruel Populace stopped him there, some minutes: Dame de Buffon, it is said, looked out on him, in Jezebel head-tire; along the ashlar Wall there ran these words in huge tricolor print, REPUBLIC ONE AND INDIVISIBLE; LIBERTY, EQUALITY, FRATERNITY OR DEATH: National Property. Philippe's eyes flashed hellfire, one instant; but the next instant it was gone, and he sat impassive, Brummellean-polite On the scaffold, Samson was for drawing off his boots: "tush," said Philippe, "they will come better off after: let us have done, dépêchons-nous!"

So Philippe was not without virtue, then? God forbid that there should be any living man without it! He had the virtue to keep living for five-and-forty years; — other virtues perhaps more than we know of. But probably no mortal ever had such things recorded of him: such facts, and also such lies. For he was a Jacobin Prince of the Blood; consider what a combination! Also, unlike any Nero, any Borgia, he lived in the Age of Pamphlets Enough for us: Chaos has reabsorbed him; may it late or never bear his like again! — Brave young Orleans Égalité, deprived of all, only not deprived of himself, is gone to Coire in

<sup>\*</sup> Forster, 11. 628, Montgaillard, 14. 141-57.

the Grisons, under the name of Corby, to teach Mathematics The Égalité Family is at the darkest depths of the Nadir

A far nobler Victim follows; one who will claim remembrance from several centuries: Jeanne-Marie Phlipon, the Wife of Roland. Queenly, sublime in her uncomplaining sorrow, seemed she to Riouffe in her Prison. "Something more than is usually found in the "looks of women painted itself," says Riouffe, "in "those large black eyes of hers, full of expression and "sweetness. She spoke to me often, at the Grate: we "were all attentive round her, in a sort of admiration "and astonishment; she expressed herself with a purity, "with a harmony and prosody that made her language "like music, of which the ear could never have enough "Her conversation was serious, not cold; coming from "the mouth of a beautiful woman, it was frank and "courageous as that of a great man" "And yet her "maid said: 'Before you, she collects her strength; but "in her own room, she will sit three hours sometimes "leaning on the window, and weeping." She has been in Prison, liberated once, but recaptured the same hour, ever since the first of June: in agitation and uncertainty; which has gradually settled down into the last stern certainty, that of death. In the Abbaye Prison, she occupied Charlotte Corday's apartment Here in the Conciergerie, she speaks with Riouffe, with Ex-Minister Clavière: calls the beheaded Twenty-two "Nos amis, our Friends," - whom we are soon to follow. During these five months, those Memoirs of hers were written. which all the world still reads

But now, on the 8th of November, "clad in white,"

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires (Sur les Prisons, 1.) pp. 55-7.

says Riousfe, "with her long black hair hanging down to her girdle," she is gone to the Judgment-bar returned with a quick step; lifted her finger, to signify to us that she was doomed: her eyes seemed to have been wet Fouquier-Tinville's questions had been "brutal," offended female honour flung them back on him, with scorn, not without tears And now, short preparation soon done, she too shall go her last road. There went with her a certain Lamarche, "Director of Assignat-printing;" whose dejection she endeavoured to cheer Arrived at the foot of the scaffold, she asked for pen and paper, "to write the strange thoughts that were rising in her:"\* a remarkable request; which was refused Looking at the Statue of Liberty which stands there, she says bitterly: "O Liberty, what things are done in thy name!" For Lamarche's sake, she will die first; show him how easy it is to die. "Contrary to the order," said Samson. - "Pshaw, you cannot refuse the last request of a Lady;" and Samson yielded.

Noble white Vision, with its high queenly face, its soft proud eyes, long black hair flowing down to the girdle; and as brave a heart as ever beat in woman's bosom! Like a white Grecian Statue, serenely complete, she shines in that black wreck of things, — long memorable. Honour to great Nature who, in Paris City, in the Era of Noble-Sentiment and Pompadourism, can make a Jeanne Phlipon, and nourish her to clear perennial Womanhood, though but on Logics, Encyclopédies, and the Gospel according to Jean-Jacques! Biography will long remember that trait of asking for a pen "to write the strange thoughts that were rising in her." It is as a little light-beam, shedding softness,

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Madame Roland (Introd.), 1. 68

and a kind of sacredness, over all that preceded: so in her too there was an Unnameable; she too was a Daughter of the Infinite; there were mysteries which Philosophism had not dreamt of! — She left long written counsels to her little Girl; she said her Husband would not survive her.

Still crueller was the fate of poor Bailly, First National President, First Mayor of Paris: doomed now for Royalism, Fayettism; for that Red-Flag Business of the Champ-de-Mars; - one may say in general, for leaving his Astronomy to meddle with Revolution. It is the 10th of November 1793, a cold bitter drizzling rain, as poor Bailly is led through the streets; howling Populace covering him with curses, with mud; waving over his face a burning or smoking mockery of a Red Flag. Silent, unpitied, sits the innocent old man Slow faring through the sleety drizzle, they have got to the Champ-de-Mars: Not there! vociferates the cursing Populace; such Blood ought not to stain an Altar of the Fatherland: not there; but on that dung-heap by the Riverside! So vociferates the cursing Populace; Officiality gives car to them! The Guillotine is taken down, though with hands numbed by the sleety drizzle; is carried to the River-side; is there set up again, with slow numbness; pulse after pulse still counting itself out in the cld man's weary heart. For hours long; amid curses and bitter frost-rain! "Bailly, thou tremblest," said one. "Mon ami, it is for cold," said Bailly, "c'est de froid." Crueller end had no mortal.\*

Some days afterwards, Roland, hearing the news of what happened on the 8th, embraces his kind Friends at Rouen, leaves their kind house which had given him

<sup>\*</sup> Vie de Bailly (in Memoires, i.) p. 29.

refuge; goes forth, with farewell too sad for tears. On the morrow morning, 16th of the month, "some four "leagues from Rouen, Paris-ward, near Bourg-Baudoin, "in M. Normand's Avenue," there is seen sitting leant against a tree the figure of a rigorous wrinkled man; stiff now in the rigour of death; a cane-sword run through his heart; and at his feet this writing: "Who-"ever thou art that findest me lying, respect my re-"mains: they are those of a man who consecrated all "his life to being useful; and who has died as he lived, "virtuous and honest" "Not fear, but indignation, "made me quit my retreat, on learning that my Wife "had been murdered. I wished not to remain longer "on an Earth polluted with crimes \*

Barnave's appearance at the Revolutionary Tribunal was of the bravest; but it could not stead him. They have sent for him from Grenoble; to pay the common smart Vain is eloquence, forensic or other, against the dumb Clotho-shears of Tinville still but two-and-thirty, this Barnave, and has known such changes. Short while ago, we saw him at the top of Fortune's wheel, his word a law to all Patriots: and now surely he is at the bottom of the wheel; in stormful altercation with a Tinville Tribunal, which is dooming him to die! \*\* And Pétion, once also of the Extreme Left, and named Pétion Virtue, where is he? Civilly dead; in the Caves of Saint-Émilion; to be devoured of dogs. And Robespierre, who rode along with him on the shoulders of the people, is in Committee of Salut; civilly alive: not to live always. So giddy-swift whirls and spins this immeasurable tormen-

<sup>\*</sup> Mémoires de Madame Roland (Intiod.), 1. 88.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Forster, 11. 629.

tum of a Revolution; wild-booming; not to be followed by the eye Barnave, on the Scaffold, stamped with his foot; and looking upwards was heard to ejaculate, "This then is my reward?"

Deputy Ex-Procureur Manuel is already gone; and Deputy Osselin, famed also in August and September, is about to go: and Rabaut, discovered treacherously between his two walls, and the Brother of Rabaut National Deputies not a few! And Generals: the memory of General Custine cannot be defended by his Son; his Son is already guillotined Custine the Ex-Noble was replaced by Houchard the Plebeian: he too could not prosper in the North; for him too there was no mercy; he has perished in the Place de la Révolution, after attempting suicide in Prison. And Generals Biron, Beauharnais, Brunet, whatsoever General prospers not; tough old Luckner, with his eyes grown rheumy; Alsatian Westermann, valiant and diligent in La Vendée: none of them can, as the Psalmist sings, his soul from death deliver.

How busy are the Revolutionary Committees; Sections with their Forty Halfpence a-day! Arrestment on arrestment falls quick, continual; followed by death. Ex-Minister Clavière has killed himself in Prison Ex-Minister-Lebrun, seized in a hayloft, under the disguise of a working man, is instantly conducted to death. Nay, withal, is it not what Barrère calls "coining money on the Place de la Révolution?" For always the "property of the guilty, if property he have," is confiscated. To avoid accidents, we even make a Law that suicide shall not defraud us; that a

<sup>\*</sup> Monitour, 11, 30 Decembre, 1793, Louvet, p. 287.

criminal who kills himself does not the less incur forfeiture of goods. Let the guilty tremble, therefore, and the suspect, and the rich, and in a word all manner of Culottic men! Luxembourg Palace, once Monsieur's, has become a huge loathsome Prison; Chantilly Palace too, once Condé's: — And their Landlords are at Blankenberg, on the wrong side of the Rhine. In Paris are now some Twelve Prisons; in France some Forty-four Thousand: thitherward, thick as brown leaves in Autumn, rustle and travel the suspect; shaken down by Revolutionary Committees, they are swept thitherward, as into their storehouse, — to be consumed by Samson and Tinville "The Guillotine goes not ill, La Guillotine ne vas pas mal."

## CHAPTER III

Destruction.

The suspect may well tremble; but how much more the open rebels; — the Girondin Cities of the South! Revolutionary Army is gone forth, under Ronsin the Playwright; six thousand strong; "in red "nightcap, in tricolor waistcoat, in black-shag trou-"sers, black-shag spencer, with enormous moustachioes, "enormous sabre, — in carmagnole complète;" and has portable guillotines. Representative Carrier has got to Nantes, by the edge of blazing La Vendée, which Rossignol has literally set on fire. Carrier will try what captives you make; what accomplices they have, Royalist or Girondin: his guillotine goes always, va toujours; and his wool-capped "Company of Marat"

<sup>\*</sup> Sce Louvet, p. 301

Little children are guillotined, and aged men. Swift as the machine is, it will not serve; the Headsman and all his valets sink, worn down with work; declare that the human muscles can no more.\* Whereupon you must try fusillading; to which perhaps still frightfuller methods may succeed.

In Brest, to like purpose, rules Jean-Bon Saint-André; with an Army of Red Nightcaps. In Bourdeaux rules Tallien, with his Isabeau and henchmen; Guadets, Cussys, Salleses, many fall; the bloody Pike and Nightcap bearing supreme sway; the Guillotine coining money. Bristly fox-haired Tallien, once Able Editor, still young in years, is now become most gloomy, potent; a Pluto on Earth, and has the keys of Tartarus. One remarks however, that a certain Senhorina Cabarus, or call her rather Senhora and wedded not yet widowed Dame de Fontenai, brown beautiful woman, daughter of Cabarus the Spanish Merchant, - has softened the red bristly countenance; pleading for herself and friends; and prevailing. The keys of Tartarus, or any kind of power, are something to a woman; gloomy Pluto himself is not insensible to love. Like a new Proserpine, she, by this red gloomy Dis, is gathered; and, they say, softens his stone heart a little

Maignet, at Orange in the South; Lebon, at Arras in the North, become world's wonders. Jacobin Popular Tribunal, with its National Representative, perhaps where Girondin Popular Tribunal had lately been, rises here and rises there; wheresoever needed. Fouchés, Maignets, Barrases, Frèrons scour the Southern Departments; like reapers, with their guillotine-

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, vil. 249-51.

sickle. Many are the labourers, great is the harvest. By the hundred and the thousand, men's lives are cropt; cast like brands into the burning

Marseilles is taken, and put under martial law: lo, at Marseilles, what one besmutted red-bearded corncar is this which they cut; - one gross Man, we mean, with copper-studded face; plenteous beard, or beard-stubble, of a tile-colour? By Nemesis and the Fatal Sisters, it is Jourdan Coupe-tête! Him they have clutched, in these martial-law districts; him too, with their "national razor," their rasoir national, they sternly shave away. Low now is Jourdan the Headsman's own head; - low as Deshuttes's and Varigny's, which he sent on pikes, in the Insurrection of Women! No more shall he, as a copper Portent, be seen gyrating through the Cities of the South; no more sit judging, with pipes and brandy, in the Icetower of Avignon. The all-hiding Earth has received him, the bloated Tilebeard: may we never look upon his like again! - Jourdan one names; the other Hundreds are not named. Alas, they, like confused faggots, lie massed together for us; counted by the cartload: and yet not an individual faggot-twig of them but had a Life and History; and was cut, not without pangs as when a Kaiser dies!

Least of all cities can Lyons escape. Lyons, which we saw in dread sunblaze, that Autumn night when the Powder-tower sprang aloft, was clearly verging towards a sad end Inevitable: what could desperate valour and Précy do; Dubois-Crancé, deaf as Destiny, stern as Doom, capturing their "redouts of cottonbags;" hemming them in ever closer, with his Artıl-

lery-lava? Never would that ci-devant D'Autichamp arrive, never any help from Blankenberg The Lyons Jacobins were hidden in cellars; the Girondin Municipality waxed pale, in famine, treason and red fire Précy drew his sword, and some Fifteen Hundred with him; sprang to saddle, to cut their way to Switzerland They cut fiercely; and were fiercely cut, and cut down; not hundreds, hardly units of them ever saw Switzerland \* Lyons, on the 9th of October, surrenders at discretion: it is become a devoted Town. Abbé Lamourette, now Bishop Lamourette, whilom Legislator, he of the old Baiser-l'Amourette or Delilah-Kiss, is seized here; is sent to Paris to be guillotined: "he made the sign of the cross," they say, when Tinville intimated his death-sentence to him; and died as an eloquent Constitutional Bishop But we now to all Bishops, Priests, Aristocrats and Federalists that are in Lyons! The manes of Chalier are to be appeased; the Republic, maddened to the Sibylline pitch, has bared her right arm Behold! Representative Fouché, it is Fouché of Nantes, a name to become well known; he with a Patriot company goes duly, in wondrous Procession, to raise the corpse of Chalier An Ass housed in Priest's cloak, with a mitre on his head, and trailing the Mass-Books, some say the very Bible. at its tail, races through Lyons streets: escorted by multitudinous Patriotism, by clangour as of the Pit; towards the grave of Martyr Chalier The body is dug up, and burnt: the ashes are collected in an Urn; to be worshipped of Paris Patriotism. The Holy Books were part of the funeral pile; their ashes are scattered to the wind. Amid cries of "Vengeance!

<sup>\*</sup> Dens Amis, vi 145.

Vengeance!" — which, writes Fouché, shall be satisfied.

Lyons in fact is a Town to be abolished; not Lyons henceforth, but "Commune Affranchie, Township Freed:" the very name of it shall perish It is to be razed, this once great City, if Jacobinism prophesy right; and a Pillar to be erected on the ruins, with this Inscription, Lyons rebelled against the Republic; Lyons is no more Fouché, Couthon, Collot, Convention Representatives succeed one another: there is work for the hangman; work for the hammerman, not in building The very Houses of Aristocrats, we say, are doomed Paralytic Couthon, borne in a chan, taps on the wall, with emblematic mallet, saying, "La Lot te frappe, The Law strikes thee," masons, with wedge and crowbar, begin demolition Crash of downfal, dim ruin and dust-clouds fly in the winter wind Had Lyons been of soft stuff, it had all vanished in those weeks, and the Jacobin prophecy had been fulfilled But Towns are not built of soap-froth. Lyons Town is built of stone Lyons, though it rebelled against the Republic, is to this day

Neither have the Lyons Girondins all one neck, that you could despatch it at one swoop Revolutionary Tribunal here, and Military Commission, guillotining, fusillading, do what they can: the kennels of the Place des Terreaux run red; mangled corpses roll down the Rhone Collot d'Herbois, they say, was once hissed on the Lyons stage. but with what sibilation, of world-cat-call or hoarse Tartarean Trumpet, will ye hiss him now, in this his new character of Convention Representative, — not to be repeated!

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, (du 17 Novembre 1793), &c.

Two-hundred and nine men are marched forth over the River, to be shot in mass, by musket and cannon, in the Promenade of the Brotteaux. It is the second of such scenes; the first was of some Seventy. The corpses of the first were flung into the Rhone, but the Rhone stranded some; so these now, of the second lot, are to be buried on land Their one long grave is dug; they stand ranked, by the loose mould-ridge; the younger of them singing the Marseillaise Jacobin National Guards give fire; but have again to give fire, and again, and to take the bayonet and the spade, for though the doomed all fall, they do not all die; - and it becomes a butchery too horrible for speech. So that the very Nationals, as they fire, turn away their faces Collot, snatching the musket from one such National, and levelling it with unmoved countenance, says, "It is thus a Republican ought to fire"

This is the second Fusillade, and happily the last: it is found too hideous; even inconvenient. There were Two-hundred and nine marched out, one escaped at the end of the Bridge: yet behold, when you count the corpses, they are Two-hundred and ten. Rede us this riddle, O Collot? After long guessing, it is called to mind that two individuals, here in the Brotteaux ground, did attempt to leave the rank, protesting with agony that they were not condemned men, that they were Police Commissaries: which two we repulsed, and disbelieved, and shot with the rest! \* Such is the vengeance of an enraged Republic. Surely this, according to Barrère's phrase, is Justice "under rough forms, sous des formes acerbes." But the Republic, as Fouché says, must "march to Liberty over corpses."

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, x11. 251-62.

Or again, as Barrère has it: "None but the dead do not come back, Il n'y a que les morts qui ne reviennent pas." Terror hovers far and wide. "the Guillotine goes not ill"

But before quitting those Southern regions, over which History can cast only glances from aloft, she will alight for a moment, and look fixedly at one point: the Siege of Toulon Much battering and bombarding, heating of balls in furnaces or farm-houses, serving of artillery well and ill, attacking of Ollioules Passes, Forts Malbosquet, there has been: as yet to small We have had General Cartaux here, a purpose whilom Painter elevated in the troubles of Marseilles; General Doppet, a whilom Medical man elevated in the troubles of Piemont, who, under Crancé, took Lyons, but cannot take Toulon Finally we have General Dugommier, a pupil of Washington. Convention Représentans also we have had; Barrases, Salicettis. Robespierres the Younger: - also an Artillery Chef de brigade, of extreme diligence, who often takes his nap of sleep among the guns; a short, taciturn, olive-complexioned young man, not unknown to us, by name Buonaparte; one of the best Artillery officers yet met with. And still Toulon is not taken. It is the fourth month now; December, in slave-style; Frostarious or Frimaire, in new-style: and still their cursed Red-Blue Flag flies there. They are provisioned from the Sea; they have seized all heights, felling wood, and fortifying themselves; like the coney, they have built their nest in the rocks.

Meanwhile, Frostarious is not yet become Snowous or Nivose, when a Council of War is called; Instructions have just arrived from Government and Salut Public. Carnot, in Salut Public, has sent us a plan of siege on which plan General Dugommier has this criticism to make, Commissioner Salicetti has that, and criticisms and plans are very various; when that young Artillery Officer ventures to speak; the same whom we saw snatching sleep among the guns, who has emerged several times in this History, - the name of him Napoleon Buonaparte It is his humble opinion, for he has been gliding about with spy-glasses, with thoughts, That a certain Fort l'Éguillette can be clutched, as with lion-spring, on the sudden; wherefrom, were it once ours, the very heart of Toulon might be battered; the English Lines were, so to speak, turned inside out, and Hood and our Natural Enemies must next day either put to sea, or be burnt to ashes Commissioners arch their eyebrows, with negatory sniff. who is this young gentleman with more wit than we all? Brave veteran Dugommier, however, thinks the idea worth a word; questions the young gentleman, becomes convinced, and there is for issue. Try it

On the taciturn bronze-countenance therefore, things being now all ready, there sits a grimmer gravity than ever, compressing a hotter central-fire than ever. Yonder, thou seest, is Fort l'Éguillette; a desperate lionspring, yet a possible one; this day to be tried!—Tried it is; and found good By stratagem and valous, stealing through ravines, plunging fiery through the fire-tempest, Fort l'Éguillette is clutched at, is carried; the smoke having cleared, we see the Tricolor fly on it: the bronze-complexioned young man was right. Next morning, Hood, finding the interior of his lines exposed, his defences turned inside out, makes for his shipping. Taking such Royalists as

wished it on board with him, he weighs anchor: on this 19th of December 1793, Toulon is once more the Republic's!

Cannonading has ceased at Toulon; and now the guillotining and fusillading may begin Civil horrors, truly: but at least that infamy of an English domination is purged away. Let there be Civic Feast universally over France: so reports Barrère, or Painter David; and the Convention assist in a body.\* Nay, it is said, these infamous English (with an attention rather to their own interests than to ours) set fire to our store-houses, arsenals, war-ships in Toulon Harbour, before weighing; some score of brave war-ships, the only ones we now had! However, it did not prosper, though the flame spread far and high; some two ships were burnt, not more; the very galley-slaves ran with buckets to quench These same proud Ships, Ship l'Orient and the rest, have to carry this same young Man to Egypt first not yet can they be changed to ashes, or to Sea-Nymphs; not yet to sky-rockets, O ship l'Orient; nor become the prey of England, before their time!

And so, over France universally, there is Civic Feast and hightide: and Toulon sees fusillading, grape-shotting in mass, as Lyons saw; and "death is poured out in great floods, some à grands flots:" and Twelve-thousand Masons are requisitioned from the neighbouring country, to raze Toulon from the face of the Earth. For it is to be razed, so reports Barrère, all but the National Shipping Establishments; and to be called henceforth not Toulon, but Port of the Mountain. There

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, 1793, Nos 101 (31 Decembre), 95, 96, 98, &c.

in black death-cloud we must leave it, — hoping only that Toulon too is built of stone; that perhaps even Twelve-thousand Masons cannot pull it down, till the fit pass.

One begins to be sick of "death vomited in great floods" Nevertheless, hearest thou not, O reader (for the sound reaches through centuries), in the dead December and January nights, over Nantes Town, — confused noises, as of musketry and tumult, as of rage and lamentation; mingling with the everlasting moan of the Loire waters there? Nantes Town is sunk in sleep; but Représentant Carrier is not sleeping, the wool-capped Company of Marat is not sleeping. Why unmoors that flatbottomed craft, that gabarre; about eleven at night; with Ninety Priests under hatches? They are going to Belle Isle? In the middle of the Loire stream, on signal given, the gabarre is scuttled; she sinks with all her cargo. "Sentence of Deportation," writes Carrier, "was executed vertically." The Ninety Priests, with their gabarre-coffin, lie deep! It is the first of the Noyades, what we may call Drownages, of Carrier; which have become famous forever.

Guillotining there was at Nantes, till the Headsman sank worn out: then fusillading "in the Plain of Saint-Mauve;" little children fusilladed, and women with children at the breast; children and women, by the hundred and twenty; and by the five hundred, so hot is La Vendée: till the very Jacobins grew sick, and all but the Company of Marat cried, Hold! Wherefore now we have got Noyading; and on the 24th night of Frostarious year 2, which is 14th of

December 1793, we have a second Noyade: consisting of "a Hundred and Thirty-eight persons."\*

Or why waste a gabarre, sinking it with them? Fling them out; fling them out, with their hands tied pour a continual hail of lead over all the space, till the last struggler of them be sunk! Unsound sleepers of Nantes, and the Sea-Villages thereabouts, hear the musketry amid the night-winds, wonder what the meaning of it is And women were in that gabarre; whom the Red Nightcaps were stripping naked; who begged, in their agony, that their smocks might not be stript from them And young children were thrown in, their mothers vainly pleading: "Wolflings," answered the Company of Marat, "who would grow to be wolves"

By degrees, daylight itself witnesses Novades: women and men are tied together, feet and feet, hands and hands; and flung in: this they call Mariage Républicain, Republican Marriage Cruel is the panther of the woods, the she-bear bereaved of her whelps: but there is in man a hatred crueller than that Dumb, out of suffering now, as pale swoln corpses, the victims tumble confusedly seaward along the Loire stream; the tide rolling them back: clouds of ravens darken the River; wolves prowl on the shoal-places. Carrier writes, "Quel torrent révolutionnaire, What a torrent of Revolution!" For the man is rabid; and the Time is rabid These are the Novades of Carrier; twenty-five by the tale, for what is done in darkness comes to be investigated in sunlight: \*\* not to be forgotten for centuries. - We will turn to another aspect

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xii 266-72, Moniteui, du 2 Janvier 1794.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Procès de Carrier (4 tomes, Paris, 1795).

of the Consummation of Sansculottism; leaving this as the blackest

But indeed men are all rabid; as the Time is Representative Lebon, at Arias, dashes his sword into the blood flowing from the Guillotine; exclaims, "How Mothers, they say, by his order, have to I like it!" stand by while the Guillotine devours their children: a band of music is stationed near; and, at the fall of every head, strikes up its Ca ira.\* In the Burgh of Bedouin, in the Orange region, the Liberty-tree has been cut down over night. Representative Maignet, at Orange, hears of it; burns Bedouin Burgh to the last dog-hutch; guillotines the inhabitants, or drives them into the caves and hills \*\* Republic One and Indivisible! She is the newest Birth of Nature's waste inorganic Deep, which men name Orcus, Chaos, primeval Night, and knows one law, that of self-preservation Tigresse Nationale. meddle not with a Swift-rending is her stroke; look whisker of her! what a paw she spreads; - pity has not entered into her heart

Prudhomme, the dull-blustering Printer and Able Editor, as yet a Jacobin Editor, will become a renegade one, and publish large volumes, on these matters, Crimes of the Revolution; adding innumerable lies withal, as if the truth were not sufficient. We, for our part, find it more edifying to know, one good time, that this Republic and National Tigress is a New-Birth; a Fact of Nature among Formulas, in an Age of Formulas; and to look, oftenest in silence, how the so genuine Nature-Fact will demean itself among these. For the

<sup>\*</sup> Les Horreurs des Prisons d'Arras (Paris, 1823).
\*\* Montgaillard, iv. 200.

Formulas are partly genuine, partly delusive, supposititious: we call them, in the language of metaphor, regulated modelled *shapes*; some of which have bodies and life still in them; most of which, according to a German Writer, have only emptiness, "glass-eyes gla-"ring on you with a ghastly affectation of life, and in "their interior unclean accumulation of beetles and "spiders!" But the Fact, let all men observe, is a genuine and sincere one; the sincerest of Facts; terrible in its sincerity, as very Death. Whatsoever is equally sincere may front it, and beard it; but whatsoever is not?—

## CHAPTER IV.

Carmagnole complete.

SIMULTANEOUSLY with this Tophet-black aspect, there unfolds itself another aspect, which one may call a Tophet-red aspect, the Destruction of the Catholic Religion; and indeed, for the time being, of Religion itself. We saw Romme's New Calendar establish its Tenth Day of Rest; and asked, what would become of the Christian Sabbath? The Calendar is hardly a month old, till all this is set at rest Very singular, as Mercier observes: last Corpus-Christi Day 1792, the whole world, and Sovereign Authority itself, walked in religious gala, with a quite devout air, - Butcher Legendre, supposed to be irreverent, was like to be massacred in his Gig, as the thing went by. A Gallıcan Hierarchy, and Church, and Church Formulas seemed to flourish, a little brown-leaved or so, but not browner than of late years or decades; to flourish, far and wide, in the sympathies of an unsophisticated People; defying

Philosophism, Legislature and the Encyclopédie Far and wide, alas, like a brown-leaved Vallombrosa: which waits but one whillblast of the November wind, and in an hour stands bare! Since that Corpus-Christi Day, Brunswick has come, and the Emigrants, and La Vendée, and eighteen months of Time: to all flourishing, especially to brown-leaved flourishing, there comes, were it never so slowly, an end

On the 7th of November, a certain Citoyen Parens, Curate of Boissise-le-Bertrand, writes to the Convention that he has all his life been preaching a lie, and is grown weary of doing it; wherefore he will now lay down his Curacy and stipend, and begs that an august Convention would give him something else to live upon "Mention honorable," shall we give him? Or "reference to Committee of Finances?" Hardly is this got decided. when goose Gobel, Constitutional Bishop of Paris, with his Chapter, with Municipal and Departmental escort in red nightcaps, makes his appearance, to do as Parens has done. Goose Gobel will now acknowledge "no Religion but Liberty," therefore he doffs his Priest-gear, and receives the Fraternal embrace the joy of Departmental Momoro, of Municipal Chaumettes and Héberts of Vincent and the Revolutionary Army! Chaumette asks, Ought there not, in these circumstances, to be among our intercalary Days Sansbreeches, a Feast of Reason?\* Proper surely! Let Atheist Maréchal, Lalande, and little Atheist Naigeon rejoice; let Clootz, Speaker of Mankind, present to the Convention his Evidences of the Mahometan Religion, "a work evincing the nullity of all Religions." - with

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 17 Brumaile (7th November), 1793.

thanks. There shall be Universal Republic now, thinks Clootz; and "one God only, Le Peuple."

The French Nation is of gregarious imitative nature; it needed but a fugle-motion in this matter; and goose Gobel, driven by Municipality and force of circumstances, has given one What Curé will be behind him of Boissise; what Bishop behind him of Paris? Bishop Grégoire, indeed, courageously declines: to the sound of "We force no one, let Grégoire consult his conscience:" but Protestant and Romish by the hundred volunteer and assent From far and near, all through November into December, till the work is accomplished, come Letters of renegation, come Curates who "are learning to be Carpenters," Curates with their new-wedded Nuns has not the day of Reason dawned, very swiftly, and become noon? From sequestered Townships come Addresses, stating plainly, though in Patois dialect, That "they will have no more to do with the black animal called Curay, animal noir appelé Curay."\*

Above all things, there come Patriotic Gifts, of Church-furniture. The remnant of bells, except for tocsin, descend from their belfries, into the National meltingpot to make cannon Censers and all sacred vessels are beaten broad; of silver, they are fit for the poverty-stricken Mint; of pewter, let them become bullets, to shoot the "enemies du genre human." Dalmatics of plush make breeches for him who had none, linen stoles will clip into shirts for the Defenders of the Country old-clothesmen, Jew or Heathen, drive the briskest trade Chalier's Ass-Procession, at Lyons,

<sup>\*</sup> Analyse du Moniteur (Paris, 1801), ii. 280.

was but a type of what went on, in those same days, in all Towns In all Towns and Townships as quick as the guillotine may go, so quick goes the axe and the wrench: sacristies, lutrins, altar-rails are pulled down; the Mass-Books torn into cartridge-papers: men dance the Carmagnole all night about the bonfire. All highways jingle with metallic Priest-tackle, beaten broad: sent to the Convention, to the poverty-stricken Mint Good Sainte Geneviève Chasse is let down: alas, to be burst open, this time, and burnt on the Place de Grève. Saint Louis's Shirt is burnt; - might not a Defender of the Country have had it? At Saint-Denis Town, no longer Saint-Denis but Franciade, Patriotism has been down among the Tombs, rummaging; the Revolutionary Army has taken spoil This, accordingly, is what the streets of Paris saw:

"Most of these persons were still drunk, with the "brandy they had swallowed out of chalices, - eating "mackerel on the patenas! Mounted on Asses, which "were housed with Priests' cloaks, they reined them "with Priests' stoles; they held clutched with the same "hand communion-cup and sacred wafer They stop-"ped at the doors of Dramshops; held out ciboriums, "and the landlord, stoop in hand, had to fill them "thrice Next came Mules high-laden with crosses, "chandeliers, censers, holy-water vessels, hyssops; -"recalling to mind the Priests of Cybele, whose pan-"niers, filled with the instruments of their worship, "served at once as store-house, sacristy and temple. In "such equipage did these profaners advance towards "the Convention They enter there, in an immense "train, ranged in two rows; all masked like mummers "in fantastic sacerdotal vestments: bearing on hand"barrows their heaped plunder, — ciboriums, suns, "candelabras, plates of gold and silver"\*

The Address we do not give; for indeed it was in strophes, sung vvå voce, with all the parts; — Danton glooming considerably, in his place; and demanding that there be prose and decency in future \*\* Nevertheless the captors of such spoha opima crave, not untouched with liquor, permission to dance the Carmagnole also on the spot whereto an exhilarated Convention cannot but accede Nay "several Members," continues the exaggerative Mercier, who was not there to witness, being in Limbo now, as one of Duperret's Seventy-three, "several Members, quitting their curule chairs, "took the hand of girls flaunting in Priests' vestures, "and danced the Carmagnole along with them" Such Old-Hallowtide have they, in this year, once named of Grace 1793

Out of which strange fall of Formulas, tumbling there in confused welter, betrampled by the Patriotic dance, is it not passing strange to see a new Formula arise? For the human tongue is not adequate to speak what "triviality run distracted" there is in human nature. Black Mumbo-Jumbo of the woods, and most Indian Wau-waus, one can understand but this of Procureur Anaxagoras, whilom John-Peter? Chaumette? We will say only: Man is a born idol-worshipper, sight-worshipper, so sensuous-imaginative is he; and also partakes much of the nature of the ape.

For the same day, while this brave Carmagnoledance has hardly jigged itself out, there arrive Pro-

\*\* See also Moniteur. Séance du 26 Novembre.

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, iv. 134. See Moniteui, Séance du 10 Novembie.

cureur Chaumette and Municipals and Departmentals, and with them the strangest freightage a New Religion! Demoiselle Candeille, of the Opera; a woman fair to look upon, when well louged she, borne on palanquin shoulderhigh; with red woollen nightcap, in azure mantle; garlanded with oak; holding in her hand the Pike of the Jupiter-Peuple, sails in. heralded by white young women girt in tricolor Let the world consider it! This, O National Convention wonder of the universe, is our New Divinity; Goddess of Reason, worthy, and alone worthy of revering Her henceforth we adore Nay, were it too much to ask of an august National Representation that it also went with us to the ci-devant Cathedral called of Notre-Dame, and executed a few strophes in worship of her?

President and Secretaries give Goddess Candeille. borne at due height round their platform, successively the Fraternal kiss; whereupon she, by decree, sails to the right-hand of the President and there alights. And now, after due pause and flourishes of oratory, the Convention, gathering its limbs, does get under way in the required procession towards Notre-Dame; - Reason, again in her litter, sitting in the van of them, borne, as one judges, by men in the Roman costume; escorted by wind-music, red nightcaps, and the madness of the world. And so, straightway, Reason taking seat on the highaltar of Notre-Dame, the requisite worship or quasiworship is, say the Newspapers, executed; National Convention chanting "the Hymn to Liberty, words by Chénier, music by Gossec." It is the first of the Feasts of Reason; first communion-service of the New Religion of Chaumette.

"The corresponding Festival in the Church of Saint-

"Eustache," says Mercier, "offered the spectacle of a "great tavern The interior of the choir represented a "landscape decorated with cottages and boskets of trees. "Round the choir stood tables overloaded with bottles." "with sausages, pork-puddings, pastries and other meats. "The guests flowed in and out through all doors, who-"soever presented himself took part of the good things: "children of eight, girls as well as boys, put hand to "plate, in sign of Liberty; they drank also of the bot-"tles, and their prompt intoxication created laughter. "Reason sat in azure mantle aloft, in a serene manner; "Cannoneers, pipe in mouth, serving her as acolytes "And out of doors," continues the exaggerative man, "were mad multitudes dancing round the bonfire of "Chapel-balustrades, of Priests' and Canons' stalls; and "the dancers, - I exaggerate nothing, - the dancers "nigh bare of breeches, neck and breast naked, "stockings down, went whirling and spinning, like "those Dustvortexes, forerunners of Tempest and De-"struction" \* At Saint-Gervais Church, again, there was a terrible "smell of herrings;" Section or Municipality having provided no food, no condiment, but left it to chance. Other mysteries, seemingly of a Cabiric or even Paphian character, we leave under the Veil, which appropriately stretches itself "along the pillars of the aisles," - not to be lifted aside by the hand of History.

But there is one thing we should like almost better to understand than any other: what Reason herself thought of it, all the while What articulate words poor Mrs Momoro, for example, uttered; when she had become ungoddessed again, and the Bibliopolist and she

<sup>\*</sup> Meicier, iv. 127-146.

sat quiet at home, at supper? For he was an earnest man, Bookseller Momoro; and had notions of Agiarian Law Mrs Momoro, it is admitted, made one of the best Goddesses of Reason; though her teeth were a little defective.—And now if the reader will represent to himself that such visible Adoration of Reason went on "all over the Republic," through these November and December weeks, till the Church woodwork was burnt out, and the business otherwise completed, he will perhaps feel sufficiently what an adoring Republic it was, and without reluctance quit this part of the subject

Such gifts of Church-spoil are chiefly the work of the Armée Révolutionnaire; raised, as we said, some time ago It is an army with portable guillotine commanded by Playwright Ronsin in terrible moustachioes; and even by some uncertain shadow of Usher Maillard, the old Bastille Hero, Leader of the Menads, September Man in Gray! Clerk Vincent of the War-Office, one of Pache's old Clerks, "with a head heated by the ancient orators," had a main hand in the appointments, at least in the staff-appointments.

But of the marchings and retreatings of these Sixthousand no Xenophon exists. Nothing, but an inarticulate hum, of cursing, and sooty frenzy, surviving dubious in the memory of ages! They scour the country round Paris; seeking Prisoners; raising Requisitions, seeing that Edicts are executed, that the Farmers have thrashed sufficiently; lowering Church-bells or metallic Virgins. Detachments shoot forth dim, towards remote parts of France; nay new Provincial Revolutionary

Armies rise dim, here and there, as Carrier's Company of Marat, as Tallien's Bourdeaux Troop; like sympathetic clouds in an atmosphere all electric. Ronsin, they say, admitted, in candid moments, that his troops were the elixir of the Rascality of the Earth. One sees them drawn up in marketplaces; travel-splashed, rough-bearded, in carmagnole complète: the first exploit is to prostrate what Royal or Ecclesiastical monument, crucifix or the like, there may be: to plant a cannon at the steeple: fetch down the bell without climbing for it, bell and belfry together This, however, it is said, depends somewhat on the size of the town: if the town contains much population, and these perhaps of a dubious choleric aspect, the Revolutionary Army will do its work gently, by ladder and wrench; nay perhaps will take its billet without work at all; and, refreshing itself with a little liquor and sleep, pass on to the next stage \* Pipe in cheek, sabre on thigh; in Carmagnole complete!

Such things have been; and may again be Charles Second sent out his Highland Host over the Western Scotch Whigs; Jamaica Planters got Dogs from the Spanish Main to hunt their Maroons with: France too is bescoured with a Devil's Pack, the baying of which, at this distance of half a century, still sounds in the mind's ear.

## CHAPTER V.

Lake a Thunder-Cloud.

But the grand, and indeed substantially primary and generic aspect of the Consummation of Terror

\* Denx Amis, xu. 62-5.

remains still to be looked at; nay blinkard History has for most part all but overlooked this aspect, the soul of the whole; that which makes it terrible to the Enemies of France. Let Despotism and Cimmerian Coalitions consider All French men and French things are in a State of Requisition; Fourteen Armies are got on foot; Patriotism, with all that it has of faculty in heart or in head, in soul or body or breeches-pocket, is rushing to the Frontiers, to prevail or die! Busy sits Carnot, in Salut Public; busy, for his share, in "organising victory." Not swifter pulses that Guillotine, in dread systole-diastole in the Place de la Révolution, than smites the Sword of Patriotism, smiting Cimmeria back to its own borders, from the sacred soil.

In fact, the Government is what we can call Revolutionary; and some men are "à la hauteur," on a level with the circumstances; and others are not à la hauteur, — so much the worse for them But the Anarchy, we may say, has organised itself: Society is literally overset; its old forces working with mad activity, but in the inverse order; destructive and self-destructive

Curious to see how all still refers itself to some head and fountain; not even an Anarchy but must have a centre to revolve round. It is now some six months since the Committee of Salut Public came into existence; some three months since Danton proposed that all power should be given it, and "a sum of fifty millions," and the "Government be declared Revolutionary." He himself, since that day, would take no hand in it, though again and again solicited; but sits private in his place on the Mountain Since that day,

the Nine, or if they should even rise to Twelve, have become permanent, always re-elected when their term runs out; Salut Public, Sûreté Générale have assumed their ulterior form and mode of operating.

Committee of Public Salvation, as supreme; of General Surety, as subaltern: these, like a Lesser and Greater Council, most harmonious hitherto, have become the centre of all things. They ride this Whirlwind; they, raised by force of circumstances, insensibly, very strangely, thither to that dread height; - and guide it, and seem to guide it. Stranger set of Cloud-Compellers the Earth never saw. A Robespierre, a Billaud, a Collot, Couthon, Saint-Just; not to mention still meaner Amars, Vadiers, in Sûreté Générale: these are your Cloud-Compellers. Small intellectual talent is necessary: indeed where among them, except in the head of Carnot, busied organising victory, would you find any? The talent is one of instinct rather. It is that of divining aright what this great dumb Whirlwind wishes and wills; that of willing, with more frenzy than any one, what all the world wills To stand at no obstacles: to heed no considerations human or divine, to know well that, of divine or human, there is one thing needful, Triumph of the Republic, Destruction of the Enemies of the Republic! With this one spiritual endowment, and so few others, it is strange to see how a dumb inarticulately storming Whirlward of things puts, as it were, its reins into your hand, and invites and compels you to be leader of it

Hard by, sits a Municipality of Paris; all in red nightcaps since the fourth of November last: a set of men fully "on a level with circumstances," or even beyond it Sleek Mayor Pache, studious to be safe

in the middle; Chaumettes, Héberts, Varlets, and Henriot their great Commandant; not to speak of Vincent the War-clerk, of Momoros, Dobsents, and such like: all intent to have Churches plundered, to have Reason adored, Suspects cut down, and the Revolution triumph Perhaps carrying the matter too far? Danton was heard to grumble at the civic strophes; and to recommend prose and decency Robespierre also grumbles that, in overturning Superstition, we did not mean to make a religion of Atheism In fact, your Chaumette and Company constitute a kind of Hyper-Jacobinism, or rabid "Faction des Enragés;" which has given orthodox Patriotism some umbrage, of late months. To "know a Suspect on the streets;" what is this but bringing the Law of the Suspect itself into ill odour? Men half-frantic, men zealous overmuch, - they toil there, in their red nightcaps, restlessly, rapidly, accomplishing what of Life is allotted them.

And the Forty-four Thousand other Townships, each with Revolutionary Committee, based on Jacobin Daughter-Society; enlightened by the spirit of Jacobinism; quickened by the Forty Sous a-day! — The French Constitution spurned always at anything like Two Chambers; and yet behold, has it not verily got Two Chambers? National Convention, elected, for one; Mother of Patriotism, self-elected, for another! Mother of Patriotism has her Debates reported in the Moniteur, as important state-procedures; which indisputably they are A Second Chamber of Legislature we call this Mother-Society; — if perhaps it were not rather comparable to that old Scotch Body named Lords of the Articles, without whose origination, and signal given, the so-called Parliament could introduce

no bill, could do no work? Robespierre himself, whose words are a law, opens his incorruptible lips copiously in the Jacobins Hall. Smaller Council of Salut Public, Greater Council of Sâreté Générale, all active Parties, come here to plead; to shape beforehand what decision they must arrive at, what destiny they have to expect Now if a question arose, Which of those Two Chambers, Convention, or Lords of the Articles, was the stronger? Happily they as yet go hand in hand

As for the National Convention, truly it has become a most composed Body. Quenched now the old effervescence; the Seventy-three locked in ward; once noisy Friends of the Girondins sunk all into silent men of the Plain, called even "Frogs of the Marsh," Crapauds du Marais! Addresses come, Revolutionary Church-plunder comes; Deputations, with prose or strophes: these the Convention receives But beyond this, the Convention has one thing mainly to do: to listen what Salut Public proposes, and say, Yea

Bazire followed by Chabot, with some impetuosity, declared, one morning, that this was not the way of a Free Assembly "There ought to be an Opposition side, a Côté Droit," cried Chabot: "if none else will form it, I will People say to me, You will all get guillotined in your turn, first you and Bazire, then Danton, then Robespierre himself" 60 spake the Disfrocked, with a loud voice: next week, Bazire and he lie in the Abbaye; wending, one may fear, towards Tinville and the Axe; and "people say to me" — what seems to be proving true! Bazire's blood was all inflamed with Revolution Fever; with coffee and spas-

<sup>\*</sup> Débats, du 10 Novembre 1793.

modic dreams \* Chabot, again, how happy with his rich Jew-Austrian wife, late Fraulein Frey! But he lies in Prison; and his two Jew-Austrian Brothers-in-Law, the Bankers Frey, lie with him; waiting the urn of doom Let a National Convention, therefore, take warning, and know its function Let the Convention, all as one man, set its shoulder to the work; not with bursts of Parliamentary eloquence, but in quite other and serviceabler ways!

Convention Commissioners, what we ought to call Representatives, "Représentans on mission," fly, like the Herald Mercury, to all points of the Territory; carrying your behests far and wide. In their "round "hat, plumed with tricolor feathers, girt with flowing "tricolor taffeta; in close frock, tricolor sash, sword "and jack-boots," these men are powerfuller than King or Kaiser. They say to whomso they meet, Do; and he must do it: all men's goods are at their disposal; for France is as one huge City in Siege. They smite with Requisitions, and Forced-loan; they have the power of life and death. Saint-Just and Lebas order the rich classes of Strasburg to "strip off their shoes," and send them to the Armies, where as many as "ten-thousand pairs" are needed Also, that within four-and-twenty hours, "a thousand beds" be got ready; \*\* wrant in matting, and sent under way. For the time presses! - Like swift bolts, issuing from the fuliginous Olympus of Salut Public, rush these men. oftenest in pairs; scatter your thunder-orders over France: make France one enormous Revolutionary thunder-cloud.

<sup>\*</sup> Dictionnaire des Hommes Marquans, 1. 115.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Moniteur du 27 Novembre 1793.

# CHAPTER VI

Do thy Duty.

ACCORDINGLY, alongside of these bonfires of Church-balustrades, and sounds of fusillading and noyading, there rise quite another sort of fires and sounds: Smithy-fires and Proof-volleys for the manufacture of arms

Cut off from Sweden and the world, the Republic must learn to make steel for itself; and, by aid of Chemists, she has learnt it. Towns that knew only iron, now know steel: from their new dungeons at Chantilly, Aristocrats may hear the rustle of our new steel furnace there. Do not bells transmute themselves into cannon; iron stancheons into the whiteweapon (arme blanche), by sword-cutlery? The wheels of Langres scream, amid their sputtering fire-halo; grinding mere swords. The stithies of Charleville ring with gun-making. What say we, Charleville? Two-hundred and fifty-eight Forges stand in the open spaces of Paris itself; a hundred and forty of them in the Esplanade of the Invalides, fifty-four in the Luxembourg Garden: so many Forges stand; grim Smiths beating and forging at lock and barrel there The Clockmakers have come, requisitioned, to do the touch-holes, the hard-solder and file-work Five great Barges swing at anchor on the Seine Stream, loud with boring; the great press-drills grating harsh thunder to the general ear and heart. And deft Stock-makers do gouge and rasp; and all men bestir themselves, according to their cunning: - in the language of hope, it is reckoned that "a thousand finished muskets can be delivered daily." \*\* Chemists of the Republic have taught us miracles of swift tanning: \*\* the cordwainer bores and stitches; — not of "wood and pasteboard," or he shall answer it to Tinville! The women sew tents and coats, the children scrape surgeons'-lint, the old men sit in the marketplaces; able men are on march; all men in requisition: from Town to Town flutters, on the Heaven's winds, this Banner, The French People RISEN AGAINST TYRANTS.

All which is well. But now arises the question: What is to be done for saltpetre? Interrupted Commerce and the English Navy shut us out from saltpetre; and without saltpetre there is no gunpowder Republican Science again sits meditative; discovers that saltpetre exists here and there, though in attenuated quantity; that old plaster of walls holds a sprinkling of it; - that the earth of the Paris Cellars holds a sprinkling of it, diffused through the common rubbish; that were these dug up and washed, saltpetre might be had Whereupon, swiftly, see! the Citoyens, with upshoved bonnet rouge, or with doffed bonnet, and hair toil-wetted; digging fiercely, each in his own cellar, for saltpetre. The Earth-heap rises at every door: the Citoyennes with hod and bucket carrying it up; the Citoyens, pith in every muscle, shovelling and digging: for life and saltpetre Dig, my braves; and right well speed ye! What of saltpetre is essential the Republic shall not want

Consummation of Sansculottism has many aspects and tints: but the brightest tint, really of a solar or

<sup>\*</sup> Chorx des Rapports, xiii. 189.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Ibid xv. 360.

stellar brightness, is this which the Armies give it That same fervour of Jacobinism, which internally fills France with hatreds, suspicions, scaffolds and Reasonworship, does, on the Frontiers, show itself as a glorious Pro patria mori. Ever since Dumouriez's defection, three Convention Representatives attend every General. Committee of Salut has sent them: often with this Laconic order only: "Do thy duty, Fais ton devoir. It is strange, under what impediments the fire of Jacobinism, like other such fires, will burn. These Soldiers have shoes of wood and pasteboard, or go booted in hav-ropes, in dead of winter; they skewer a bast mat round their shoulders, and are destitute of most things. What then? It is for Rights of Frenchhood, of Manhood, that they fight: the unquenchable spirit, here as elsewhere, works miracles "With steel and bread," says the Convention Representative. "one may get to China." The Generals go fast to the guillotine; justly and unjustly. From which what inference? This, among others: That ill-success is death; that in victory alone is life! To conquer or die is no theatrical palabra, in these circumstances, but a practical truth and necessity. All Girondism, Halfness, Compromise is swept away. Forward, ye Soldiers of the Republic, captain and man! Dash, with your Gaelic impetuosity, on Austria, England, Prussia, Spain, Sardinia; Pitt, Cobourg, York, and the Devil and the World! Behind us is but the Guillotine: before us is Victory, Apotheosis and Millennium without end!

See, accordingly, on all Frontiers, how the Sons of Night, astonished after short triumph, do recoil;—the Sons of the Republic flying at them, with wild *Ca-ira* 

or Marseillese Aux armes, with the temper of cat-o'mountain, or demon incarnate; which no Son of Night can stand! Spain, which came bursting through the Pyrenees, rustling with Bourbon banners, and went conquering here and there for a season, falters at such cat-o'-mountain welcome; draws itself in again; too happy now were the Pyrenees impassable. Not only does Dugommier, conqueror of Toulon, drive Spain back; he invades Spain. General Dugommier invades it by the Eastern Pyrenees; General Muller shall invade it by the Western. Shall, that is the word: Committee of Salut Public has said it; Representative Cavaignac, on mission there, must see it done. Impossible! cries Muller - Infallible! answers Cavaignac. Difficulty, impossibility, is to no purpose. "The Committee is deaf on that side of its head," answers Cavaignac, "n'entend pas de cette oreille là. How many wantest thou, of men, of horses, cannons? Thou shalt have them Conquerors, conquered or hanged, forward we must." \* Which things also, even as the Representative spake them, were done. The Spring of the new Year sees Spain invaded: and redouts are carried. and Passes and Heights of the most scarped description; Spanish Field-officerism struck mute at such cato'-mountain spirit, the cannon forgetting to fire. \*\* Swept are the Pyrenees: Town after Town flies open. burst by terror or the petard. In the course of another year, Spain will crave Peace: acknowledge its

<sup>\*</sup> There is, in *Prudhomme*, an atrocity à la Captain-Kirk reported of this Cavaignac; which has been copied into Dictionaries, of *Hommes Marquans*, of *Biographie Universelle*, &c., which not only has no truth in it, but, much more singular, is still capable of being proved to have none.

\*\* Deux Amis, xii. 205-30, Toilongeon, &c.

sins and the Republic; nay, in Madrid, there will be joy as for a victory, that even Peace is got.

Few things, we repeat, can be notabler than these Convention Representatives, with their power more than kingly Nav at bottom are they not Kings, Ablemen, of a sort: chosen from the Seven-hundred and Forty-nine French Kings: with this order, Do thy duty? Representative Levasseur, of small stature, by trade a mere pacific Surgeon-Accoucheur, has mutinies to quell; mad hosts (mad at the Doom of Custine) bellowing far and wide: he alone amid them, the one small Representative, - small, but as hard as flint, which also carries fire in it! So too, at Hondschooten, far in the afternoon, he declares that the Battle is not lost; that it must be gained; and fights, himself, with his own obstetric hand; - horse shot under him, or say on foot, "up to the haunches in tide-water;" cutting stoccado and passado there, in defiance of Water, Earth, Air and Fire, the choleric little Representative that he was! Whereby, as natural, Royal Highness of York had to withdraw, - occasionally at full gallop; like to be swallowed by the tide: and his Siege of Dunkirk became a dream, realising only much loss of beautiful siege-artillery and of brave lives \*

General Houchard, it would appear stood behind a hedge on this Hondschooten occasion; wherefore they have since guillotined him. A new General Jourdan, late Sergeant Jourdan, commands in his stead: he, in long-winded Battles of Watigny, "murderous artillery-"fire mingling itself with sound of Revolutionary battle-"hymns," forces Austria behind the Sambre again; has

<sup>\*</sup> Levasseur, Mémoires, ii. c. 2-7.

hopes of purging the soil of Liberty. With hard wrestling, with artillerying and qa-ira-ing, it shall be done. In the course of a new Summer, Valenciennes will see itself beleaguered; Condé beleaguered; whatsoever is yet in the hands of Austria beleaguered and bombarded: nay, by Convention Decree, we even summon them all "either to surrender in twenty-four hours, or else be put to the sword;" — a high saying, which, though it remains unfulfilled, may show what spirit one is of.

Representative Drouet, as an Old-dragoon, could fight by a kind of second nature. but he was unlucky. Him, in a night-foray at Maubeuge, the Austrians took alive, in October last. They stript him almost naked, he says; making a show of him, as King-taker of Varennes. They flung him into carts; sent him far into the interior of Cimmeria, to "a Fortress called Spitzberg" on the Danube River; and left him there, at an elevation of perhaps a hundred and fifty feet, to his own bitter reflections Reflections; and also devices! For the indomitable Old-dragoon constructs wingmachinery, of Paperkite; saws window-bars; determines to fly down. He will seize a boat, will follow the River's course; land somewhere in Crim Tartary, in the Black-Sea or Constantinople region: à la Sindbad! Authentic History, accordingly, looking far into Cimmeria, discerns dimly a phenomenon. In the dead night-watches, the Spitzberg sentry is near fainting with terror: - Is it a huge vague Portent descending through the night-air? It is a huge National Representative Old-dragoon, descending by Paperkite; too rapidly, alas! For Drouet had taken with him, "a small provision-store, twenty pounds weight or thereby;" which proved accelerative: so he fell, fracturing his leg; and lay there, moaning, till day dawned, till you could discern clearly that he was not a Portent but a Representative \*

Or see Saint-Just, in the Lines of Weissembourg, though physically of a timid apprehensive nature, how he charges with his "Alsatian Peasants armed hastily" for the nonce; the solemn face of him blazing into flame; his black hair and tricolor hat-taffeta flowing in the breeze! These our Lines of Weissembourg were indeed forced, and Prussia and the Emigrants rolled through: but we re-force the Lines of Weissembourg; and Prussia and the Emigrants roll back again still faster, — hurled with bayonet charges and fiery ça-vraing.

Ci-devant Sergeant Pichegru, ci-devant Sergeant Hoche, risen now to be Generals, have done wonders here. Tall Pichegru was meant for the Church; was Teacher of Mathematics once, in Brienne School, his remarkablest Pupil there was the Boy Napoleon Buonaparte He then, not in the sweetest humour, enlisted, exchanging ferula for musket; and had got the length of the halberd, beyond which nothing could be hoped; when the Bastille bairiers falling made passage for him, and he is here Hoche bore a hand at the literal overturn of the Bastille; he was, as we saw, a Sergeant of the Gardes Françaises, spending his pay in rushlights and cheap editions of books How the Mountains are burst, and many an Enceladus is disemprisoned; and Captains founding on Four parchments of Nobility are blown with their parchments across the Rhine, into Lunar Limbo!

<sup>\*</sup> His Narrative (in Deux Amis, xiv 177-86).

What high feats of arms, therefore, were done in these Fourteen Armies; and how, for love of Liberty and hope of Promotion, lowborn valour cut its desperate way to Generalship; and, from the central Carnot in Salut Public to the outmost drummer on the Frontiers, men strove for their Republic, let Readers fancy. The snows of Winter, the flowers of Summer continue to be stained with warlike blood. impetuosity mounts ever higher with victory; spirit of Jacobinism weds itself to national vanity: the Soldiers of the Republic are becoming, as we prophesied, very Sons of Fire. Barefooted, barebacked: but with bread and iron you can get to China! It is one Nation against the whole world; but the Nation has that within her which the whole world will not conquer. Cimmeria, astonished, recoils faster or slower; all round the Republic there rises fiery, as it were, a magic ring of musket-volleying and ca-ira-ing. Majesty of Prussia, as Majesty of Spain, will by and by acknowledge his sins and the Republic; and make a Peace of Bale.

Foreign Commerce, Colonies, Factories in the East and in the West, are fallen or falling into the hands of sea-ruling Pitt, enemy of human nature. Nevertheless what sound is this that we hear, on the first of June 1794; sound as of war-thunder borne from the Ocean too, of tone most piercing? War-thunder from off the Brest waters: Villaret-Joyeuse and English Howe, after long manœuvring, have ranked themselves there; and are belching fire. The enemies of human nature are on their own element; cannot be conquered; cannot be kept from conquering Twelve hours of raging cannonade; sun now sinking westward through the battle-smoke. six French Ships taken, the Battle lost; what

Ship soever can still sail, making off! But how is it, then, with that Vengeur Ship, she neither strikes nor makes off? She is lamed, she cannot make off; strike she will not Fire rakes her fore and aft from victorious enemies; the Vengeur is sinking. Strong are ye, Tyrants of the sea; yet we also, are we weak? Lo! all flags, streamers, jacks, every rag of tricolor that will yet run on rope, fly rustling aloft: the whole crew crowds to the upper deck; and with universal soulmaddening yell, shouts Vive la République, - sinking, sinking. She staggers, she lurches, her last drunk whirl; Ocean yawns abysmal: down rushes the Vengeur, carrying Vive la République along with her, unconquerable, into Eternity.\* Let foreign Despots think of that. There is an Unconquerable in man, when he stands on his Rights of Man: let Despots and Slaves and all people know this, and only them that stand on the Wrongs of Man tremble to know it. - So has History written, nothing doubting, of the sunk Vengeur.

— Reader! Mendez Pinto, Munchhausen, Cagliostro, Psalmanazar have been great; but they are not the greatest. O Barrère, Barrère, Anacreon of the Guillotine! must inquisitive pictorial History, in a new edition, ask again "How is it with the Vengeur," in this its glorious suicidal sinking; and, with resentful brush, dash a bend-sinister of contumelious lampblack through thee and it? Alas, alas! The Vengeur, after fighting bravely, did sink altogether as other ships do, her captain and above two-hundred of her crew escaping gladly in British boats; and this same enormous inspiring Feat, and rumour "of sound most piercing,"

<sup>\*</sup> Compare Barrère (Choix des Rapports, xiv. 416-21), Lord Howe (Annual Register of 1794, p. 86), &c

turns out to be an enormous inspiring Non-entity extant nowhere save, as falsehood, in the brain of Barrere! Actually so \* Founded, like the World itself, on Nothing; proved by Convention Report, by solemn Convention Decree and Decrees, and wooden "Model of the Vengeur;" believed, bewept, besung by the whole French People to this hour, it may be regarded as Barrère's masterpiece; the largest, most inspiring piece of blague manufactured, for some centuries, by any man or nation As such, and not otherwise, be it henceforth memorable.

### CHAPTER VII.

#### Flame-Picture.

In this manner, mad-blazing with flame of all imaginable tints, from the red of Tophet to the stellarbright, blazes off this Consummation of Sansculottism

But the hundredth part of the things that were done, and the thousandth part of the things that were projected and decreed to be done, would tire the tongue of History Statue of the Peuple Souveram, high as Strasburg Steeple; which shall fling its shadow from the Pont Neuf over Jardin National and Convention Hall; — enormous, in Painter David's Head! With other the like enormous Statues not a few: realised in paper Decree. For, indeed, the Statue of Liberty herself is still but Plaster, in the Place de la Révolution. Then Equalisation of Weights and Measures, with decimal division; Institutions, of Music and of much else; Institute in general; School of Arts, School of Mars, Élèves de la Patrie, Normal Schools.

<sup>\*</sup> Carlyle's Miscellanies, vol. iv. § Sinking of the Vengeur.

amid such Gunboring, Altar-burning, Saltpetre-digging, and miraculous improvements in Tannery!

What, for example, is this that Engineer Chappe is doing, in the Park of Vincennes? In the Park of Vincennes; and onwards, they say, in the Park of Lepelletier Saint-Fargeau the assassinated Deputy; and still onwards to the Heights of Ecouen and further, he has scaffolding set up, has posts driven in; wooden arms with elbow-joints are jerking and fugling in the air, in the most rapid mysterious manner! Citoyens ran up, suspicious Yes, O Citoyens, we are signalling: it is a device this, worthy of the Republic; a thing for what we will call Far-writing without the aid of postbags; in Greek it shall be named Telegraph - Telégraphe sacré! answers Citoyenism. For writing to Traitors, to Austria? — and tears it down Chappe had to escape, and get a new Legislative Decree theless he has accomplished it, the indefatigable Chappe this his Far-writer, with its wooden arms and elbowjoints, can intelligibly signal, and lines of them are set up, to the North Frontiers and elsewhither. On an Autumn evening of the Year Two, Far-writer having just written that Condé Town has surrendered to us, we send from the Tuileries Convention-Hall this response in the shape of Decree "The name of Condé "is changed to Nord-Libre, North-Free The Army "of the North ceases not to ment well of the country" -To the admiration of men! For lo, in some half hour, while the Convention yet debates, there arrives this new answer, "I inform thee, je t'annonce, Citizen "President, that the Decree of Convention, ordering "change of the name Condé into North-Free; and the "other, declaring that the Army of the North ceases Carlule . Revolution. III. 20

"not to merit well of the country; are transmitted and "acknowledged by Telegraph. I have instructed my "Officer at Lille to forward them to North-Free by "express Signed, Chappe."\*

Or see, over Fleurus in the Netherlands, where General Jourdan, having now swept the soil of Liberty, and advanced thus far, is just about to fight, and sweep or be swept, hangs there not in the Heaven's Vault, some Prodigy, seen by Austrian eyes and spy-glasses: in the similitude of an enormous Windbag, with netting and enormous Saucer depending from it? A Jove's Balance, O ye Austrian spy-glasses? One saucer-scale of a Jove's Balance; your poor Austrian scale having kicked itself quite aloft, out of sight? By Heaven, answer the spy-glasses, it is a Montgolfier, a Balloon, and they are making signals! Austrian cannon-battery barks at this Montgolfier; harmless as dog at the Moon: the Montgolfier makes its signals; detects what Austrian ambuscade there may be, and descends at its ease \*\*—What will not these devils incarnate contrive?

On the whole, is it not, O Reader, one of the strangest Flame-Pictures that ever painted itself; flaming off there, on its ground of Guillotine-black? And the nightly Theatres are Twenty-three; and the Salons de danse are Sixty; full of mere Égalité, Fraternité and Carmagnole. And Section Committee-rooms are Fortyeight; redolent of tobacco and brandy: vigorous with twenty-pence a-day, coercing the Suspect. And the Houses of Arrest are Twelve, for Paris alone; crowded and even crammed And at all turns, you need your

<sup>\*</sup> Choix des Rapports, xv. 378, 384.

<sup>\*\* 26</sup>th June 1794 (see Rapport de Guyton-Morveau sur les aérostats, in Moniteur du 6 Vendémiaire, An 2).

"Certificate of Civism;" be it for going out, or for coming in; nay without it you cannot, for money, get your daily ounces of bread. Dusky red-capped Bakers'-queues; wagging themselves; not in silence! For we still live by Maximum, in all things; waited on by these two, Scarcity and Confusion The faces of men are darkened with suspicion; with suspecting, or being suspect The streets lie unswept; the ways unmended Law has shut her Books; speaks little, save impromptu, through the throat of Tinville Crimes go unpunished: not crimes against the Revolution \* "The number of foundling children," as some compute, "is doubled"

How silent now sits Royalism; sits all Aristocratism; Respectability that kept its Gig! The honour now, and the safety, is to Poverty, not to Wealth. Your Citizen, who would be fashionable, walks abroad, with his Wife on his arm, in red wool nightcap, black shag spencer, and carmagnole complete. Aristocratisia crouches low, in what shelter is still left; submitting to all requisitions, vexations; too happy to escape with life. Ghastly châteaux stare on you by the wayside; disroofed, diswindowed; which the National Housebroker is peeling for the lead and ashlar tenants hover disconsolate, over the Rhine with Condé; a spectacle to men. Ci-devant Seigneur, exquisite in palate, will become an exquisite Restaurateur Cook in Hamburg; Ci-devant Madame, exquisite in diess, a successful Marchande des Modes in London In Newgate-Street, you meet M le Marquis, with a rough deal on his shoulder, adze and jack-plane under arm; he has taken to the joiner trade; it being necessary to live

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, v. 25, Deux Amis, vii. 142-199.

(faut vivec) \*— Higher than all Frenchmen the domestic Stock-jobber flourishes, — in a day of Paper-money The Farmer also flourishes: "Farmers' houses," says Mercier, "have become like Pawnbrokeis' shops," all manner of furniture, apparel, vessels of gold and silver accumulate themselves there: bread is precious The Farmer's rent is Paper-money, and he alone of men has bread: Farmer is better than Landlord, and will himself become Landlord.

And daily, we say, like a black Spectre, silently through that Life-tumult, passes the Revolution Cart; writing on the walls its Mene, Mene, Thou art weighed, and found wantiny! A Spectre with which one has grown familiar Men have adjusted themselves: complaint issues not from that Death-tumbril women and ci-devants, their plumage and finery all tarnished, sit there; with a silent gaze, as if looking into the Infinite Black. The once light lip wears a curl of irony, uttering no word; and the Tumbril fares along They may be guilty before Heaven, or not; they are guilty, we suppose, before the Revolution Then, does not the Republic "coin money" of them, with its great axe? Red Nightcaps howl dire approval: the rest of Paris looks on; if with a sigh, that is much. Fellow-creatures whom sighing cannot help; whom black Necessity and Tinville have clutched

One other thing, or rather two other things, we will still mention; and no more: The Blond Perukes, the Tannery at Meudon Great talk is of these Perruques blondes. O Reader, they are made from the Heads of Guillotined women! The locks of a

<sup>\*</sup> See Deux Amis, xv. 189—192, Mémoires de Genlis, Founders of the French Republic, &c. &c.

Duchess, in this way, may come to cover the scalp of a Cordwainer; her blonde German Frankism his black Gaelic poll, if it be bald. Or they may be worn affectionately, as relics; rendering one suspect?\* Citizens use them, not without mockery; of a rather cannibal sort

Still deeper into one's heart goes that Tannery at Meudon; not mentioned among the other miracles of tanning! "At Meudon," says Montgaillard with considerable calmness, "there was a Tannery of Human "Skins; such of the Guillotined as seemed worth flay-"ing: of which perfectly good wash-leather was "made;" for breeches, and other uses The skin of the men, he remarks, was superior in toughness (consistance) and quality to shamov; that of the women was good for almost nothing, being so soft in texture! \*\* - History looking back over Cannibalism, through Purchas's Pilgrims and all early and late Records, will perhaps find no terrestrial Cannibalism of a sort, on the whole, so detestable. It is a manufactured, soft-feeling, quietly elegant sort; a sort perfide! Alas then, is man's civilisation only a wrappage, through which the savage nature of him can still burst, infernal as ever? Nature still makes him, and has an Infernal in her as well as a Celestial

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, u. 134.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Montgaillard, 1v. 290.

# BOOK VI.

THERMIDOR.

#### CHAPTER I.

The Gods are athirst.

What then is this Thing, called La Révolution, which, like an Angel of Death, hangs over France, noyading, fusillading, fighting, gun-boring, tanning human skins? La Révolution is but so many Alphabetic Letters; a thing nowhere to be laid hands on, to be clapt under lock and key where is it? what is it? It is the Madness that dwells in the hearts of men In this man it is, and in that man; as a rage or as a terror, it is in all men. Invisible, impalpable, and yet no black Azrael, with wings spread over half a continent, with sword sweeping from sea to sea, could be a truer Reality

To explain, what is called explaining, the march of this Revolutionary Government, be no task of ours Man cannot explain it. A paralytic Couthon, asking in the Jacobins, "What hast thou done to be hanged if Counter-Revolution should arrive?" a sombre Saint-Just, not yet six-and-twenty, declaring that "for Revolutionists there is no rest but in the tomb;" a seagreen Robespierre converted into vinegar and gall, much more an Amar and Vadier, a Collot and Billaud: to inquire what thoughts, predetermination or prevision, might be in the head of these men! Record of their thought remains not; Death and Darkness have swept it out utterly. Nay, if we even had their thought, all that they could have articulately spoken to us, how insignificant a fraction were that of the

Thing which realised itself, which decreed itself, on signal given by them! As has been said more than once, this Revolutionary Government is not a self-conscious but a blind fatal one Each man, enveloped in his ambient-atmosphere of revolutionary fanatic Madness, rushes on, impelled and impelling; and has become a blind brute Force; no rest for him but in the grave! Darkness and the mystery of horrid cruelty cover it for us, in History; as they did in Nature. The chaotic Thunder-cloud, with its pitchy black, and its tumult of dazzling jagged fire, in a world all electric: thou wilt not undertake to show how that comported itself, - what the secrets of its dark womb were; from what sources, with what specialties, the lightning it held did, in confused brightness of terror, strike forth, destructive and self-destructive, till it ended? Like a Blackness naturally of Erebus, which by will of Providence had for once mounted itself into dominion and the Azure: is not this properly the nature of Sansculottism consummating itself? Of which Erebus Blackness be it enough to discern that this and the other dazzling fire-bolt, dazzling fire-torrent, does by small Volition and great Necessity, verily issue, - in such and such succession; destructive so and so, self-destructive so and so: till it end.

Royalism is extinct, "sunk," as they say, "in the mud of the Loire;" Republicanism dominates without and within: what, therefore, on the 15th day of March, 1794, is this? Arrestment, sudden really as a bolt out of the Blue, has hit strange victims: Hébert Père Duchesne, Bibliopolist Momoro, Clerk Vincent, General Ronsin; high Cordelier Patriots, redcapped Magis-

trates of Paris, Worshippers of Reason, Commanders of Revolutionary Army! Eight short days ago, their Cordelier Club was loud, and louder than ever, with Patriot denunciations Hébert Père Duchesne had "held his tongue and his heart these two months, at sight of Moderates, Crypto-Aristocrats, Camilles, Scélérats in the Convention itself: but could not do it any longer; would if other remedy were not, invoke the sacred right of Insurrection" So spake Hébert in Cordelier Session; with vivats, till the roofs rang again \* Eight short days ago; and now already! They rub their eyes: it is no dream; they find themselves in the Luxembourg. Goose Gobel too; and they that burnt Churches! Chaumette himself, potent Procureur, Agent National as they now call it, who could "recognise the Suspect by the very face of them," he lingers but three days; on the third day he too is hurled in Most chopfallen, blue, enters the National Agent this Limbo whither he has sent so many. Prisoners crowd round, jibing and jeering; "Sublime National Agent," says one, "in virtue of thy immortal Proclamation, lo there! I am suspect, thou art suspect, he is suspect, we are suspect, ye are suspect, they are suspect!"

The meaning of these things? Meaning! It is a Plot; Plot of the most extensive ramifications; which, however, Barrère holds the threads of Such Churchburning and scandalous masquerades of Atheism, fit to make the Revolution odious: where indeed could they originate but in the gold of Pitt? Pitt indubitably, as Preternatural Insight will teach one, did hire this Faction of Enragés, to play their fantastic tricks; to roar

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, du 17 Ventose (7th March) 1794.

in their Condeliers Club about Moderatism; to print their *Père Duchesne*; worship skyblue Reason in red nightcap; rob all Altars, — and bring the spoil to us!

Still more indubitable, visible to the mere bodily sight, is this that the Cordeliers Club sits pale, with anger and terror, and has "veiled the Rights of Man," — without effect. Likewise that the Jacobins are in considerable confusion; busy "purging themselves, s'épurant," as in times of Plot and public Calamity they have repeatedly had to do. Not even Camille Desmoulins but has given offence: nay there have risen murmurs against Danton himself; though he bellowed them down, and Robespierie finished the matter by "embracing him in the Tribune."

Whom shall the Republic and a jealous Mother-Society trust? In these times of temptation, of Preternatural Insight! For there are Factions of the Stranger. "de l'étranger," Factions of Moderates, of Enraged; all manner of Factions: we walk in a world of Plots; strings universally spread, of deadly gins and falltraps, baited by the gold of Pitt! Clootz, Speaker of Mankind so-called, with his Evidences of Mahometan Religion, and babble of Universal Republic, him an incorruptible Robespierre has purged away. Baron Clootz, and Paine rebellious Needleman lie, these two months, in the Luxembourg; limbs of the Faction de l'étranger. Representative Phélippeaux is purged out: he came back from La Vendée with an ill report in his mouth against rogue Rossignol, and our method of warfare there. Recant it, O Phélippeaux, we entreat thee! Phélippeaux will not recant; and is purged out Representative Fabre d'Églantine, famed Nomenclator of Romme's Calendar, is purged out; nay, is cast into

the Luxembourg: accused of Legislative Swindling "in regard to moneys of the India Company" There with his Chabots, Bazires, guilty of the like, let Fabre wait his destiny. And Westermann friend of Danton, he who led the Marseillese on the Tenth of August, and fought well in La Vendée, but spoke not well of rogue Rossignol, is purged out. Lucky, if he too go not to the Luxembourg. And your Prolys, Guzmans, of the Faction of the Stranger, they have gone; Pereyra, though he fled, is gone, "taken in the disguise of a Tavern Cook" I am suspect, thou art suspect, he is suspect!—

The great heart of Danton is weary of it. Danton is gone to native Arcis, for a little breathing-time of peace: Away, black Arachne-webs, thou world of Fury, Terror and Suspicion; welcome, thou everlasting Mother, with thy spring greenness, thy kind household loves and memories, true art thou, were all else untrue! The great Titan walks silent, by the banks of the murmuring Aube, in young native haunts that knew him when a boy; wonders what the end of these things may be

But strangest of all, Camille Desmoulins is purged out Couthon gave as a test in regard to Jacobin purgation the question, "What hast thou done to be hanged if Counter-Revolution should arrive?" Yet Camille, who could so well answer this question, is purged out! The truth is, Camille, early in December last, began publishing a new Journal, or Series of Pamphlets, entitled the Vieux Cordeher, Old Cordelier. Camille, not afraid at one time to "embrace Liberty on a heap of dead bodies," begins to ask now, Whether among so many arresting and punishing Committees,

there ought not to be a "Committee of Mercy?" Saint-Just, he observes, is an extremely solemn young Republican, who "carries his head as if it were a Saint-Sacrement," adorable Hostie, or divine Real-Presence! Sharply enough, this old Cordelier, — Danton and he were of the earliest primary Cordeliers, — shoots his glittering war-shafts into your new Cordeliers, your Héberts, Momoros, with their brawling brutalities and despicabilities; say, as the Sun-god (for poor Camille is a Poet) shot into that Python Serpent, sprung of mud

Whereat, as was natural, the Hébertist Python did hiss and writhe amazingly; and threaten "sacred right of Insurrection;" - and, as we saw, get cast into Prison. Nay, with all the old wit, dexterity and light graceful poignancy, Camille, translating "out of Tacitus, from the Reign of Tiberius," pricks into the Law of the Suspect itself; making it odious! Twice, in the Decade, his wild Leaves issue; full of wit, nay of humour. of harmonious ingenuity and insight, - one of the strangest phenomena of that dark time; and smite, in their wildsparkling way, at various monstrosities, Saint-Sacrament heads, and Juggernaut idols, in a rather reckless manner To the great joy of Josephine Beauharnais, and the other Five-thousand and odd Suspect, who fill the Twelve Houses of Arrest; on whom a ray of hope dawns! Robespierre, at first approbatory, knew not at last what to think; then thought, with his Jacobins, that Camille must be expelled. man of true Revolutionary spirit, this Camille; but with the unwisest sallies; whom Aristocrats and Moderates have the art to corrupt! Jacobinism is in uttermost crisis and struggle; enmeshed wholly in plots, corruptibilities, neck-gins and baited falltraps of Pitt Ennem du Genre Humam. Camille's First Number begins with "O Pitt!"—his last is dated 15 Pluviose Year 2, 3d February 1794, and ends with these words of Montezuma's, "Les dieux ont soif, The gods are athirst."

Be this as it may, the Hébertists lie in Prison only some nine days. On the 24th of March, therefore, the Revolution Tumbrils carry through that Life-tumult a new cargo: Hébert, Vincent, Momoro, Ronsin, Nineteen of them in all; with whom, curious enough, sits Clootz Speaker of Mankind. They have been massed swiftly into a lump, this miscellary of Nondescripts; and travel now their last road No help. They too must "look through the little window;" they too must "sneeze into the sack," éternuer dans le sac; as they have done to others, so is it done to them. Sainte-Guillotine, meseems, is worse than the old Saints of Superstition; a man-devouring Saint? Clootz, still with an air of polished sarcasm, endeavours to jest, to offer cheering "arguments of Materialism;" he requested to be executed last, "in order to establish certain principles," - which hitherto, I think, Philosophy has got no good of General Ronsin too, he still looks forth with some air of defiance, eye of command: the rest are sunk in a stony paleness of despair. Momoro, poor Bibliopolist, no Agrarian Law yet realised, - they might as well have hanged thee at Evreux, twenty months ago, when Girondin Buzot hindered them. Hébert Père Duchesne shall never in this world rise in sacred right of insurrection; he sits there low enough, head sunk on breast; Red Nightcaps shouting round

him, in frightful paiody of his Newspaper Articles, "Grand choler of the Père Duchesne!" Thus perish they; the sack receives all their heads Through some section of History, Nineteen spectre-chimeras shall flit, squeaking and gibbering, till Oblivion swallow them

In the course of a week, the Revolutionary Army itself is disbanded, the General having become spectral This Faction of Rabids, therefore is also purged from the Republican soil, here also the baited falltraps of that Pitt have been wrenched up harmless; and anew there is joy over a Plot Discovered. The Revolution then is verily devouring its own children? All Anarchy, by the nature of it, is not only destructive but self-destructive.

# CHAPTER II.

#### Danton no Weakness

Danton, meanwhile, has been pressingly sent for from Arcis: he must return instantly, cried Camille. cried Phélippeaux and Friends, who scented danger in the wind Danger enough! A Danton, a Robespierre, chief-products of a victorious Revolution, are now arrived in immediate front of one another; must ascertain how they will live together, rule together. One conceives easily the deep mutual incompatibility that divided these two: with what terror of feminine hatred the poor seagreen Formula looked at the monstrous colossal Reality, and grew greener to behold him;— the Reality, again, struggling to think no ill of a chief-product of the Revolution; yet feeling at bottom that such chief-product was little other than a chief windbag,

blown large by Popular air; not a man, with the heart of a man, but a poor spasmodic incorruptible pedant, with a logic-formula instead of heart; of Jesuit or Methodist-Parson nature; full of sincere-cant, incorruptibility, of virulence, poltroonery; barren as the eastwind! Two such chief-products are too much for one Revolution.

Friends trembling at the results of a quarrel on their part, brought them to meet. "It is right," said Danton, swallowing much indignation, "to repress the Royalists. but we should not strike except where it is useful to the Republic: we should not confound the innocent and the guilty." - "And who told you," replied Robespierie with a poisonous look, "that one innocent person had perished?" - "Quoi," said Danton, turning round to Friend Paris self-named Fabricius, Juryman in the Revolutionary Tribunal. "Quot, not one innocent? What sayest thou of it, Fabricius!" -- Friends, Westermann, this Paris and others urged him to show himself, to ascend the Tribune and act The man Danton was not prone to show himself: to act, or uproar for his own safety. A man of careless, large, hoping nature; a large nature that could rest he would sit whole hours, they say, hearing Camille talk, and liked nothing so well Friends urged him to fly; his Wife urged him: "Whither fly?" answered he: "If freed France cast me out, there are only dungeons for me elsewhere. One carries not his country with him at the sole of his The man Danton sat still Not even the arrestment of Friend Hérault, a member of Salut, yet arrested by Salut, can rouse Danton - On the night of the 30th of March, Juryman Paris came rushing in,

<sup>\*</sup> Biographie des Ministres, § Danton

haste looking through his eyes: A clerk of the Salut Committee had told him Danton's warrant was made out, he is to be arrested this very night! Entreaties there are and trepidation, of poor Wife, of Pârıs and Friends. Danton sat silent for a while; then answered, "Ils n'oserment, They dare not;" and would take no measures Murmuring "They dare not," he goes to sleep as usual.

And yet, on the morrow morning, strange rumour spreads over Paris City: Danton, Camille, Phélippeaux. Lacroix have been arrested over night! It is verily so: the corridors of the Luxembourg were all crowded, Prisoners crowding forth to see this giant of the Revolution enter among them. "Messieurs," said Danton politely, "I hoped soon to have got you all out of this. but here I am myself; and one sees not where it will end" - Rumour may spread over Paris: the Convention clusters itself into groups; wide-eyed, whispering, "Danton arrested!" Who then is safe? Legendre. mounting the Tribune, utters, at his own peril, a feeble word for him; moving that he be heard at that Bar before indictment; but Robespierre frowns him down. "Did you hear Chabot, or Bazire? Would you have two weights and measures?" Legendre cowers low: Danton, like the others, must take his doom.

Danton's Prison-thoughts were curious to have; but are not given in any quantity: indeed few such remarkable men have been left so obscure to us as this Titan of the Revolution. He was heard to ejaculate: "This time twelvemonth, I was moving the creation of that same Revolutionary Tribunal I crave pardon for it of God and man. They are all Brothers Cain; Brissot would have had me guillotined as Robespierre now will.

I leave the whole business in a frightful welter (gachis épouvantable): not one of them understands anything of government Robespierre will follow me; I drag down Robespierre. O, it were better to be a poor fisherman than to meddle with governing of men" — Camille's young beautiful Wife, who had made him rich not in money alone, hovers round the Luxembourg, like a disembodied spirit, day and night Camille's stolen letters to her still exist; stained with the mark of his tears "I carry my head like a Saint-Sacrament?" so Saint-Just was heard to mutter: "perhaps he will carry his like a Saint-Dennis."

Unhappy Danton, thou still unhappier light Camille, once light Procureur de la Lanterne, ye also have arrived, then, at the Bourne of Creation, where, like Ulysses Polytlas at the limit and utmost Gades of his voyage, gazing into that dim Waste beyond Creation, a man does see the Shade of his Mother, pale, ineffectual;— and days when his Mother nursed and wrapped him are all-too sternly contrasted with this day! Danton, Camille, Hérault, Westermann, and the others, very strangely massed up with Bazires, Swindler Chabots, Fabre d'Églantines, Banker Freys, a most motley Batch, "Fournée" as such things will be called, stand ranked at the Bar of Tinville It is the 2d of April 1794 Danton has had but three days to lie in Prison; for the time presses.

What is your name? place of abode? and the like, Fouquier asks; according to formality. "My name is Danton," answers he; "a name tolerably known in the

<sup>\*</sup> Aperçus sur Camille Desmoulins (in Vieux Cordelier, Paris, 1825), pp. 1-29.

Revolution. my abode will soon be Annihilation (dans le Néant); but I shall live in the Pantheon of History." A man will endeavour to say something forcible, be it by nature or not! Hérault mentions epigrammatically that he "sat in this Hall, and was detested of Parlementeers" Camille makes answer, "My age is that of the bon Sansculotte Jésus; an age fatal to Revolutionists" O Camille, Camille! And yet in that Divine Transaction, let us say, there did lie, among other things, the fatallest Reproof ever uttered here below to Worldly Right-honourableness; "the highest fact." so devout Novalis calls it, "in the Rights of Man" Camille's real age, it would seem, is thirty-four Danton is one year older

Some five months ago, the Trial of the Twenty-two Girondins was the greatest that Fouquier had then done. But here is a still greater to do; a thing which tasks the whole faculty of Fouquier, which makes the very heart of him waver For it is the voice of Danton that reverberates now from these domes; in passionate words, piercing with their wild sincerity, winged with wrath. Your best Witnesses he shivers into ruin at one stroke. He demands that the Committee-men themselves come as Witnesses, as Accusers; he "will cover them with ignominy." He raises his huge stature, he shakes his huge black head, fire flashes from the eyes of him, piercing to all Republican hearts. so that the very Galleries, though we filled them by ticket, murmur sympathy; and are like to burst down, and raise the People, and deliver him! He complains loudly that he is classed with Chabots, with swindling Stockjobbers; that his Indictment is a list of platitudes and horrors. "Danton hidden on the 10th of August?" reverberates he, with the roar

of a lion in the toils: "where are the men that had to press Danton to show himself, that day? Where are these high-gifted souls of whom he borrowed energy? Let them appear, these Accusers of mine. I have all the clearness of my self-possession when I demand them I will unmask the three shallow scoundrels," les trois plats coquins, Saint-Just, Couthon, Lebas, "who fawn on Robespierre, and lead him towards his destruction. Let them produce themselves here: I will plunge them into Nothingness, out of which they ought never to have risen" The agitated President agitates his bell; enjoins calmness, in a vehement manner. "What is it to thee how I defend myself?" cries the other "the right of dooming me is thine always. The voice of a man speaking for his honour and his life may well drown the jingling of thy bell!" Thus Danton, higher and higher; till the lion-voice of him "dies away in his throat." speech will not utter what is in that man. The Galleries murmur ominously, the first day's Session is over

O Tinville, President Heiman, what will ye do? They have two days more of it, by strictest Revolutionary Law. The Galleries already murmur If this Danton were to burst your meshwork!— Very curious indeed to consider It turns on a hair: and what a Hoitytoity were there, Justice and Culprit changing places; and the whole History of France running changed! For in France there is this Danton only that could still try to govern France. He only, the wild amorphous Titan;— and perhaps that other olive-complexioned individual, the Artillery Officer at Toulon, whom we left pushing his fortune in the South?

On the evening of the second day, matters looking

not better but worse and worse, Fouquier and Heiman. distraction in their aspect, rush over to Salut Public What is to be done? Salut Public rapidly concocts a new Decree; whereby if men "insult Justice," they may be "thrown out of the Debates" For indeed, withal, is there not "a Plot in the Luxembourg Prison?" Cidevant General Dillon, and others of the Suspect, plotting with Camille's Wife to distribute assignats; to force the Prisons, overset the Republic? Citizen Laflotte. himself Suspect but desiring enfranchisement, has reported said Plot for us: - a report that may bear fruit! Enough, on the morrow morning, an obedient Convention passes this Decree Salut rushes off with it to the aid of Tinville, reduced now almost to extremities And so, Hors de Débats, Out of the Debates, ye insolents! Policemen do your duty! In such manner, with a deadlift effort, Salut, Tinville, Herman, Leroi Dix-Août, and all stanch jurymen setting heart and shoulder to it, the Jury becomes "sufficiently instructed;" Sentence is passed, is sent by an Official, and torn and trampled on: Death this day. It is the 5th of April, 1794 Camille's poor Wife may cease hovering about this Prison. Nay, let her kiss her poor children; and prepare to enter it, and to follow! -

Danton carried a high look in the Death-cart. Not so Camille: it is but one week, and all is so topsyturvied; angel Wife lest weeping; love, riches, Revolutionary fame, lest all at the Prison-gate; carnivorous Rabble now howling round. Palpable, and yet incredible; like a madman's dream! Camille struggles and writhes; his shoulders shuffle the loose coat off them, which hangs knotted, the hands tied "Calm, my friend," said Danton, "heed not that vile canaille (laissez là

cette vile canaille) "At the foot of the Scaffold, Danton was heard to ejaculate: "O my Wife, my well-beloved, I shall never see thee more then!" — but, interrupting himself: "Danton, no weakness!" He said to Hérault-Sechelles stepping forward to embrace him: "Our heads will meet there," in the Headsman's sack. His last words were to Samson the Headsman himself. "Thou wilt show my head to the people; it is worth showing"

So passes, like a gigantic mass, of valour, ostentation, fury, affection and wild revolutionary force and manhood, this Danton, to his unknown home He was of Arcis-sur-Aube; born of "good farmer-people" there. He had many sins; but one worst sin he had not, that of Cant. No hollow Formalist, deceptive and self-deceptive, ghastly to the natural sense, was this; but a very Man. with all his dross he was a Man; fiery-real, from the great fire-bosom of Nature herself He saved France from Brunswick; he walked straight his own wild road, whither it led him He may live for some generations in the memory of men

# CHAPTER III

The Tumbrils.

NEXT week, it is still but the 10th of April, there comes a new Nineteen; Chaumette, Gobel, Hébert's Widow, the Widow of Camille: these also roll their fated journey; black Death devours them Mean Hébert's Widow was weeping, Camille's Widow tried to speak comfort to her. O ye kind Heavens, azure, beautiful, eternal behind your tempests and Time-clouds, is there not pity in store for all! Gobel, it seems, was repentant; he begged absolution of a Priest; died as a

Gobel best could For Anaxagoras Chaumette, the sleek head now stript of its bonnet rouge, what hope is there? Unless Death were "an eternal sleep?" Wretched Anaxagoras, God shall judge thee, not I

Hébert, therefore, is gone, and the Hébertists; they that robbed Churches, and adored blue Reason in red nightcap. Great Danton, and the Dantonists; they also are gone Down to the catacombs; they are become silent men! Let no Paris Municipality, no Sect or Party of this hue or that, resist the will of Robespierre and Salut. Mayor Pache, not prompt enough in denouncing these Pitt Plots, may congratulate about them now. Never so heartily; it skills not! His course likewise is to the Luxembourg We appoint one Fleuriot-Lescot Interim-Mayor in his stead: an "architect from Belgium," they say, this Fleuriot; he is a man one can depend on Our new Agent-National is Payan, lately Juryman; whose cynosure also is Robespierre

Thus then, we perceive, this confusedly electric Erebus-cloud of Revolutionary Government has altered its shape somewhat Two masses, or wings, belonging to it; an over-electric mass of Cordelier Rabids, and an under-electric of Dantonist Moderates and Clemencymen,—these two masses, shooting bolts at one another, so to speak, have annihilated one another For the Erebus-cloud, as we often remark, is of suicidal nature; and, if jagged irregularity, darts its lightning withal into itself. But now these two discrepant masses being mutually annihilated, it is as if the Erebus-cloud had got to internal composure; and did only pour its hellfire lightning on the World that lay under it. In plain words, Terror of Guillotine was never terrible till now. Systole, diastole, swift and ever swifter goes

the Axe of Samson Indictments cease by degrees to have so much as plausibility. Fouquier chooses from the Twelve Houses of Arrest what he calls Batches, "Fournées," a score or more at a time; his Jurymen are charged to make feu de file, file-firing till the ground be clear. Citizen Laflotte's report of Plot in the Luxembourg is verily bearing fruit! If no speakable charge exist against a man, or Batch of men, Fouquier has always this: a Plot in the Prison Swift and ever swifter goes Samson; up, finally, to three score and more at a Batch. It is the highday of Death: none but the Dead return not

O dusky D'Espréménil, what a day is this, the 22d of April, thy last day! The Palais Hall here is the same stone Hall, where thou, five years ago, stoodest perorating, amid endless pathos of rebellious Parlement, in the gray of the morning; bound to march with D'Agoust to the Isles of Hières. The stones are the same stones: but the rest, Men, Rebellion, Pathos, Peroration, see! it has all fled, like a gibbering troop of ghosts, like the phantasms of a dying brain D'Espréménil, in the same line of Tumbrils, goes the mournfullest medley. Chapelier goes, ci-devant popular President of the Constituent: whom the Menads and Maillard met in his carriage, on the Versailles Road Thouret likewise, ci-devant President, father of Constitutional Law-acts; he whom we heard saying, long since, with a loud voice, "The Constituent Assembly has fulfilled its mission!" And the noble old Malesherbes, who defended Louis and could not speak, like a gray old rock dissolving into sudden water: he journeys here now, with his kindred, daughters, sons and grandsons, his Lamoignons, Châteaubriands; silent, towards Death — One young Châteaubriand alone is wandering amid the Natchez, by the roar of Niagara Falls, the moan of endless forests. Welcome thou great Nature, savage, but not false, not unkind, unmotherly; no Formula thou, or rabid jangle of Hypothesis, Parliamentary Eloquence, Constitution-building and the Guillotine; speak thou to me, O Mother, and sing my sick heart thy mystic everlasting lullaby-song, and let all the rest be far! —

Another row of Tumbrils we must notice: that which holds Elizabeth, the Sister of Louis. Her Trial was like the rest; for Plots, for Plots. She was among the kindliest, most innocent of women. There sat with her, amid four-and-twenty others, a once timorous Marchioness de Crussol, courageous now; expressing towards her the liveliest loyalty. At the foot of the Scaffold, Elizabeth with tears in her eyes thanked this Marchioness; said she was grieved she could not reward her "Ah, Madame, would your Royal Highness deign to embrace me, my wishes were complete!" - "Right willingly, Marquise de Crussol, and with my whole heart "\* Thus they: at the foot of the Scaffold The Royal Family is now reduced to two: a girl and a little boy. The boy, once named Dauphin, was taken from his Mother while she yet lived, and given to one Simon, by trade a Cordwainer, on service then about the Temple-Prison, to bring him up in principles of Sansculottism. Simon taught him to drink, to swear, to sing the carmagnole. Simon is now gone to the Municipality: and the poor boy, hidden in a tower of the Temple, from which in his fright and bewilderment and early decrepitude he wishes not to stir out. lies perishing,

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, iv. 200.

"his shirt not changed for six months;" amid squalor and darkness, lamentably, — so as none but poor Factory Children and the like are wont to perish, and not be lamented!

The Spring sends its green leaves and bright weather, bright May, brighter than ever. Death pauses not Lavoisier, famed Chemist, shall die and not live. Chemist Lavoisier was Farmer-General Lavoisier too. and now, "all the Farmers-General are arrested;" all, and shall give an account of their moneys and incomings; and die for "putting water in the tobacco" they sold.\*\* Lavoisier begged a fortnight more of life, to finish some experiments: but "the Republic does not need such;" the axe must do its work. Cynic Chamfort, reading these inscriptions of Brotherhood or Death, says "it is a Brotherhood of Cain:" arrested, then liberated; then about to be arrested again, this Chamfort cuts and slashes himself with frantic uncertain hand; gains, not without difficulty, the refuge of death Condorcet has lurked deep, these many months: Arguseves watching and searching for him His concealment is become dangerous to others and himself; he has to fly again, to skulk, round Paris, in thickets and stonequarries. And so at the Village of Clamars, one bleared May morning, there enters a Figure, ragged, roughbearded, hunger-stricken; asks breakfast in the tavern there. Suspect, by the look of him! "Servant out of place, sayest thou?" Committee-President of Forty-Sous finds a Latin Horace on him: "Art thou not one of those Ci-devants that were wont to keep servants? Suspect!" He is haled forthwith, breakfast unfinished,

<sup>\*</sup> Duchesse d'Angoulême, Captivité à la Tour du Temple, pp 37-71 \*\* Tribunal Révolutionnaire, du 8 Mai 1794 (Moniteur, No. 231).

towards Boung-la-Reine, on foot. he faints with exhaustion; is set on a peasant's horse; is flung into his damp prison-cell. on the morrow, recollecting him, you enter; Condoicet lies dead on the floor They die fast, and disappear: the Notabilities of France disappear, one after one, like lights in a Theatre, which you are snuffing out.

Under which circumstances, is it not singular, and almost touching, to see Paris City drawn out, in the meek May nights, in civic ceremony, which they call "Souper Fraternel," Brotherly Supper? Spontaneous, or partially spontaneous, in the twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth nights of this May month, it is seen Along the Rue Saint-Honoré, and main Streets and Spaces, each Citoyen brings forth what of supper the stingy Maximum has vielded him, to the open air; joins it to his neighbour's supper; and with common table, cheerful light burning frequent, and what due modicum of cut-glass and other garnish and relish is convenient. they eat frugally together, under the kind stars See it, O Night! With cheerfully pledged wine-cup, hobnobbing to the Reign of Liberty, Equality, Brotherhood, with their wives in best ribands, with their little ones romping round, the Citoyens, in frugal Love-feast, sit there. Night in her wide empire sees nothing similar. O my brothers, why is the reign of Brotherhood not come! It is come, it shall have come, say the Citovens frugally hobnobbing - Ah me! these everlasting stars, do they not look down "like glistening eyes, bright with immortal pity, over the lot of man!" -

<sup>\*</sup> Tableaux de la Révolution, § Soupers Fraternels, Mercier, ii 150.

One lamentable thing, however, is, that individuals will attempt assassination - of Representatives of the People. Representative Collot, Member even of Salut, returning home, "about one in the morning," probably touched with liquor, as he is apt to be, meets on the stairs the cry "Scélérat!" and also the snap of a pistol: which latter flashes in the pan; disclosing to him, momentarily, a pair of truculent saucer-eyes, swart grimclenched countenance; recognisable as that of our little fellow-lodger, Citoyen Amiral, formerly "a clerk in the Lotteries!" Collot shouts Murder, with lungs fit to awaken all the Rue Favart; Amiral snaps a second time, a second time flashes in the pan; then darts up into his apartment; and, after there firing, still with inadequate effect, one musket at himself and another at his captor, is clutched and locked in Prison \* An indignant little man this Amiral, of Southern temper and complexion, of "considerable muscular force" He denies not that he meant to "purge France of a Tyrant;" nay avows that he had an eye to the Incorruptible himself, but took Collot as more convenient!

Rumour enough hereupon, heaven-high congratulation of Collot, fraternal embracing, at the Jacobins and elsewhere. And yet, it would seem, the assassin mood proves catching. Two days more, it is still but the 23d of May, and towards nine in the evening. Cécile Rénault, Paper-dealer's daughter, a young woman of soft blooming look, presents herself at the Cabinet-maker's in the Rue Saint-Honoré; desires to see Robespierre. Robespierre cannot be seen; she grumbles irreverently They lay hold of her She

<sup>\*</sup> Riouffe, p. 73, Deux Amis xii 298-302

has left a basket in a shop hard by in the basket are female change of raiment and two knives! Poor Cécile, examined by Committee, declares she "wanted to see what a tyrant was like:" the change of raiment was "for my own use in the place I am surely going to." — "What place?" — "Prison; and then the Guillotine," answered she. — Such things come of Charlotte Corday; in a people pione to imitation, and monomania! Swart choleric men try Charlotte's feat, and their pistols miss fire; soft blooming young women try it, and, only half-resolute, leave their knives in a shop

O Pitt, and ye Faction of the Stranger, shall the Republic never have rest; but be torn continually by baited springes, by wires of explosive spring-guns? Swart Amiral, fair young Cécile, and all that knew them, and many that did not know them, lie locked, waiting the scrutiny of Tinville.

# CHAPTER IV

Mumbo-Jumbo.

But on the day they call *Décadi*, New-Sabbath, 20 *Prairial*, 8th June by old style, what thing is this going forward in the Jardin National, whilom Tuileries Garden?

All the world is there, in holyday clothes:\* foul linen went out with the Hébertists; nay Robespierre, for one, would never once countenance that; but went always elegant and frizzled, not without vanity even,—and had his room hung round with seagreen Portraits and Busts. In holyday clothes, we say, are the innumerable Citoyens and Citoyennes: the weather is

<sup>\*</sup> Vilate, Causes Secrètes de la Révolution du 9 Thermidor.

of the brightest; cheerful expectation lights all countenances. Juryman Vilate gives breakfast to many a Deputy, in his official Apartment, in the Pavillon ci-devant of Flora; rejoices in the bright-looking multitudes, in the brightness of leafy June, in the auspicious Décadi, or New-Sabbath. This day, if it please Heaven, we are to have, on improved Anti-Chaumette

principles: a New Religion.

Catholicism being burned out, and Reason-worship guillotined, was there not need of one? Incorruptible Robespierre, not unlike the Ancients, as Legislator of a free people, will now also be Priest and Prophet. He has donned his sky-blue coat, made for the occasion; white silk waistcoat broidered with silver, black silk breeches, white stockings, shoe-buckles of gold He is President of the Convention; he has made the Convention decree, so they name it, décréter the "Existence of the Supreme Being," and likewise "ce principe consolateur of the Immortality of the Soul" These consolatory principles, the basis of rational Republican Religion, are getting decreed; and here, on this blessed Décadi, by help of Heaven and Painter David, is to be our first act of worship

See, accordingly, how after Decree passed, and what has been called "the scraggiest Prophetic Discourse ever uttered by man," — Mahomet Robespierre, in sky-blue coat and black breeches, frizzled and powdered to perfection, bearing in his hand a bouquet of flowers and wheat-ears, issues proudly from the Convention Hall, Convention following him, yet, as is remarked, with an interval. Amphitheatre has been raised, or at least *Monticule* or Elevation; hideous

Statutes of Atheism, Anarchy and such like, thanks to Heaven and Painter David, strike abhorience into the heart. Unluckily, however, our Monticule is too small. On the top of it not half of us can stand; wherefore there arises indecent shoving, nay treasonous irreverent growling Peace, thou Bourdon de l'Oise; peace, or it may be worse for thee!

The seagreen Pontiff takes a torch, Painter David handing it; mouths some other froth-rant of vocables, which happily one cannot hear; strides resolutely forward, in sight of expectant Fiance; sets his torch to Atheism and Company, which are but made of pasteboard steeped in turpentine They burn up rapidly: and, from within, there uses "by machinery" an incombustible Statue of Wisdom, which, by ill hap, gets besmoked a little; but does stand there visible in as serene attitude as it can

And then? Why, then, there is other Processioning, scraggy Discoursing, and - this is our Feast of the Etre Suprême; our new Religion, better or worse, is come! - Look at it one moment, O Reader, not two. The shabbiest page of Human Annals: or is there, that thou wottest of, one shabbier? Mumbo-Jumbo of the African woods to me seems venerable beside this new Deity of Robespierre, for this is a conscious Mumbo-Jumbo, and knows that he is machinery O seagreen Prophet, unhappiest of windbags blown nigh to bursting, what distracted Chimera among realities art thou growing to! This then, this common pitch-link for artificial fireworks of turpentine and pasteboard; this is the miraculous Aaron's Rod thou wilt stretch over a hag-ridden hell-ridden France, and bid her plagues cease? Vanish, thou and it! - "Avec ton Étre Suprême," said Billaud, "tu commences m'embêter: With thy Étre Suprême thou beginnest to be a bore to me." \*

Catherine Théot, on the other hand, "an ancient serving-maid seventy-nine years of age," inured to Prophecy and the Bastille from of old, sits in an upper room in the Rue de Contrescarpe, poring over the Book of Revelations, with an eye to Robespierre; finds that this astonishing thrice-potent Maximilien really is the Man spoken of by Prophets, who is to make the Earth young again With her sit devout old Marchionesses, ci-devant honourable women; among whom Old Constituent Dom Gerle, with his addle head, cannot be wanting They sit there, in the Rue de Contrescarpe; in mysterious adoration. Mumbo is Mumbo, and Robespierre is his Prophet. spicuous man this Robespierre. He has his volunteer Bodyguard of Tappe-durs, let us say Strike-sharps, fierce Patriots with feruled sticks, and Jacobins kissing the hem of his garment He enjoys the admiration of many, the worship of some, and is well worth the wonder of one and all.

The grand question and hope, however, is Will not this Feast of the Tuileries Mumbo-Jumbo be a sign perhaps that the Guillotine is to abate? Far enough from that! Precisely on the second day after it, Couthon, one of the "three shallow scoundrels," gets himself lifted into the Tribune; produces a bundle of papers. Couthon proposes that, as Plots still abound, the Law of the Suspect shall have extension,

<sup>\*</sup> See Vilate, Causes Seciètes. (Vilate's Nariative is very eniions, but is not to be taken as true, vithout sifting, being, at bottom, in spite of its title, not a Narrative but a Pleading)

and Arrestment new vigour and facility. Further that, as in such case business is like to be heavy, our Revolutionary Tribunal too shall have extension: be divided, say, into Four Tribunals, each with its President, each with its Fouquier or Substitute of Fouquier, all labouring at once, and any remnant of shackle or dilatory formality be struck off: in this way it may perhaps still overtake the work Such is Couthon's Decree of the Twenty-second Prairial, famed in those times. At hearing of which Decree the very Mountain gasped, awestruck; and one Ruamps ventured to say that if it passed without adjournment and discussion, he, as one Representative, "would blow his brains out." Vain saying! The Incorruptible knit his brows; spoke a prophetic fateful word or two: the Law of Prairial is Law; Ruamps glad to leave his rash brains where they are Death then, and always Death! Even so. Fouquier is enlarging his borders; making room for Batches of a Hundred and fifty at once; — getting a Guillotine set up of improved velocity, and to work under cover, in the apartment close by. So that Salut itself has to intervene, and forbid him: "Wilt thou demoralise the Guillotine," asks Collot, reproachfully, "démoraliser le supplice!"

There is indeed danger of that; were not the Republican faith great, it were already done. See, for example, on the 17th of June, what a Batch, Fifty-four at once! Swart Amiral is here, he of the pistol that missed fire; young Cécile Rénault, with her father, family, entire kith and kin; the Widow of D'Espréménil; old M. de Sombreuil of the Invalides, with his Son, — poor old Sombreuil, seventy-three years old,

his Daughter saved him in September, and it was but for this. Faction of the Stranger, fifty-four of them! In red shirts and smocks, as Assassins and Faction of the Stranger, they flit along there; red baleful Phantasmagory, towards the land of Phantoms.

Meanwhile will not the people of the Place de la Révolution, the inhabitants along the Rue Saint-Honoré, as these continual Tumbrils pass, begin to look gloomy? Republicans too have bowels. The Guillotine is shifted, then again shifted; finally set up at the remote extremity of the Southeast: \* Suburbs Saint-Antoine and Saint-Marceau, it is to be hoped, if they have bowels, have very tough ones.

#### CHAPTER V

#### The Prisons.

It is time now, however, to cast a glance into the Prisons. When Desmoulins moved for his Committee of Mercy, these Twelve Houses of Arrest held five-thousand persons Continually arriving since then, there have now accumulated twelve-thousand. They are Ci-devants, Royalists; in far greater part, they are Republicans, of various Girondin, Fayettish, Un-Jacobin colour. Perhaps no human Habitation or Prison ever equalled in squalor, in noisome horror, these Twelve Houses of Arrest There exist records of personal experience in them, Mémoires sur les Prisons; one of the strangest Chapters in the Biography of Man.

Very singular to look into it how a kind of order

\* Montgaillard, 1v. 237.

rises up in all conditions of human existence; and wherever two or three are gathered together, there are formed modes of existing together, habitudes, observances, nay gracefulnesses, joys! Citoyen Coittant will explain fully how our lean dinner, of herbs and carrion, was consumed not without politeness and place-aux-dames: how Seigneur and Shoeblack, Duchess and Doll-Tearsheet, flung pellmell into a heap, ranked themselves according to method. at what hour "the Citoyennes took to their needlework;" and we, yielding the chairs to them, endeavoured to talk gallantly in a standing posture, or even to sing and hap more or less Jealousies, enmities are not wanting; nor flirtations, of an effective character.

Alas, by degrees, even needlework must cease. Plot in the Prison rises, by Citoyen Laflotte and Preternatural Suspicion. Suspicious Municipality snatches from us all implements; all money and possession, of means or metal, is ruthlessly searched for, in pocker, in pillow and paillasse, and snatched away, red-capped Commissaries entering every cell. Indignation, temporary desperation, at robbery of its very thimble, fills the gentle heart Old Nuns shriek shrill discord; demand to be killed forthwith. No help from shrieking! Better was that of the two shifty male Citizens, who, eager to preserve an implement or two, were it but a pipe-picker, or needle to darn hose with, determined to defend themselves by tobacco. Swift then, as your fell Red Caps are heard in the Corridor rummaging and slamming, the two Citovens light their pipes, and begin smoking Thick darkness envelops them. The Red Nightcaps, opening the cell, breathe but one mouthful; burst forth into chorus of barking

and coughing "Quoi, Messieurs," cry the two Citoyens, "you don't smoke? Is the pipe disagreeable? Est-ce que vous ne fumez pas?" But the Red Night-caps have fled, with slight search: "Vous n'aimez pas la pipe?" cry the Citoyens, as their door slams-to again. \* My poor brother Citoyens, O surely, in a reign of Brotherhood, you are not the two I would guillotine!

Rigour grows, stiffens into horrid tyranny; Plot in the Prison getting ever rifer. This Plot in the Prison. as we said, is now the stereotype formula of Tinville: against whomsoever he knows no crime, this is a readymade crime. His Judgment-bar has become unspeakable, a recognised mockery; known only as the wicket one passes through, towards Death. His Indictments are drawn out in blank; you insert the Names after. He has his moutons, detestable traitor jackals, who report and bear witness; that they themselves may be allowed to live, - for a time His Fournées, says the reproachful Collot, "shall in no case exceed threescore;" that is his maximum Nightly come his Tumbrils to the Luxembourg, with the fatal Roll-call; list of the Fournée of to-morrow. Men rush towards the Grate; listen, if their name be in it? One deep-drawn breath, when the name is not in; we live still one day! And vet some score or scores of names were in. Quick these, they clasp their loved ones to their heart, one last time; with brief adieu, wet-eyed or dry-eyed, they mount, and are away This night to the Conciergerie; through the Palais misnamed of Justice, to the Guillotine, to-morrow.

<sup>\*</sup> Maison d'Arrêt de Port-Libre, par Coittant, &c (Mémoires sur les Prisons, 11-)

Recklessness, defiant levity, the Stoicism if not of strength vet of weakness, has possessed all hearts Weak women and Ci-devants, their locks not yet made into blond perukes, their skins not yet tanned into breeches, are accustomed to "act the Guillotine" by way of pastime. In fantastic mummery, with towelturbans, blanket-ermine, a mock Sanhedrim of Judges sits, a mock Tinville pleads; a culprit is doomed, is guillotined by the oversetting of two chairs times we carry it further: Tinville himself, in his turn. is doomed, and not to the Guillotine alone blackened face, hirsute, horned, a shaggy Satan snatches him not unshricking; shows him, with outstretched arm and voice, the fire that is not quenched, the worm that dies not; the monotony of Hell-pain, and the What hour? answered by, It is Eternity.\*

And still the Prisons fill fuller, and still the Guillotine goes faster On all high roads march flights of Prisoners, wending towards Paris. Not Ci-devants now; they, the noisy of them, are mown down; it is Republicans now. Chained two and two they march; in exasperated moments singing their Marseillasse A hundred and thirty-two men of Nantes, for instance, march towards Paris, in these same days. Republicans, or say even Jacobins to the marrow of the bone, but Jacobins who had not approved Noyading \*\* Vive la République rises from them in all streets of towns: they rest by night in unutterable noisome dens, crowded to choking; one or two dead on the morrow. They are wayworn, weary of heart; can only shout: Live the

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, iv. 218, Riouffe, p. 273.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Voyage de Cent Trente-deux Nantais (Prisons, 11. 288-335).

Republic; we, as under horrid enchantment, dying in this way for it!

Some Four-hundred Priests, of whom also there is record, ride at anchor, "in the roads of the Isle of Aix," long months; looking out on misery, vacuity, waste Sands of Oleron and the ever-moaning brine. Ragged, sordid, hungry; wasted to shadows: eating their unclean ration on deck, circularly, in parties of a dozen, with finger and thumb; beating their scandalous clothes between two stones; choked in horrible miasmata, closed under hatches, seventy of them in a berth, through night; so that the "aged Priest is found lying dead in the morning, in the attitude of prayer" — How long, O Lord!

Not forever; no. All Anarchy, all Evil, Injustice, is, by the nature of it, dragon's-teeth; suicidal, and cannot endure

### CHAPTER VI.

To finish the Terror.

It is very remarkable, indeed, that since the Étre-Suprême Feast, and the sublime continued harangues on it, which Billaud feared would become a bore to him, Robespierre has gone little to Committee; but held himself apart, as if in a kind of pet Nay they have made a Report on that old Catherine Théot, and her Regenerative Man spoken of by the Prophets; not in the best spirit. This Théot mystery they affect to regard as a Plot; but have evidently introduced a vein of satire, of irreverent banter, not against the

<sup>\*</sup> Relation de ce qu'ont souffert pour la Religion les Prêtres déportés en 1794 dans la rade de l'île d'Aix (Prisons, 11. 387-485).

Spinster alone, but obliquely against her Regenerative Man' Barrère's light pen was perhaps at the bottom of it: read through the solemn snuffling organs of old Vadier of the Sûrcté Générale, the Théot Report had its effect; wrinkling the general Republican visage into an iron grin. Ought these things to be?

We note further, that among the Prisoners in the Twelve Houses of Arrest, there is one whom we have seen before. Senhora Fontenai, born Cabarus, the fair Proserpine whom Representative Tallien Plutolike did gather at Bourdeaux, not without effect on himself! Tallien is home, by recall, long since, from Bourdeaux; and in the most alarming position Vain that he sounded, louder even than ever, the note of Jacobinism, to hide past shortcomings: the Jacobins purged him out; two times has Robespierre growled at him words of omen from the Convention Tribune And now his fair Cabarus, hit by denunciation, lies Arrested, Suspect, in spite of all he could do! -Shut in horrid pinfold of death, the Senhora smuggles out to her red-gloomy Tallien the most pressing entreaties and conjurings: Save me; save thyself Seest thou not that thy own head is doomed; thou with a too fiery audacity; a Dantonist withal; against whom lie grudges? Are ye not all doomed, as in the Polyphemus Cavern: the fawningest slave of you will be but eaten last! - Tallien feels with a shudder that it is true. Tallien has had words of omen. Bourdon has had words, Fréron is hated and Barras: each man "feels his head if it yet stick on his shoulders."

Meanwhile Robespierre, we still observe, goes little to Convention, not at all to Committee; speaks nothing except to his Jacobin House of Lords, amid his body-guard of Tappe-durs These "forty-days," for we are now far in July, he has not showed face in Committee, could only work there by his three shallow scoundrels, and the terror there was of him. The Incorruptible himself sits apart; or is seen stalking in solitary places in the fields, with an intensely meditative air; some say, "with eyes red-spotted," fruit of extreme bile: the lamentablest seagreen Chimera that walks the Earth that July! O hapless Chimera; for thou too hadst a life, and heart of flesh, — what is this that the stern gods, seeming to smile all the way, have led and let thee to! Art not thou he, who, few years ago, was a young Advocate of promise; and gave up the Arras Judgeship rather than sentence one man to die? —

What his thoughts might be? His plans for finishing the Terror? One knows not. Dim vestiges there flit of Agrarian Law; a victorious Sansculottism become Landed Proprietor; old Soldiers sitting in National Mansions, in Hospital Palaces of Chambord and Chantilly; peace bought by victory; breaches healed by Feast of Etre Suprême, - and so, through seas of blood, to Equality, Frugality, worksome Blessed ness, Fraternity, and Republic of the virtues Blessed shore, of such a sea of Aristocrat blood: but how to land on it? Through one last wave: blood of corrupt Sansculottists, traitorous or semi-traitorous Conventionals, rebellious Talliens, Billauds, to whom with my Étre Suprême I have become a bore; with my Apocalyptic Old Woman a laughing-stock! — So stalks he, this poor Robespierre, like a seagreen ghost, through the blooming July Vestiges of schemes flit dim But

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xii. 347-73.

what his schemes or his thoughts were will never be known to man.

New Catacombs, some say, are digging for a huge simultaneous butchery Convention to be butchered, down to the right pitch, by General Henriot and Company: Jacobin House of Lords made dominant; and Robespierre Dictator \* There is actually, or else there is not actually, a List made out; which the Hairdresser has got eye on, as he frizzled the Incorruptible locks. Each man asks himself, Is it I?

Nay, as Tradition and rumour of Anecdote still convey it, there was a remarkable bachelor's dinner, one hot day, at Barrère's. For doubt not, O Reader, this Barrère and others of them gave dinners; had "country-house at Clichy," with elegant enough sumptuosities, and pleasures high-rouged.\*\* But at this dinner we speak of, the day being so hot, it is said, the guests all stript their coats, and left them in the drawing-room: whereupon Carnot glided out; groped in Robespierre's pocket; found a list of Forty, his own name among them; and tarried not at the winecup that day! - Ye must bestir yourselves, O Friends; ye dull Frogs of the Marsh, mute ever since Girondism sank under, even you now must croak or die! Councils are held, with word and beck; nocturnal, mysterious as death. Does not a feline Maximilien stalk there; voiceless as yet; his green eyes red-spotted; back bent, and hair up? Rash Tallien, with his rash temper and audacity of tongue; he shall bell the cat. Fix a day; and be it soon, lest never!

Lo, before the fixed day, on the day which they call Eighth of Thermidor, 26th July 1794, Robespierre

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xiı, 350-8.

himself reappears in Convention; mounts to the Tribune! The biliary face seems clouded with new gloom: judge whether your Talliens, Bourdons, listened with interest. It is a voice bodeful of death or of life. Longwinded, unmelodious as the screech-owl's, sounds that prophetic voice: Degenerate condition of Republican spirit; corrupt Moderatism; Sûreté, Salut Committees themselves infected; backsliding on this hand and on that; I, Maximilien, alone left incorruptible, ready to die at a moment's warning. For all which what remedy is there? The Guillotine; new vigour to the all-healing Guillotine; death to traitors of every hue! So sings the prophetic voice; into its Convention sounding-board. The old song this: but to-day, O Heavens! has the sounding-board ceased to act? There is not resonance in this Convention: there is, so to speak, a gasp of silence; nay a certain grating of one knows not what! - Lecointre, our old Draper of Versailles, in these questionable circumstances, sees nothing he can do so safe as rise, "insidiously" or not insidiously, and move, according to established wont, that the Robespierre Speech be "printed and sent to the Departments" Hark: gratings, even of dissonance! Honourable Members hint dissonance; Committee-Members, inculpated in the Speech, utter dissonance, demand "delay in printing." Ever higher rises the note of dissonance; inquiry is even made by Editor Fréron: "What has become of the Liberty of Opinions in this Convention?" The Order to print and transmit, which had got passed, is rescinded. Robespierre, greener than ever before, has to retire, foiled; discerning that it is mutiny, that evil is nigh!

Mutiny is a thing of the fatallest nature in all enterprises whatsoever; a thing so incalculable, swift-frightful. not to be dealt with in fright. But mutiny in a Robespierre Convention, above all, - it is like fire seen sputtering in the ship's powder-room! One deathdefiant plunge at it, this moment, and you may still tread it out hesitate till next moment, - ship and ship's captain, crew and cargo are shivered far; the ship's voyage has suddenly ended between sea and sky. If Robespierre can, to-night, produce his Henriot and Company, and get his work done by them, he and Sansculottism may still subsist some time; if not, probably not Oliver Cromwell, when that Agitator Sergeant stept forth from the ranks, with plea of grievances, and began gesticulating and demonstrating, as the mouthpiece of Thousands expectant there, - discerned, with those truculent eves of his, how the matter lay; plucked a pistol from his holsters; blew Agitator and Agitation instantly out Noll was a man fit for such things

Robespierre, for his part, glides over at evening to his Jacobin House of Lords; unfolds there, instead of some adequate resolution, his woes, his uncommon virtues, incorruptibilities; then, secondly, his rejected screech-owl Oration; — reads this latter over again; and declares that he is ready to die at a moment's warning. Thou shalt not die! shouts Jacobinism from its thousand throats. "Robespierre, I will drink the hemlock with thee," cries Painter David, "Je bourai la cique avec toi;" — a thing not essential to do, but which, in the fire of the moment, can be said.

Our Jacobin sounding-board, therefore, does act! Applauses heaven-high cover the rejected Oration; fire-

eyed fury lights all Jacobin features: Insurrection a sacred duty, the Convention to be purged; Sovereign People under Henriot and Municipality: we will make a new June-Second of it: To your tents, O Israel! In this key pipes Jacobinism, in sheer tumult of revolt Let Tallien and all Opposition men make off Collot d'Herbois, though of the supreme Salut, and so lately near shot, is elbowed, bullied; is glad to escape alive. Entering Committee-room of Salut, all dishevelled, he finds sleek sombre Saint-Just there, among the rest; who in his sleek way asks, "What is passing at the Jacobins?" - "What is passing?" repeats Collot, in the unhistrionic Cambyses' vein: "What is passing? Nothing but revolt and horrors are passing Ye want our lives; ye shall not have them " Saint-Just stutters at such Cambyses-oratory; takes his hat to withdraw. That Report he had been speaking of, Report on Republican Things in General we may say, which is to be read in Convention on the morrow, he cannot show it them, at this moment a friend has it, he, Saint-Just, will get it, and send it, were he once home. Once home, he sends not it, but an answer that he will not send it; that they will hear it from the Tribune to-morrow.

Let every man, therefore, according to a well-known good-advice, "pray to Heaven, and keep his powder dry!" Paris, on the morrow, will see a thing. Swift scouts fly dim or invisible, all night, from Sûreté and Salut; from conclave to conclave; from Mother-Society to Townhall Sleep, can it fall on the eyes of Talliens, Fiérons, Collots? Puissant Henriot, Mayor Fleuriot, Judge Coffinhal, Procureur Payan, Robespierre and all the Jacobins are getting ready

### CHAPTER VII.

Go down to.

Tallien's eyes beamed bright, on the morrow, Ninth of Thermidor "about nine o'clock," to see that the Convention had actually met. Paris is in rumour: but at least we are met, in Legal Convention here; we have not been snatched seriatim; treated with a Pride's Purge at the door. "Allons, brave men of the Plain," late Frogs of the Marsh! cried Tallien with a squeeze of the hand, as he passed in; Saint-Just's sonorous voice being now audible from the Tribune, and the game of games begun.

Saint-Just is verily reading that Report of his; green Vengeance, in the shape of Robespierre, watching nigh. Behold, however, Saint-Just has read but few sentences, when interruption rises, rapid crescendo; when Tallien starts to his feet, and Billaud, and this man starts and that, - and Tallien, a second time, with his. "Citoyens, at the Jacobins last night, I trembled for the Republic. I said to myself, if the Convention dare not strike the Tyrant, then I myself dare; and with this I will do it, if need be," said he, whisking out a clear-gleaming Dagger, and brandishing it there: the Steel of Brutus, as we call it Whereat we all bellow, and brandish, impetuous acclaim. "Tyranny! Dictatorship! Triumvirate!" And the Salut Committee-men accuse, and all men accuse, and uproar, and impetuously acclaim. And Saint-Just is standing motionless, pale of face; Couthon ejaculating, "Triumvir?" with a look at his paralytic legs. And Robespierre is struggling to speak, but President Thuriot

is jungling the bell against him, but the Hall is sounding against him like an Æolus-Hall: and Robespierre is mounting the Tribune-steps and descending again; going and coming, like to choke with rage, terror, desperation: — and mutiny is the order of the day!\*

O President Thuriot, thou that wert Elector Thuriot, and from the Bastille battlements sawest Saint-Antoine rising like the Ocean-tide, and hast seen much since, sawest thou ever the like of this? Jingle of bell, which thou jinglest against Robespierre, is hardly audible amid the Bedlam-storm; and men rage for life "President of Assassins," shrieks Robespierre, "I demand speech of thee for the last time!" It cannot be had. "To you, O virtuous men of the Plain," cries he, finding audience one moment, "I appeal to you!" The virtuous men of the Plain sit silent as stones. And Thuriot's bell jingles, and the Hall sounds like Æolus's Hall. Robespierre's frothing lips are grown "blue;" his tongue dry, cleaving to the roof of his mouth. "The blood of Danton chokes him," cry they. "Accusation! Decree of Accusation!" Thuriot swiftly puts that question Accusation passes; the incorruptible Maximilien is decreed Accused.

"I demand to share my Brother's fate, as I have striven to share his virtues," cries Augustin, the Younger Robespierre: Augustin also is decreed. And Couthon, and Saint-Just, and Lebas, they are all decreed; and packed forth,—not without difficulty, the Ushers almost trembling to obey. Triumvirate and Company are packed forth, into Salut Committee-room; their tongue cleaving to the roof of their mouth. You have but to summon

Moniteur, Nos. 311, 312, Débats, iv. 421-42, Deux Amis, XII. 390-411.

the Municipality; to cashier Commandant Henriot, and launch Arrest at him; to regulate formalities; hand Tinville his victims It is noon: the Æolus-Hall has delivered itself; blows now victorious, harmonious, as one irresistible wind

And so the work is finished? One thinks so: and vet it is not so Alas, there is vet but the first-act finished; three or four other acts still to come; and an uncertain catastophe! A huge City holds in it so many confusions seven hundred thousand human heads; not one of which knows what its neighbour is doing, nav not what itself is doing - See, accordingly, about three in the afternoon, Commandant Henriot, how instead of sitting cashiered, arrested, he gallops along the Quais, followed by Municipal Gendarmes, "trampling down several persons!" For the Townhall sits deliberating, openly insurgent: Barriers to be shut; no Gaoler to admit any Prisoner this day; - and Henriot is galloping towards the Tuileries, to deliver Robespierre On the Quai de la Ferraillerie, a young Citoyen, walking with his wife, says aloud: "Gendarmes, that man is not your Commandant: he is under arrest." The Gendarmes strike down the young Citoven with the flat of their swords \*

Representatives themselves (as Merlin the Thionviller), who accost him, this puissant Henriot flings into guardhouses He bursts towards the Tuileries Committee-room, "to speak with Robespierre:" with difficulty, the Ushers and Tuileries Gendarmes, earnestly pleading and drawing sabre, seize this Henriot; get the Henriot Gendarmes persuaded not to fight; get Robes-

<sup>\*</sup> Précis des événemens du Neuf Thermidor, par C. A. Méda, ancien Gendarme (Paris, 1825)

pierre and Company packed into hackney-coaches, sent off under escort, to the Luxembourg and other Prisons. This then is the end? May not an exhausted Convention adjourn now, for a little repose and sustenance, "at five o'clock?"

An exhausted Convention did it; and repented it. The end was not come; only the end of the second-act. Hark, while exhausted Representatives sit at victuals, toesin bursting from all steeples, drums rolling, in the summer evening: Judge Coffinhal is galloping with new Gendarmes, to deliver Henriot from Tuileries Committee-room; and does deliver him! Puissant Henriot vaults on horseback; sets to haranguing the Tuileries Gendarmes; corrupts the Tuileries Gendarmes too: trots off with them to Townhall Alas, and Robespierre is not in Prison: the Gaoler showed his Municipal order. durst not, on pain of his life, admit any Prisoner; the Robespierre Hackney-coaches, in this confused jangle and whirl of uncertain Gendarmes, have floated safe into the Townhall! There sit Robespierre and Com pany, embraced by Municipals and Jacobins, in sacred right of Insurrection; redacting Proclamations; sounding toesins; corresponding with Sections and Mother-Society. Is not here a pretty enough third-act of a natural Greek Drama; catastrophe more uncertain than ever?

The hasty Convention rushes together again, in the ominous nightfall. President Collot, for the chair is his, enters with long strides, paleness on his face; claps-on his hat; says with solemn tone: "Citoyens, armed Villains have beset the Committee-rooms, and got possession of them The hour is come, to die at our post" "Our," answer one and all: "We swear it!" It is no Callule. Revolution. III.

rhodomontade, this time, but a sad fact and necessity; unless we do at our posts, we must verily die Swift therefore, Robespierre, Henriot, the Municipality, are declared Rebels; put Hors la Loi, Out of Law Better still, we appoint Barras Commandant of what Armedforce is to be had; send Missionary Representatives to all Sections and quarters, to preach, and raise force; will die at least with harness on our back.

What a distracted City, men riding and running, reporting and hearsaying; the Hour clearly in travail,—child not to be named till born! The poor Prisoners in the Luxembourg hear the rumour; tremble for a new September. They see men making signals to them, on skylights and roofs, apparently signals of hope; cannot in the least make out what it is \* We observe, however, in the eventide, as usual, the Death-tumbrils faring Southeastward, through Saint-Antoine, towards their Barrier du Trône Saint-Antoine's tough bowels melt; Saint-Antoine surrounds the Tumbrils; says, It shall not be O Heavens, why should it! Henriot and Gendarmes, scouring the streets that way, bellow, with waved sabres, that it must Quit hope, ye poor Doomed, The Tumbrils move on.

But in this set of Tumbrils there are two other things notable: one notable person; and one want of a notable person. The notable person is Lieutenant-General Loiserolles, a nobleman by birth, and by nature; laying down his life here for his son. In the Prison of Saint-Lazare, the night before last, hurrying to the Grate to hear the Death-list read, he caught the name of his son. The son was asleep at the moment. "I am Loiserolles," cried the old man: at Tinville's

Mémoires sur les Prigons, 11. 277.

bar, an error in the Christian name is little; small objection was made — The want of the notable person, again, is that of Deputy Paine! Paine has sat in the Luxembourg since January; and seemed forgotten; but Fouquier had pricked him at last. The Turnkey, List in hand, is marking with chalk the outer doors of to-morrow's Fournée. Paine's outer door happened to be open, turned back on the wall; the Turnkey marked it on the side next him, and hurried on: another Turnkey came, and shut it; no chalk-mark now visible, the Fournée went without Paine. Paine's life lay not there.—

Our fifth-act, of this natural Greek Drama, with its natural unities, can only be painted in gross; somewhat as that antique Painter, driven desperate, did the For through this blessed July night, there is clangour, confusion very great, of marching troops; of Sections going this way, Sections going that; of Missionary Representatives reading Proclamations by torchlight: Missionary Legendre, who has raised force somewhere, emptying out the Jacobins, and flinging their key on the Convention table: "I have locked their door; it shall be Virtue that reopens it." Paris, we say, it set against itself, rushing confused. as Ocean-currents do; a huge Mahlstrom, sounding there. under cloud of night. Convention sits permanent on this hand; Municipality most permanent on that. The poor prisoners hear tocsin and rumour; strive to bethink them of the signals apparently of hope. Meek continual Twilight streaming up, which will be Dawn and a To-morrow, silvers the Northern hem of Night; it wends and wends there, that meek brightness, like a silent prophecy, along the great ring-dial of the Heaven. So still, eternal! and on Earth all is confused shadow and conflict; dissidence, tumultuous gloom and glare; and "Destiny as yet sits wavering, and shakes her doubtful urn"

About three in the morning, the dissident Armed-Forces have met. Henriot's Armed Force stood ranked in the Place de Grève; and now Barras's, which he has recruited, arrives there; and they front each other. cannon bristling against cannon. Citovens! cries the voice of Discretion loudly enough, Before coming to bloodshed, to endless civil-war, hear the Convention Decree read: "Robespierre and all rebels Out of Law!" - Out of Law? There is terror in the sound. Unarmed Citoyens disperse rapidly home Municipal Cannoneers, in sudden whirl, anxiously unanimous, range themselves on the Convention side, with shouting At which shout, Henriot descends from his upper room, far gone in drink as some say; finds his Place de Grève empty; the cannons' mouth turned towards him: and on the whole. - that it is now the catastrophe!

Stumbling in again, the wretched drunk-sobered Henriot announces: "All is lost!" "Misérable, it is thou that hast lost it!" cry they; and fling him, or else he flings himself, out of window: far enough down; into masonwork and horror of cesspool; not into death but worse. Augustin Robespierre follows him; with the like fate. Saint-Just, they say, called on Lebas to kill him; who would not. Couthon crept under a table; attempting to kill himself; not doing it. — On entering that Sanhedrim of Insurrection, we find all as good as extinct; undone, ready for seizure Robespierre was sitting on a chair; with pistol-shot blown

through not his head but his under jaw; the suicidal hand had failed \* With prompt zeal, not without trouble, we gather these wrecked Conspirators; fish up even Henriot and Augustin, bleeding and foul; pack them all, rudely enough, into carts; and shall, before sunrise, have them safe under lock and key. Amid shoutings and embracings.

Robespierre lay in an anteroom of the Convention Hall, while his Prison-escort was getting ready; the mangled jaw bound up rudely with bloody linen: a spectacle to men. He lies stretched on a table, a dealbox his pillow; the sheath of the pistol is still clenched convulsively in his hand. Men bully him, insult him: his eyes still indicate intelligence; he speaks no word. "He had-on the sky-blue coat he had got "made for the Feast of the Étre Suprême" — O reader, can thy hard heart hold out against that? His trousers were nankeen; the stockings had fallen down over the ankles. He spake no word more in this world.

And so, at six in the morning, a victorious Convention adjourns Report flies over Paris as on golden wings; penetrates the Prisons; irradiates the faces of those that were ready to perish. turnkeys and moutons, fallen from their high estate, look mute and blue. It is the 28th day of July, called 10th of Thermidor, year 1794.

Fouquier had but to identify; his Prisoners being already Out of Law At four in the afternoon, never before were the streets of Paris seen so crowded.

<sup>•</sup> Meda, p. 384. (Méda asserts that it was he who, with infinite counage, though in a lefthanded manner, shot Robespierie. Méda got promoted for his services of this night, and died General and Baron. Few credited Méda, in what was otherwise incre lible )

From the Palais de Justice to the Place de la Révolution, for thither again go the Tumbrils this time, it is one dense stirring mass; all windows crammed; the very roofs and ridge-tiles budding forth human Curiosity, in strange gladness. The Death-tumbrils, with their motley Batch of Outlaws, some Twenty-three or so, from Maximilien to Mayor Fleuriot and Simon the Cordwainer, roll on. All eyes are on Robespierre's Tumbril, where he, his jaw bound in dirty linen, with his half-dead Brother, and half-dead Henriot, lie shattered; their "seventeen hours" of agony about to end The Gendarmes point their swords at him, to show the people which is he. A woman springs on the Tumbril; clutching the side of it with one hand; waving the other Sibyl-like; and exclaims. "The death of thee gladdens my very heart, m'enivre de joie," Robespierre opened his eyes; "Scélérat, go down to Hell, with the curses of all wives and mothers!" -At the foot of the scaffold, they stretched him on the ground till his turn came Lifted aloft, his eyes again opened; caught the bloody axe. Samson wrenched the coat off him; wrenched the dirty linen from his jaw: the jaw fell powerless, there burst from him a cry, hideous to hear and see Samson, thou canst not be too quick!

Samson's work done, there bursts forth shout on shout of applause Shout, which prolongs itself not only over Paris, but over France, but over Europe, and down to this generation. Deservedly, and also undeservedly. O unhappiest Advocate of Arras, wert thou worse than other Advocates? Stricter man, according to his Formula, to his Credo and his Cant, of probities, benevolences, pleasures-of-virtue, and such

like, lived not in that age. A man fitted, in some luckier settled age, to have become one of those incorruptible barren Pattern-Figures, and have had marble-tablets and funeral-sermons His poor landlord, the Cabinet-maker in the Rue Saint-Honoré, loved him; his Brother died for him. May God be merciful to him, and to us!

This is the end of the Reign of Terror; new glorious Revolution named of Thermidor; of Thermidor 9th, year 2; which being interpreted into old slavestyle means 27th of July, 1794. Terror is ended; and death in the Place de la Révolution, were the "Tail of Robespierre" once executed; which service Fouquier in large Batches is swiftly managing.

# BOOK VII.

VENDÉMIAIRE.

## CHAPTER I.

#### Decadent.

How little did any one suppose that here was the end not of Robespierre only, but of the Revolution System itself! Least of all did the mutinying Committee-men suppose it; who had mutined with no view whatever except to continue the National Regeneration with their own heads on their shoulders. And yet so it verily was The insignificant stone they had struck out, so insignificant anywhere else, proved to be the Keystone; the whole arch-work and edifice of Sansculottism began to loosen, to crack, to yawn; and tumbled piecemeal, with considerable rapidity, plunge after plunge; till the Abyss had swallowed it all, and in this upper world Sansculottism was no more.

For despicable as Robespierre himself might be, the death of Robespierre was a signal at which great multitudes of men, struck dumb with terror heretofore, rose out of their hiding-places; and, as it were, saw one another, how multitudinous they were; and began speaking and complaining. They are countable by the thousand and the million; who have suffered cruel wrong. Ever louder rises the plaint of such a multitude; into a universal sound, into a universal continuous peal, of what they call Public Opinion Camille had demanded a "Committee of Mercy," and could not get it; but now the whole Nation resolves itself into a Committee of Mercy: the Nation has tried Sansculottism, and is weary of it Force of Public Opinion! What King or

Convention can withstand it? You in vain struggle: the thing that is rejected as "calumnious" to-day must, pass as veracious with triumph another day: gods and men have declared that Sansculottism cannot be Sansculottism, on that Ninth night of Thermidor suicidally "fractured its under jaw;" and hes writhing, never to rise more

Through the next fifteen months, it is what we may call the death-agony of Sansculottism. Sansculottism. Anarchy of the Jean-Jacques Evangel, having now got deep enough, is to perish in a new singular system of Culottism and Arrangement For Arrangement is indispensable to man; Arrangement, were it grounded only on that old primary Evangel of Force, with Sceptre in the shape of Hammer! Be there method, be there order, cry all men; were it that of the Drill-sergeant! More tolerable is the drilled Bayonet-rank, than that undrilled Guillotine, incalculable as the wind. - How Sansculottism, writhing in death-throes, strove some twice, or even three times, to get on its feet again; but fell always, and was flung resupine, the next instant; and finally breathed out the life of it, and stirred no more: this we are now, from a due distance, with due brevity, to glance at; and then - O Reader! -Courage, I see land!

Two of the first acts of the Convention, very natural for it after this Thermidor, are to be specified here: the first is, renewal of the Governing Committees. Both Sûreté Générale and Salut Public, thinned by the Guillotine, need filling up: we naturally fill them up with Talliens, Frérons, victorious Thermidorian men. Still more to the purpose, we appoint that they shall,

as Law directs, not in name only but in deed, be renewed and changed from period to period; a fourth part of them going out monthly The Convention will no more he under bondage of Committees, under terror of death; but be a free Convention; free to follow its own judgment, and the Force of Public Opinion Not less natural is it to enact that Prisoners and Persons under Accusation shall have right to demand some "Writ of Accusation," and see clearly what they are accused of Very natural acts: the harbingers of hundreds not less so.

For now Fouquier's trade, shackled by Writ of Accusation, and legal proof, is as good as gone; effectual only against Robespierre's Tail. The Prisons give up their Suspect; emit them faster and faster The Committees see themselves besieged with Prisoners' friends; complain that they are hindered in their work. it is as with men rushing out of a crowded place; and obstructing one another Turned are the tables: Prisoners pouring out in floods, Jailors, Moutons and the Tail of Robespierre going now whither they were wont to send! - The Hundred and thirty-two Nantese Republicans, whom we saw marching in irons, have arrived; shrunk to Ninety-four, the fifth man of them choked by the road They arrive: and suddenly find themselves not pleaders for life, but denouncers to death Their Trial is for acquittal, and more. As the voice of a trumpet, their testimony sounds far and wide, mere atrocities of a Reign of Terror space of nineteen days; with all solemnity and publicity. Representative Carrier, Company of Marat; Noyadings, Loire Marriages, things done in darkness, come forth into light. clear is the voice of these poor resuscitated Nantese; and Journals, and Speech, and universal Committee of Mercy reverberate it loud enough, into all ears and hearts Deputation arrives from Arras; denouncing the atrocities of Representative Lebon A tamed Convention loves its own life: yet what help? Representative Lebon, Representative Carrier must wend towards the Revolutionary Tribunal; struggle and delay as we will, the cry of a Nation pursues them louder and louder Them also Tinville must abolish; — if indeed Tinville himself be not abolished

We must note moreover the decrepit condition into which a once omnipotent Mother-Society has fallen Legendre flung her keys on the Convention table, that Thermidor night, her President was guillotined with Robespierre The once mighty Mother came, some time after, with a subdued countenance, begging back her keys: the keys were restored her; but the strength could not be restored her; the strength had departed forever Alas, one's day is done Vain that the Tribune in mid air sounds as of old: to the general ear it has become a horror, and even a weariness By and by, Affiliation is prohibited: the mighty Mother sees herself suddenly childless; mourns as so hoarse a Rachel may.

The Revolutionary Committees, without Suspects to prey upon, perish fast; as it were, of famine. In Paris the old Forty-eight of them are reduced to Twelve; their Forty sous are abolished: yet a little while, and Revolutionary Committees are no more. Maximum will be abolished; let Sansculottism find food where it can \* Neither is there now any Municipality; any centre at the Townhall Mayor Fleuriot and Com-

<sup>\* 24</sup>th December 1794 (Moniteur, No 97).

pany perished; whom we shall not be in haste to replace. The Townhall remains in a broken submissive state; knows not well what it is growing to; knows only that it is grown weak, and must obey. What if we should split Paris into, say, a Dozen separate Municipalities; incapable of concert! The Sections were thus rendered safe to act with: — or indeed might not the Sections themselves be abolished? You had then merely your Twelve manageable pacific Townships, without centre or subdivision,\* and sacred right of Insurrection fell into abeyance!

So much is getting abolished; fleeting swiftly into the Inane For the Press speaks, and the human tongue; Journals, heavy and light, in Philippic and Burlesque: a renegade Fréron, a renegade Prudhomme, loud they as ever, only the contrary way. And Cidevants show themselves, almost parade themselves, resuscitated as from death-sleep; publish what death-pains they have had The very Frogs of the Marsh croak with emphasis Your protesting Seventy-three shall, with a struggle, be emitted out of Prison, back to their seats; your Louvets, Isnards, Lanjuinais, and wrecks of Girondism, recalled from their haylofts, and caves in Switzerland, will resume their place in the Convention:\*\* natural foes of Terror!

Thermidorian Talliens, and mere foes of Terror, rule in this Convention, and out of it. The compressed Mountain shrinks silent more and more Moderatism rises louder and louder not as a tempest, with threatenings; say rather, as the rushing of a mighty organblast, and melodious deafening Foice of Public Opinion,

<sup>\*</sup> October 1795 (Dulaure, viii. 454-6).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Deux Amis xiii 3-39

from the Twenty-five million windpipes of a Nation all in Committee of Mercy: which how shall any detached body of individuals withstand?

# CHAPTER II

La Cabaius.

How, above all, shall a poor National Convention withstand it? In this poor National Convention, broken, bewildered by long terror, perturbations and guillotinement, there is no Pilot, there is not now even a Danton, who could undertake to steer you anywhither, in such press of weather. The utmost a bewildered Convention can do, is to veer, and trim, and try to keep itself steady; and rush, undrowned, before the wind. Needless to struggle; to fling helm a-lee, and make 'bout ship! A bewildered Convention sails not in the teeth of the wind; but is rapidly blown round again So strong is the wind, we say; and so changed, blowing fresher and fresher, as from the sweet Southwest, your devastating Northeasters, and wild Tornado-gusts of Terror, blown utterly out! All Sansculottic things are passing away; all things are becoming Culottic

Do but look at the cut of clothes; that light visible Result, significant of a thousand things which are not so visible. In winter 1793, men went in red nightcap; Municipals themselves in sabots: the very Citoyennes had to petition against such headgear But now in this winter 1794, where is the red nightcap? With the things beyond the Flood Your moneyed Citoyen ponders in what elegantest style he shall dress himhelf; whether he shall not even dress himself as the

Free Peoples of Antiquity. The more adventurous Citoyenne has already done it. Behold her, that beautiful adventurous Citoyenne: in costume of the Ancient Greeks, such Greek as Painter David could teach; her sweeping tresses snooded by glittering antique fillet; bright-dyed tunic of the Greek women; her little feet naked, as in Antique Statues, with mere sandals, and winding-strings of riband, — defying the frost!

There is such an effervescence of Luxury your Emigrant Ci-devants carried not their mansions and furnitures out of the country with them; but left them standing here: and in the swift changes of property, what with money coined on the Place de la Révolution, what with Army-furnishings, sales of Emigrant Domains and Church Lands and King's Lands, and then with the Aladdin's-lamp of Agio in a time of Paper-money, such mansions have found new occupants Old wine, drawn from Ci-devant bottles, descends Paris has swept herself, relighted hernew throats self; Salons, Soupers not Fraternal, beam once more with suitable effulgence, very singular in colour fair Cabarus is come out of Prison; wedded to her red-gloomy Dis, whom they say she treats too loftily: fair Cabarus gives the most brilliant soirées her is gathered a new Republican Army, of Citoyennes in sandals; C1-devants or other: what remnants soever of the old grace survive, are rallied there right-hand, in this cause, labours fair Josephine the Widow Beauharnais, though in straitened circumstances: intent, both of them, to blandish down the grimness of Republican austerity, and recivilise mankind

Receivilise, even as of old they were civilised: by Carlule, Revolution III.

witchery of the Orphic fiddle-bow, and Euterpean rhythm; by the Graces, by the Smiles! Thermidorian Deputies are there in those soirées. Editor Fréron, Orateur du Peuple; Barras, who has known other dances than the Carmagnole. Grim Generals of the Republic are there; in enormous horse-collar neckcloth, good against sabre-cuts; the hair gathered all into one knot, "flowing down behind, fixed with a comb" Among which latter do we not recognise, once more, that little bronze-complexioned Artillery Officer of Toulon, home from the Italian Wars! Grim enough; of lean, almost cruel aspect: for he has been in trouble, in ill health; also in ill favour, as a man promoted, deservingly or not, by the Terrorists and Robespierre Junior But does not Barras know him? Will not Barras speak a word for him? Yes, - if at any time it will serve Barras so to do. Somewhat forlorn of fortune, for the present, stands that Artillery Officer: looks, with those deep earnest eyes of his, into a future as waste as the most. Taciturn; yet with the strangest utterances in him, if you awaken him, which smite home, like light or lightning; - on the whole, rather dangerous? A "dissocial" man? Dissocial enough; a natural terror and horror to all Phantasms, being himself of the genus Reality! He stands here, without work or outlook, in this forsaken manner; glances nevertheless, it would seem, at the kind glance of Josephine Beauharnais; and, for the rest, with severe countenance, with open eyes, and closed lips, waits what will betide.

That the Balls, therefore, have a new figure this winter, we can see. Not Carmagnoles, rude "whirl-

blasts of rags," as Mercier called them, "precursors of storm and destruction." no, soft Ionic motions; fit for the light sandal, and antique Grecian tunic! Efflorescence of Luxury has come out. for men have wealth; nay new-got wealth; and under the Terror you durst not dance, except in rags. Among the innumerable kinds of Balls, let the hasty reader mark only this single one: the kind they call Victim Balls, Bals à Victime. The dancers, in choice costume, have all crape round the left arm: to be admitted, it needs that you be a Victime; that you have lost a relative under the Terror. Peace to the Dead; let us dance to their memory! For in all ways once must dance.

It is very remarkable, according to Mercier, under what varieties of figure this great business of dancing "The women," says he, "are Nymphs, goes on "Sultanas; sometimes Minervas, Junos, even Dianas. "In lightly-unerring gyrations they swim there; with "such earnestness of purpose; with perfect silence, so "absorbed are they. What is singular," continues he, "the onlookers are as it were mingled with the dancers; "form, as it were, a circumambient element round the "different contre-dances, yet without deranging them. "It is rare, in fact, that a Sultana in such circumstances "experiences the smallest collision Her pretty foot "darts down, an inch from mine; she is off again; she "is as a flash of light: but soon the measure recalls "her to the point she set out from. Like a glittering "comet she travels her ellipse; revolving on herself, as "by a double effect of gravitation and attraction."\* Looking forward a little way, into Time, the same Mercier discerns Merveilleuses in "flesh-coloured draw-

<sup>\*</sup> Mercier, Noiveau Paris, in. 138, 153.

ers" with gold circlets; mere dancing Houris of an artificial Mahomet's-Paradise: much too Mahometan Montgaillard, with his splenetic eye, notes a no less strange thing; that every lashionable Citoyenne you meet is in an interesting situation. Good Heavens, every? Mere pillows and stuffing! adds the acrid man; — such in a time of depopulation by war and guillotine, being the fashion \* No further seek its merits to disclose.

Behold also, instead of the old grim Tappe-durs of Robespierre, what new street-groups are these? Young men habited not in black-shag Carmagnole spencer, but in superfine habit carré, or spencer with rectangular tail appended to it; "square-tailed coat," with elegant antiguillotinish specialty of collar; "the hair plaited at the temples," and knotted back, long-flowing, in military wise young men of what they call the Muscadin or Dandy species! Fréron, in his fondness, names them Jeunesse Dorée, Golden, or Gilt Youth They have come out, these Gilt Youths, in a kind of resuscitated state; they wear crape round the left arm, such of them as were Victims. More, they carry clubs loaded with lead; in an angry manner: any Tappe-dur, or remnant of Jacobinism they may fall in with, shall fare the worse. They have suffered much: their friends guillotined; their pleasures, frolics, superfine collars ruthlessly repressed: 'ware now the base Red Nightcaps who did it! Fair Cabarus and the Army of Greek sandals smile approval. In the Théâtre Feydeau, young Valour in square-tailed coat eyes Beauty in Greek sandals, and kindles by her glances: Down with Jacobinism! No Jacobin hymn or demonstration,

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, 17. 436-42.

only Thermidorian ones, shall be permitted here: we beat down Jacobinism with clubs loaded with lead.

But let any one who has examined the Dandy nature, how petulant it is, especially in the gregarious state, think what an element, in sacred right of insurrection, this Gilt Youth was! Broils and battery; war without truce or measure! Hateful is Sansculottism, as Death and Night. For indeed is not the Dandy cullotic, habilatory, by law of existence; "a clothanimal; one that lives, moves and has his being in cloth?"

So goes it, waltzing, bickering; fair Cabarus, by Orphic witchery, struggling to recivilise mankind. Not unsuccessfully, we hear. What utmost Republican grimness can resist Greek sandals, in Ionic motion, the very toes covered with gold rings? By degrees the indisputablest new-politeness rises; grows, with vigour And yet, whether, even to this day, that inexpressible tone of society known under the old Kings, when Sin had "lost all its deformity" (with or without advantage to us), and airy Nothing had obtained such a local habitation and establishment as she never had, — be recovered? Or even, whether it be not lost beyond recovery?\*\* — Either way, the world must contrive to struggle on

## CHAPTER III.

Quiberon

But indeed do not these long-flowing hair-queues of a Jeunesse Dorée in semi-military costume betoken,

Montgaillard, Mercier (ubi supia).

<sup>\*\*</sup> De Stael, Considerations, in. c. 10, &c.

unconsciously, another still more important tendency? The Republic, abhorrent of her Guillotine, loves her Army.

And with cause For, surely, if good fighting be a kind of honour, as it is in its season; and be with the vulgar of men, even the chief kind of honour; then here is good fighting, in good season, if there ever was. These Sons of the Republic, they rose, in mad wrath, to deliver her from Slavery and Cimmeria And have they not done it? Through Maritime Alps, through gorges of Pyrenees, through Low Countries, Northward along the Rhine-valley, far is Cimmeria hurled back from the sacred Motherland. Fierce as fire, they have carried her Tricolor over the faces of all her enemies; - over scarped heights, over cannon-batteries. it has flown victorious, winged with rage. She has "Eleven hundred-thousand fighters on foot," this Republic: "at one particular moment she had," or supposed she had, "Seventeen-hundred thousand "\* Like a ring of lightning, they, volleying and ca-ira-ing, begirdle her from shore to shore Cimmerian Coalition of Despots recoils, smitten with astonishment and strange pangs.

Such a fire is in these Gaelic Republican men; high-blazing; which no Coalition can withstand! Not scutcheons, with four degrees of nobility; but ci-devant Sergeants, who have had to clutch Generalship out of the cannon's throat, a Pichegru, a Jourdan, a Hoche, lead them on. They have bread, they have iron; "with bread and iron you can get to China." — See Pichegru's soldiers, this hard winter, in their looped and windowed destitution, in their "straw-rope shoes and

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, m. c. 7; y c. 10 (p. 194).

cloaks of bast-mat," how they overrun Holland, like a demon-host, the ice having bridged all waters; and rush shouting from victory to victory! Ships in the Texel are taken by hussars on horseback: fied is York; fied is the Stadtholder, glad to escape to England, and leave Holland to fraternise \* Such a Gaelic fire, we say, blazes in this People, like the conflagration of grass and dry-jungle; which no mortal can withstand — for the moment

And even so it will blaze and run, scorching all things; and, from Cadiz to Archangel, mad Sansculottism, drilled now into Soldiership, led on by some "armed Soldier of Democracy" (say, that monosyllabic Artillery Officer), will set its foot cruelly on the necks of its enemies; and its shouting and their shricking shall fill the world! - Rash Coalised Kings, such a fire have ye kindled; yourselves fireless, your fighters animated only by drill-sergeants, messroom moralities, and the drummer's cat! However, it is begun, and will not end: not for a matter of twenty years long, this Gaelic fire, through its successive changes of colour and character, will blaze over the face of Europe, and afflict and scorch all men. - till it provoke all men; till it kindle another kind of fire, the Teutonic kind, namely; and be swallowed up, so to speak, in a day! For there is a fire comparable to the burning of dry-jungle and grass; most sudden, high-blazing: and another fire which we liken to the burning of coal, or even of anthracite coal; difficult to kindle, but then which no known thing will put out. The ready Gaelic fire, we can remark further, - and remark not in Pichegrus only, but in innumerable Vol-

<sup>\* 19</sup>th January 1795 (Montgaillard, Iv. 287-311)

taires, Racines, Laplaces, no less; for a man, whether he fight, or sing, or think, will remain the same unity of a man, — is admirable for roasting eggs, in every conceivable sense The Teutonic antinacite again, as we see in Luthers, Leibnitzes, Shakespeares, is preferable for smelting metals How happy is our Europe that has both kinds! —

But be this as it may, the Republic is clearly triumphing In the spring of the year, Mentz Town again sees itself besieged, will again change master: did not Merlin the Thionviller, "with wild beard and look," say it was not for the last time they saw him there? The Elector of Mentz circulates among his brother Potentates this pertinent query, Were it not advisable to treat of Peace? Yes! answers many an Elector from the bottom of his heart But, on the other hand, Austria hesitates; finally refuses, being subsidied by Pitt As to Pitt, whoever hesitate, he, suspending his Habeas-corpus, suspending his Cashpayments, stands inflexible, - spite of foreign reverses; spite of domestic obstacles, of Scotch National Conventions and English Friends of the People, whom he is obliged to arraign, to hang, or even to see acquitted with jubilee: a lean inflexible man. Majesty of Spain, as we predicted, makes Peace; also the Majesty of Prussia: and there is a Treaty of Bale.\* Treaty with black Anarchists and Regicides! Alas, what help? You cannot hang this Anarchy; it is like to hang you. you must needs treat with it.

Likewise, General Hoche has even succeeded in pacificating La Vendée Rogue Rossignol and his "Infernal Columns" have vanished: by firmness and justice, by sagacity and industry, General Hoche has done it. Taking "Movable Columns," not infernal; girdling-in the Country; pardoning the submissive, cutting down the resistive, limb after limb of the Revolt is brought under La Rochejacquelin, last of our Nobles, fell in battle; Stofflet himself makes terms; Georges-Cadoudal is back to Brittany, among his Chouans: the frightful gangrene of La Vendée seems veritably extirpated. It has cost, as they reckon in round numbers, the lives of a Hundred-thousand fellow-mortals; with noyadings, conflagratings by infernal column, which defy arithmetic. This is the La Vendée War \*

Nay in few months, it does burst up once more, but once only; - blown upon by Pitt, by our Cidevant Pulsaye of Calvados, and others In the month of July 1795, English Ships will ride in Quiberon There will be debarkation of chivalrous Cidevants, of volunteer Prisoners-of-war - eager to desert; of fire-arms, Proclamations, clothes-chests, Royalists and specie. Whereupon also, on the Republican side, there will be rapid stand-to-arms; with ambuscade marchings by Quiberon beach, at midnight; storming of Fort Penthièvre; war-thunder mingling with the roar of the nightly main; and such a morning light as has seldom dawned: debarkation hurled back into its boats, or into the devouring billows, with wreck and wail; - in one word, a C1-devant Puisaye as totally ineffectual here as he was in Calvados, when he rode from Vernon Castle without boots.\*\*

\*\* Deux Amis, xiv. 94-106, Puisaye, Memoires, iii - vii

<sup>\*</sup> Histoire de la Guerre de la Vendée, par M. le Comte de Vauban, Mémoires de Madame de la Rochejacquelin, &c.

Again, therefore, it has cost the lives of many a brave man. Among whom the whole world laments the brave Son of Sombieuil Ill-fated family! The father and younger son went to the guillotine, the heroic daughter languishes, reduced to want, hides her woes from History the elder son perishes here; shot by military tribunal as an Emigrant, Hoche himself cannot save him If all wars, civil and other, are misunderstandings, what a thing must right-understanding be!

## CHAPTER IV.

Lion not dead.

THE Convention, borne on the tide of Fortune towards foreign Victory, and driven by the strong wind of Public Opinion towards Clemency and Luxury, is rushing fast; all skill of pilotage is needed, and more than all, in such a velocity.

Curious to see, how we veer and whirl, yet must ever whirl round again, and scud before the wind. If, on the one hand, we re-admit the Protesting Seventy-three, we, on the other hand, agree to consummate the Apotheosis of Marat; lift his body from the Cordeliers Church, and transport it to the Pantheon of Great Men, — flinging out Mirabeau to make room for him. To no purpose: so strong blows Public Opinion! A Gilt Youthhood, in plaited hair-tresses, tears down his Busts from the Théâtre Feydeau; tramples them under foot; scatters them, with vociferation, into the Cesspool of Montmartre.\* Swept is his Chapel from the Place du Carrousel; the Cesspool

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, du 25 Septembre 1794, du 4 Février 1795.

of Montmartre will receive his very dust. Shorter godhood had no divine man. Some four months in this Pantheon, Temple of All the Immortals; then to the Cesspool, grand Cloaca of Paris and the World! "His Busts at one time amounted to four thousand" Between Temple of All the Immortals and Cloaca of the World, how are poor human creatures whirled!

Furthermore the question arises, When will the Constitution of Ninety-three, of 1793, come into action? Considerate heads surmise, in all privacy, that the Constitution of Ninety-three will never come into action. Let them busy themselves to get ready a better.

Or, again, where now are the Jacobins? Childless, most decrepit, as we saw, sat the mighty Mother; gnashing not teeth, but empty gums, against a traitorous Thermidorian Convention and the current of things. Twice were Billaud, Collot and Company accused in Convention, by a Lecointre, by a Legendre; and the second time, it was not voted calumnious. Billaud from the Jacobin tribune says, "The lion is not dead, he is only sleeping" They ask him in Convention, What he means by the awakening of the lion? And bickerings, of an extensive sort, arose in the Palais-Égalité between Tappe-durs and the Gilt Youthhood; cries of "Down with the Jacobins, the Jacoquins," coquin meaning scoundrel The Tribune in mid-air gave battle-sound; answered only by silence and uncertain gasps Talk was, in Government Committees, of "suspending" the Jacobin Sessions Hark, there! - it is in Allhallow-time, or on the Hallow-eve itself, month ci-devant November, year once named of Grace 1794, sad eve for Jacobinism, - volley of stones dashing through our windows, with jingle and execration! The female Jacobins, famed Tracoteuses with knitting-needles, take flight; are met at the doors by a Gilt Youthhood and "mob of four thousand persons;" are hooted, flouted, hustled; fustigated, in a scandalous manner, cotillons retroussés; - and vanish in mere hysterics. Sally out, ye male Jacobins! The male Jacobins sally out; but only to battle, disaster and confusion So that armed Authority has to intervene: and again on the morrow to intervene; and suspend the Jacobin Sessions forever and a day.\* -Gone are the Jacobins: into invisibility: in a storm of laughter and howls Their Place is made a Normal School, the first of the kind seen; it then vanishes into a "Market of Thermidor Ninth;" into a Market of Saint-Honoré, where is now peaceable chaffering for poultry and greens The solemn temples, the great globe itself; the baseless fabric! Are not we such stuff, we and this world of ours, as Dreams are made of?

Maximum being abrogated, Trade was to take its own free course. Alas, Trade, shackled, topsyturvied in the way we saw, and now suddenly let-go again, can for the present take no course at all; but only reel and stagger. There is, so to speak, no Trade whatever for the time being. Assignats, long sinking, emitted in such quantities, and now with an alacrity beyond parallel "Combien?" said one, to a Hackney-coachman, "What fare?" "Six thousand livres," answered he: some three hundred pounds sterling, in

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séances du 10-12 Novembre 1794, Deux Amis, xui. 43-49.

Paper-money. Pressure of Maximum withdrawn, the things it compressed likewise withdraw. "Two ounces of bread per day" is the modicum allotted: widewaving, doleful are the Bakers' Queues; Farmers' houses are become pawnbrokers' shops.

One can imagine, in these circumstances, with what humour Sansculottism growled in its throat, "La Cabarus;" beheld Ci-devants return dancing, the Thermidor effulgence of recivilisation, and Balls in fleshcoloured drawers. Greek tunics and sandals: hosts of Muscadms parading, with their clubs loaded with lead; - and we here, cast out, abhorred, "picking offals from the street;" \*\* agitating in Baker's Queue for our two ounces of bread! Will the Jacobin lion, which they say is meeting secretly "at the Archeveché, in bonnet rouge with loaded pistols," not awaken? Seemingly, not. Our Collot, our Billaud, Barrère, Vadier, in these last days of March 1795, are found worthy of Déportation, of Banishment beyond seas; and shall, for the present, be trundled off to the Castle of Ham. The lion is dead; - or writhing in death-throes!

Behold, accordingly, on the day they call Twelfth of Germinal (which is also called First of April, not a lucky day), how lively are these streets of Paris once more! Floods of hungry women, of squalid hungry men; ejaculating: "Bread, Bread, and the Constitution of Ninety-three!" Paris has risen, once again, like the Ocean-tide; is flowing towards the Tuileries, for Bread and a Constitution. Tuileries Sentries do their best;

Mercier, 11 94. ("1st February 1796 at the Bourse of Paris, the gold louis," of 20 francs in silver, "costs 5,300 francs in assignats" Montgellard, 1v. 419.)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Fantin Desodoards, Histoire de la Révolution, vii. c. 4.

but it serves not. the Ocean-tide sweeps them away; inundates the Convention Hall itself; howling, "Bread and the Constitution!"

Unhappy Senators, unhappy People, there is yet. after all toils and broils, no Bread, no Constitution. "Du Pain, pas tant de longs discours, Bread, not bursts of Parliamentary eloquence" so wailed the Menads of Maillard; five years ago and more; so wail ye to this hour The Convention, with unalterable countenance, with what thought one knows not, keeps its seat in this waste howling chaos; rings its storm-bell from the Pavilion of Unity. Section Lepelletier, old Filles Saint-Thomas, who are of the money-changing species; these and Gilt Youthhood fly to the rescue; sweep chaos forth again, with levelled bayonets Paris is declared "in a state of siege." Pichegru, Conqueror of Holland, who happens to be here, is named Commandant, till the disturbance end He, in one day so to speak, ends it. He accomplishes the transfer of Billaud, Collot and Company; dissipating all opposition "by two cannonshots," blank cannon-shots, and the terror of his name; and thereupon, announcing, with a Laconicism which should be imitated, "Representatives, your decrees are executed," \* lays down his Commandantship.

This Revolt of Germinal, therefore, has passed, like a vain cry. The Prisoners rest safe in Ham, waiting for ships; some nine-hundred "chief Terrorists of Paris" are disarmed Sansculottism, swept forth with bayonets, has vanished, with its misery, to the bottom of Saint-Antoine and Saint-Marceau — Time was when Usher Maillard with Menads could alter the

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 13 Germinal (2d April), 1795.

course of Legislation; but that time is not. Legislation seems to have got bayonets, Section Lepelletier takes its firelock, not for us! We retire to our dark dens; our cry of hunger is called a Plot of Pitt; the Saloons glitter, the flesh coloured Drawers gyrate as before It was for "The Cabarus" then, and her Muscadins and Moneychangers that we fought? It was for Balls in flesh-coloured drawers that we took Feudalism by the beard, and did, and dared, shedding our blood like water? Expressive Silence, muse thou their praise!—

#### CHAPTER V.

Lion sprawling its last.

REPRESENTATIVE Carrier went to the Guillotine, in December last; protesting that he acted by orders. The Revolutionary Tribunal, after all it has devoured, has now only, as Anarchic things do, to devour itself In the early days of May, men see a remarkable thing. Fouquier-Tinville pleading at the Bar once his own He and his chief Jurymen, Leroi August-Tenth, Juryman Vilate, a Batch of Sixteen; pleading hard, protesting that they acted by orders: but pleading in Thus men break the axe with which they have vain done hateful things; the axe itself having grown hateful. For the rest Fouquier died hard enough: "Where are thy Batches?" howled the people - "Hungry canaille," asked Fouquier, "is thy Bread cheaper, wanting them?"

Remarkable Fouquier; once but as other Attorneys and Law-beagles, which hunt ravenous on this Earth, a well-known phasis of human nature; and now thou art and remainest the most remarkable Attorney that

ever lived and hunted in the Upper Air! For, in this terrestrial Course of Time, there was to be an Avatar of Attorneyism; the Heavens had said, Let there be an Incarnation, not divine, of the venatory Attorney-spirit which keeps its eye on the bond only; — and lo, this was it; and they have attorneyed it in its turn. Vanish, then, thou rat-eyed Incarnation of Attorneyism; who at bottom wert but as other Attorneys, and too hungry sons of Adam! Juryman Vilate had striven hard for life, and published, from his Prison, an ingenious Book, not unknown to us; but it would not stead, he also had to vanish; and this his Book of the Secret Causes of Thermodor, full of lies, with particles of truth in it undiscoverable otherwise, is all that remains of him

Revolutionary Tubunal has done; but vengeance Representative Lebon, after long done struggling, is handed over to the ordinary Law Courts, and by them guillotined Nay, at Lyons and elsewhere, resuscitated Moderatism, in its vengeance, will not wait the slow process of Law, but bursts into the Prisons, sets fire to the Prisons; burns some threescore imprisoned Jacobins to dire death, or chokes them "with the smoke of straw." There go vengeful truculent "Companies of Jesus," "Companies of the Sun;" slaying Jacobinism wherever they meet with it; flinging it into the Rhone-stream; which once more bears seaward a horrid cargo \* Whereupon, at Toulon, Jacobinism rises in revolt, and is like to hang the National Representatives. - With such action and reaction, is not a poor National Convention hard bested? It is like the settlement of winds and waters, of seas

Moniteur, du 27 Juin, du 31 Août, 1795; Deux Amis, xiii. 121-9.

long tornado-beaten; and goes on with jumble and with jangle Now flung aloft, now sunk in trough of the sea, your Vessel of the Republic has need of all pilotage and more

What Parliament that ever sat under the Moon had such a series of destinies as this National Convention of France? It came together to make the Constitution; and instead of that, it has had to make nothing but destruction and confusion: to burn up Catholicisms, Aristocratisms; to worship Reason and dig Saltpetre; to fight Titanically with itself and with the whole world A Convention decimated by the Guillotine; above the tenth man has bowed his neck to the axe Which has seen Carmagnoles danced before it, and patriotic strophes sung amid Church-spoils; the wounded of the Tenth of August defile in handbarrows, and, in the Pandemonial Midnight, Égalité's dames in tricolor drink lemonade, and spectrum of Sieves mount, saying, Death sans phrase. A Convention which has effervesced, and which has congealed; which has been red with rage, and also pale with rage; sitting with pistols in its pocket, drawing sword (in a moment of effervescence): now storming to the four winds, through a Danton-voice, Awake, O France, and smite the tyrants, now frozen mute under its Robespierre, and answering his dirge-voice by a dubious gasp. Assassinated, decimated; stabbed at, shot at, in baths, on streets and staircases; which has been the nucleus of Chaos' Has it not heard the chimes at midnight? It has deliberated, beset by a Hundred-thousand armed men with artillery-furnaces and provision-carts It has been betocsined, bestormed; overflooded by black deluges of Sansculottism, and has heard the shrill cry, Bread and Soap. For, as we say, it was the nucleus of Chaos: it sat as the centre of Sansculottism, and had spread its pavilion on the waste Deep, where is neither path nor landmark, neither bottom nor shore. In intrinsic valour, ingenuity, fidelity, and general force and manhood, it has perhaps not far surpassed the average of Parliaments but in frankness of purpose, in singularity of position, it seeks its fellow. One other Sansculottic submersion, or at most two, and this wearied vessel of a Convention reaches land

Revolt of Germinal Twelfth ended as a vain cry; moribund Sansculottism was swept back into invisibility. There it has lain moaning, these six weeks: moaning, and also scheming Jacobins disarmed, flung forth from their Tribune in mid air, must needs try to help themselves, in secret conclave under ground. Lo therefore, on the First day of the Month Prairial, 20th of May, 1795, sound of the générale once more; beating sharp, ran-tan, To arms, To arms!

Sansculottism has risen, yet again, from its death-lair; waste, wild-flowing, as the unfruitful Sea Saint-Antoine is afoot. "Bread and the Constitution of Ninety-three," so sounds it; so stands it written with chalk on the hats of men They have their pikes, their firelocks; Paper of Grievances; standards; printed Proclamation, drawn up in quite official manner, — considering this, and also considering that, they, a muchenduring Sovereign People, are in Insurrection; will have Bread and the Constitution of Ninety-three. And so the Barriers are seized, and the générale beats, and tocsins discourse discord. Black deluges overflow the Tuileries; spite of sentries, the Sanctuary itself is in-

vaded: enter, to our Order of the Day, a torrent of dishevelled women, wailing, "Bread! Bread!" President may well cover himself; and have his own tocsin rung in "the Pavilion of Unity;" the ship of the State again labours and leaks; overwashed, near to swamping, with unfruitful brine

What a day, once more! Women are driven out: men storm irresistibly in: choke all corridors, thunder at all gates. Deputies, putting forth head, obtest, conjure; Saint-Antoine rages, "Bread and Constitution" Report has risen that the "Convention is assassinating the women:" crushing and rushing, clangor and furor! The oak doors have become as oak tambourines, sounding under the axe of Saint-Antoine; plaster-work crackles, wood-work booms and jingles; door starts up; - bursts-in Saint-Antoine with frenzy and vociferation, with Rag-standards, printed Proclamation, drum-music: astonishment to eye and ear. Gendarmes, loyal Sectioners charge through the other door; they are recharged; musketry exploding: Saint-Antoine cannot be expelled. Obtesting Deputies obtest vainly. Respect the President: approach not the President! Deputy Féraud, stretching out his hands, baring his bosom scarred in the Spanish wars, obtests vainly; threatens and resists vainly. Rebellious Deputy of the Sovereign, if thou have fought, have not we too? We have no bread, no Constitution! They wrench poor Féraud; they tumble him, trample him, wrath waxing to see itself work: they drag him into the corridor, dead or near it; sever his head, and fix it on a pike. Ah, did an unexampled Convention want this variety of destiny too, then? Féraud's bloody head goes on a pike. Such a game has begun; Paris and the Earth may wait how it will end

And so it billows free through all Corridors, within and without, far as the eye reaches, nothing but Bedlam, and the great Deep broken loose! President Bossy d'Anglas sits like a rock: the rest of the Convention is floated "to the upper benches," Sectioners and Gendarmes still ranking there to form a kind of wall for them And Insurrection rages; rolls its drums, will read its Paper of Grievances, will have this decreed, will have that Covered sits President Boissy; unyielding, like a rock in the beating of seas They menace him, level muskets at him, he yields not; they hold up Féraud's bloody head to him, with grave stern air he bows to it, and yields not.

And the Paper of Grievances cannot get itself read for uproar; and the drums roll, and the throats bawl; and Insurrection, like sphere-music, is inaudible for very noise: Decree us this, Decree us that One man we discern bawling "for the space of an hour at all intervals," "Je demande l'arrestation des coquins et des lâches." Really one of the most comprehensive Petitions ever put up; which indeed, to this hour, includes all that you can reasonably ask Constitution of the Year One, Rotten-Borough, Ballot-Box, or other miraculous Political Ark of the Covenant to do for you to the end of the world! I also demand arrestment of the Knaves and Dastards, and nothing more whatever - National Representation, deluged with black Sansculottism, glides out; for help elsewhere, for safety elsewhere; here is no help.

About four in the afternoon, there remain hardly more than some Sixty Members: mere friends, or even secret-leaders; a remnant of the Mountain-crest, held in silence by Thermidorian thraldom. Now is the time for them; now or never let them descend, and speak! They descend, these Sixty, invited by Sansculottism: Romme of the New Calendar, Ruhl of the Sacred Phial, Goujon, Duquesnoy, Soubrany, and the rest Glad Sansculottism forms a ring for them; Romme takes the President's chair; they begin resolving and decreeing. Fast enough now comes Decree after Decree, in alternate brief strains, or strophe and antistrophe, — what will cheapen bread, what will awaken the dormant lion. And at every new Decree, Sansculottism shouts "Decreed, decreed!" and roll its drums.

Fast enough; the work of months in hours, - when see, a Figure enters, whom in the lamp-light we recognise to be Legendre; and utters words: fit to be hissed out! And then see, Section Lepelletier or other Muscadin Section enters, and Gilt Youth, with levelled bayonets, countenances screwed to the sticking-place! Tramp, tramp, with bayonets gleaming in the lamplight: what can one do, worn down with long riot, grown heartless, dark, hungry, but roll back, but rush back, and escape who can? The very windows need to be thrown up, that Sansculottism may escape fast enough. Money-changer Sections and Gilt Youth sweep them forth, with steel besom, far into the depths of Saint-Antoine. Triumph once more! The Decrees of that Sixty are not so much as rescinded; they are declared null and non-extant. Romme, Ruhl, Goujon and the ringleaders, some thirteen in all, are decreed Accused. Permanent-session ends at three in the morning \* Sansculottism, once more flung resupme, lies sprawling; sprawling its last

Such was the First of Prairial, 20th of May, 1795 Second and Third of Prairial, during which Sansculottism still sprawled, and unexpectedly rang its tocsin, and assembled in arms, availed Sansculottism nothing What though with our Rommes and Ruhls, accused but not yet arrested, we make a new "True National Convention" of our own, over in the East; and put the others Out of Law? What though we rank in arms and march? Armed Force and Muscadin Sections, some thirty-thousand men, environ that old False Convention: we can but bully one another; bandying nicknames, "Muscadms," against "Blood-drinkers, Buveurs de Sang." Féraud's Assassin, taken with the red hand, and sentenced, and now near to Guillotine and Place de Grève, is retaken; is carried back into Saint-Antoine - to no purpose Convention Sectionaries and Gilt Youth come, according to Decree, to seek him; nay to disarm Saint-Antoine! And they do disarm it: by rolling of cannon, by springing upon enemy's cannon; by military audacity, and terror of the Law Saint-Antoine surrenders its arms; Santerre even advising it, anxious for life and brewhouse Féraud's Assassin flings himself from a high roof: and all is lost \*

Discerning which things, old Ruhl shot a pistol through his old white head; dashed his life in pieces, as he had done the Sacred Phial of Rheims Romme, Goujon and the others stand ranked before a swiftly-appointed, swift Military Tribunal Hearing the sentence, Goujon drew a knife, struck it into his breast, passed it to his neighbour Romme; and fell dead.

<sup>\*</sup> Toulongeon, v. 297, Moniteur, Nos. 244, 5, 6.

Romme did the like; and another all-but did it; Romandeath rushing on there, as in electric-chain, before your Bailiffs could intervene! The Guillotine had the rest

They were the *Ultmi Romanorum*. Billaud, Collot and Company are now ordered to be tried for life; but are found to be already off, shipped for Sinamarri, and the hot mud of Surmam. There let Billaud surround himself with flocks of tame parrots; Collot take the yellow fever, and drinking a whole bottle of brandy, burn up his entrails \* Sansculottism sprawls no more. The dormant lion has become a dead one; and now, as we see, any hoof may smite him.

#### CHAPTER VI

### Grilled Herrings.

So dies Sansculottism, the body of Sansculottism; or is changed. Its ragged Pythian Carmagnole-dance has transformed itself into a Pyrrhic, into a dance of Cabarus Balls. Sansculottism is dead; extinguished by new isms of that kind, which were its own natural progeny; and is buried, we may say, with such deafening jubilation and disharmony of funeral-knell on their part, that only after some half-century or so does one begin to learn clearly why it ever was alive

And yet a meaning lay in it: Sansculottism verily was alive, a New-Birth of Time; nay it still lives, and is not dead but changed The soul of it still lives; still works far and wide, through one bodily shape into another less amorphous, as is the way of cunning Time with his New-Births: — till, in some perfected shape, it embrace the whole circuit of the world! For

<sup>\*</sup> Dictionnaire des Hommes Marquans, §§ Billaud, Collot.

the wise man may now everywhere discern that he must found on his manhood, not on the garnitures of his manhood. He who, in these Epochs of our Europe, founds on garnitures, formulas, culotisms of what sort soever, is founding on old cloth and sheepskin, and cannot endure. But as for the body of Sansculotism, that is dead and buried, — and, one hopes, need not reappear, in primary amorphous shape, for another thousand years

It was the frightfullest thing ever boine of Time? One of the frightfullest This Convention, now grown Antijacobin, did, with an eye to justify and fortify itself, publish Lists of what the Reign of Terror had perpetrated: Lists of Persons Guillotined. The Lists. cries splenetic Abbé Montgaillard, were not complete. They contain the names of, How many persons thinks the Reader? — Two-thousand all but a few. were above Four-thousand, cries Montgaillard: so many were guillotined, fusilladed, noyaded, done to dire death: of whom Nine-hundred were women.\* It is a horrible sum of human lives, M l'Abbé. - some ten times as many shot rightly on a field of battle, and one might have had his Glorious-Victory with Te-Deum. It is not far from the two-hundredth part of what perished in the entire Seven-Years War which Seven-Years War, did not the great Fritz wrench Silesia from the great Theresa; and a Pompadour, stung by epigrams, satisfy herself that she could not be an Agnes Sorel? The head of man is a strange vacant sounding-shell, M l'Abbé; and studies Cocker to small purpose.

But what if History somewhere on this Planet were

<sup>\*</sup> Montgaillard, Iv. 241.

to hear of a Nation, the third soul of whom had not, for thirty weeks each year, as many third-rate potatoes as would sustain him?\* History, in that case, feels bound to consider that starvation is starvation; that starvation from age to age presupposes much, History ventures to assert that the French Sansculotte of Ninetythree, who, roused from long death-sleep, could rush at once to the frontiers, and die fighting for an immortal Hope and Faith of Deliverance for him and his, was but the second-miserablest of men! The Irish Sanspotato, had he not senses then, nay a soul! In his frozen darkness, it was bitter for him to die famishing; bitter to see his children famish. It was bitter for him to be a beggar, a har and a knave Nay, if that dreary Greenland-wind of benighted Want, perennial from sire to son, had frozen him into a kind of torpor and numb callosity, so that he saw not, felt not, was this, for a creature with a soul in it, some assuagement; or the cruellest wretchedness of all?

Such things were; such things are; and they go on in silence peaceably — and Sansculottisms follow them History, looking back over this France through long times, back to Turgot's time for instance, when dumb Drudgery staggered up to its King's Palace, and in wide expanse of sallow faces, squalor and winged raggedness, presented hieroglyphically its Petition of Grievances; and for answer got hanged on a "new gallows forty feet high," — confesses mournfully that there is no period to be met with, in which the general Twenty-five Millions of France suffered less than in this period which they name Reign of Terror! But it was not the

Dumb Millions that suffered here; it was the Speaking Thousands, and Hundreds and Units; who shrieked and published, and made the world ring with their wail, as they could and should: that is the grand peculiarity. The frightfullest Births of Time are never the loud-speaking ones, for these soon die; they are the silent ones, which can live from century to century! Anarchy, hateful as Death, is abhorrent to the whole nature of man; and so must itself soon die.

Wherefore let all men know what of depth and of height is still revealed in man; and, with fear and wonder, with just sympathy and just antipathy, with clear eye and open heart, contemplate it and appropriate it; and draw innumerable inferences from it. This inference, for example, among the first. That "if "the gods of this lower world will sit on their glitter-"ing thrones, indolent as Epicurus' gods, with the "living Chaos of Ignorance and Hunger weltering un-"cared-for at their feet, and smooth Parasites preaching, "Peace, peace, when there is no peace," then the dark Chaos, it would seem, will rise; — has risen, and O Heavens! has it not tanned their skins into breeches for itself? That there be no second Sansculottism in our Earth for a thousand years, let us understand well what the first was; and let Rich and Poor of us go and do otherwise. - But to our tale.

The Muscadin Sections greatly rejoice; Cabarus Balls gyrate: the well-nigh insoluble problem, Republic without Anarchy, have we not solved it? — Law of Fraternity or Death is gone: chimerical Obtain-whoneed has become practical Hold-who-have. To anarchic Republic of the Poverties there has succeeded orderly

Republic of the Luxuries; which will continue as long as it can

On the Pont au Change, on the Place de Grève, in long sheds, Mercier, in these summer evenings, saw working men at their repast One's allotment of daily bread has sunk to an ounce and a half. "Plates "containing each three grilled herrings, sprinkled with "shorn omons, wetted with a little vinegar; to this "add some morsel of boiled prunes, and lentils swimming in a clear sauce. at these frugal tables, the "cook's gridiron hissing near by, and the pot simmer-"ing on a fire between two stones, I have seen them "ranged by the hundred; consuming, without bread, "their scant messes, far too moderate for the keenness "of their appetite, and the extent of their stomach." "Seine water, rushing plenteous by, will supply the deficiency.

O Man of Toil, thy struggling and thy daring, these six long years of insurrection and tribulation, thou hast profited nothing by it then? Thou consumest thy herring and water, in the blessed gold-red evening O why was the Earth so beautiful, becrimsoned with dawn and twilight, if man's dealings with man were to make it a vale of scarcity, of tears, not even soft tears? Destroying of Bastilles, discomfiting of Brunswicks, fronting of Principalities and Powers, of Earth and Tophet, all that thou hast dared and endured, — it was for a Republic of the Cabarus Saloons? Patience; thou must have patience: the end

is not yet

<sup>\*</sup> Nouveau Paris, iv. 118.

## CHAPTER VII

The Whiff of Grape-shot

In fact, what can be more natural, one may say mevitable, as a Post-Sansculottic transitionary state. than even this? Confused wreck of a Republic of the Poverties, which ended in Reign of Terror, is arranging itself into such composure as it can Evangel of Jean-Jacques, and most other Evangels, becoming incredible, what is there for it but return to the old Evangel of Mammon? Contrat-Social is true or untrue, Brotherhood is Brotherhood or Death; but money always will buy money's worth. in the wreck of human dubitations, this remains indubitable, that Pleasure is pleasant Aristocracy of Feudal Parchment has passed away with a mighty rushing; and now, by a natural course, we arrive at Aristocracy of the Moneybag. It is the course through which all European Societies are, at this hour, travelling. Apparently a still baser sort of Aristocracy? An infinitely baser, the basest vet known.

In which, however, there is this advantage, that, like Anarchy itself, it cannot continue. Hast thou considered how Thought is stronger than Artillery-parks, and (were it fifty years after death and martyrdom, or were it two thousand years) writes and unwrites Acts of Parliament, removes mountains; models the World like soft clay? Also how the beginning of all Thought, worth the name, is Love; and the wise head never yet was, without first the generous heart? The Heavens cease not their bounty: they send us generous hearts into every generation And now what

generous heart can pretend to itself, or be hoodwinked into believing, that Loyalty to the Moneybag is a noble Loyalty? Mammon, cries the generous heart out of all ages and countries, is the basest of known Gods, even of known Devils In him what glory is there, that ye should worship him? No glory discernible; not even terror: at best, detestability, ill-matched with despicability! - Generous hearts, discerning, on this hand, wide-spread Wretchedness, dark without and within, moistening its ounce-and-half of bread with tears; and, on that hand, mere Balls in fleshcoloured drawers, and inane or foul glitter of such sort, cannot but ejaculate, cannot but announce: Too much, O divine Mammon; somewhat too much! - The voice of these, once announcing itself, carries flat and pereat in it, for all things here below.

Meanwhile we will hate Anarchy as Death, which it is; and the things worse than Anarchy shall be hated more. Surely Peace alone is fruitful Anarchy is destruction: a burning up, say, of Shams and Insupportabilities; but which leaves Vacancy behind Know this also, that out of a world of Unwise nothing but an Unwisdom can be made. Arrange it, constitution-build it, sift it through ballot-boxes as thou wilt, it is and remains an Unwisdom, --- the new prey of new quacks and unclean things, the latter end of it slightly better than the beginning. Who can bring a wise thing out of men unwise? Not one. And so Vacancy and general Abolition having come for this France, what can Anarchy do more? Let there be Order, were it under the Soldier's Sword; let there be Peace, that the bounty of the Heavens be not spilt; that what of Wisdom they do send us bring fruit in its season! -

It remains to be seen how the quellers of Sansculottism were themselves quelled, and sacred right of Insurrection was blown away by gunpowder; wherewith this singular eventful History called *French Revolution* ends

The Convention, driven such a course by wild wind, wild tide, and steerage and non-steerage, these three years, has become weary of its own existence. sees all men weary of it, and wishes heartily to finish To the last, it has to strive with contradictions: it is now getting fast ready with a Constitution, yet knows no peace. Sieyes, we say, is making the Constitution once more; has as good as made it. Warned by experience, the great Architect alters much, admits much. Distinction of Active and Passive Citizen, that is, Money-qualification for Electors: nay Two Chambers, "Council of Ancients," as well as "Council of Fivehundred;" to that conclusion have we come! In a like spirit, eschewing that fatal self-denying ordinance of your Old Constituents, we enact not only that actual Convention Members are re-eligible, but that Two-thirds of them must be re-elected. The Active Citizen Electors shall for this time have free choice of only One-third of their National Assembly Such enactment, of Two-thirds to be re-elected, we append to our Constitution; we submit our Constitution to the Townships of France, and say, Accept both, or reject both. Unsavoury as this appendix may be, the Townships, by overwhelming majority, accept and ratify. With Directory of Five; with Two good Chambers, double majority of them nominated by ourselves, one hopes this Constitution may prove final March it will; for the legs of it, the re-elected Two-thirds, are already here, able to march. Sieves looks at his paper-fabric with just pride.

But now see how the contumacious Sections, Lepelletier foremost, kick against the pricks! Is it not manifest infraction of one's Elective Franchise, Rights of Man, and Sovereignty of the People, this appendix of re-electing your Two-thirds? Greedy tyrants who would perpetuate yourselves! - For the truth is, victory over Saint-Antoine, and long right of Insurrection, has spoiled these men Nay spoiled all men. Consider too how each man was free to hope what he liked; and now there is to be no hope, there is to be fruition, fruition of this.

In men spoiled by long right of Insurrection, what confused ferments will rise, tongues once begun wagging! Journalists declaim, your Lacretelles, Laharpes; Orators spout. There is Royalism traceable in it, and Jacobinism. On the West Frontier, in deep secrecy, Pichegru, durst he trust his Army, is treating with Condé: in these Sections, there spout wolves in sheep's clothing, masked Emigrants and Royalists \* All men, as we say, had hoped, each that the Election would do something for his own side: and now there is no Election, or only the third of one Black is united with white against this clause of the Two-thirds; all the Unruly of France, who see their trade thereby near ending.

Section Lepelletier, after Addresses enough, finds that such clause is a manifest infraction; that it, Lepelletier, for one, will simply not conform thereto; and invites all other free Sections to join it, "in

<sup>\*</sup> Napoleon, Las Cases (in Choix des Rapports, xvii. 398-411).

central Committee," in resistance to oppression \* The Sections join it, nearly all; strong with their Forty-thousand fighting men. The Convention therefore may look to itself! Lepelletier, on this 12th day of Vendémiaire. 4th of October 1795, is sitting in open contravention, in its Convent of Filles Saint-Thomas, Rue Vivienne, with guns primed. The Convention has some Five-thousand regular troops at hand; Generals in abundance, and a Fifteen-hundred of miscellaneous persecuted Ultra-Jacobins, whom in this crisis it has hastily got together and armed, under the title Patriots of Eighty-nine. Strong in Law, it sends its General Menou to disarm Lepelletier.

General Menou marches accordingly, with due summons and demonstration, with no result General Menou, about eight in the evening, finds that he is standing ranked in the Rue Vivienne, emitting vain summonses; with primed guns pointed out of every window at him; and that he cannot disarm Lepelletier He has to return, with whole skin, but without success, and be thrown into arrest, as "a traitor." Whereupon the whole Forty-thousand join this Lepelletter which cannot be vanquished: to what hand shall a quaking Convention now turn? Our poor Convention, after such voyaging, just entering harbour, so to speak, has struck on the bar; - and labours there frightfully, with breakers roaring round it, Forty-thousand of them, like to wash it, and its Sieves Cargo and the whole future of France, into the deep! Yet one last time, it struggles, ready to perish.

Some call for Barras to be made Commandant; he conquered in Thermidor. Some, what is more

<sup>\*</sup> Deux Amis, xiii. 375-406.

to the purpose, bethink them of the Citizen Buonaparte, unemployed Artillery Officer, who took Toulon. A man of head, a man of action: Barras is named Commandant's-Cloak; this young Artillery Officer is named Commandant He was in the Gallery at the moment, and heard it, he withdrew, some half-hour, to consider with himself; after a half-hour of grim compressed considering, to be or not to be, he answers Yea.

And now, a man of head being at the centre of it, the whole matter gets vital Swift, to Camp of Sablons; to secure the Artillery, there are not twenty men guarding it! A swift Adjutant, Murat is the name of him, gallops; gets thither some minutes within time, for Lepelletier was also on march that way the Cannon are ours And now beset this post, and beset that; rapid and firm: at Wicket of the Louvre, in Cul-de-sac Dauphin, in Rue Saint-Honoré, from Pont Neuf all along the north Quays, southward to Pont ci-devant Royal, — rank round the Sanctuary of the Tuileries, a ring of steel discipline; let every gunner have his match burning, and all men stand to their arms!

Thus there is Permanent-session through the night; and thus at sunrise of the morrow, there is seen sacred Insurrection once again: vessel of State labouring on the bar; and tumultuous sea all round her, beating générale, arming and sounding, — not ringing tocsin, for we have left no tocsin but our own in the Pavilion of Unity. It is an imminence of shipwreck, for the whole world to gaze at Frightfully she labours, that poor ship, within cable-length of port, huge peril for her However, she has a man at the helm Insurgent

messages, received and not received; messenger admitted blindfolded; counsel and counter-counsel: the poor ship labours! — Vendémaire 13th, year 4. curious enough, of all days, it is the fifth day of October, anniversary of that Menad-march, six years ago; by sacred right of Insurrection we are got thus far

Lepelletier has seized the Church of Saint-Roch, has seized the Pont-Neuf, our piquet there retreating without fire Stray shots fall from Lepelletier: rattle down on the very Tuileries Staircase On the other hand, women advance dishevelled, shrieking, Peace; Lepelletier behind them waving its hat in sign that we shall fraternise. Steady! The Artillery Officer is steady as bronze; can, if need were, be quick as lightning He sends eight-hundred muskets with ball-cartridges to the Convention itself; honourable Members shall act with these in case of extremity: whereat they look grave enough. Four of the afternoon is struck.\* Lepelletier, making nothing by messengers, by fraternity or hat-waving, bursts out, along the Southern Quai Voltaire, along streets and passages, treble-quick, in huge veritable onslaught! Whereupon, thou bronze Artillery Officer —? "Fire!" say the bronze lips. And roar and thunder, roar and again roar, continual, volcano-like, goes his great gun, in the Cul-de-sac Dauphin against the Church of Saint-Roch; go his great guns on the Pont-Royal; go all his great guns;— blow to air some two-hundred men, mainly about the Church of Saint-Roch! Lepelletier cannot stand such horse-play; no Sectioner can stand it; the Forty-thousand yield on all sides, scour towards covert. "Some hundred or so of them gathered about the Théâtre de

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, Séance du 5 Octobre 1795.

FINIS. 403

"la République; but," says he, "a few shells dislodged "them It was all finished at six."

The Ship is over the bar, then; free she bounds shoreward, — amid shouting and vivats! Citoyen Buonaparte is "named General of the Interior, by acclamation;" quelled Sections have to disarm in such humour as they may; sacred right of Insurrection is gone for ever! The Sieyes Constitution can disembark itself, and begin marching The miraculous Convention Ship has got to land; — and is there, shall we figuratively say, changed, as Epic Ships are wont, into a kind of Sea Nymph, never to sail more; to roam the waste Azure, a Miracle in History!

"It is false," says Napoleon, "that we fired first "with blank charge; it had been a waste of life to do "that." Most false: the firing was with sharp and sharpest shot: to all men it was plain that here was no sport; the rabbets and plinths, of Saint-Roch Church show splintered by it to this hour — Singular: in old Broglie's time, six years ago, this Whiff of Grape-shot was promised; but it could not be given then; could not have profited then Now, however, the time is come for it, and the man; and behold, you have it; and the thing we specifically call French Revolution is blown into space by it, and become a thing that was! —

## CHAPTER VIII.

Finis.

Homer's Epos, it is remarked, is like a Bas-Relief sculpture: it does not conclude, but merely ceases. Such, indeed, is the Epos of Universal History itself.

Directorates, Consulates, Emperorships, Restorations, Citizen-Kingships succeed this Business in due series, in due genesis one out of the other Nevertheless the First-parent of all these may be said to have gone to air in the way we see A Babœuf Insurrection, next year, will die in the birth; stiffed by the Soldiery Senate, it tinged with Royalism, can be purged by the Soldiery; and an Eighteenth of Fructidor transacted by the mere show of bayonets \* Nay Soldiers' bayonets can be used à posterior on a Senate, and make it leap out of window, - still bloodless; and produce an Eighteenth of Brumaire \*\* Such changes must happen: but they are managed by intriguings, caballings, and then by orderly word of command; almost like mere changes of Ministry Not in general by sacred right of Insurrection, but by milder methods growing ever milder. shall the events of French History be henceforth brought to pass

It is admitted that this Directorate, which owned, at its starting, these three things, an "old table, a sheet of paper, and an inkbottle," and no visible money or arrangement whatever,\*\*\*\* did wonders: that France, since the Reign of Terror hushed itself, has been a new France, awakened like a giant out of torpor; and has gone on, in the Internal Life of it, with continual progress As for the External form and forms of Life,—what can we say, except that out of the Eater there comes Strength; out of the Unwise there comes not Wisdom! Shams are burnt up; nay, what as yet is the peculiarity of France, the very Cant of them is burnt

<sup>\*</sup> Moniteur, du 4 Septembre 1797.

<sup>\*\* 9</sup>th November 1799 (Choix des Rapports, xvii. 1-96).

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Bailleul, Examen critique des Considérations de Madame de Stael, 11. 275.

FINIS. 405

up The new Realities are not yet come: ah no, only Phantasms, Paper models, tentative Prefigurements of such! In France there are now Four Million Landed Properties; that black portent of an Agrarian Law is, as it were, realised. What is still stranger, we understand all Frenchmen have "the right of duel;" the Hackney-coachman with the Peer, if insult be given: such is the law of Public Opinion. Equality at least in death! The Form of Government is by Citizen King, frequently shot at, not yet shot.

On the whole, therefore, has it not been fulfilled what was prophesied, ex-postfacto indeed, by the Archquack Cagliostro, or another? He, as he looked in rapt vision and amazement into these things, thus spake:\*
"Ha! What is this? Angels, Uriel, Anachiel, and ye "other Five; Pentagon of Rejuvenescence; Power that "destroyedst Original Sin; Earth, Heaven, and thou "Outer Limbo, which men name Hell! Does the Em-"PIRE OF IMPOSTURE waver! Burst there, in starry "sheen updarting, Light-rays from out of its dark foun-"dations; as it rocks and heaves, not in travail-throes "but in death-throes? Yea, Light-rays, piercing, clear, "that salute the Heavens, — lo, they kindle it; their "starry clearness becomes as red Hellfire!

"IMPOSTURE is in flames, Imposture is burnt up: "one red sea of Fire, wild-bellowing, enwraps the "World; with its fire-tongue licks at the very Stars. "Thrones are hurled into it, and Dubois Mitres, and "Prebendal Stalls that drop fatness, and — ha! what "see I? — all the Gigs of Creation: all, all! Wo is "me! Never since Pharaoh's Chariots, in the Red Sea

Diamond Necklace (Carlyle's Miscellanies, vol. 111.).

"of water, was there wreck of Wheel-vehicles like "this in the Sea of Fire Desolate, as ashes, as gases, "shall they wander in the wind

"Higher, higher, yet flames the Fire-Sea; crackling "with new dislocated timber; hissing with leather and "prunella The metal Images are molten; the marble "Images become mortar-lime; the stone Mountains "sulkily explode RESPECTABILITY, with all her col-"lected Gigs inflamed for funeral pyre, wailing, leaves "the Earth: not to return save under new Avatar Im-"posture how it burns, through generations how it is "burnt up; for a time The World is black ashes;—
"which, ah, when will they grow green? The Images
"all run into amorphous Corinthian brass; all Dwellings "of men destroyed; the very mountains peeled and "riven, the valleys black and dead, it is an empty "World! Wo to them that shall be born then! --"A King, a Queen (ah me') were hurled in; did rustle "once; flew aloft, crackling, like paper-scroll Iscariot "Égalité was hurled in; thou grim De Launay, with "thy grim Bastille; whole kindreds and peoples; five "millions of mutually destroying Men. For it is the "End of the dominion of IMPOSTURE (which is Dark-"ness and opaque Firedamp); and the burning up, with "unquenchable fire, of all the Gigs that are in the "Earth." This Prophecy, we say, has it not been fulfilled, is it not fulfilling?

And so here, O Reader, has the time come for us two to part Toilsome was our journeying together; not without offence; but it is done. To me thou wert as a beloved shade, the disembodied or not yet embodied spirit of a Brother. To thee I was but as a Voice.

FINIS. 407

Yet was our relation a kind of sacred one; doubt not that! For whatsoever once sacred things become hollow jargons, yet while the Voice of Man speaks with Man, hast thou not there the living fountain out of which all sacrednesses sprang, and will yet spring? Man, by the nature of him, is definable as "an incarnated Word" Ill stands it with me if I have spoken falsely: thine also it was to hear truly Farewell.

# INDEX.

ABBAYE, massacres at, iii 34, Jourgniae, Sicard, and Maton's account of doings there, 40-48. See Prison.

Acceptation, grand, of Louis XVI. 11 249-258.

Adam, Father see St Huruge, Marquis.

Agoust, Captain d', seizes two Parlementeers, 1. 130. Aiguillon, Duke d', at Quiberon, 1.4,

account of, 5, in favour, 6, at death of Louis XV., 29.

Aintrigues, Count d', notice of, i. 151. Altar, of Fatherland, in Champ-de-Mars, 11. 68, petition and scene at, 244, christening at, 320.

America see United States Amiral, assassin, iii. 333, guillotined,

Anglas, Boissy d', President, in tumult, 111. 388.

Angoulême, Duchesse d', parts from her father, 111. 136.

Angremont, Collenot d', guillotined, 111. 12

Ankarstrom see Sweden.

Antoinette, Marie, splendour of, 1.43; applauded, 53, compromised by Diamond Necklace, 73, griefs of, 120, 189, her presentiments, 138, weeps, unpopular, 284, at dinner of Guards, 315, courage of, 348, Fifth October, at Versailles, 353, shows herself to mob, 358, - and Louis at Tuileries, 11. 7, and the Lorrainer, 75, and Mirabeau, 157, 174, previous to flight, 200; flight from Tulleries, 204, captured, 229, and Barnave, 238, in dilemma, 284; Coblentz intrigues, 284, and Lamotte's Memoires, 303, during Twentieth June, 831, during Tenth August, 371, 373, behaviour as captive, 384, - and Princess de Lamballe, 111. 38, in Temple Prison, 102, parting scene with King, 136, to the Conciergerie, 242, trial of, 244, on quitting Vienna, 246, guillotined, 247.

Applauders, hired, 11. 285, 296.

Argonne Forest, occupied by Dumouriez, 111. 28, Blunswick at, 64. Aristocrats, officers in French aimv, 11.94, - number of, in Paris, 111.12,

seized 19; condition in 1794, 307.

Arles, state of, 11. 272.

Arms, smiths making, 1. 229, 234, search for, 230, at Charleville 233, at Hôtel des Invalides, 286-40, manufacture of, 11. 171, 192, - in 1794, m 295, scarcity of, m 1792, 14. Danton's search for, 18.

Army, French, after Bastille, n. 91-99, officered by aristocrats, 94, to be disbanded, 99, demands arrears, 101, 109, general mutiny of, 102, outbreak of, 101, 109, 111, 126, Nanci military executions, 124, Royalists leave. 126, bad state of, 297, 320, iii. 24, 67 (see Prussia, Austrian), in want, 97-8, recruited, 168, 239, Revolutionary, 241, 269, 288, fourteen armies on foot, 290, 302, 374.

Arras, guillotine at, iii. 280. See Lebon.

Arrests in August 1792, 111. 20. Arsenal, attempt to burn, i. 240.

Artois, M. d', ways of, 1. 44, unpopularity of, 112, memorial by, 152, fled, 257, - at Coblentz, 11. 292, will not return, 302.

INDEX. 409

Assemblies, French, Primary and Secondary, 1. 156.

Assembly, National, Third Estate becomes, 1, 205 (see Estate, Third), to be extruded, 206, stands grouped in the rain, 207, occupies Tennis-Court, 208, scene there, 209, joined by clergy, &c., 210, 214, doings, on King's speech, 210-214, rathied by King, 214, cannon pointed at, 216, regrets Necker, 225, after Bastille, 255.

- Constituent, National, becomes, i. 273, pedantic, Irregular Verbs. 274, what it can do, 275, Night of Pentecost, 279 (and u. 291). Left and Right side, 280 (and ii. 17, 19, see Side), dull, 282, raises money, 307, on the Veto, 307, Fifth October, women, 330, 340, 345, - in Paris Riding-Hall, 11 8, on deficit, assignats, 11, 12, on clergy, 13 and riot, 23, prepares for Louis's visit, 44, on Federation, 62, Anacharsis Clootz, 62, 63, eldest of men, 67, on Franklin's death, 81, on state of army, 103, 110, thanks Bouillé, 122. on Nanci affair, 123, on Emigrants, 166, on death of Mirabeau, 180, on escape of King, 210, after capture of King, 239, 241, completes Constitution, 249, dissolves itself, 255, what it has done, 255.
- Legislative, First Fiench Pailiament, dongs of, ii. 259-278, book of law, quarrel with King, 266, Baiset de Lamourette, 267, High Court, 301, decrees vetoed, 302, scenss in, 303, reprimands King's ministers, 305, smoked out, 306, declares war, 316, 323, Tenth June, 330, declares France in danger, 343, 349, reinstates Pétion, 347, brayed-glass, 355, nonplus, Lafayette, 359-362, 370, King and Swiss, August Tenth, 372-381, becoming defunct, 386, and iii. 6, 7; September massacres, 49, dissolved, 73. See Convention, National.

Assignats, origin of, ii. 12, false Royalist, 293, — forgers of, iii. 36; coach-fare in, 380.

Atheism and Dupont, iii. 123. Attila see Huns.

Aubriot, Sieur, after King's capture, 11. 232.

Aubry, Colonel, at Jalès, 11 299. Auch, M. Martin d', in Versailles Tennis-Court, 1. 209.

Austria, its quairel with France, ii. 291. See Biunswick. Duke.

Austrian Committee, at Tuileries,

 Army, invades France, 111. 17, unsuccessful there, 75, defeated at Jemappes, 106, Dumouriez escapes to, 185, repulsed. Watisny, 299.

Avignon, Union of, in. 254, described, 269, state of, 270, riot in chuich at, 273, occupied by Jourdan, 274, massacre at. 274.

Babœuf insurrection, 111. 404. Baille, involuntary epigram of, 11.

308

Bailly, Astronomer, account of, 1.
184, President of National Assombly, 205, Mayor of Paris, 256, receives Louis in Paris, 258, — and Paris Parlement, 11.13, on Petition for Deposition, 244, decline of, 307, — in pilson, iii. 243, at Queen's trial, 244, guillotimed cruelly, 266.
Baker, hanged, ii. 23.

Bakers', French in tail at. 1 294, -

Balloons invented, 1 65, — used as spies, iii. 306.

Barbaroux, and Marat, 11. 21, Marseilles Deputy, 278, and the Rolands, 278, on Map of France, 325, demand of, to Marseilles, 326, meets Marseillese, 356, — in National Convention, 111 62, against Robespierre, 96, cannot be heard, 111, the Grondins declining, 164, will not demit, 201, arrested, 203, and Charlofte Corday, 210, letreats to Bourdeaux, 222, 237, farewell of 251. shoots himself, 252

Barber, the, at Lille, 111 76. Bardy, Abbé, massacred, 111 42 Barentin, Keeper of Seals, 1. 204.

Barnave, at Grenoble, 1 184, member of Assembly, 182, one of a trio, 282, — too reckless, 11. 8, Jacobin, 39, ducl with Cazales, 148, escorts the King from Varennes, 237, conciliates Queen, 238, becomes Constitutional, 239, retires to Grenoble, 314, — treason, in prison, in: 114, guillotined, 267-8.

Barras, Paul-François, in National Convention, 11 63, commands in Thermidor, 354, appoints Napoleon in Vendémiaire, 400-1.

Barrère, Editor, 1. 299, — at King's trial, 111. 117, peacemaker 163, 199, lovy in mass, 239, Anacroon of Guillotine, 303, gives dinner-party, plot, 346, banished, 381.

Bartholomew massacre, m 54

Bastile, Linguet's Book on, 1. 72, meaning of, 168, shots fired at, 237, summoned by insurgents, 241, besieged, 243, capitulates, 249, treatment of capitured, 250, Qufert-Démery, 253, demolished, key to Washington, 265, Heroes, 266, Electors, displaced, 296, — dance on ruins of, in 82.

Battles, nature of, 1. 320, See Valmy,

Jemappes, Nerwinden, Hondschooten, Watigny, Howe. Bazire, of Mountain, ii 24, 264, —

Bazire, of Mountain, ii 24, 264, — imprisoned, iii 293.

Bearn, riot at, 1 134.

Beauharnais, in Champ-de-Mars, 11. 72, — Josephine, imprisoned, 111. 261, and Napoleon, with La Cabarus, 369

Beaumarchais, Caron, his law-suit, i. 56, his "Mariage de Figaro," 76, — arms from Holland, 111. 15, his distress, 22.

Beaumont, Archbishop, notice of, 121. Beaurepaire, Governor of Verdun, shoots himself, 111. 25.

Bed of Justice, 1. 107.

Belief, French, 1. 190.

Bentham, Jeremy, naturalised, iii. 8. Berline (see Fersen), towards Varennes, ii. 215-225.

Berthier, Intendant, fled 1. 257, arrested, 263, massacred, 264.

Berthier, Commandant, at Versailles, ii. 162.

Besenval, Baron, Commandant of Paris, on French finance, 1.84, in ruc of Rue St. Antoine, 166, on corruption of Guards, 218, 220, at Champde-Mars, 235, apparition to, 239, decamps, 254, and Louis XVI., 283. Béthune, riot at, i. 219.

Beurnonville, with Dumouriez, imprisoned, nr. 184.

Bill-stickers, Paris, ii 35, 137

Billaud-Varennes, Jacobin, 11 307, cruel, 11i. 32, at massacies, sept, 1792, 50, in Salut Committee, 291, and Robespierre's Etre Suprême, 336, accuses Robespierre, 350, accused, 579, banished, 381, at Surinam, 391.

Birmingham riot, 11. 290.

Blanc, Le, landlord at Varennes, 11. 228,—tamily, take to woods, in. 26. Blood, baths of, 1. 17

Bonaparte see Napoleon.

Bonchamps, in La Vendée War, iii. 16. Bonnemère, Aubin, at siege of Bastille, 1. 243, 244.

Bouillé, at Metz, ii. 89, 158, account of, 90, character of, 122, his troops mutinous, 101, and Salm regiment, 101, intrepidity of, 103, 107, marches on Nanci, 115, quells Nanci mutineers, 116-121, at Mirabeau's funeral, 182, expects fugitive King, 216, would liberate King, 234, emigrates, 235.

Bouillé, Junior, asleep at Varennes, 11. 227, flies to father, 233.

Bourdeaux, priests hanged at, 11.340, — for Girondism, 11i 190, 223 Boyer, duellist, 11. 151

Boyer-Fonfrède, notice of, it 55.
Brennus, reminiscence of, it 52.

Brest, sailors revolt, ii. 126, state of, in 1791, 282, Fédérés in Paris, 356, — in 1793, iii. 270.

Bréteuil, Home-Secretary, 1. 125. Breton Club, germ of Jacobins, 1. 133. Bretons, deputations of, 1. 133, — Girondins, 111. 221.

Brézé, Marquis de, his mode of ushering, i. 169; and National Assembly, 206, 212, extraordinary etiquette. 212, 357.

Brienne, Loménie, antiprotestant, i.
49, in Notables, 96, Controller of
Finance, 100; meapacity of, 102,
edicts by, 104, 115, 117, failure of,
106, arrests Pans Parlement, 109,
exasperated, sick, 124; scoret
scheme, 124; scheme discovered,
127, arrests two Parlementeers,
130; bewildered, 136; desperate
shifts by, 137, wishes for Necker,

INDEX. 411

138, dismissed, and provided for, 140, his effigy burnt, 142.

Brigands, the, origin of, 1. 163, in Paris, 163, 260, —ii. 300, of Avignon, 270.

Brissac, Duke de, commands Constitutional Guard, 11. 250, disbanded,

Brissot, edits Monteur, 1. 174, friend of Blacks, 11. 16, in First Parliament, 262, plans in 1792, 297, active in Assembly, 306, in Jacobins, 311, at Roland's, 318, pelted in Assembly, 348, — ariested, 111. 203, 224, tral of, 248, guillotined, 250, Brittany, commotions in, 1.17, 133, 159.

Broglie, Marshal, against Plenary Court, 11 127, in command, 201,218, in office, 224, dismissed, 256.

Brunout, M., among Menads, 1. 337 Brunswick, Duke, marches on France, 11. 320, (iii. 14), advances, Proclamation, 351, — at Verdun, iii. 25, at Argonne, 64, at Valmy, 70, retreats, 74.

Buffon, Mme. de, and Duke d'Orleans, i. 119, — at D'Orleans's execution, nit. 263.

Burke on French Revolution, 11. 289. Buttafnoco, Napoleon's letter to, 11.98. Buzot, in National Convention, 11. 61, 190, arrested, 203, retreats to Bourdeaux, 224, end of, 252.

Ca-ıra, origin of, 11. 48. Cabanıs, physician to Mirabeau, 11. 179.

Cabarus, Mile., and Tallien, 111. 270, imprisoned, urgent, 344, her soirées, 369-73.

Caen, Gilondins at, iii 107, 224

Calendar, Romme's new, 111. 231. Calonne, M. de, Financier, character of, i. 87, suavity and genius of, 88, his difficulties, 91, at bay, 94, dismissed, 97, marriage and aftercourse, 98.

Calvados, for Girondism, 111. 190. See

Cambon, notice of, 11. 264.

Campan, Mine, Memoirs by, 1. 32, note.

Camus, Archivist, 11. 266, — in National Convention, 111. 73, with Dumouriez, imprisoned, 183.

Candeille, Mile., Goddess of Reason,

Cannon, Siamese, 1. 230, — wooden, 111 15, Fever, Goethe on, 69. Cant defined, 1. 70.

Carmagnole, costume, what, in. 269; dances in Convention, 285.

Carnot, Hippolyte, notice of, ii. 263, — iii. 291, plan for Toulon, 276; discovery in Robespierre's pocket,

Carpentras, against Avignon, ii. 271. Carra, on plots for King's flight, ii. 159, — in National Convention, iii. 62.

Carrier, a Revolutionist, 11. 24, — in National Assembly, 111. 62, Nantes noyades, 269, 278, 279, guillotined, 383

Cartaux, General, fights Girondins, 111. 218, at Toulon, 275.

Castries, Duke de, duel with Lameth, ii 149, result of, 150.

Cathelineau, of La Vendée, 11. 279, 298. Cavaignac, Convention Representative, 111 298.

Cazalès, Royalist, 1. 182, in Constituent Assembly, 280, — pathetic, 11. 8, duel with Barnave, 148, in danger, 211, emigrant, 292.

Cazotte, author of Diable Amoureux, in 315, — seized, in: 20, saved, for a time, by his daughter, 39.

Cercle Social, of Fauchet, 11. 142 Cerutti, his funeral oration on Mirabeau, 11. 162.

Cevennes, revolt of, ii. 299.

Chabot, of Mountain, 11. 264,—against Kings, 111. 7, imprisoned, 294. Chabray, Louison, at Versailles, October Fifth, 1. 336, 344

Challer, Jacobin, Lyons, 111. 158, executed, 217, body raised, 272.

Chambon, Br , Mayor of Paris, 111. 100, retires, 125.

Chamfort, Cynic, i. 151, — arrested, suicide, iii. 331

Shottle; in: 52 Federation, 11. 60, preparations for, 62, 68, accelerated by patriots, 69-78, anecdotes of, 72 (see Federation). Federation-scene at. 76-84, tuneral-service, Nanoi 123, riot, Patriot petition (1791), 244, new Federation (1792), 346, —enlisting in, iii 29

Champs Élysées, Menads at, i. 324; — festivities in, ii. 82.

Chantilly Palace, a prison, iii. 269. Chappe's Telegraph, iii. 305.

Chapt - Rastignac, Abbé de, massa-

cred, iii. 41. Charenton, Marseillese at, ii. 356.

Charenton, Marselliese at, 11. 356. Charles, Chemist, improves balloons, i. 66.

Charles I., Trial of, sold in Paris, iii. 105.

Charleville Artillery, i. 233.

Chartres, Duke de: see Orleans d'. Chartres, grain-riot at, iii. 101.

Châteaubriands, in French Revolution, iii. 330-1.

Châtelet, Archille de, advises Republic, ii. 212. See Prison. Châtillon-sur-Sèvre, insurrection at.

iii. 16.

Chaumette, notice of, ii. 24, (iii. 292); signs petition, 24; — in governing committee, iii. 10; at King's trial, 117; his grandmother, 119; daily demands constitution, 219; on Feast of Reason, 282, 285; arrested, jeered, 315; guillotined, 327.

Chauvelin, Marquis de, in London, ii. 257; — dismissed, iii. 142.

Chemists, French, inventions of, iii. 296.

Chenaye, Baudin de la, massacred, iii. 48.

Chénier, Poet, and Mile. Théroigne, il. 311.

Chepy, at La Force in September, iii. 44.

Chesterfield, Lord, predicts French Revolution, i. 20.

Choiseul, Duke, why dismissed, i. 5.

—, Colonel Duke, assists Louis's flight, ii. 202, 216, 218, 226; too late at Varennes, 281.

Choisi, General, at Avigfion, ii. 275. Christianity: see Religion, Christian. Church, spiritnal guidance. i. 12; of Rome, decay of, 15; and philosophy, 49 (see Clergy); — lands sold, ii. 11, 12; of Rome, dead in France, 192, 198.

Citizens, French, active and passive, ii. 33.

Clairfait, Commander of Austrians, iii. 17.

Clavière, edits Moniteur, i. 174; -

account of, il. 26: Finance Minister, 312, 385; — arrested, iii. 200; suicide of, 268.

Clemence, adopts a Swiss, ii. 380. Clergy, French, in States-General, i. 187; conciliators of orders, 199, 203; joins Third Estate, 201, 205, 210; — lands, national? ii. 12, 19; power of .18; constitution for. 14.

Clermont, flight of King through, ii. 225, 221; — Prussians near, iii. 26. Clery, valet, on Louis's last scene, iii. 136.

Clootz, Anacharsis, Baron de, account of, il. 29; collects human species, 64; disparagement of, 66; — in National Convention, ili. 62; universal republic of, 99; on nullity of religion, 283; purged away, 816; guillotined, 319.

Clovis, in the Champ-de-Mars, i. 14; Club, Electoral, at Paris, i. 222, 251; becomes Provisional Municipality, 229; permanent, for arms, &c. 238. See Representatives.

Club: see Breton, Jacobin, Enraged, Cordeliers, Feuillans, Royalist.

Clubbism, nature of, ii. 141. Clubs, in Paris, 1788, i. 150, 198; in 1790, ii. 38.

Cluguy, M., as Finance Minister, i. 60. Coblentz, Royalist Emigrants at, ii. 279, 284, 292-5.

Cobourg and Dumouriez, iii. 181, 183. Cockades, green, i. 225; tricolor, 229; black, 311, 317; national, trampled, 314, 317; white, 315.

Coffinhal, Judge, delivers Henriot,

Coigny, Duke de, a sinecurist, i. 84. Collot d'Herbois: see Herbois.

Commerce, new Noblesse of, i. 19. Commissioners, Convention, like Kings, iil. 294, 297-9.

Committee, Electoral: see Club, Electoral, Austrian.

of Defence, ii. 353 (and iii. 178); Central, 353, 359, 366; of Watchfulness, of Public Salvation, iii. 9, 31, 178, 238, 291, 344; Circular of, 56; of the Constitution, S8; Revolutionary, 176; of Sections, 192; Revolutionary, busy, 269.

Committees, Forty-four Thousand, iii. 241.

INDEX. 413

Commune, Council General of the, 11. 385, — Sovereign of France, 111. 6, 9, enlisting, 31.

Communes, of France, 111. 227 Conciergeile see Pilson.

Condé, Prince de, attends Louis XV., 1. 23, emigrates, 257.

- Town, surrendered, m. 226.

Condorcet, Marquis, edits Moniteur, 1.174, —Girondist, 11. 262, prepares Address, 306, — on Robespierre, 111. 164, vanishes, 243, death of, 331. Conscience, leaders of, 1. 16.

Constituent Assembly see Assembly. Constitution, Fiench, completed, it. 249-54, will not march, 268,284, 288,

buistinpieces,381. See Committee.

new, of 1793, iii 227, 233. See
Sieyes.

Constitutions, how built, 1. 277 Contrat Social see Rousseau

Convention, National, in what case to be summoned, 11, 254, demanded by some, 302, determined on, 384, coming, 386, - Deputies elected, ni 8, 17, 61, constituted, 73, motions in, 73, work to be done, 88, hated, politeness, effervescence of, 90. on September Massacres, 92, guard for, 93, try the King, 121, debate on trial, 121, invite to revolt, 123, condemn Louis, 128-33, armed Girondins in, 175, power of, 179 (see Mountain, Girondins), removes to Tuileries, 190, uproar, extinction of Girondins, 202, Jacobins and, 226, on for ferted property, 268, Carmagnole, Goddess of Reason. 285, 286, awed to silence, 293, Representatives, 294, at Feast of Etre Suprême, 335 to be butchered? 346, end of Robespierre, 348, 50, 53, retrospect of, 384-86, Féraud, Germinal, Prairial, 386-90, finishes, its successor, 398.

Corday, Charlotte, account of, 111. 210, in Paris, 211, stabs Marat, 213, examined, 214, executed, 216.

Cordeliers, Club, 11. 41 (see Danton),
— Hébert in, iii. 315, silent, 316.

Côté Droit, &c see Side. Council of Ancients, Five Hundred, 111. 398.

Court, Chevalier de, and his dagger,

Court, French Plenary, 1. 125, 183, 134. Couthon, of Mountain, in Legislative, 11. 264, — in National Convention, 111. 74, atLyons, 273, in Salut Committee, 291, his question in Jacobins, 317, decree on plots, 338; arrested, executed, 351, 356

Covenant, Scotch, n. 52, 60, French, 53, 60

Crime, purpose and act of, iii. 33 Crussol, Marquise de, guillotined, iii. 330

Cuissa, massacred at La Force, in. 42 Cuiates abolished, in. 283.

Cussy, Girondin, retreats to Bourdeaux, in. 222.

Custine, General, takes Mentz, &c. 111-82, retreats, 166, blamed, 209, 227, guillotined, 242, his son guillotined, 268.

Customs and morals, 111. 60.

Damas, Colonel Comte de, at Clermont, 11. 224, 225, at Varennes, 232. Dampieire, General, killed, 111. 209.

Dampmattn, Captain, at not in Rue St. Antoine, 1 166, — on state of the Army, 11 97, on state of France, 139, at Avignon, 275, on Mirseillese, 345.

Dandoins, Capt., Flight to Varennes,

11. 218-24. Danton, notice of, i. 175, President of Cordeliers, 300, astir, 317, - il 25, and Marat, 32, served with writs, 32, in Cordeliers Club, 41, elected Councillor, 172, Mulabeau of Sansculottes, 262, takes presents, 285, in Jacobins, 311, for Deposition, 342, of Committee (August Tenth), 353, 360, Minister of Justice, 385,-111.12, "faire peur," "de l'audace," 30, 31, after September Massacre, 59, after Jemappes, 107, and Robespierre, 110, in Netherlands, 116, at King's trial, 128, on war, 142, rebukes Marat, 161, peace-maker, 164, "name be blighted," 170, and Dumouriez, 175, in Salut Committee, 178, breaks with Girondins, 186, his law of Forty sous, 239, and Revolutionary Government, 290, and Paris Municipality, 292, suspect, 316, retires to Arcis, 317, and Robespierre, 320, ariested, 322, prison-thoughts, 322; trial of, 323-25; guillotined, 327; character, 327. David, Painter, in National Convention, iii. 63; works by, 228, 304, 335; hemlock with Robespierre, 348.

Death, kingly idea of, i. 25.

Deficit, Mirabeau on, i. 307. Democracy, on Bunker Hill, i. 10;

spread of, in France, 57, 60, 152. Departments, France divided into,

ii. 13. Desèze, Pleader, for Louis, iii. 120, 121, 131.

Deshuttes, massacred, October Fifth, i. 354.

Desilles, Capt., in Nanci, ii. 119.

Desions, Capt., at Varennes, ii. 283; would liberate the King, 284.

Desmoulins, Camille, notice of, i. 175; in arms at Café de Foy, 224; Editor, his title, 299; on Insurrection of Women, 320; — in Cordeliers Club, ii. 41; and Brissot, 311; — in National Convention, iii. 62; on Sansculottism, 180; on plots, 195; suspect, 315; for a committee of mercy, 317; ridicules law of the suspect, 318; his Journal, 319; his wife, 323; trial of, 324-6; guillottined, 326; widow guillottined, 327. Diderot, prisoner in Vincennes, ii. 163. Dinners, defined, i. 313. See Guards. Directorate, feats of, iii. 382.

Discipline, Army, nature of, ii. 91-8. Dodd, Dr., at French races, i. 64. Doppet, General, at Lyons, iii. 275.

Douai : see Parlement.

Drouet, Jean B., notice of, ii. 220-1; discovers Royalty in flight, 222; raisos Varennes, 228; blocks the bridge, 228; defends his prize, 231-2; rewarded, 255; — to be in Convention, iii. 26; captured by Austrians, 300.

Dubarry, Dame, and Louis XV., i. 4-6; flight of, 29; — imprisoned, ili. 261.

Dubois-Crancé, bombards Lyons, iii. 286; takes Lyons, 271.

Duchâtel, votes, wrapt in blankets, iii. 131; at Caen, 207.

Duchesne, see Père.

Ducos, Girondin, ii. 262.

Duelling, in French Revolution, ii. 147.

Dugommier, General, at Toulon, iii 275, 298.

Duhamel, killed by Marseillese, ii. 359.

Dumont, on Mirabeau, i. 308; ii. 176-7.

Dumouriez, notice by, f. 5; -- account of, ii. 25; in Brittany, 198; in dressing-gown at Nantes, 213; in La Vendée, 279; sent for to Paris. 298; Foreign Minister, 312; dismissed, to Army, 324; disobeys Luckner, 343; Commander-in-chief, 287; - his army, iii. 24; Concil of War, 27; seizes Argonne Forest, 28, 64; Grand-Pré, 67; and mutineers, 67; and Marat, in Paris, 81; to Netherlands, 82; at Jemappes, 106; in Paris, 126; discontented, 141; retreats. 166; traitor? 166,175; beaten, 175; will join the enemy, 181; arrests his arresters, 184; escapes to Austrians, 185.

Duperret, Girondin, draws sword in Convention, iii. 188; papers scaled, Charlotte Corday, 225.

Dupont, Deputy, Atheist, iii. 123. Duport Adrien, in Paris Parlement, i. 105; in Constituent Assembly, one of a trio, 281-2; — law-reformer, ii. 9.

Duportail, in office, ii. 158.

Durosoy, Royalist, guillotined, iii. 18. Dusaulx, M., on taking of Bastille, i. 266; — notice of, iii. 49; will demit, 201.

Dutertre, in office, ii. 158.

Edgeworth, Abbe, attends Louis, iii. 186; at execution of Louis, 189. Editors, in 1789, i. 297-8.

Égalité: see Orleans. Duke d'.

Églantine, Fabre d', in National Convention, ili. 62; assists in New Calendar, 231; imprisoned, 316.

Election for States-General, i. 156. Elie, Capt., at siege of Bastille, i. 246,

Elie, Capt., at siege of Bastille, 1. 246, 249; after victory, 250.

Elizabeth, Princess, flight to Varennes, ii. 208; August Tenth, 375; — in Temple prison, iii. 102; guillotined, 330.

Emigrants, law against, ii. 166 (see Coblentz); errors of, 294; — regi-

415 INDEX.

ment of, 111. 65, retreat with Prussians, 79.

Emigration, first French, i. 257, 293; second, 361, - 11. 136, 241.

England, declares war on France, 111. 142, 168, gains Toulon, 285.

Enraged Club, the. 1. 150.

Equality (see Liberty), reign of, iii. 14. Escuyer, Patriotl', at Avignon, 11. 273. Esprémenil, Duvald', notice of, i. 105, patriot, speaker in Paris Parlement, 108, 111, with crucifix, 122, discovers Brienne's plot, 127, arrest and speech of, 127-8, 131, turncoat, 186, in Constituent Assembly, 280, - beaten by populace, n. 169, guillouned, in. 329, widow, guillotined, 338.

Estaing, Count d', notice of, 1. 311, National Colonel, 332, 336, Royalist, 340, - at Queen's trial, iii. 244.

Estate, Thud, in 1614, i. 150, what it is in 1788, and will do, 152, 158, deputies to (1789), 184 (see States-General), a separate order? 196. mertia, 197, declares itself "National Assembly," 205.

Estate, Fourth, of Editors, &c. 1 298

Etampes *see* Simoneau. Etat, Tiers see Estate, Third.

Etiquette, acme of see Brézé Étoile, beginning of Federation at, 11 53.

Evil, nature of, 1. 48.

Falsehood, doom of, 1. 271. Famine, in France, 1. 45, 46, 68, in 1788-1792, 137, 202, 203, 217, 286, 296. Louis and Assembly try to relieve, 343, - n. 143, 308-9 (see Bakers), - in 1792, and remedy, 111. 101, remedy by maximum, &c. 179.

Fanaticism and Formula, 1. 270. Fatherland see Altar.

Fauchet, Abbé, at siege of Bastille, 1. 244, famous for Te-Deums, 295; - 11. 81, his Cercle Social, 142, in First Parliament, 262, motion by, 277; strips off his insignia, 304; -King's death, lamentation, in. 141; will demit, 201, trial of, 248.

Faussigny, sabre in hand, ii 147.

Favras, Chevalier, executed, ii 18. Feast, of Reason, 111. 283-7, of Etre Suprême, 335-7.

Federation, becoming general, ii. 56: of Champ-de-Mars, 60, deputies to, 61-2, 74, human species at, 63, ceremonies of, 76-83, a new, to be (1792). 340, 18 held, 347.

Féraud, in National Convention, iii. 62, massacred there, 387.

Fersen, Count, 11. 202, gets berline built, 203, acts coachman (King's flight), 204-8.

Feudalism, death of, in France, 1. 171. Feuillans, Club, 11. 42,241, denounce Jacobins, 252, decline, 307; extinguished, 308, Battalion, 322,

Justices and Patriotism, 338, Directory, 339.

Figaro, Mariage de, 1. 76, - 111. 23. Finances, bad state of, i. 60, 85, 114, 138, 139, how to be improved, 104, 113, 126, — ii. 12.

Flanders, how Louis XV. conquers, i 8.

Flandre, regiment de, at Versailles, 1. 310, 313, 335.

Flesselics, Paris Provost, 1. 222, 229, shot, 250

Fleuriot, Mayor, guillotined, iii. 358. Fleury, Joly de, Controller of Finance, 1. 85.

Fontenai, Mme., 111. 270, 344 (see Cabarus).

Force, La see Prison.

Formula, 1. 270, and Fanaticism, destroved, 285. - essential to man, 111. 87.

Forster, and French soldier, iii. 82, account of, 167.

Fouché, at Lyons, in. 273.

Foulon, bad repute of, i. 87, nicknamed, 116, advises grass for the People, 142, funeral of, 257, alive. judged, massacred, 261.

Fouquier-Tinville see Tinville. Fournier, and Orleans Prisoners, iii.

57. Foy, Café de, revolutionary, 1. 221, 300, 308,

France, abject, under Louis XV., 1 7 8, 18-20, Kings of, 10-11, early history of, 10, 11, decay of Kingship in, 15, 16, on accession of Louis XVI., 39, and Philosophy, 40, 41,

famine in, 1775, 45, 46, 68 (see Famine): state of, prior to Revolution, 48; aids America, 57, 58; in 1788, 135; inflammable (July, 1789), 225; gibbets, general overturn, 291-2; -how to be regenerated, ii. 21, 22; riotousness of, 153; Mirabeau and, 174, 175; after King's flight, 212; petitions against Royalty, 241; warfare of towns in, 271; Enrope leagues against, 291-2; terror of (in Spring 1792), 299, 300; decree of war, 316; country in danger, 348, 349; general enlisting, 350; - rage of (in Autumn 1792), iii. 3, 6; Marat's Circular, September. 55; Sansculottic, 87; declaration of war, 142; Mountain and Girondins divide, 158; communes of, 227; coalition against, 234; levy in mass, 239; prisons, in 1793, 269; one large "committee of mercy" (in 1795), 368; state of since the Revolution, 383.

Franklin, Ambassador to France, i. 57; — his death lamented, ii. 81; bust in Jacobins, 310.

Fraternity, doctrine of, iii. 259. Freedom, meaning of, i. 234.

French, Philosophy,—see Philosophy. Anglomania, i. 63; character of the, 74; literature, in 1784, 71, 76; Parlements, nature of, 81; Mirabeau, type of the, 176. Guards, see Guards. Seigneurs.—see Seigneurs. Mob., character of, 319;—Julius Cæsar on the, il. 139-40;—Millennlum, ili. 150.

Fréron, notice of, ii. 34; — renegade, iii. 367; Gilt Youth of, 372.
Fréteau, at Royal Session, i. 117; ar-

rested, 119; liberated, 122. Freys, the Jew brokers, ii. 26;—imprisoned. iii. 294.

Gallois, to La Vendée, il. 279. Gamain, Sieur, Locksmith, informer,

iii. 114.

Game, i. 298. Garat, Minister of Justice, iii. 133. Gardes, Françaises. Suisses, Du

Corps, &c.: see Guards.
Gazette, origin of the term, ii. 37.
Genlis, Mme., account of, ii. 31: —

and D'Orleans, iii. 162; to Switzer-land, 182.

Gensonné, Girondist, ii. 262: to La Vendée, 279; — arrested, iii. 203; trial of, 248.

Georges-Cadondal, in La Vendée, iii.

Georget, at siege of Bastille, i. 244. Gérard, Farmer, Rennes deputy, i.183. Gerle, Dom, at Théot's, iii. 337.

German, meaning of term, ii. 140. Gibraltar besieged, i. 59.

Gifts, patriotic, iii. 15.

INDEX.

Gironalins, origin of term, ii. 282;—
in National Convention, iii. 98;
against Robespierre, 95, 96; on
King's trial, 109, 126-130; and
Jacobins, 111-113; formula of, 146
(see Mountain); favourcers of, 154-5;
schemes of, 157, 173; to be seized?
172; break with Danton, 186; armed
against Mountain, 187; accuse Marat, 189; departments, 190; commission of twelve, 195; commission broken, 197; arrested, 208,
243; dispersed, 208; war by, 220;
retreat of eleven, 222; trial of, 248;
last supper of, 249; guillotined, 250.

Gobel, Archbishop to be, ii. 9, 181;
— renounces religion, iii. 282; arrested, 315; guillotined, 327.

Goethe, at Argonne, iii. 69; in Prussian retreat, 77-80; at Mentz, 225. Goguelat, Engineer, assists Louis's flight, ii. 202, 216-18 (see Choiseul, Colonel Duke); intrigues, 284.

Gondran, captain of French Guard, i. 355.

Gorsas, Journalist, pleads for Swiss, ii. 880; — in National Convention, iii, 62; his house broken into, 172; guillottined, first Deputy that suffers. 243.

Goujon, Member of Convention, in riot of Prairial, iii. 389; suicide, 390. Goupil, on extreme left, ii. 241.

Gouvion, Major-General, at Paris, i. 322-23; — flight to Varennes, ii. 202, 205, 210; death of, 321.

Government, Maurepas's, i. 53; bad state of French, 152; real, 275; — French revolutionary, iii. 290, 314; Danton on, 322.

Grave, Chev. de, War-Minister, loses head, ii. 317.

INDEX. 417

Grégoire, Curé, notice of, i. 187, in National Convention, in. 61, detuned in Convention, 202, and destruction of religion, 283.

Grenoble, riot at, 1, 134. Grievances, writ of, 1, 156

Guadet, Girondin, 11. 262, cross-questions Ministers, 306, — airested, 111. 203, guillotined, 251.

Guards, Swiss, and French, at Réveillon's 110t, 1. 166 French, won't fire, 213, 220, come to Palais-Royal, 220, fire on Royal-Allemand, 227, to Bastille, 232, 246, 249, 250, name changed, 252, Lafayette and, 329, National, origin of, 217, number of, 233, Body, at Versailles, October Fifth, 339, fight there, 339, fly in Château, 354, Body, and French, at Versailles, 355, - National, at Nanci, ii. 111, French, last appearance of, 250, National, how commanded (1791), 258, Constitu-tional, dismissed, 303, Filles-St.-Thomas, 323, 358, routed, 358, Swiss, at Tuileries, 365, 375, fire, 376, ordered to cease, destroyed, 379, 380, eulogy of, 380, Departmental, for National Convention. 111. 95,

Guillaume, Clerk, pursues King, n. 223. See Drouet.

Guillotin, Doctor, summoned by Paris Parlement, 1. 161, invents the guillotine, 183, deputed to King, 333, 343,— at Louis's visit to Assembly, 11. 44, 45

Guillotine, invented, 1. 183, — described, 111. 12, 1n action, 241, 242, 262, 269, to be improved, 338, number of sufferers by, 392.

Gustav, King of Sweden see Sweden

Hassenfratz, in War-office, in. 98,105. Hébert, Editor of Père Duchesne, in. 129, signs petition, 228 (see Père Duchesne), — arrested, inl. 195, at Queen's trial, 245, quickens Revolutionary Tribunal, 248, arrested, 214, guillotraed, 320, wildow, guillotined, 327.

Hénault, President, on Surnames, 1. 3. Henriot, General of National Guard, in. 198, 202, and the Convention, 202, to deliver Robespierre, 352, seized, rescued, 352, end of, 338.

Cartyle, Revolution III.

Herbois, Collot d', notice of, ii. 24, in National Convention, iii. 62, 4, a.m. National Convention, iii. 62, a.m. Lyons massaore, 278, 274, in Salur Committee, 291, attempt to assassinate, 333, bulled at Jacobins, 349, President, night of Thermidor, 353, accused, 379, banished, 381, at Surinam, 391.

Héritier, Jerôme l', shot at Versailles, 1. 352

Heterodoxy and Orthodoxy, n. 199 Hoche, Scrgeant Lazare, in Bastille time, 1 220, — General, against Prussia, in 301, pacifies La Vendée 376.

Holland, invaded by Prussia, 1787, i.

Hondschooten, Battle of, 111. 299. Hope, and Man, 1 52.

Hôtel des Invalides, plundered, i. 239. — de Ville, after Bastille taken, i. 250; harangues at, 255, nearly fired by women, 328, Louis in, 365.

Houchard, General, unsuccessful, 111. 234, 299, guillotined, 268.

Howe, Lord, beats French navy, 111.

Huguenin, Patriot, tocsin in heart, in. 305, 20 June (1792), 330. Hulin, Half-pay, at siege of Bastille,

1 249, 250 Huns, Attila's, long arms of, 111, 5.

Ideals, realised, 1. 12

Inisdal's, Count d', plot, ii 155
Insuirection, most sacred of duties,
i 318, of Women, 305-357, — of
August Tenth, ii 361-67, difficult,
367, — of Pauls, against Girondins
(1793), iii 198-204, sacred right of,
iii 539, 315, 316, 318, 349, 354, 367,
372, 398, 402, 403, last Sansoulottic,
386-9, of Balbeuf, 404. See Riot.
Irish Sans-rotato, iii. 398.

Isnard Max, notice of, 11 55, in First Parliament, 261, on Ministers, 306, — to demolish Paris, iii 196, will demit, 201, recalled, 367.

Jacob, Jean Claude, eldest of men, 11. 67.

Jacobins, Society, germs of, 1. 133, — Hall, described, and members, 11. 39, Journal & of, 40, daughters of, 41, 141, at Nanci, suppressed, 125, Club increases 140, 141, and

Mirabeau, 145, 173; prospers, 307; "Lords of the Articles," 309; extinguishes Feuillans, 309; Hall enlarged, described, 310; and Marseillese, 358; - and Lavergne, iii. 18; message to Dumouriez, \$1; missionaries in Army, 107, 175; on King's trial, 109; on accusation of Robespierre, 110; against Girondins, 111-114, 192; National Convention and, 227, 292; Popular Tribunals of, 270; Couthon's question in, 313; purges members, 316; to become dominant, 346; locked out by Legendre, 355; begs back its keys, 366; decline of, 379; mobbed, suspended, 380; hunted down, 384. Jacobinism, spirit of, iii. 297.

Jales, Camp of, ii. 16; Royalists at,

298; destroyed, 299.

Jaucourt, Chevalier, and Liberty, il. 263.

Jay, Dame le, bookseller, ii. 34. Jemappes, battle of, iii. 106.

Jesuitism and Dame Dubarry, i. 21. Jockey: see Jokei.

Jokei, French, described, i. 63.

Jones, Paul, equipped for America, 1.58; — at Paris, account of, ii. 28, 63; burial of, 348.

Jounneau, Deputy, in danger in September, iii. 50.

Jourdan, General, repels Austria, iii. 299.

Jourdan, Coupe-tête, at Versailles, i. 335, 356; — leader of Avignon Brigands, ii. 270; costume of, 271; supreme in Avignon, 273-4; massacre by, 274; flight of (cities of the South), 274; — guillotined, iii. 271. Jourgniae: see St. Méard.

Journals (see Paris); placard, ii. 36, 137.

Julien, Sieur Jean, guidotined, iii. 29. Justice, bed of, i. 107.

Kannitz, Prince, denounces Jacobins, it. 309.

Kellermann, at Valmy, iii. 71.

King: see Louis. — Kings, primitive, i. 13; divine right of, 13.
Kingship, decline of, in France, i. 15.

See Royalty.
Klopstock, naturalised, iii. 8.

Knox, John, and the Virgin, ii. 124. Korff. Baroness de, in flight to Varennes, ii. 203; is Dame de Tourzel, 208.

Lacroix, of Mountain, ii. 264.

Lafarge, President of Jacobins, Mme. Lavergue and, iii. 18.

Lafayette, bust of, erected, i. 60, 256. against Calonne, 95; demands by, in Notables, 102; Cromwell-Grandison, 186; Bastille time, Vice-President of National Assembly, 236, 254; General of National Guard, 256; resigns and reaccepts, 255; Scipio-Americanus, 295; thanked, re-warded, 311; French Guards and, 327; to Versailles, 329; at Versailles, Fifth October, 346; swears the Guards, 359; - Feuillant, ii. 42; on abolition of Titles, 65; at Champde-Mars Federation, 78, 80; at De Castries' riot, 151; character of, 153; in Day of Poniards, 165: difficult position of, 169; at King's going to St. Cloud, 194; resigns and reaccepts, 196; at flight from Tuileries, 205; after escape of King, 209; on Petition for Deposition, 244; moves for amnesty, 254; resigns 258; decline of, 307; doubtful, against Jacobins, 321, 325, 343; fruitless journey to Paris, 336; to be accused? 348; flies to Holland, 387.

Laflotte, prison-plot, informer, iii. 326, 340.

La Force: see Prison.

Laïs, Sieur, Jacobin, with Louis Philippe, ii. 41.

Lally, death of, i. 111. See Tollendal. Lamarche, guillotined, iii. 265.

Lamarck's, Mirabeau sick at, ii. 178. Lamballe, Princess de, to England, ii. 215; intrigues for Royalists, 287, 314;— at La Force, fii. 22; massacred, 38.

Lambesc, Prince, attacks Bust procession (July 1789), i. 226.

Lameth. in Constituent Assembly, one of a trio, 1. 282; — brothers, notice of, ii. 9; Jacobins, 39; Charles, duel with Duke de Castries, 150; brothers become constitutional, 239; Theodore, in First Parliament, 263.

Lamoignon, Keeper of Seals, i. 96, 115, 124; dismissed, 142-3; effigy burned, and death of, 148-4.

Lanfotte, Countess de, and Diamond

INDEX. 419

Necklace, i 73; in the Salpétrière, 90, 120,—Memoirs burned, ii 303,—in London, iii. 21, M de, in prison, 21, 42.

Lamourette, Abbé, kiss of, 11. 267,—guillotined, 111. 272.

Lanjumais, Girondin, skirts torn, 111. 201, arrested, 203, recalled, 367. Lanterne, death by the, 1. 262, 264.

Lapérouse, voyage of, 1 59.

Laporte, Intendant, guillotined, 111.13. Larivière, Justice, imprisoned, 111.339. Larochejaquelin, in La Vendée, in 16, death of, 377.

Lasource, accuses Danton, 111. 187, president, and Marat, 191, arrested, 203, condemned, his saying, 249.

Latour-Maubourg, notice of, 11. 237. Launay, Marquis de, Governor of Bastille, 1. 237, besieged, 240, unassisted, 246, to blow up Bastille, 247, 250, massacred, 250.

Lavergne, suirenders Longwi, iii.

Lavoisier, Chemist, guillotined, in. 331.

Law, Martial, in Paris, ii. 28, 244, Book of the, 266

Lawyers, their influence on the Revolution, i. 19, number of, in Tiers Etat, 184, — in Parliament First, ii 261.

Lazare, Maison de St., plundered, 1. 231.

Lebas, at Strasburg, m 294, arrested, 351.

Lebon, Priest, in National Convention, iii 62, at Arras, 280, guillotined, 384.

Lebrun, forger of Assignats, 11. 293. Lechapelier, Deputy, and Insurrection of Women, 1. 326.

Lecointie, National Major, 1.313,336, will not duel, 315 active 340,—in First Parliament, ii. 264.

Lefèvre, Abbé, distributes powder, 1. 251, in procession, 256, nearly hanged, 322.

Legendre, Butcher, in danger, u- 322, at Tuileries riot, 330, — in National Convention, iii 62, against Girondins, 201, for Danton, 322, locks out Jacobins, 355.

Legislation see Assembly.

Lenfant, Abbé, on Protestant claims, i. 121, — massacred, in. 41. Lepelletter see St. Fargeau. Section, for Convention, 111. 382, 389, 1 evolt of, 1n Vendémiaire, 401-2.

Lettres-de-Cachet, and Parlement of Paris, 1. 119.

Levasseur, in National Convention, nii. 63, Convention Representative, in tide-water, 299.

Liancourt, Duke de, Liberal, 1. 186, not a Revolt, but a Revolution, 254, — Royalist, in Normandy, 11. 389.

Liberty, on, 11. 33, tree of, 82, 327, 347, and Equality, 315, — Statue of, 111. 229.

Lies, Philosophism on, 1. 19, to be extinguished, how, 51, cant, a double power of, 70, their doom, 290

Ligne, Prince de, death of, 111. 66.
Lille, Colonel Rouget de, Marseillese
Hymn, 11 346.

Lille, city, besieged, iii 75.

Linguet, his "Bastille Unveiled," i. 72, returns, 174, — irascible, ii. 304.

Literature, its influence on the Revolution, 1. 19, in France, in 1781-87, 71, 76, 121.

Loan, Successive, scheme of, 1. 115 Loiserolles, General, guillotined for his son, 111 354.

Longwi, surrendered, ili. 14-18, fugitives at Paris, 18.

Lords of the Articles, Jacobins as, iii. 293.

Lorraine, Fédérés and the Queen, 11. 75, state of (in 1790), 105

Louis XIV.. l'état c'est moi 1. 13, in boots in Pailement, 116, —Louvois, with tongs, 111. 91.

Louis, XV., origin of his surname, 1.
3, last illness of, 4, 20, 22, 23, 29; dismisses Dame Dubarry, 5, Choiseul, 5, was wounded, has smallpox, 6, 7, 21, 7his mode of conquest, 8, impoverishes France, 20, his daughters, 22, on death, 25, on ministerial capacity, 28, death of (10th May, 1744), 31, burial of, 33,

Louis XVI., at his accession, i. 32; good measures of, 40, temper and pursuits of, 42, his Queen (see Antoinette), difficulties of, 55, 125; commences governing, 83, and Notables, 101, holds Royal Session, 116-18, receives States-General Deputies, 169, in States-General

procession, 172, 189, speech to States-General, 191, National Assembly, 210, unwise policy of, 214, dismisses Necker, 224, apprised of the Revolution, 254, conciliatory, visits Assembly, 255, Bastille, visits Paris, 258, deserted, will fly, 283, 311, languid, 312, at Dinner of Guards, 313, deposition of, proposed, 328. October Fifth, women deputies, 336, to fly or not? 340, 342, grants the acceptance, 344, Paris propositions to, 347, in the Château tumult (Oct 6), 353-4, appears to mob, 358, will go to Paris, 359, his wisest course, 360, procession to Paris, 363-66, - review of his position, ii. 3, lodged at Tuileries, 4, 5, Restorer of French Liberty, 6, no hunting, locksmith, 6, schemes, 43, visits Assembly, 44, Federation, 72,74,75,78, Hereditary Representative, 152, 197, will fly, 154-5, and D'Inisdal's plot, 155, his Aunts fly, 160, Mirabeau, 173, useless, 174, indecision of, 191; ill of catarrh, 194, prepares for St. Cloud, 194, hindered by populace, 194, effect, should he escape, 196-7. prepares for flight, his circular, 200, 201; flies, 204, letter to Assembly, 210, manner of flight, 215, losters by the way, 215-19, detected by Drouet, 222, near Varennes, 226, captured at Varennes, 229, indecision there, 230-33, return to Paris, 236, reception there, 237, to be deposed? 239, 241, reinstated, 249, reception of Legislative, 266, position of, 283, proposes war, with tears, 316, vetoes, dissolves Roland Ministry, 323-4, in riot of Twentieth June, 330, and Petion, 338, 364, at Federation, with currass, 347, declared forfeited, 360, 383, last levee of, 361, Tenth August, 371, 373, quits Tuileries for Assembly, 374-5, in Assembly, 382, sent to Temple prison, 386; —in Temple iii. 102, to be tried, 108, 115, and the Locksmith Gamain, 114, at the bar, 116-17, his will, 119, condemned, 127-33, parting scene, 136, execution of, 137-40, his son, 330. Louis-Philippe (King of the French) Jacobin door-keeper, u. 41: - at

Valmy, 111 73, bravery at Jemappes, 107, and sister, 181-2, with Dumouriez to Austrians, 184, to Switzerland, 185, teaches, Mathematics, 263.

Loustalot, Editor, i. 298, — 11, 84
Louvet, his "Chevalier de Faublas"
i. 77. — his "Sentinelles," in 35,
and Robespierre, 312, — in National
Convention, in. 62, Girondin, accuses Robespierre, 110, 164, arrested, 203, retreats (one of Eleven)
to Bourdeaux, 222, 237, escape of,
251, recalled, 367.

Luckner, Supreme General, 11. 90,321, and Dumounez, 343,—guillotined, 111. 268

Lunéville, Inspector Malseigne at, 11

Lux, Adam, on death of Charlotte Corday, 111. 217, guillotined, 261. Luxembourg, forges at, 111. 239, Palace, a prison, 269.

Lyons, Federation at, 11.56, — disorders in, in 158-9, Chalter, Jacobin, executed at, 217, bombarded, powder-tower of, 235, captured 272, massacres at, 273.

Magnetic vellum, the, 11 50.

Mailhe, Deputy, ontrial of Louis, iii.

Maillard, Usher, at siege of Bastille, 1. 246, 249, Insurrection of Women, dium, Champs Elysées, 322, 323, 324, entering Versailles, 330, addiesses National Assembly there, 332, — signs Déchéance petition, 11. 244, — in September Massacres 11. 36

Maillé, Camp-Marshal, at Tuileries, 11. 363, 365, — massacied at La Force, 111. 46.

Mailly, Marshal, one of Four Generals (1790), 11. 90.

Malesherbes, M. de, in King's Council, 1.113, remark by, 120, — defends Louis, iii 119, 131, Louis returns money, 137, guillotined, 229.

Malseigne, Army Inspector, at Nanci, ii. 110-113, imprisoned, 114, liberated, 118.

Man, rights and mights of, 1 278-9, 288; — 11. 290.

Mandat, Commander of Guards (August 1792), il. 363, death of, 369.

Manége, Salle de, Constituent Assembly occupies, 11. 8.

Manuel, Jacobin, slow-sure, 11. 307, 11 August Tenth, 370, — in Governing Committee, 111. 10, haranguing at La Foice, 44, in National Convention, 62, dubs D'Orleans, 64, motions in National Convention, 74, vote at King's trial, 130, in prison, 243, guilloined, 268.

Marat. Jean Paul, horseleech to D'Artois, 1. 64, notice of, 174, against violence, 222, at siege of Bastille, 247, summoned by Constituent, not to be gagged, 298, astir, 317. - how to regenerate France. 11. 21, 139, police and, 32, on abolition of titles, 65, would gibbet Mirabeau, 138, bust in Jacobins, 310, concealed in cellars, 355, pulls tocsin rope, 366, -in seat of honour, 111. 11, 31, signs Circular, 56, elected to Convention, 62, and Dumouriez, 81, oaths by, in Convention, 92, first appearance in Convention. pistol, 95, against Roland, 126, on sufferings of People, 149, and Gi-londins, 160, arrested, 189, returns in tilumph, 191, fall of Girondins, 203, sick, h s residence, 212, and Charlotte Corday, 212, 213, honours to, 213, 214

Marat, Company of, in. 269.

Maréchal, Atheist, Calendar by, in. 230

Maréchale, the Lady, on nobility, i 17.

Marie - Antoinette see Antoinette. Mars, Champ de see Champ.

Maiseilles, Bilgands at, 1 217, — on Déchéance, the bar of iron, 11 241 (see Barbaroux, Rebecqui), — for Girondism, 111 190, 208, 218, guillotine at, 271.

Marseillese, March and Hymn of, il. 344-346, (iii. 13, 106), at Charenton, 356, at Paris, 357, Filles-St-Thomas and, 558, barracks, 360, August Tenth, 368, 376-80.

Massacre, Avignon, 11. 274. — September, 111. 34-52, number slain in, 52, corpse's hand, 53, compared to Bartholomew, 54, Convention on, 93. See Orleans. Nantes. Lyons.

93. See Orleans, Nantes, Lyons. Maton, Advocate, his "Resurrection" (September), 111. 41. Mauconseil, section, on forfeitule of King, 11. 360, — on Girondins, 11. 173

Maupeou, under Louis XV., 1. 4, 6, and Dame Dubarry, 6.

Maurepas, Prime Minister, character of, 1 42, government of, 52, death of, 83.

Maury, Abbé, character of, 1. 187, in Constituent Assembly, 280, seized emigrating, 361, —dogmatic, 11. 8, 19, efforts fruitless, 147, made Cardinal, 257, and D'Artois at Coblentz, 292.

Méda, Robespierre's death and, iii. 357, note

Memmay, M., of Quincey, explosion of rustics, 1. 291.

Menads, the, 1. 318-20, 364

Menou, General, arrested, nr. 400. Mentz, occupied by French, nr. 82, siege of, 209, 376, surrender of, Goethe describes, 225.

Menus, Hall of the, 1. 169.

Mercier, on Paris revolving, 1 216, Editoi, 299, — the September Massacre, 111, 53, 11 National Convention, 62, King's tial, 130-1, dancing (in 1795), 371, workmen duning, 395. Merlin, of Thionville, in Mountain, 11, 264 trascible, 304, — at Mentz, in 226.

Merlin, of Douai, Law of Suspect,

Mery see St. Mery.

Mesmel, Dr., glance at, 1. 67.

Metra, the Newsman, 11. 37.

Metropolis, importance of a, iii. 220 Metz, Bouillé at, ii. 89, troops mutinous at, 101.

Meudon tannery, 111. 309.

Millennium, French idea of, in. 150. Miomandre de Ste Marie, Bodyguard (October Frish), 1. 352, left for dead,

revives, 254, — rewaided, ii. 155 Mirabeau, Maiquis, state of France in 1775, i 46, and his son, 72, his

death, 237.

Mirabeau, Count, his pamphlets, 1.
91, the Notables, 93, Lettues - deCachet against, 93, expelled by the
Provence Noblesse, 160, clothshop, 160 is Deputy for Aix, 161,
king of Frenchmen, 176, family of,
176 wanderings of, 178, his future
course, 179, groaned at, in As-

sembly, 198, his newspaper suppressed, 202, to Usher de Brézé. 212 at Bastille ruins, 265, on Robespierre, 281, fame of, 282, on French deficit, 307, populace, on veto, 307, Mounier, October Fifth, 326, insight of, defends veto, ii. 9, courage, revenue of, 10, 11, saleable 11, and Danton, on Constitution, 25, his female bookseller. 34; at Jacobins, 39, his countship, 66, on state of Army, 98, Marat would gibbet, 138, his power in France, 145, on D'Orleans, 145, on 148, interview with duelling, 148, interview with Queen, 157, speech on emigrants (the "trente voix"), 166, in Council, 172. his plans for France, 173, probable career of, 174, sickens, yet works, 176, last appearance in Assembly, 177; anxiety of populace for, 178; last sayings of, 179; death of, 180, public funeral of, 182, burial-place of, 182, character of, 183-6, last of Mirabeaus, 186, bust ın Jacobins, 310, - bust demolished, iti. 114.

Mirabeau the younger, nicknamed Tonneau, 1. 186, in Constituent Assembly, breaks his sword, 215, 280. — death of, is. 186.

Miranda, General, attempts Holland, 111. 166

Miroménil, Keeper of Seals, 1. 96.

Mobs, on, 1. 318, 319.

Moleville, Bertrand de, Historian, 1. 133, - 11. 282, minister, his plan, 284; frivolous policy of, 285, and D'Orleans, 286, jesuitic, 306, in despair, 361, - concealed, ili. 14. Momoro, Bookseller, agrarian, iii. 10, arrested, 314; guillotined, 319, his Wife, Goddess of Reason, 288.

Monge, Mathematician, in office, ii. 385 : — assists ın new Calendar. iii.

Moniteur, Editors of the, i. 174, 299, - ii. 84.

Monsabert, G. de, President of Paris Parlement, 1. 126, arrested, 128-132.

Montélimart, covenant sworn at, ii. 54.

Montesquiou, General, takes Savoy, iii. 82.

Montgaillard, on Queen captive, it.

384. - on September Massacres. ni 51, on Paris ladies, 372. Montgolfier, invents balloons, 1, 65,

Montmartre, trenches at, ili. 15. Montmorin, War-Secretary, 1. 115.

- his brother killed at La Force. iu. 38.

Moore, Doctor, at attack of Tuileries. 11. 378 . - at La Force. 111. 37. Morande, De, newspaper by, 1. 71, will return, 174, — in prison, in. 21.

Morellet, Philosophe, 1. 298. Moncheton, M. de, of King's Body-

guard, 1. 339.

Moudon, Abbé, confessor to Louis XV. 1. 22 . 29.

Mounier, at Grenoble, 1. 134, proposes Tennis-Court oath, 209, October Fifth, President of Constituent Assembly, 326, deputed to King, 332, dilemma of, on return. 344, emigrates, 361.

Mountain, members of the, 11. 264; - re-elected in National Convention, iii. 61, Gironde and, 152-57, favourers of the, 155, valnerable

points of 160, prevails, 164, Danton, Duperret, 188, after Gironde dispersed, 209, in labour, 219.

Müller, General, invades Spain, iii.

Municipality of Paris, to be abolished, iii. 366. See Paris.

Murat, in Vendémiaire revolt, iii. 401.

Mutiny, military, nature of, 11. 92

Nanci, revolt at, ii. 16, 107, 109, 113, town described, 107, deputation imprisoned, 110; deputation of mutineers, 116, state of mutineers in, 117-20, Bouille's fight, 120, Paris thereupon, 122, military executions at, 124, Assembly Commissioners, 125.

Nantes, after King's flight, ii. 213; - massacres at, in. 269, noyades, 278; prisoners to Paris, 342, 365.

Napoleon Bonaparte, studying mathematics, 1. 136, pamphlet by, 11 97-8, demociatic, in Corsica, 154 August Tenth, 378;—under General Cartaux, iii. 218, at Toulon, 235, 275, 277, was pupil of Pichegru, 301; Josephine and, at La Cabarus's, 370 - Vendémiaire, 401-4.

INDEX. 423

Narbonne, Louis de, assists flight of King's Aunts, 11. 161, to be War-Minister, 287, demands by, 297; — secreted, 111. 14, escapes, 19.

National Assembly see Assembly. Nature, statue of, in. 228.

Navy, Louis XV. on French, 1. 59, - French, rots, 11 282.

Necker, and finance, account of, 1. 60, 61; dismissed, 61; refuses Brienne, 138, recalled, 141, difficulty as to States-General, 153-4; reconvokes Notables, 154, opinion of himself, 178, popular, 213, dismissed, 223, recalled, 256, returns in glory, 292; his plans, 306, — getting unpopular, 11. 15, departs, with difficulty, 123.

Necklace, Diamond, 1. 73, 90, 120. Nerwinden, battle of, 11. 175 Netherlands, occupied by French,

iii. 107. Newspapers in 1789, j. 299. — in 1790

Newspapers in 1789, i. 299, — in 1790, ii. 32-37, 137, 148.

Nièvre-Chol, Mayor of Lyons, 111. 159. Nobles, state of the, under Louis XV., 1. 16, new, 19, join Third Estate, 215, — Emigrant, errors of, 11. 294.

Notables, Calonne's convocation of, 1. 90, assembled, 22d. Feb. 1787, 92, members of, 92, organed out, 101, effects of dismissal of, 102, reconvoked (6th November, 1788), 154, dismissed again, 155.

Noyades, Nantes, 111. 278.

Oath, of the Tennis-Court, 1. 209, — National, il. 46, 78.

Ogé, condemned, ii. 281. Order see Estate, Third.

Orleans, High Court at, ii. 301, prisoners, massacred at Versailles, iii. 56-9.

Orleans, a Duke d', in Louis XV.'s sick-room, i. 23, another, disbelieves in death, 25.

Orleans, Philippe (Égalité), Duc d', Duke de Chartres (till 1785), 1. 92; waits on Dauphin, Father, with Louis XV, 23; not Admiral, 85-9, wealth, debauchery, Palass-Royal buildings, 63, 64; balloons, 65, in Notables (Duke d'Orleans now), 92, looks of, Bed-of-Justice (1787), 117, 118, arrested, 118, liberated, 122, pseudo-author, 151, in StatesGeneral Procession, 185; joins Third Estate, 214, his party, in Constituent Assembly, 281, Fifth October and, 361, - shunned in England, ii. 31, to be Regent? Mirabeau, 145, cash gone, how, 146, use of, in Revolution, 146, accused by Royalists, 170, at Court. insulted, 286, - in National Convention (Egalité henceforth), iii. 64; decline of, in Convention, 107, 161, vote on King's trial, 130, 132, at King's execution, 138, arrested, imprisoned, 186, condemned, 262. politeness and execution, 262, his son, - see Louis - Philippe.

Ormesson, d', Controller of Finance, 1. 85, his Uncle, on States-General,

106, 122.

Orthodoxy and Heterodoxy, 11. 199.

Pache, Swiss, account of, it. 27, — Minuster of War, in. 98, Mayor, 196, dismissed, reinstated, 197, imprisoned, 228.

Paine, "Common Sense," if. 27; that there be a Republic (1791), 212, naturalised, in. 9, in National Convention, 68, escapes guillotine, 355.

Palais-Royal, change in, use of, 1. 65, spouting at, 202, 217, 257, 307.

Pan, Mallet du, solicits for Louis, il-285.

Pandora's box, 11. 17.

Panis, Advocate, in Governing Committee, iii. 11, and Beaumarchais, 23, confidant of Danton, 32.

Pantheon, first occupant of, ii. 183
Paoli, General, friend of Napoleon,
ii. 154.

Paper, Age of, uses of, i. 39.
Parens, Curate, renounces religion,

Parens, Curate, renounces religion

Panis, origin of city, i. 11; police in 1750, 18 (\$seParlement); ship Villede-Paris, 58; riot at Palais-de-Justice, 111, beautified (in 1788), 151; election (1789), 157; troops called to, 200, military preparations in, 215, 216, July Fourteenth, cry for arms, 228, 288, search for arms, 220, Bailly, mayor of, 256, tradestrikes in, 301, Lafayette patrols, 309, October Fifth, propositions to Louis, 347-8, illuminated, 350, (ii. 46), Louisin, 365, — foreigners

flock to, ii 26, Journals, 34, 36, 137, 158, bill-stickers, 35, 137, undermined, 69, 163, after Champ - de-Mars Federation, 81, on Nanci affair, 122, on death of Mirabeau, 180, and Flight to Varennes, 209-12, on King's return, 237, Directory suspends Pétion, 338, enlisting (1792), 350, 354, (and 111. 29-30), on forfeiture of King, 360, Sections, rising of, 362 (see Sections), August Tenth, prepares for insurrection, 362-67, Municipality, supplanted, 367, statues torn down, King and Queen to puson, 385, Prisons (see Prisons), - September (1792), 111. 51, names printed on house - door, 177, in insurrection, Girondins (May 1793), 197-200, Municipality in red night-caps, 291, brotherly supper, 332, like a Mahlstrom (Thermidor), 355, Sections to be abolished, 367, brightened up (1795), 368-71, Gilt Youth, 372. Pâris, Guardsman, assassinates Le-

Pāris, Guardsman, assassinates L pelletier, 111. 134. —, friend of Danton, 111. 321.

Parlement, Doual, alone registers Edicts, 1. 133.

Parlement of Paris, reestablished, 1.
40, patriotic, 82, 107, on registering Edicts, 104, against Taxation, 106, 7, remonstrates, at Versailles, 107, arrested, 109, origin of, 110, nature of, corrupt 110-11, at Troyes, yields, 113, Royal session in, 116-13, how to be tamed, 124; oath and declaration of, 127, firmness of, 127-31, scene in, and dismissal of, 132, leinstated, 142, unpopular, 150, summons Dr. Guillotin, 161, — abolished, ii. 13.

Parlements, Provincial, adhere to Paris, 1. 109, 119, rebellious, 123, 132, exiled, 134, grand deputations of, 135, reinstated, 142,—abolished, 11. 13.

al. 18.
Parliament, First French see Assembly, Legislative.

Past, the, and Fear, 111. 103, 104. Paul and Virginia, by St. Pierre, i. 77. Peltier, Royalist Pamphleteel, 111. 19. Père Duchesne, Editor of, 11. 187; — 111. 188.

Pereyra, Walloon, account of, 11. 26, — imprisoned, 111. 319.

Perruques blondes, in. 308.

Petion, account of, i. 182, — Dutchbult, ii 9, and D'Espieménil, 169, to be mayor, 172, Varennes, meets King, 237, and Royalty, 238, 363, at close of Assembly, 255, in London, 257, Mayor of Paris, 307, in Twentieth June, 381, suspended, 338, reinstated, 347, welcomes Marseillese, 357, August Tenth in Tuileries, 364, — rebukes Septemberers, iii. 50, in National Convention, 61, declines mayorship, 100, and his violin, 172, against Mountain, 188, retreat of, to Bourdeaux, 222-38, end of, 252.

Pétion - National - Pique, christening

of, 11. 320.

Petition, of famishing French (in 1775), 1. 46, at Fatherland's altai, in 242-45, of the Eight Thousand, 322, — of Washer-women, in. 148. Petitions, on capture of King, ii. 241,

for deposition &c., 360. Phélippeaux, purged out, 111 316.

Philosopher in office, 1. 40. Philosophes, French, 1. 40-43, — 11. 31.

Philosophism, influence of, on Revolution, 1.19, what it has done with Church, 49, with Religion, 74, — disappointment on succeeding, in 31.

Pichegru, General, notice of, iii. 301, in Germinal, 382.

Pikes, fabricated, — see Arms, Feast of, 11. 83, — in 1793, 111. 227-230. Pilnitz, Convention at, 11. 292

Pin, Latour du, Wai-Minister, 11. 109, 123, dismissed, 159.

Pitt, against Fiance, if. 292, — and Girondins, in. 149, 150, inflexible, 376.

Placard Journals, in 35.

Plenary Court see Court.
Plots, of King's flight, 1. 311, (and 11. 154, 158, 159, 204-8), various, of Aristociats (October Fifth), 216, 233, — Royalist, of Favras and others, 11. 18, 147-51 (cartels, Twelve bullies from Switzerland), 155 (D'Inisdal Will-o'-wisp), 157 (Mirabeau and Queen), 165-8 (poniards) 235, 285 (Mallet-du-Pan), Narbonne's, 287, — traces of, 11 Armoire de Fer, 11. 114, against Gi-

425

rondins, 172, Desmoulins on, 195, by Pitt? 315, 334, prison, 329, 337, 341.

INDEX

Polignac, Duke de, a sinecurist, 1. 84; dismissed, 257, at Bâle, 284, younger, in Ham, 284.

Pompignan, President of National Assembly, 1. 236.

Poniards, Royalist, ii. 156; Day of, 167-71.

Pope Pius VI. excommunicates Talleyrand, ii. 198, effigy of, burned, 199.

Précy, siege of, Lyons, ili 236, 271-2. Present, the, and Fear, ili, 104

Priesthood, costumes thrown off (Bishop Torné), 11. 304, — costumes in Carmagnole, 111. 283-4. See Religion.

Priestley, Dr., riot against, ii 290, — naturalised, iii. 8, elected to National Convention, 63.

Priests, dissident, fustigated, 11.192, marry in France, 301, Antinational, hanged, 340; — thirty killed near the Abbaye, 11.35; number slain in September Massacre, 52, to resoue Louis, 133, drowned at Nantes, 273, four-hundred at anchor, 343.

Prisons, Paris, in Bastille time, 1 231; — full (August 1792), in. 21, number of, in Paris and in France, 269; state of, in Terror, 339-43, thinned after Terror, 365.

Prison, Abbaye, refractory Members sent to, is 303, Temple, Louis sent to, 386, — Ambaye, Priests killed near, in 35, (see Abbaye), La Force, massacres at, 33, 41-44, at Châtelet, and Conciergerie 36-39.

Procession, of States-General deputies, 1 172, of Necker and D'Onleans busts, 225. of Louis to Paris (October), 363-6, — again, after Varennes,11,287, of Black Breeches, 328-32, — of Louis to trial, 111, 117, at Constitution of 1739, 229.

Proly, Jacobin missionary, iii. 175. Prophecy, and prodigles, ii 49.

Protestants emancipated, i 115, 122. Provence Noblesse, expel Mirabeau, i. 160.

Prudhomme, Editor, ii 34, on assassins, 151, — turncoat, iii. 280, on Cavaignac, 298, note.

Prussia, Fritz of, 1. 361, — against France, ii. 291 (see Brunswick, Duke), —army of, ravages France, iii. 14, 16, King of, and French Princes, 72.

Pulsaye, Girondin General, 111. 208, 220, at Quiberon, 377.

Quack, unforgivable, ii 184. Queen see Antoinette, Marie. Quéret-Démery, prisoner in Bastille, i. 253.

Quiberon, debarkation at. 111. 377.

Rabant, St. Etienne, French reformer, i.152, —in Commission of Twelve, iii. 192. walled up, 224, guillotined, 268.

Raynal, Abbé, Philosophe, i. 72, his letter to Constituent Assembly, 297.

Reason, Goddess of, 111. 286, 288. See Feast.

Rebecqui, of Marseilles, ii. 277, in National Convention, iii. 62, against Robespiere ('Moi'), 97, retires, 158, drowns himself, 218. Reding, Swiss, massacred, iii. 40.

Religion, Christian, and French Revolution, in: 257, abolished (Cure Parens, Revolutionary Army), 281-6, Clootz on, 282, a new, 286, 334. See Priesthood, Priests, Clergy, Church.

Remy, Cornet, at Clermont, it. 22b.
Rénault, Cécile, to assassinate Ro-

bespierre, ni 333, guillotined, 338. Réné, King, bequeathed Avignon to

Réné, King, bequeathed Avignon to Pope, 11. 270.

Rennes, riot in, i. 133. Renwick, last of Cameronians, ili.

151. Repaire, Tardivet du, Bodyguard (Fifth October), i. 358, — rewarded, ii 155.

Representation, double, of Tiers Etat, 1. 154.

Representative, Hereditary, 11. 152.

Representatives, Paris, Town, i. 297 (see Club, Electoral). Convention: see Commissioners.

Republic, French, first mention, of,

11. 214; - first year of, 111. 61, 231 established, 74, 85, universal (Clootz's), 99, Girondin, 178, one and indivisible, 186; its triumphs, 374-8.

Resson, Sieur, reports Lafayette to Jacobins, ii. 336-7.

Réveillon, first balloon at house of. i. 66, house beset, destroyed, 164-8.

Revolt, Paris in, 1. 231, of Gardes Françaises, 222-3, becomes Revolution, 255, - military, what, ii. 93, - of Lepelletter section, ni. 399-403.

Revolution, French, causes of the, i. 19, 48, 74, 123, Lord Chesterfield on the, 20, not a Revolt, 254, meaning of the term, 270, whence it grew, 272, general commencement of, 288-9, editors, 298, -prosperous characters in, 11.24-5, Philosophes and, 31, state of army in, 95, progress of, 134, 143, duelling in, 148, Republic decided on, 212, European powers and, 289-93, Royalist opinion of, 294, — cardinal move-ments in, iii. 5, Danton and the, 58-9; changes produced by the, 85, and Atheism, 123, effect of King's death on, 145-48, Girondin idea of. 155-6, 172, suspicion in, 194, like Saturn, 252; Terror and, 255, and Christian religion, 257, Revolu-tionary Committees, 176, 241, 268; Government doings in, 304, Robespierre essential to, 363; end of, 403. Rheims, in September Massacre, 111. 56.

Rhul, notice of, 11. 264, - in riot of Prairial, iii. 389, suicide, 390.

Richelieu, at death of Louis XV., 1.

23, 81, death of, 145.

Riquettis, the, i. 176. See Mirabeau. Riot, Paris, in May 1750, L'18, Cornlaw (in 1775), 45; at Palais-de-Justice (1787), 112, (see Grenoble, Bearn, Rennes), triumphs, 143-5. of Rue St. Antoine, 165-9; of July Fourteenth (1789), and Bastille, 226-55, at Strasburg, 292. Paris, on the veto, 307, Versailles Château. October Fifth (1789), 319-57, -uses of, to National Assembly, 11. 23 Paris, on Nancı affair, 123, at De Castries' Hotel, no theft, 150, on

flight of King's Aunts, 161-2, at Vincennes, 164, on King to St. Cloud, 194, in Champ-de-Mars, with sharp shot, 245. Avignon. see Avignon, Birmingham, - see Birmingham Paris, Twentieth June (1792), 330; August Tenth (1792), 363-85, — Grain, iii. 99, Paris, at Théâtre de la Nation, 125, selling sugar, 148, of Thermidol (1794). 350-7; of Germinal (1795), 381, of Prairial, 386, final, of Vendémiaire, 398-407.

Riouffe, Girondin, iii. 221, to Bourdeaux, 222; in prison, 237; on death of Girondins, 249, on Mme. Roland, 264-5.

Rivarol, staff of genius, u. 285.

Robespierre, Maximilien, account of. i. 181; derided in Constituent Assembly, 281, - Jacobin, 11.39, (111. 293), incorruptible, on tip of left, 145, elected public accuse: , 172, after King's flight, 214, at close of Assembly, 254, at Arras, position of, 258, plans in 1792, 297, chief priest of Jacobins, 311, invisible on August Tenth, 366, - reappears, 111. 11, on September Massacre, 52, in National Convention, 61; accused by Girondins, 96, accused by Louvet, 110, acquitted, 111, on Mirabeau's bust, 114, King's trial, 114-15, 130, Condorcet on, 164, at Queen's trial, 245, in Salut Committee, 291; and Paris Municipality, 292, embraces Danton, 316, Desmoulins and, 318, and Danton, 320, Danton on, at trial, 324, his three scoun. drels, 325, supreme, 328; to be assassinated, 383, at Feast of Etre Suprême, 334-36; apocalyptic, Theot, 836, 344; on Conthon's plotdecree, 338; reserved, 344, his schemes, 345, fails in Convention, 346, applauded at Jacobins, 348, accused, 350, rescued, 853, atTownhall, declared out of law, 354, halfkilled, 356, guillotined, 358; essential to Revolution, 363.

Robespierre, Augustin, decreed accused, in. 351; fall of, guillotined. 356, 8.

Rochambean, one of Four Generals, ii. 90; ~etires, 321.

INDEX 427

Roche-Aymon, Grand Almoner of Louis XV., 1. 21, 30.

Rochefoucault, Duke de la, Liberal. 1. 186; — President of Directory, il. 339, — killed, 111. 56.

Ræderer, Syndic, Fenillant, il. 327, "Chronicle of Fifty Days," 329, on Fédérés Ammunition, 363, dilemma at Tuileries (August Tenth). 365, 373.

873. Rohan, Cardinal, Diamond Necklace

and, 1 73.

Roland, Madame, notice of, at Lyons, 11. 57; narrative by, 58; in Paris, after King's flight, 213; and Barbaroux, 278, public dinners and business, 213, character of, 314,—misgivings of, 111. 99, accused, 125; Girondin declining, 165, arrested, 204, in prison, condemned, 264; guillottned, 265.

Roland, M., notice of, 11, 57, in Pans, 278; Minister (no buckles), 313, letter, and dismissal of, 323-4, recalled, 385, — decline of, 111, 7, on September Massacres, 50, and Pache, 98, doings of, 99, resigns, 140, fled, 204, suicide of, 267.

Romme, in National Convention, in. 62, in Caen prison, 210, his new Calendar, 231-23, in riot of Prairial (1795), 389, suicide, 391.

Romœuf, pursues the King, ii. 214, at Varennes, 233.

Ronsin, of Revolutionary Army, iii. 269, 288; arrested, 314, guillotined, 319.

Rosière, Thuriot de la, summons Bastille, i. 241; — in First Parliament, ii. 264; — in National Convention, iii. 122, President atRobespierre's fall, 350.

Rossignol, in September Massacre, iii. 43, in La Vendée, 269.

Roussean, Jean Jacques, Contrat Social of, 1, 69, — Gospel according to, 11, 48, 256, (and 111, 257), burialplace of, 183, statue decreed to, 254. Rox, M., "Histoire Parlementaire,"

111. 257.

Royalists, Club of. extinguished, it 42, named "blacks," 148, duelling, 148-51, plot for King's flight (see Plot), poniards, 156, 168, staff of genius of, 285, 296 pieparations at Coblents, 292. Royalty, signs of, demolished, h. 211. 385, — abolished in France, iii. 74. Royou, editor of "Ami du Roi," ii. 296. Ruamps, Deputy, against Couthon, iii. 338.

Sabatier de Cabre, at Royal Session, i. 117, arrested, 119, liberated, 122.

Sahara, desert, 111. 6.

St. Antoine (see Riot), to Versailles, 1, 330, 335, War-horse supper, 342, — closes shops (Nanca affair), ii-110, at Vincennes, 164, at Jacobins, 319, and Marseillese, 356, August Tenth, 372.

St. Cloud, Louis prohibited from, 11-194.

St. Denis, Mayor of, hanged, i. 296. St. Domingo, Insurrection in, ii. 16,

St. Fargeau, Lepelletier, in National Convention, iii. 64, at King's trial, 129, assassinated, 184, burial of, 141.

St. Huruge, Marquis, cracked, i. 259; bull-voice, 300, imprisoned, 308; at Versailles, 336, — and Pope's effigy, ii. 198, at Jacobins, 319, — on King's trial, iii. 124.

St. Just, in National Convention, in. 62; on King's trial, 116; in Salut Commistee, 291, at Strasburg, 294, repels Prussians, 301, on Revolution, 318, in Committee-room (Thermidor), 349, his report, 350, arrested, 351.

St. Louis Church, States - General procession from, i. 172.

St. Marie see Miomandre.

St. Méard, Jourgniac de, in prison, in. 21, his "Agony" at La Force, 40-8.

St Menehould, alarms at, 11. 218, 221, 224, — Prussians at, 111. 70. St. Méry, Moreau de, 3000 orders,

st. Mery, Moreau de, 3000 orders, 1. 258, — prostrated, 11. 258.
St. Pierre's "Paul and Virginia," 1. 77.
Salles, Deputy, guillotined, 111. 251.
Salm, regiment, at Nanci, 11. 101.

Saltpetre, digging for, in. 296. Salut Publique see Committee.

Sansculottism, apparition of, 1. 272, effects of, 298; — growth of, 11. 4, 22, at work, 18, origin of term, 156 and Royalty, 380, — above theft, 111. 51, a fact, 61, French

Nation and, 87, Revolutionary Tribunal and, 178, how it lives, 180, consummated, 255, 259, 280, 296, fall of, 363, last rising of, 386 -90, death of, 391.

Santerre. Brewer, notice of, 1. 175, at snege of Bastille, 246, — at Tuileries, 11. 156, June Twentieth, 330, meets Marseillese, 356, Commander of Guards, 371, — how to relieve famine, 11. 100, at King's trial, 117, at King's execution, 137, fails in La Vendée, 234, St. Antoine disarmed, 391.

Sausse, M., Procureur of Varennes, 11. 229; scene at his house, 231, flies from Prussians, 111. 26.

Savonnières, M. de, Bodyguard (October Fifth), temper gives way, 1. 337.

Savoy, occupied by French, 111. 82.

Séchelles, Hérault de, in National Convention, in: 88, hat on, leads Convention out, 202, and new Feast of Pikes, 228, arrested, 321; guillotined, 327.

Sections, of Palis, 111. 170, denounce Girondins, 192, Committee of, 193, 196, 238. See Paris.

Sedan Municipals, and Lafayette, ii. 387.

Seigneurs, French, obliged to fly, i. 289, — ii. 136.

Senses, the outward and inward, i. 9, 19.

September. see Massacre. Septemberers, the, iii. 52.

Sergent, Agate, Engraver, in Committee, iii. 11, nicknamed "Agate," 51, signs Circular, 56.

Servan, War-Minister, in 312, 317; plans of, 321.

Sevres, Potteries, Lamotte's Mémoires at, ii 303

Sicard, Abbé, in prison, iii. 21, in danger near the Abbaye, 25, account of massacre there, 48.

Side, Right and Left, 'of Constituent Assembly, 1. 280, — II 19, Tip of Left, Jacobins, 145, Right and Left in conflict, 145, Tip of Left, popular, 172; Right after King's flight, 210, Right quits Assembly, 249—50; Right and Left in First Parliament, 263, Delilah kiss, 267. Sieyes, Abbé, account of, 1. 184, Constitution-builder, 185, 274, — il. 9; in Champ-de-Mais, 71, — in National Convention, ni. 62 of Constitution Committee (1790), 88, vote at King's trial, 130; making new Constitution, 398.

Sillery, Maiquis, notice of, ii. 31. See Genlis.

Simon, Cordwainer, Dauphin committed to, iii. 330, guillotined, 358. Simoneau, Mayor of Etampes, killed.

11. 280, festival for, 319. Society (see Jacobin), Fraternelle.

Society (see Jacobin), Fraternelle, iii. 193.

Soissons, camp to be formed at, 11. 340, bread poisoned at, 355. Solecisms, topheavy, 1. 263.

Sombreul, Governor of Hôtel des Invalides, 1. 236, — examined, 11. 303, — seized, 111. 21, saved by his daughter, 39, guillotined, 339, son of, shot, 378.

Sorbonne, the, decay of, 1. 16 Spain, against France, 11. 292, — 111. 142, invaded by France, 298. Spurs, night of, 11 233.

Staal, Dame de, on liberty, 11. 33. Stael, Mme. de, at States-General procession, i. 173, — intrigues for Narbonne, 11. 287—8, 314, — se-

cretes Narbonne, 111. 14, 19. Stanhope and Price, their club and Paris. 11. 27.

Faris, it. 21.
States-General, first mooted, 1. 102, 106, 115, meeting announced, 137; how constituted, 150 (see Estate, Third), one or three orders in? 154, Representatives to, 156, Parlements against, 161, Deputies to, in Paris, 164; number of Deputies, 168; place of assembling, 169; procession of, 172—89, installed, 191; hats on, hats off, 192; union of orders? 198—206.

Stofflet, of La Vendée, 111. 377. Strasburg, riot at, in 1789, 1. 292, — St. Just, shoes and beds, 111. 294.

Suffren, Admiral, notice of, 1. 59. Sugar, why scarce, 11. 280, the remedy, 282.

Sulleau, Royalist editor, 41. 295; hanged, 370.

Supper. Fraternal, 11i. 232. Surnames, Hénault on, i. 3. Suspect, Law of the. 11i. 240, Chaumette pered on, 315. Suspicion, in France, 1788, i. 161, in Revolution, iii. 194.

Sweden, King of, to assist Marie Antoinette, ii. 202, shot by Ankarstrom, 291.

Swiss (see Guards), at Brest, liberated, feasted, 11. 317-20;-prisoners at La Force, 111, 37,

Talleyrand-Perigord, Bishop, notice of, 1. 188, - at fatherland's altar, his blessing, ii. 79, 80, 81, excommunicated, 198, in London, 257,

- to America, 111. 142.

Tallien, notice of, ii. 24, editor of "Ami des Citoyens," 296, - in Committee of Townhall (August 1792), iti. 11, in National Convention, 62, at Bourdeaux, 250, and Madame Cabarus, 270; recalled, suspect, 344; accuses Robespierre, 350; Thermidorian, 367.

Talma, actor, his soirée (Marat and

Dumouriez), iii. 81.

Tannery of human skins, iti. 309. Tanning, improvements in, iii. 805. Tardivet see Repaire.

Target, Advocate, declines King's defence, iii. 119.

Tassin, M., and black cockade, 1 317. Tax, Ascending, in. 180.

Telegraph invented, 111. 805.

Temple. see Prison.

Tennis-Court, National Assembly in, 208; — Club of, and procession to, in 63, master of, rewarded, 255. Terray, Abbé, dissolute financier.

1. 6. Terror, consummation of, mi. 255, reign of, designated, 259, number guillotined in, 392.

Théatins Church, granted to Dissidents, 11. 193.

Theot, Prophetess, on Robespierre, 111, 336, 343.

Théroigne, Mile., notice of, 1. 173, in Insurrection of Women, 323, at Versailles (October Fifth), 335, - in Austrian prison, ii. 236, in Jacobin tribune, 311, accounted for insurrection (August Tenth), 364, 370, - keeps her carriage, 111. 167, fustigated, msane, 193.

Thionville besieged, 111. 17, siege raised, 72.

Thouret, Law reformer, 11. 9, dis-

solves Assembly, 255; - guillotined, 111. 329.

Thouvenot and Dumouriez, 111. 28. Thuriot. see Rosière.

Tinville, Fouquier, revolutionist, ii. 24, Jacobin, 39: - Attorney-General in Tribunal Revolutionnaire, 111. 178, at trial of Queen, 244; at trial of Girondins, 248, brutal, at trial of Mde Roland, 265, at trial of Danton, 324—27, and Salut Public, 326, his prison plots, 329, 341, his batches, 338, the prisons under, mock doom of, 841-43, at trial of Robespierre, 357, accused, guillotined, 383

Tithes, titles, &c. abolished, 1. 279,

--- 11. 65.

Tollendal, Lally, pleads for father, i. 111; in States-General, 186, popular, crowned, 255.

Torné, Bishop, and Costumes, ii 304. Toulon, Girondin, iii. 219, occupied by English, 235; besieged, 275; surienders, 276.

Toulongeon, Marquis, notice of, 11. 9, on Barnave triumvirate, 240, describes Jacobins Hall, 309-10.

Tournay, Louis, at siege of Bastille, 1. 243.

Tourzel, Dame de, (see Korff, Baroness de), escapes, 111. 22.

Trenck, Baron, in Paris, 11. 27. Tribunal, Extraordinaire, in. 177, Revolutionnaire, doings of, 241,

extended, 338. Tricolor cockade, i. 230.

Tronchet, Advocate, defends King. 111. 119, 131.

Truth and Falsehood, 1. 271.

Tuileries, Louis XVI. lodged at, 11.4, a tile-field, 8. escape from, Varennes, 204-8, Twentieth June at, 329, tickets of entry "Coblentz, 854, Marseillese chase Filles-Saint-Thomas to, 358, August Tenth, 862, 373; King quits, forever, 375, attacked, 376, captured, 379-80, occupied by National Convention, 11ī. 190.

Turgot, Controller of France, i. 40; on Corn-law, 45, dismissed, 54, death of, 113.

Tyrants, French People risen against, ni. 239, 296.

United States, assert Liberty, 1. 10, embassy to Louis XVI, 57, aided by France, 58, of Congress in, 283. Ushant, sea-fight, 1. 58.

Valadı, Marquis, notice of, 1. 174, Gardes Françaises and, 220, — guillotined, 111. 251.

Valazé, Girondin, il. 262, — on trial of Louis, ill. 108, plots at his house, 196; trial of, 248, stabs himself, 249. Valenciennes, besieged, ill. 209, sur-

rendered, 226-27.

Valmy, action at, 111, 70.

Varenne, Maton de la, Advocate, his experiences in September, iii. 21. Varennes, described, Louis near, ii.

226-31 (see Sausse), - Prussians occupy, m. 26.

Varigny, Bodyguard, massacred (October Fifth), i. 352 Varlet, "Apostle of Liberty," 111. 124.

149, 171; arrested, 195. Vendée, La, Commissioners to, 11.

279, state of, in 1792, 298, — insurrection in, iii. 16, war, after King's death, 169, 234, on fire, 269, pacincated, 876.

Vengeur, sinking of the, in. 303.

Verbs, Irregular, National Assembly at, 1. 274.

Verdun, to be besieged, 111. 17, 24; surrendered, 25

Vergennes, M. de, Prime Minister, 1. 83. death of 96.

Vergnlaud, notice of, in. 262, too languid, 306; during August Tenth, 331, — orations of, in 7; President, at King's condemnation, 129; in fall of Girondins, 199; trial of, 248, at last supper of Girondins, 250-1.

Vermond, Abbé de, Queen's reader, i. 96.

Versailes, death of Louis XV. at, 1.
4, 31-2, Tennis-Court, 209; in
Bastille time, National Assembly
at 235,254; troops to, 310; march of
women on, 323; of French Guards
on, 328, halt of women near, 330;
insurrection scene at, 333-4; the
Château forced, 353, — Orleans
prisoners massacred at, in. 58.

Veto, question of the, i. 307; - ii. 301, 302, 326, eluded, 340.

Viard, Spy, Mde. Roland and, iii. 125. Vilate, Juryman, guillotined, iii. 883, book by, 284

Villaret-Joyense, Admiral, beaten by Howe, 111. 302.

Villaumes, milliners, their patriotic gift, iii. 15.

Villequier, Duke de, emigrates, 11.169. Vincennes, Castle, to be repaired, it. 163, riot at, 164, saved by La-

fayette, 167.
Vincent of War-Office, 111. 287; arrested, 314, guillotined, 319.

Voltaire, at Paris. described, 1. 55, burial-place of, 11. 183.

War, Civil, manual and lingual, ii. 20, French, becomes general, 122. See Girondins, Army, Battle.

Washington, key of Bastille sent to, 1. 265, formula for Lafayette, 186, — ii. 387.

Watigny, Battle of, 111. 300.

Weber, Queen's foster-brother, in Insurrection of Women, 1. 349, 364, — in National Guard, 11. 323, — Queen leaving Vienna, 111. 246.

Weissembourg, lines of, iii. 301. Westermann, in August Tenth, ii. 373, — purged out, iii. 317, tried, guillotined, 323.

Wimpfen, Girondin General, 111. 208,

Women, patriotic gifts by, 1. 308, revolutionary speeches by, 316, Insurrection of, 320; at Hôtel-de-Ville, 321, march to Versailles, 328, (see Maillard, Versailles), 383, to King, 334, 336, corrupt the Guards, 324; would long their deputy, 337; in fight, at Versailles, 352,—selling sugar, cry of soap, in. 148; "Meggras," 193; Hérault and Heroines, 228.

York, Duke of, besieges Valenciennes, ns. 209, Dunkirk, 299. Young, Arthur, at French Revolution. i. 290-4.

Youth, Gilt, 111. 372, 390.

THE END.